Homework 7 - AGST 5014

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1. A soil scientist conducted an experiment to evaluate the effects of soil compaction and soil moisture on the activity of soil microbes. Reduced levels of microbe activity will occur in poorly aerated soils. The aeration levels can be restricted in highly saturated or compacted soils. Treated soil samples were placed in airtight containers and incubated under conditions conducive to microbial activity. The microbe activity in each soil sample was measured as the percent increase in CO2 produced above atmospheric levels. The treatment design was a 3x3 factorial with three levels of soil compaction (bulk density = mg soil/m³ and three levels of soil moisture (kg water/kg soil). There were two replicate soil container units prepared for each treatment. The CO2 evolution/kg soil/day was recorded on three successive days. The data for each soil container unit are shown below:

```
library(tidyverse)
q1 <- read.csv('HW7_Q1.csv')
q1 <- transform(
    q1,
    Density = factor(Density),
    Moisture = factor(Moisture),
    Unit = factor(Unit)
)
str(q1)</pre>
```

```
## 'data.frame': 18 obs. of 6 variables:
## $ Density : Factor w/ 3 levels "1.1","1.4","1.6": 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Moisture: Factor w/ 3 levels "0.1","0.2","0.24": 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 ...
## $ Unit : Factor w/ 18 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ day1 : num  2.7 2.9 5.2 3.6 4 4.1 2.6 2.2 4.3 3.9 ...
## $ day2 : num  0.34 1.57 5.04 3.92 3.47 3.47 1.12 0.78 3.36 2.91 ...
## $ day3 : num  0.11 1.25 3.7 2.69 3.47 2.46 0.9 0.34 3.02 2.35 ...
```

a) Describe this experiment (treatment and experimental design) and write the statistical model.

This is a Repeated Measures design, because the data for each soil container was collected on three successive days.

We have two treatments:

- soil compaction (here called Density) with three levels (1.1, 1.4, 1.6)
- soil moisture with three levels (0.1, 0.2, 0.24)

Statistical model:

$$y = \mu + \alpha + \beta + \tau + \alpha \tau + \beta \tau + \alpha \beta + \alpha \beta \tau + \varepsilon,$$

where y is the response, α is the density treatment, β is the moisture treatment, τ is the day (time) of measurement, $\alpha\tau$ is the density interacting with time, $\beta\tau$ is the moisture interacting with time, $\alpha\beta$ in the

interaction between density and moisture, $\alpha\beta\tau$ is the interaction between density, moisture and time, and ε is the experimental error.

b) Conduct the proper statistical analysis. Are the assumptions for this type of analysis met? Firstly, we can try a multivariate model and check assumptions for sphericity.

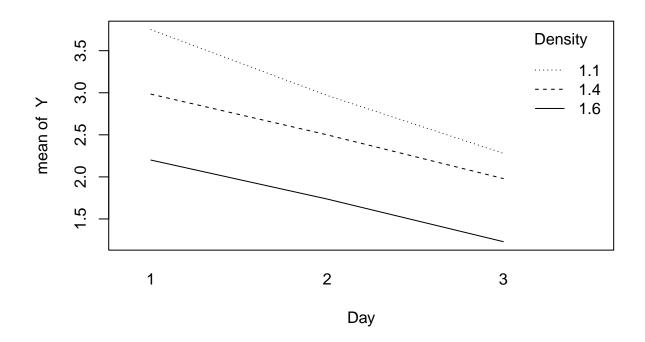
```
mod_multi <- lm(cbind(day1, day2, day3) ~ Density * Moisture, data = q1)
mod <- car::Anova(mod_multi, idata = data.frame(day = factor(1:3)), idesign = ~day)
summary(mod, multivariate = F)$sphericity.tests</pre>
```

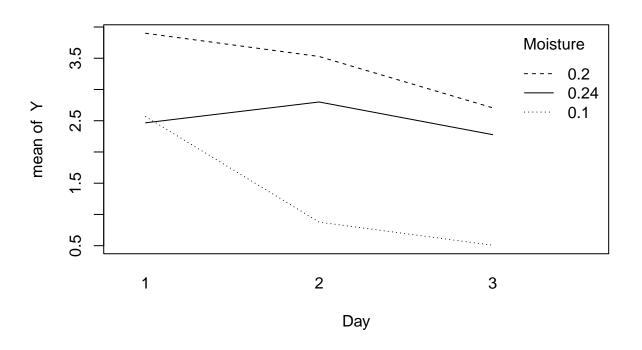
For Mauchly Tests for Sphericity, we reject the null hypothesis that the covariance matrix of the repeated measures obeys the Huynh-Feldt condition. In this case, better stick with mixed models and try account a good variance-covariance structure.

Let's do some plots for checking the trend of response.

```
# wide to long format
q1_long <- q1 %>%
  pivot_longer(-c(Density, Moisture, Unit), names_to = 'Day', values_to = 'Y') %>%
  mutate(Day = factor(str_sub(Day, 4)))

par(mfrow = c(2, 1))
with(q1_long, interaction.plot(Day, Density, Y))
with(q1_long, interaction.plot(Day, Moisture, Y))
```





Seems the trend in response for density is quite the same for every density level, whereas for moisture the trends are different.

Let's fit mixed models with different variance-covariance structures.

```
library(nlme)
```

2. An agronomist conducted a yield trial with five alfalfa cultivars in a randomized complete block design with three replications. Each plot was harvested four times in each of two years. The plot yield (lb/plot) from two harvests from each plot in each of tow years are shown in the table below. Compare the yield of the cultivars (notice that you need adjusted means for that).

```
q2 <- read.csv("HW7_Q2.csv")
q2 <- transform(q2, Cultivar = factor(Cultivar), Block = factor(Block))
q2</pre>
```

```
##
      Cultivar Block Apr.86 May.86 Apr.87 May.87
## 1
              1
                    1
                         20.4
                                23.2
                                        14.8
                                                22.9
                    2
                                        18.8
                                                22.6
## 2
              1
                         21.5
                                23.7
## 3
              1
                    3
                         21.1
                                23.4
                                        14.3
                                                22.1
## 4
              2
                    1
                         19.1
                                22.4
                                        14.5
                                                19.2
              2
                    2
                         20.8
                                22.1
                                        10.1
                                                22.0
## 5
## 6
              2
                    3
                         20.5
                                23.5
                                        12.0
                                                21.5
## 7
              3
                         19.3
                                22.1
                                        14.5
                                                19.5
                    1
## 8
              3
                    2
                         19.8
                                25.4
                                        16.9
                                                23.1
              3
                    3
                         20.5
                                        16.7
## 9
                                24.8
                                                20.1
## 10
              4
                    1
                         23.2
                                25.6
                                        14.9
                                                19.5
                    2
## 11
              4
                         21.8
                                24.4
                                        16.0
                                                18.1
              4
                    3
                         22.2
                                26.8
## 12
                                        16.7
                                                21.0
## 13
              5
                    1
                         21.4
                                24.5
                                        14.1
                                                21.3
              5
                    2
## 14
                         20.7
                                22.9
                                        12.6
                                                20.0
## 15
              5
                    3
                         18.7
                                21.8
                                        14.3
                                                21.4
```

- 3. One experiment was set up to assess possible phytotoxicity effects relating to an excessive persistence of herbicide residues in soil. The three crops were sown 40 days after a herbicide treatment (a check was included as the second herbicide treatment).
 - a) Describe this experiment and write the statistical model.
 - b) Run the proper analyze on experiment and proceed with interpretations.

```
q3 <- read.csv("HW7_Q3.csv")
```