

London

## **Nonlinear Model Predictive Control** of a 3D Hopping Robot

Igor Sadalski<sup>1</sup>, Noel Csomay-Shanklin<sup>2</sup>, Aaron Ames<sup>2,3</sup> <sup>1</sup>Mechanical Engineering, Imperial College London Imperial College <sup>2</sup>Control and Dynamical Systems, California Institute of Technology <sup>3</sup>Mechanical and Civil Engineering, California Institute of Technology

## **Current Challenges**

Model based control has demonstrated broad success on a variety of robotic platforms.

Most if not all demonstrations rely on the use of simplified models which limits the theoretical justification.

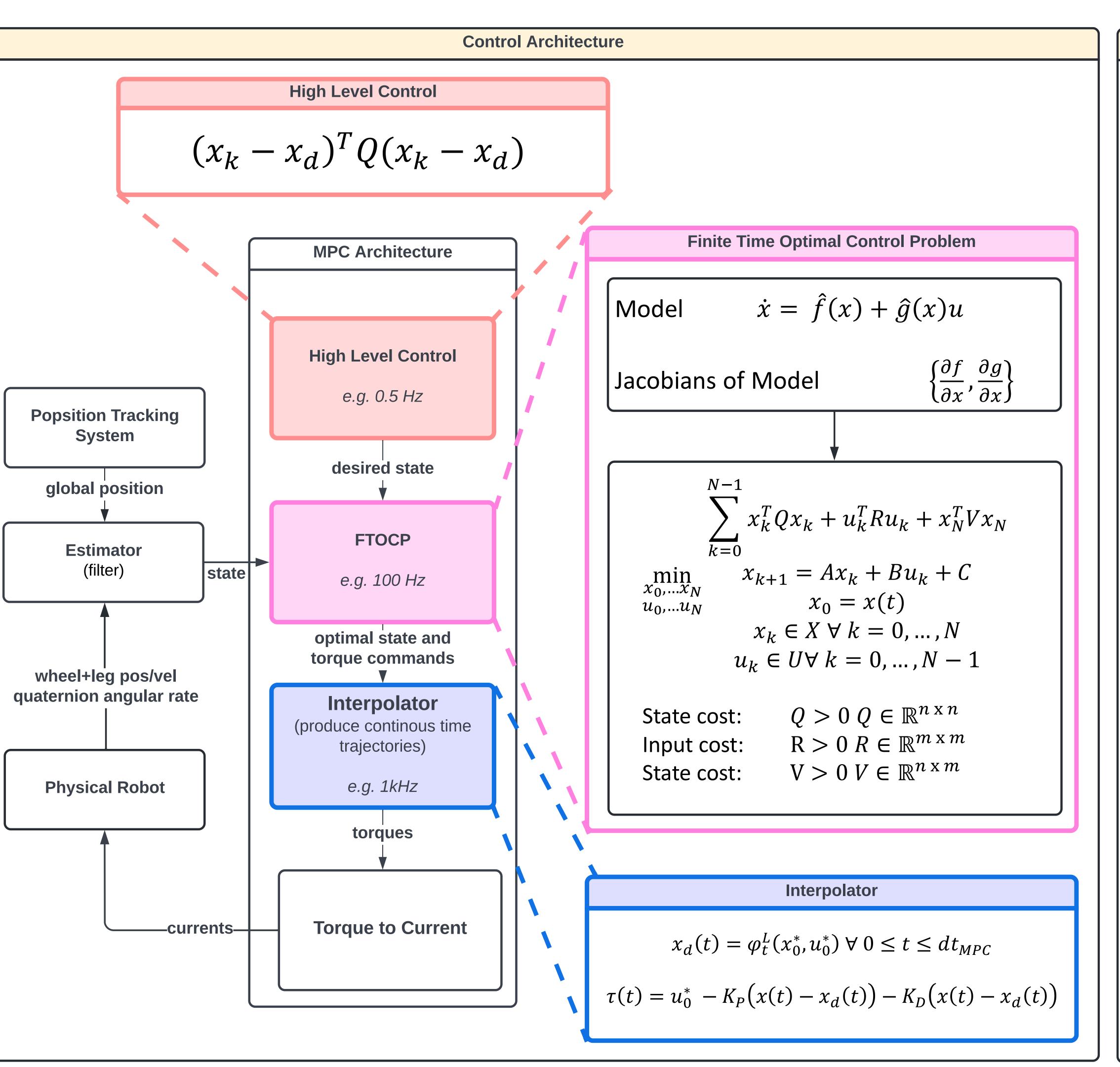
Additionaly, many of the current solutions are **computationaly expensive** due to solving optimization probelms.

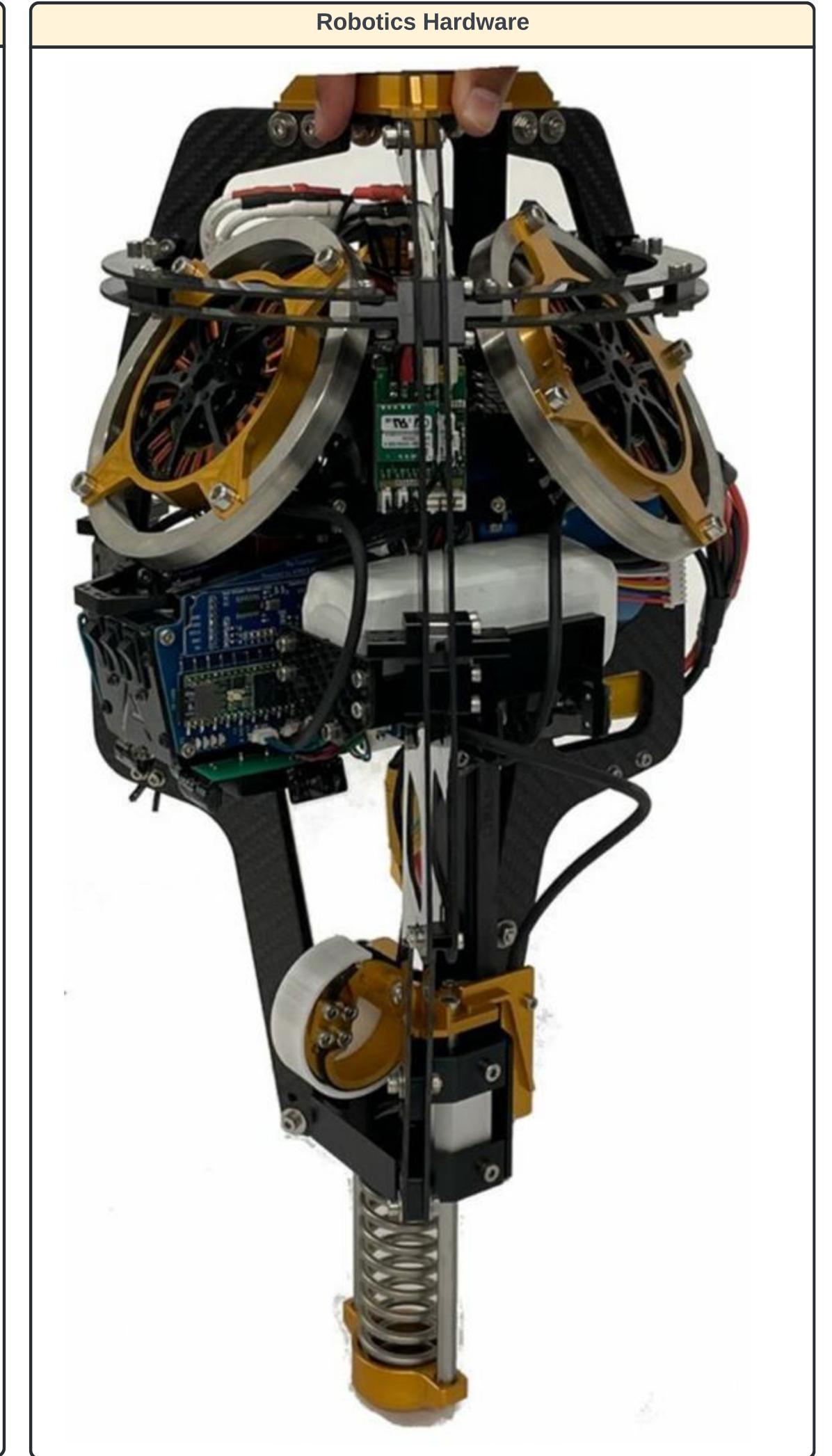
## Our Approach

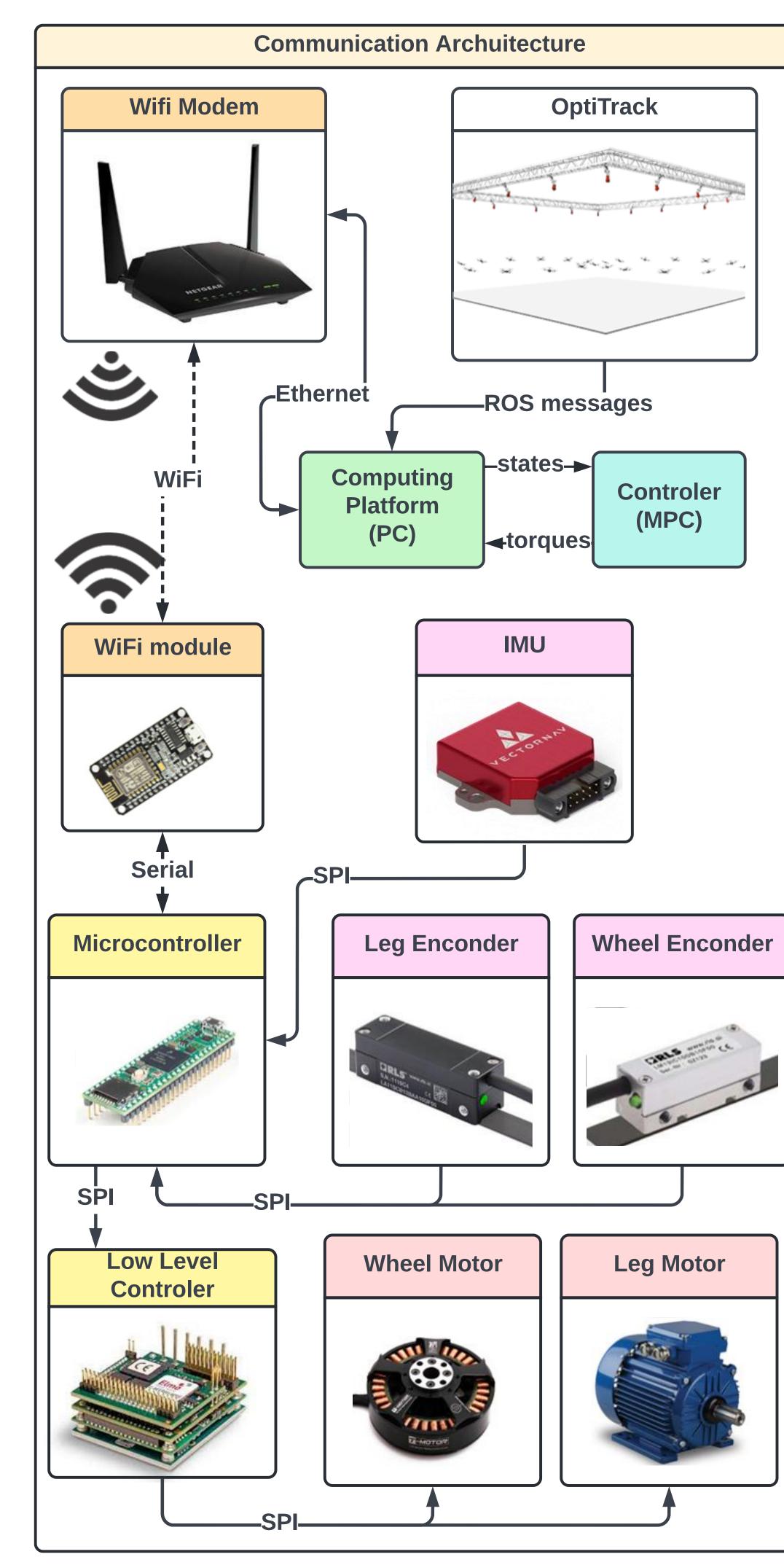
Our approach aims at using the actuated coordinates to control the underactuated coordinates.

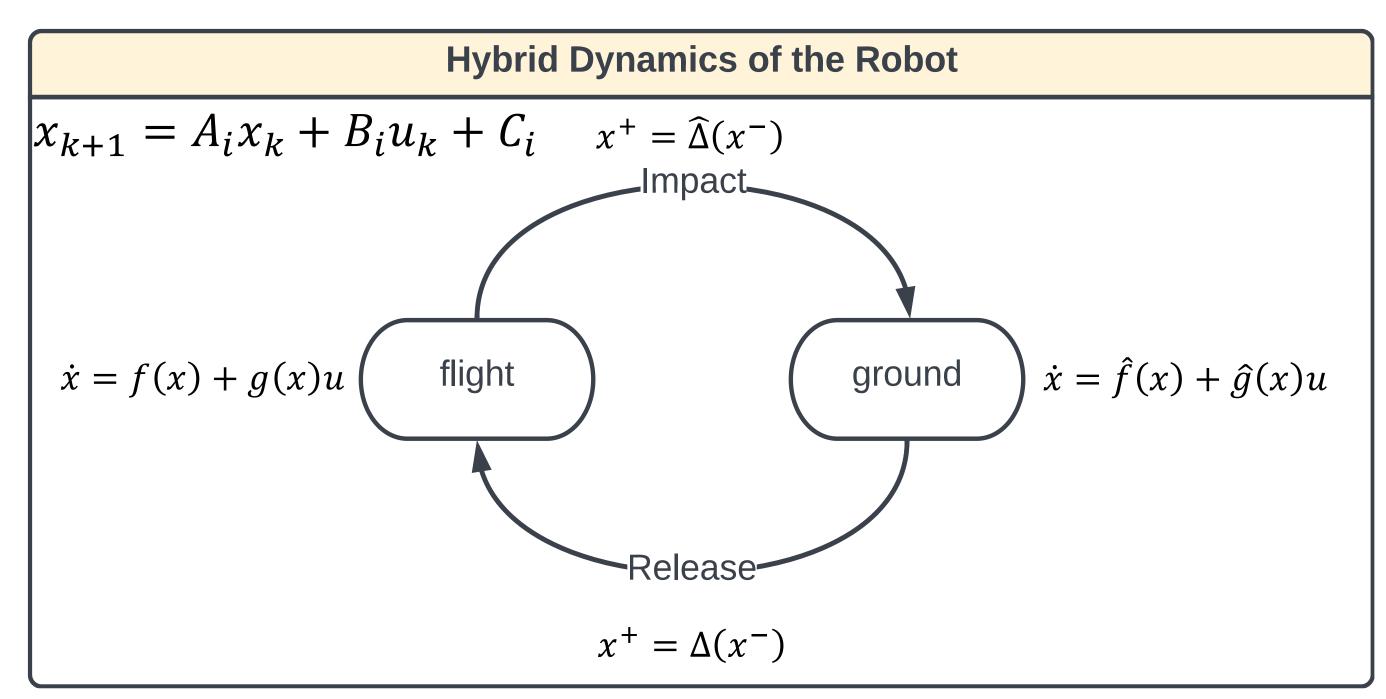
We observe that we do not need to optimize MPC while in the flight phase in a theoreticaly justifiable way.

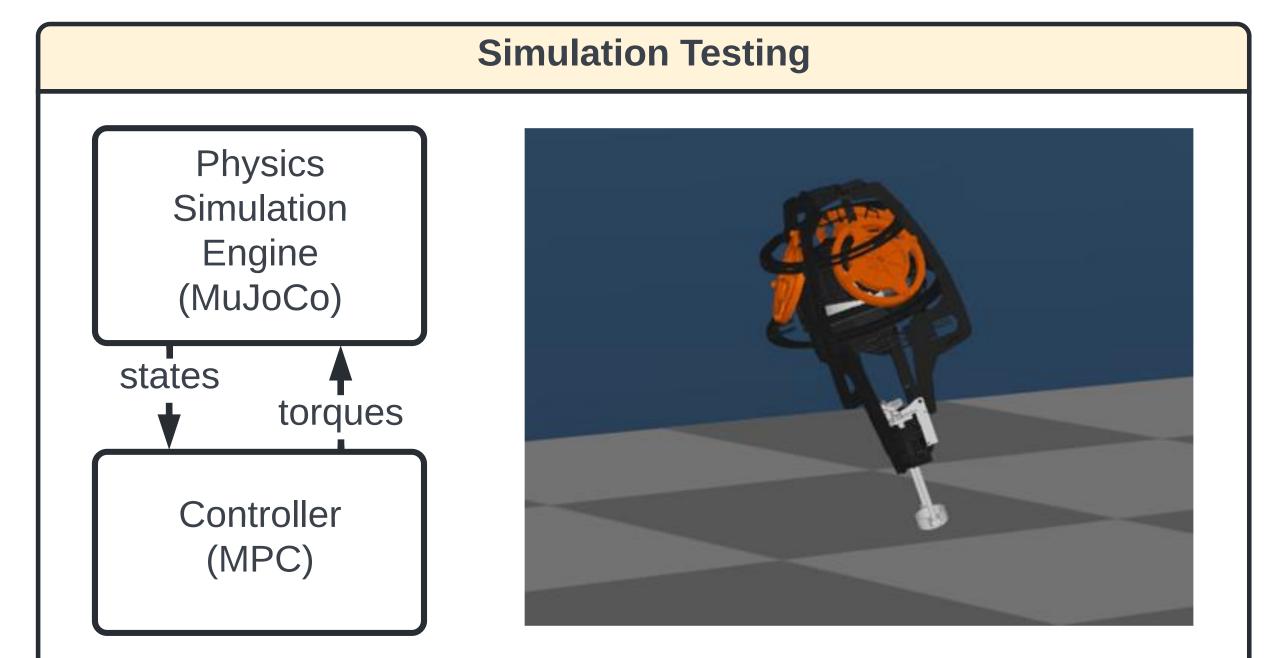
We demonstrate success in simulation and initial progress on a custom developed robotic hardware.

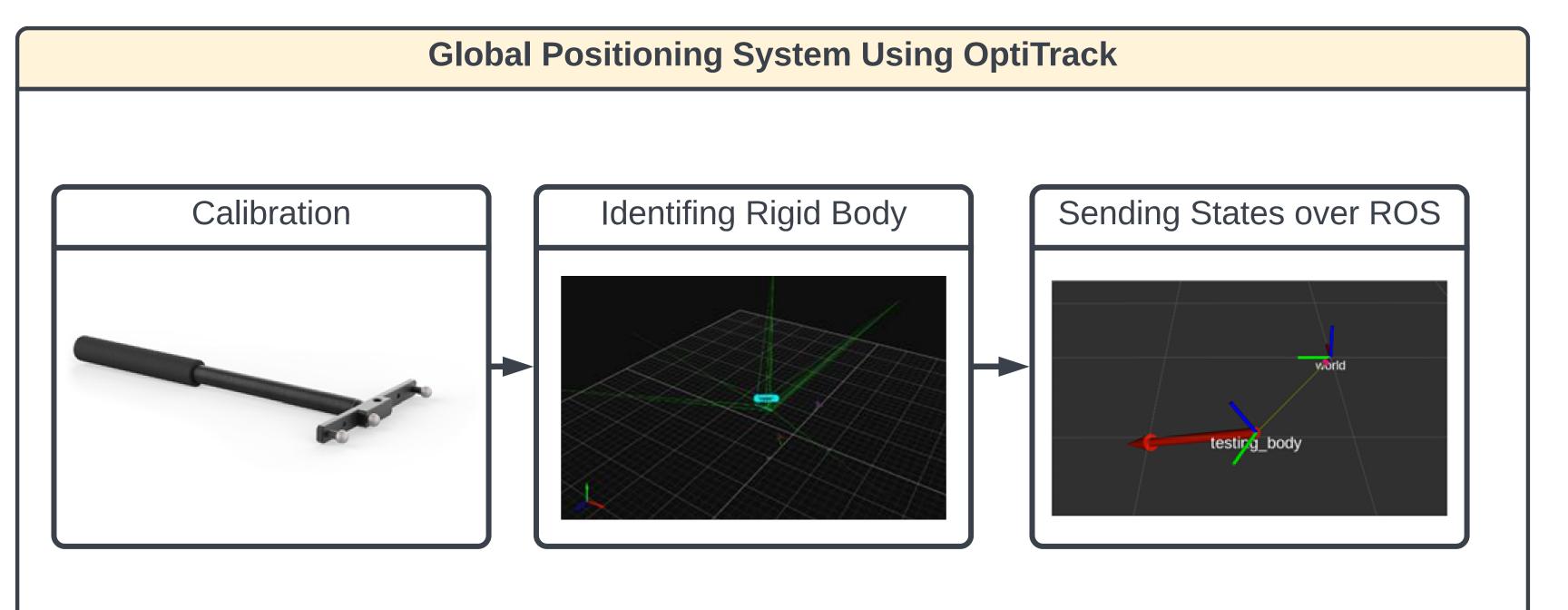












**∧**dvanced **⊡**ipedal **R**obotics