

given

$$\alpha_T \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\boldsymbol{n}_T \in \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$n(\boldsymbol{v}) = \frac{\sum_{T \in N_{\boldsymbol{v}}} \alpha_T \boldsymbol{n}_T}{\left\| \sum_{T \in N_{\boldsymbol{v}}} \alpha_T \boldsymbol{n}_T \right\|_2}$$

where

$$\boldsymbol{v} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$N_{\boldsymbol{i}i} \in \{\mathbb{Z}\}$$