Algorithms & Data Structures Notes - SoSe 24

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Preface

This is a Quarto book.

To learn more about Quarto books visit https://quarto.org/docs/books.

Part I Introduction

1 Program Run-time Analysis

1.1 Reccurence Relations

Consider a very simple reccurence relation:

$$T(n) := \begin{cases} 1 & n=1\\ n+T(n-1), & n>1 \end{cases}$$

With **mathematical induction** we can formally show that T(n) is quadratic. But there is a simpler & more intuitive way:

$$T(n) = n + T(n-1)$$
 (Def $T(\cdot)$)
$$= n + n - 1 + T(n-2)$$

$$= \dots$$
 (Repeat $n-2$ times)
$$= n + n - 1 + \dots + T(1)$$

$$= n + n - 1 + \dots + 1$$
 (Def $T(1)$)
$$= \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$
 (Gauss)

This method can be applied to the more complex divide-and-conquer recurrence relation from the lecture:

$$R(n) := \begin{cases} a, & n = 1 \\ c\dot{n} + d \cdot R(\frac{n}{b}), & n > 1 \end{cases}$$

Applying the above method we expand $R(\cdot)$ repetitively according to its definition until we reach the base case, rearranging terms when necessary:

$$\begin{split} R(n) &= c \cdot n + d \cdot R(\frac{n}{b}) &\qquad \text{(Def } R(\cdot)\text{)} \\ &= c \cdot n + d (c \frac{n}{b} + d \cdot R(\frac{n}{b^2})) \\ &= c \cdot n + d \left(c \frac{n}{b} + d \cdot \left(c \cdot \frac{n}{b^2} + d \cdot R(\frac{n}{b^2}) \right) \right) \\ &= c \cdot n + d \cdot c \frac{n}{b} + d^2 c \frac{n}{b^2} + d^3 \cdot R(\frac{n}{b^3}) &\qquad \text{(Rearrange)} \\ &= c \cdot n \left(1 + \frac{d}{b} + \frac{d^2}{b^2} \right) + d^3 \cdot R(\frac{n}{b^3}) &\qquad \text{(Repeat } k\text{-times)} \\ &= c \cdot n \left(1 + \frac{d}{b} + \cdots + \frac{d^{k-1}}{b^{k-1}} \right) + d^k \cdot R(\frac{n}{b^k}) &\qquad \\ &= c \cdot n \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} \left(\frac{d}{b} \right)^i + d^k \cdot R(\frac{n}{b^k}) &\qquad \\ &= c \cdot n \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} \left(\frac{d}{b} \right)^i + d^k \cdot R(1) &\qquad \text{(Ass } \frac{n}{b^k} = 1) \\ &= c \cdot n \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} \left(\frac{d}{b} \right)^i + a \cdot d^k &\qquad \text{(Def } R(1)) \end{split}$$

See lecture slides for the complexity analysis of final expression.