

## Language Processors Lab 5

### Modifying the MiniJava parser

The goal of this lab is to modify the MiniJava parser, which includes the creation of a new AST class and modification of the JavaCC file and visitor classes.

#### The MiniJava Parser

Move to the directory in which you want to do your work and copy the directory containing the MiniJava parser files with the command:

```
cp -R /soi/sw/courses/daveb/IN2009/minijava/chap4 .
cd chap4
module add java soi javacc/3.2
```

Follow the instructions in the README file to compile the MiniJava parser. The program is executing with the command:

```
java Main filename
```

Where *filename* is the name of a file containing a MiniJava program. You'll have to create such a file. E.g. create the file `test.minijava` with the following contents:

```
class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {    System.out.println((new A()).m()); }

    class A {
        public int m() {
            int x; int y; int z;
            x = 3; y = x * 10; return 5; }
    }
}
```

Execute the program. If you get any parse errors, fix the contents of `test.minijava`. What's the output? Replace `return 5` with `return (x / y)`. Execute the program – what happens?

#### Adding a new type of expression – the DIVISION operator

The current grammar does not consider the division (“/”) operator. We can add the division operator by first entering the following production (`minijava.jj` file) inside the `Expression()` non-terminal specification:

```
LOOKAHEAD( PrimaryExpression() "/" )
    e=DivisionExpression()
```

and then inserting the code below to the `minijava.jj` file e.g. right after the `TimesExpression()` specification.

```
Exp DivisionExpression() :
{ Exp e1,e2; }
{
    e1=PrimaryExpression() "/" e2=PrimaryExpression()
    { return new And(e1,e2); }
}
```

Note that the current action calls to the `And` constructor. This is a temporary fix until we create the `Division` java class file. Modify `test.minijava` by replacing `return 5` with `return (x / y)`. Execute the program; what's the output?

### The AST class for DIVISION

Now we need to create the AST for the new `Division` expression. Create the file `Division.java` inside the `syntaxtree` directory with the following contents:

```
package syntaxtree;
import visitor.Visitor;

public class Division extends Exp {
    public Exp e1,e2;
    public Division(Exp ae1, Exp ae2) {
        e1=ae1; e2=ae2;
    }
    public void accept(Visitor v) {
        v.visit(this);
    }
}
```

### Modifying the Visitor class and pretty printer

Add the method declaration:

```
public void visit(Division n);
```

to the `visitor/Visitor.java` interface. Add the method definition to the `visitor/DBPrettyVisitor.java` file:

```
public void visit(Division n) {
    System.out.print("(");
    n.e1.accept(this);
    System.out.print(" / ");
    n.e2.accept(this);
    System.out.print(")");
}
```

### Putting everything together

Compile the new files and changes with the following commands (from the `chap4` directory):

```
javac syntaxtree/Division.java
javac visitor/Visitor.java
javac visitor/DBPrettyVisitor.java
```

Execute the program.