Text Processing: Takeaways ₪

by Dataquest Labs, Inc. - All rights reserved © 2020

Syntax

- Concatenating filename1 and filename2 : cat filename1 filename2 .
- Sorting filename :
 - Default: sort filename
 - Reverse order: sort -r filename
 - Removing duplicates: sort -u filename
 - With commas as delimiters: sort -t"," filename .
 - Sorting by columns 1, 3, and 5 through 7: sort -t"," -k1,1 -k3,3 -k5-7
 - Sorting by column 2 numerically and in reverse: sort -t "," -k2,2gr
- Selecting columns 2 , 3 and 7 through 9 on filename with : as a separator: cut -d":" f2,3,7-9
- Selecting rows of **filename** matching a pattern:
 - Default: grep 'pattern' filename
 - Numbering the lines: grep -n 'pattern' filename
 - Reverting the match: grep -v 'pattern' filename
 - Ignoring case: grep -i 'pattern' filename

Concepts

- Processing text files is a critical skill.
- Text processing is anything we do with text. Some examples are:
 - · Reformatting text
 - Extracting specific parts of the text
 - · Modifying the text
- The shell is well built to deal with text files because its tools are relatively easy to use and very efficient.
- Sorting in the shell depends on locale settings.
- There are different kinds of regular expressions, but they're mostly similar.
 - Extended regular expressions are the closest to the ones we learned in Python.

Resources

- What does text processing mean?
- Text Processing Commands
- Locale Explained

