

# Regular Expressions

Lecture 10

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## Regular Expressions

- A regular expression is any string that you want to match with another string. However, regular expressions can also contain "wild-cards", allowing multiple target strings to match.
- Unfortunately, UNIX has two different formats for regular expressions
  - Shell pattern matching, i.e. the regular expressions you have already seen in connection with filenames and the case statement.
  - A number of UNIX utilities, e.g. grep, use a different format for regular expressions derived from ed (predecessor to vi).

#### Wild-card Patterns

ed	shell	Description
	?	Single character
[]	[]	Single character from set or range(s)
[^ ]	[^ ]	Single character NOT from this set/range(s)
*		Zero or more occurrences of preceding letter
*	*	One or more occurrences of any letter
٨		Start of a matching string
\$		End of a matching string
\	\	Take special meaning away from next letter
\( \)		Capture match for later reuse

The last of these is a more advanced facility, but one that I use a lot (more in a bit)

#### **Examples of Ed-Style Patterns**

```
• malloc
  - Note one or more spaces
• *
  - Any string (include empty string)
• \ .
  - Dot (as such)
• [a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z]*
  -Alphabetic string
[0-9][0-9]*\.[0-9][0-9]*
  - Floating point number
• ^$
  - Empty line
```

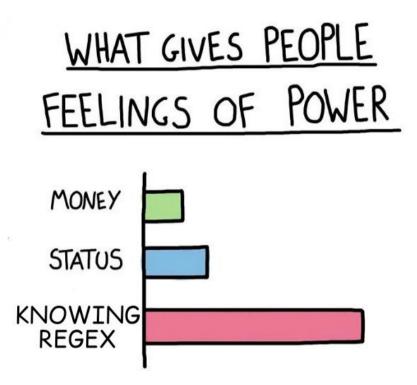
## **Capturing Matches**

- sed and grep (but not awk) provide a way of recording the match you have made and then recalling it for use in later comparisons (or substitutions)
- \ ( \ \) around a regular expression records the string that matched that regular expression. You can record up to 9 regular expression matches in a single operation.
- $\$  is used to refer to one of the recorded matches, that is  $\$  refers to the first match recorded,  $\$  for the second, and so on.

### **Capturing Matches**

- Example: \([a-z]\)\([a-z]\)\1\2 matches a string where the first letter is repeated as the third letter and the second repeated as the fourth, e.g. abab, but not abba
  - Does xxxx match?

## Regex Power



Neetish Raj, https://neetishop.medium.com/best-learning-path-to-master-regex-for-javascript-developers-d928960a9d14

#### grep

grep [<options>] <regular-expression> <file> ...

- As we saw before, you can search with an ordinary string, but in reality it's a regular expression
- Useful options:
- -i Make comparisons case insensitive ("i" matches "I")
- -n Prepend the numbers of the matching lines
- -v Invert the match so only non-matching lines are reported

#### Examples

#### What lines do these patterns match:

- grep '^\.[VABL][LIE]\$' file
- grep -v'warning: 'errs | grep -v'In function'
- find . -type f -exec grep -n awk '{}' \; -print

#### Demo

- Let's use grep to extract lines from Alice in Wonderland.txt
- Extract the lines that mention both Alice and cat
- Extract the lines that mention oyster or mystery
- In the spirit of Wordle, I want to get a list of 5 letter words from the Alice text.
  - How about 5 letter palindromes (i.e. words such as radar that read the same right to left, as left to right.