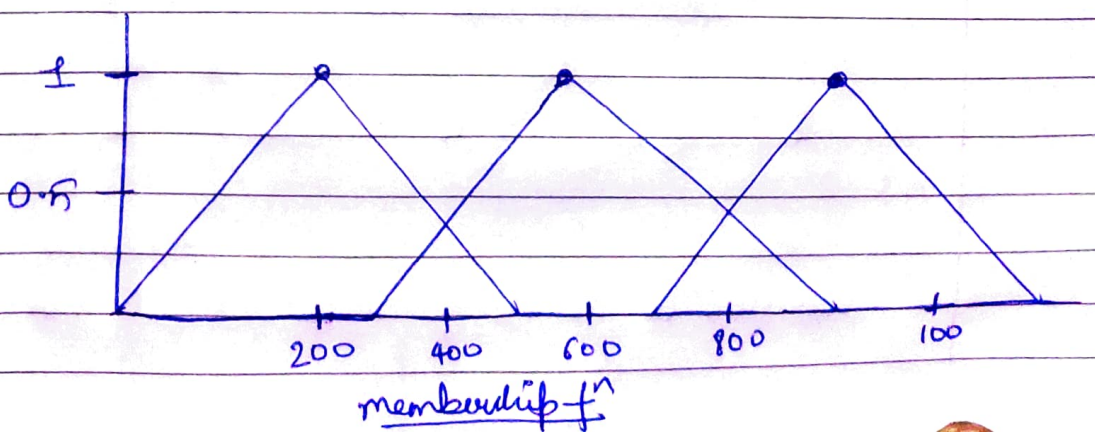
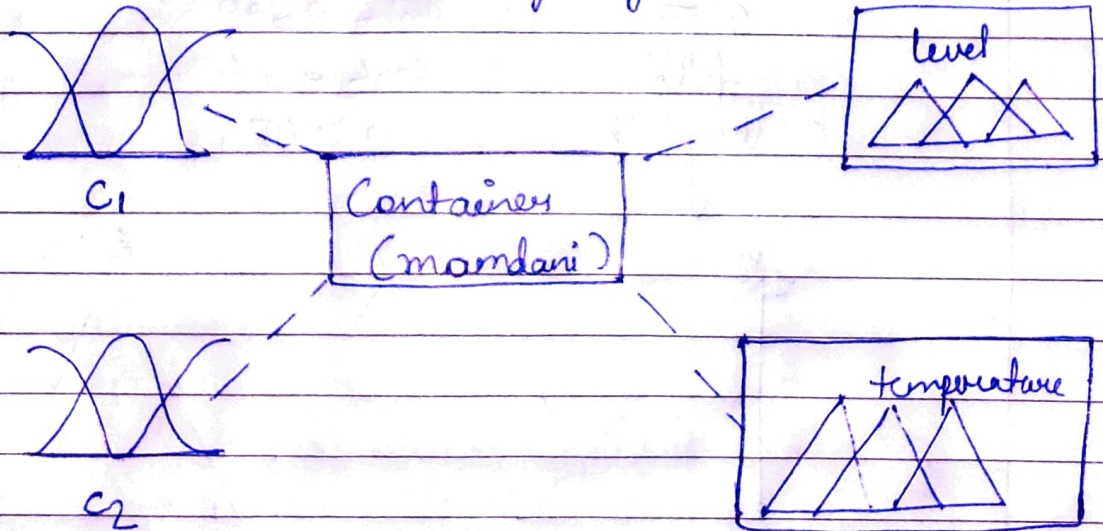


## Soft Computing Assignment: 2

Quest: Consist of two outputs i.e. Temperature and level and input is C1 and C2.

It consist of 4 basic steps:

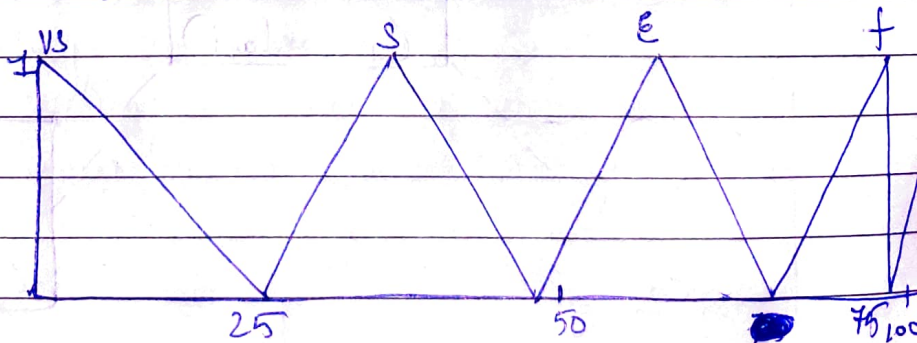
- ① fuzzy Matching: Calculate degree to which the input data match the condition.
- ② Inference: Cal. the rules conclusion based on its matching degree.
- ③ Combinations: Combine the conclusions inferred by all fuzzy rules into a final conclusion.
- ④ Defuzzification: for applications that need a crisp output. fuzzy conclusion  $\rightarrow$  crisp.



Input $C_1$	Output level
① small [0, 300, 500]	① low [10, 30, 50]
② med [300, 500, 700]	② med [30, 50, 70]
③ large [300, 700, 1000]	③ high [50, 75, 100]
$C_2$	Temp
① small [0, 300, 500]	① cold [15, 25, 35]
② med [300, 500, 700]	② warm [30, 50, 70]
③ large [500, 700, 1000]	③ hot [50, 75, 100]

Ques2:

very small	: $w \leq 25$
small	: $25 < w < 45$
empty	: $45 < w \leq 60$
full	: $60 < w \leq 75$
very full	: $w > 75$





Ques 4:

If  $A$  &  $B$  are two fuzzy sets, defined with the same universe of discourse.

- ①  $(A \cup B)_\lambda = A_\lambda \cup B_\lambda$
- ②  $(A \cap B)_\lambda = A_\lambda \cap B_\lambda$
- ③  $(\bar{A})_\lambda \neq \bar{A}_\lambda$  except for value of  $\lambda = 0.5$
- ④ for any  $\lambda \leq \alpha$ , where  $\alpha$  varies b/w 0 & 1 it is true that  $A_\alpha \subseteq A_\lambda$ , where the value of  $A_0$  will be the universe of discourse.

If  $R$  &  $S$  are two fuzzy relations, defined with two same fuzzy sets over the same universe.

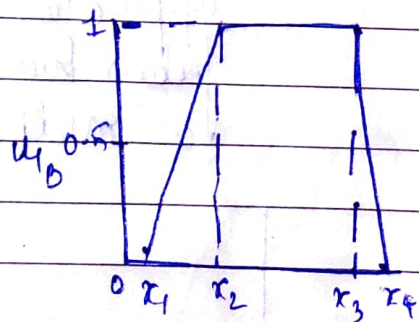
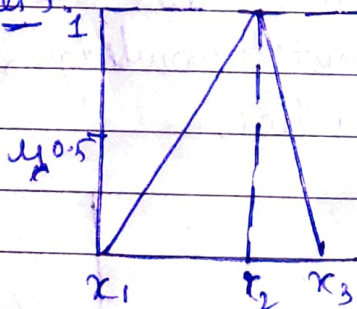
$$(R \cup S)_\lambda = R_\lambda \cup S_\lambda$$

$$(R \cap S)_\lambda = R_\lambda \cap S_\lambda$$

$$(R)_\lambda \neq \bar{R}_\lambda$$

for  $\lambda \leq \alpha$ , where  $\alpha$  b/w 0 & 1  
then,  $R_\alpha \subseteq R_\lambda$

Ques 5:



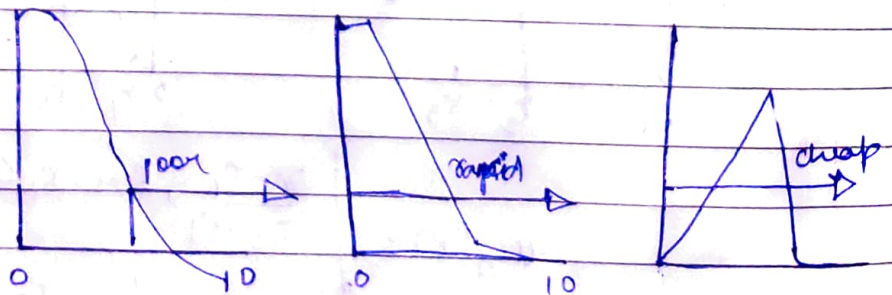
$$u_A(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x-x_1}{x_2-x_1}, & \text{for } x_1 \leq x \leq x_2 \\ \frac{x_2-x}{x_2-x_3}, & \text{for } x_2 \leq x \leq x_3 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

with  $x_1 < x_2 < x_3$

$$\mu_A(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x-x_1}{x_2-x_1}, & \text{for } x_1 \leq x \leq x_2 \\ 1, & \text{for } x_2 \leq x \leq x_3 \\ \frac{x-x_4}{x_3-x_4}, & \text{for } x_3 \leq x \leq x_4 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Ques: • Mamdani fuzzy inference was first introduced as a method to create a control system by synthesizing set of linguistic control rules obtained from experienced human operators. In mamdani system, the output of each rule is a fuzzy set.

- Since mamdani systems have more intuitive and easier to understand rule bases, they are well suited to expert system applications where the rules are created from human expert knowledge, such as medical diagnostics.



service is poor or food is scarce then tip = cheap