

## 1.6 MAXIMUM ELEMENT IN SORTED ARRAY

### Question:

You have an algorithm that process a list of numbers. It firsts sorts the list using an efficient sorting algorithm and then finds the maximum element in sorted list. Write the code for the same.

### AIM:

To sort a list of integers efficiently and return the maximum element from the sorted list, while handling edge cases properly.

### ALGORITHM:

1. If the list is empty, return None or print a message.
2. Sort the list using an efficient algorithm ( $O(n \log n)$ ).
3. Return the last element (which is the maximum).

### PROGRAM:

```
def process_list(nums):  
    if not nums:  
        print("List is empty. No maximum element.")  
        return  
    nums.sort()  
    print("Sorted list:", nums)  
    print("Maximum element:", nums[-1])  
  
nums = list(map(int, input("Enter list of numbers separated by space: ").split()))  
process_list(nums)
```

Input:

nums = 1 2 3 4

Output:

```
-----
Enter list of numbers separated by space:
List is empty. No maximum element.
>>>
==== RESTART: D:/2nd year/Design and Analysis of Algor
Enter list of numbers separated by space: 5
Sorted list: [5]
Maximum element: 5
>>>
==== RESTART: D:/2nd year/Design and Analysis of Algor
Enter list of numbers separated by space: 3 3 3 3
Sorted list: [3, 3, 3, 3]
Maximum element: 3
>>>
==== RESTART: D:/2nd year/Design and Analysis of Algor
Enter list of numbers separated by space: 1 2 4 3
Sorted list: [1, 2, 3, 4]
Maximum element: 4
>>> |
```

## RESULT:

Thus the program is successfully executed, and the output is verified.

## PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS:

- Sorting  $\rightarrow O(n \log n)$
- Accessing last element  $\rightarrow O(1)$
- Total:  $O(n \log n)$
- Space:  $O(1)$  (in-place sort) or  $O(n)$  (depending on sorting algorithm).