# 2.3 OPTIMIZED BUBBLE SORT FOR A RANDOM ARRAY

# **Question:**

Write code to modify bubble sort function to stop early if the list becomes sorted before all passes are completed.

#### **AIM**

To sort a given array using Bubble Sort with an early stopping condition if the array becomes sorted before completing all passes.

#### **ALGORITHM**

- 1. Start from the first element.
- 2. Compare adjacent elements, swapping them if they are in the wrong order.
- 3. After each pass, the largest element in the unsorted region moves to its correct position.
- 4. Keep track of whether any swaps occurred in the current pass.
- 5. If no swaps are made, stop early since the list is already sorted.

#### **PROGRAM**

```
def bubble sort optimized(arr):
   n = len(arr)
   for i in range(n):
       swapped = False
       for j in range(0, n-i-1):
            if arr[j] > arr[j+1]:
                arr[j], arr[j+1] = arr[j+1], arr[j]
                swapped = True
       print(f"Pass {i+l}: {arr}")
       if not swapped:
           break
    return arr
def run bubble sort():
   arr = list(map(int, input("Enter array elements: ").split()))
   print("Sorted array:", bubble sort optimized(arr))
run bubble sort()
```

# Input:

64 25 12 22 11

# Output:

```
Enter array elements: 64 25 12 22 11
Pass 1: [25, 12, 22, 11, 64]
Pass 2: [12, 22, 11, 25, 64]
Pass 3: [12, 11, 22, 25, 64]
Pass 4: [11, 12, 22, 25, 64]
Pass 5: [11, 12, 22, 25, 64]
Sorted array: [11, 12, 22, 25, 64]
>>>
```

# **RESULT:**

Thus the program is successfully executed and the output is verified.

# **PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS:**

- Time Complexity:
  - o Best Case (already sorted): O(n)
  - o Worst/Average Case: O(n²)
- Space Complexity:
  - Uses only a few variables, so O(1) (constant extra space).