

2.14 EXHAUSTIVE SEARCH TO SOLVE THE 0-1 KNAPSACK PROBLEM

Question:

You are given a list of items with their weights and values. Develop a program that utilizes exhaustive search to solve the 0-1 Knapsack Problem. The program should:

-Define a function `total_value(items, values)` that takes a list of selected items (represented by their indices) and the value list as input. It iterates through the selected items and calculates the total value by summing the corresponding values from the value list.

-Define a function `is_feasible(items, weights, capacity)` that takes a list of selected items (represented by their indices), the weight list, and the knapsack capacity as input. It checks if the total weight of the selected items exceeds the capacity.

AIM

To find the optimal selection of items that maximizes total value without exceeding the knapsack's weight capacity, using exhaustive search.

ALGORITHM

1. Start
2. Define `total_value(items, values)` to Sum values of selected item indices from the values list.
3. Define `is_feasible(items, weights, capacity)` to Calculate total weight of selected item indices.
4. Return True if total weight \leq capacity, otherwise False.
5. For each combination:-Check feasibility with `is_feasible`.
6. If feasible and value is higher than current best, update best selection and value.
7. Return the optimal selection and maximum total value.

PROGRAM

```
import itertools

def total_value(items, values):
    return sum(values[i] for i in items)

def is_feasible(items, weights, capacity):
    return sum(weights[i] for i in items) <= capacity

def knapsack(weights, values, capacity):
    n = len(weights)
    max_value = 0
    best_combo = []
    for r in range(n+1):
        for combo in itertools.combinations(range(n), r):
            if is_feasible(combo, weights, capacity):
                val = total_value(combo, values)
                if val > max_value:
                    max_value = val
                    best_combo = combo
    return list(best_combo), max_value

def run_knapsack():
    weights = list(map(int, input("Enter weights: ").split()))
    values = list(map(int, input("Enter values: ").split()))
    capacity = int(input("Enter knapsack capacity: "))
    items, value = knapsack(weights, values, capacity)
    print("Optimal Selection:", items)
    print("Total Value:", value)

run_knapsack()
```

Input:

Items: 3 (indices 0, 1, 2)

Weights: [2, 3, 1]

Values: [4, 5, 3]

Capacity: 4

Output:

```
Enter weights: 2 3 1
Enter values: 4 5 3
Enter knapsack capacity: 4
Optimal Selection: [1, 2]
Total Value: 8
>>> |
```

RESULT:

Thus Solving the 0-1 Knapsack Problem using Exhaustive Search is successfully executed and the output is verified.

PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS:

- Time Complexity: $O(2^n)$
- Space Complexity: $O(n)$