

ativ_2

April 19, 2023

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
```

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[2]: import mplcatppuccin
```

```
[3]: plt.style.use("mocha")
```

```
[4]: from mplsoccer import PyPizza, FontManager
```

```
[5]: from typing import Tuple
```

1 [CDAF] Atividade 2

1.1 Nome e matrícula

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1.2 Introdução

Nesta atividade, vamos revisar os conceitos aprendidos em sala de aula sobre estatísticas agregadas. Para esta atividade, usaremos dados do Brasileirão 2022 do FBRef.

1.3 Questão 1

- Baixe o dataset de resultados em <https://fbref.com/en/comps/24/2022/schedule/2022-Serie-A-Scores-and-Fixtures>
- Crie uma média móvel de 5 jogos, para cada equipe, de cada uma das seguintes estatísticas: xG pró, xG contra, e dif. xG.
- Escolha 4 times para visualizar a série temporal das estatísticas acima. Uma visualização para cada uma das estatísticas, onde a média geral do campeonato é apresentada com uma linha pontilhada em conjunto com a média móvel dos times escolhidos.
- Interprete os resultados. O que isso pode indicar sobre a qualidade ofensiva e defensiva dos times escolhidos?

```
[6]: df = pd.read_csv("./serie-a.csv")
```

```
[7]: df = df.dropna()
```

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[8]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 326 entries, 0 to 405
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Wk              326 non-null   float64
1   Day             326 non-null   object
2   Date            326 non-null   object
3   Time            326 non-null   object
4   Home            326 non-null   object
5   xG              326 non-null   float64
6   Score           326 non-null   object
7   xG.1            326 non-null   float64
8   Away            326 non-null   object
9   Attendance       326 non-null   float64
10  Venue           326 non-null   object
11  Referee          326 non-null   object
12  Match Report    326 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(4), object(9)
memory usage: 35.7+ KB
```

```
[9]: df = df.drop(columns=["Referee", "Attendance", "Venue", "Match Report"])
```

```
[10]: df.head()
```

```
[10]:
```

	Wk	Day	Date	Time	Home	xG	Score	xG.1	\
0	1.0	Sat	2022-04-09	16:30	Fluminense	1.6	0-0	0.1	
1	1.0	Sat	2022-04-09	19:00	Atl Goianiense	1.4	1-1	1.2	
2	1.0	Sun	2022-04-10	11:00	Coritiba	1.7	3-0	0.4	
3	1.0	Sun	2022-04-10	16:00	Atlético Mineiro	1.9	2-0	0.6	
4	1.0	Sun	2022-04-10	16:00	Botafogo (RJ)	1.5	1-3	2.1	

	Away
0	Santos
1	Flamengo
2	Goiás
3	Internacional
4	Corinthians

```
[11]: TEAMS = ["Fluminense", "Atlético Mineiro", "São Paulo", "Palmeiras"]
```

```
[12]: WINDOW = 5
```

```
[13]: expected_goals_global = df["xG"].rolling(WINDOW, min_periods=1).mean()
expected_goals_away_global = df["xG.1"].rolling(WINDOW, min_periods=1).mean()
diff_global = expected_goals_global.sub(expected_goals_away_global)
```

```
[14]: dataTeam = Tuple[str, pd.Series, pd.Series, pd.Series]
```

```
[15]: my_teams_data: list[dataTeam] = []  
all_teams_data: list[dataTeam] = []
```

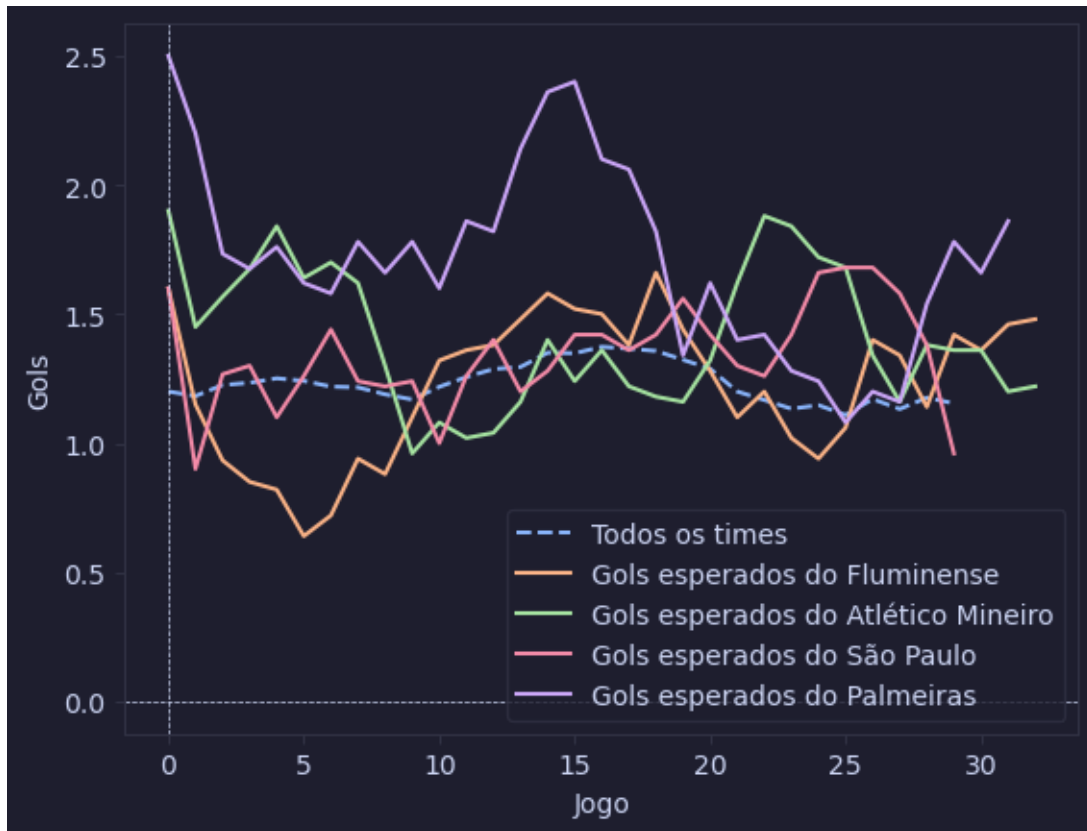
```
[16]: all_teams = df["Home"].unique()  
for team in all_teams:  
    df_team = df.query(f"Home == '{team}' or Away == '{team}'")  
    expected_team = df_team.apply(  
        lambda x: x["xG"] if x["Home"] == team else x["xG.1"],  
        axis=1,  
    ).reset_index(drop=True)  
    expected_team = expected_team.rolling(WINDOW, min_periods=1).mean()  
    expected_away = df_team.apply(  
        lambda x: x["xG.1"] if x["Home"] == team else x["xG"],  
        axis=1,  
    ).reset_index(drop=True)  
    diff = expected_team - expected_away  
    team_data = (team, expected_team, expected_away, diff)  
  
    all_teams_data.append(team_data)  
  
    if TEAMS.count(team) > 0:  
        my_teams_data.append(team_data)
```

```
[17]: # Dados gerais  
expected = []  
for series in zip(*[tup[1] for tup in all_teams_data]):  
    item_mean = sum(series) / len(series)  
    expected.append(item_mean)  
away = []  
for series in zip(*[tup[2] for tup in all_teams_data]):  
    item_mean = sum(series) / len(series)  
    away.append(item_mean)  
diff = []  
for series in zip(*[tup[3] for tup in all_teams_data]):  
    item_mean = sum(series) / len(series)  
    diff.append(item_mean)
```

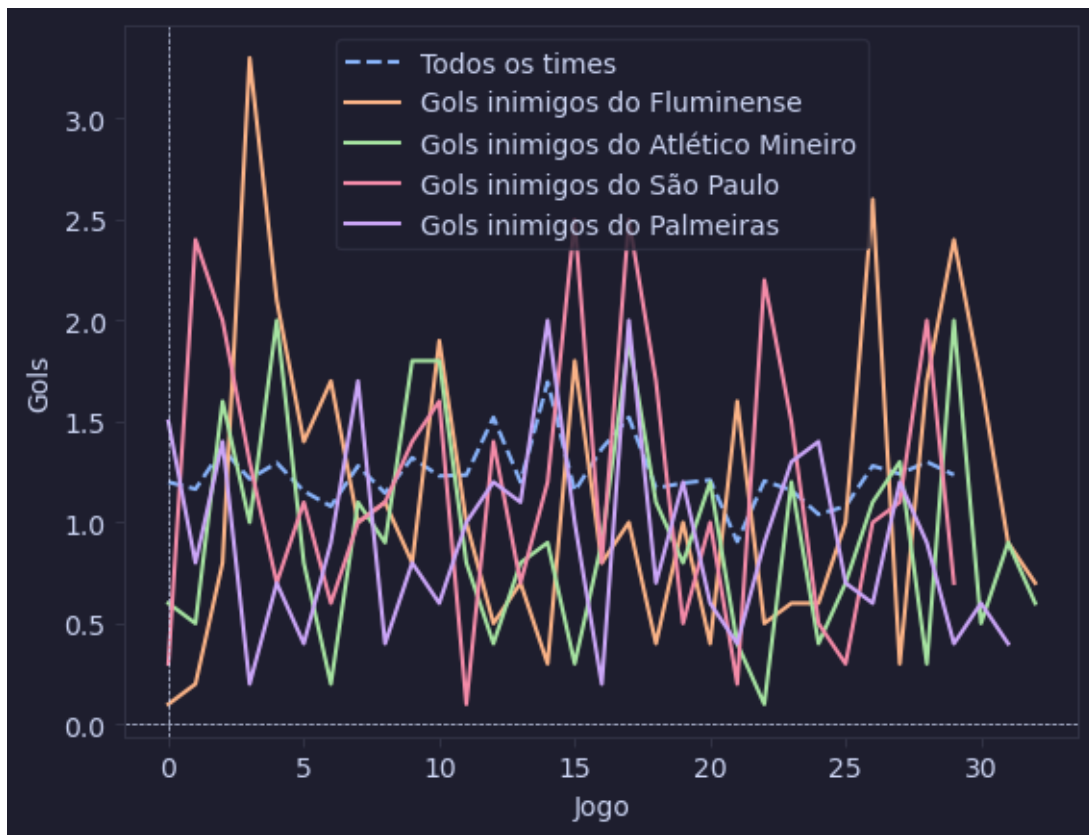
```
[18]: def plot_common():  
    plt.ylabel("Gols")  
    plt.xlabel("Jogo")  
    plt.axhline(0, color="#cdd6f4", linestyle="--", linewidth=0.5)  
    plt.axvline(0, color="#cdd6f4", linestyle="--", linewidth=0.5)  
    plt.legend()  
    plt.show()
```

```
[19]: def plot_metric(
        teams_data: list[dataTeam],
        name: str,
        general: list[float],
        index: int,
    ):
        plt.plot(general, label="Todos os times", linestyle="--")
        for team in teams_data:
            plt.plot(team[index], label=f"{name} {team[0]}")
        plot_common()
```

```
[20]: plot_metric(my_teams_data, "Gols esperados do", expected, 1)
```



```
[21]: plot_metric(my_teams_data, "Gols inimigos do", away, 2)
```



```
[22]: plot_metric(my_teams_data, "Diferença", diff, 3)
```

