# Nanopore automata

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### 1 Abstract

State machine algorithms for aligning Nanopore reads.

# 2 Specification

Initial goal (Preliminary Results) is simple reusable code for aligning a segmented nanopore read (with segment currents summarized) to a reference sequence.

Longer-term goals (Specific Aims) include

- $\bullet$  quasi-hierarchical series of models for processed  $\rightarrow$  raw data (raw, FAST5, FASTQ, FASTA)
- transducer intersection-style models for read-pair alignment, suitable for long-read assemblers
- systematic strategies for approximation/optimization algorithms, climbing the hierarchy (starting with k-mer or FM-index approaches)
- transducer intersection models for aligning reads from different sequencing technologies, for improved assembly
- transducer-based versions of Rahman & Pachter's CGAL

#### 2.1 Parameterization algorithm

Given the following inputs

• Reference genome (FASTA)

 $\bullet$  Segment-called reads (FAST5/HDF5)

Perform the following steps

• Perform Baum-Welch to fit a rich model

Rich model incorporates segment statistics.

#### 2.2 Reference search algorithm

Given the following inputs

- Reference genome
- Segment-called reads (FAST5/HDF5)
- Parameterized rich model

Perform the following steps

• Perform Viterbi alignment

## 2.3 Implementation

Libraries etc.

HDF5...

#### 2.4 Evaluation

Strategy...

Data sets...

# 3 Methods

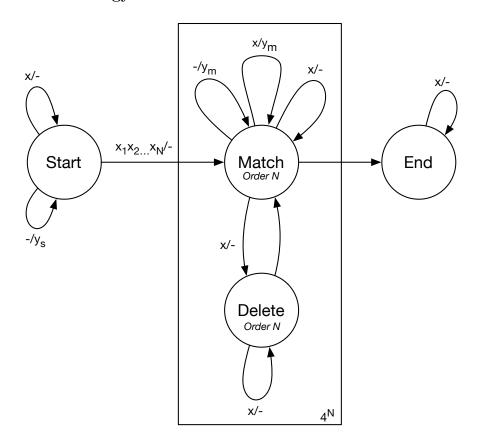
Model & inference algorithms.

### 3.1 Null model

- $\bullet$  Output alphabet:  $\Re$  (real numbers signifying current levels)
- K events. Sequence is  $y_1 \dots y_K$
- $\bullet$  Parameters:  $p^{\mbox{\tiny NullEvent}}, p^{\mbox{\tiny NullTick}}, \mu^{\mbox{\tiny Null}}, \tau^{\mbox{\tiny Null}}$
- Gaussian emissions:  $y_n \sim \text{Normal}(\mu^{\text{Null}}, \tau^{\text{Null}})$
- Probability is

$$P(y_1 \dots y_K) dy_1 \dots dy_K = (1 - p^{\text{NullEvent}}) \prod_{n=1}^K p^{\text{NullEvent}} P(y_n | \mu^{\text{Null}}, \tau^{\text{Null}}) dy_n$$

## 3.2 Homology model



- $\bullet$  Order-N Mealy transducer.
- Output alphabet:  $\Re$  (real numbers signifying current levels)
- States: Start, End, { Match\_{x\_1...x\_N}, Delete\_{x\_1...x\_N}: x\_1...x\_N \in \Omega^N}
- $$\begin{split} \bullet \ \, & \text{Parameters: } p^{\text{StartEvent}}, p^{\text{Skip}}, p^{\text{BeginDelete}}, p^{\text{ExtendDelete}}, \\ & \{p^{\text{MatchEvent}}_{x_1...x_N}, p^{\text{MatchTick}}_{x_1...x_N}, \mu^{\text{Match}}_{x_1...x_N}, \tau^{\text{Match}}_{x_1...x_N} : x_1 \dots x_N \in \Omega^N \} \end{split}$$

Transitions:

Source	Destination	Weight	Absorbs	Emits
Start	Start	$p^{ ext{StartEvent}}$		$\{y_s^{(k)}: 1 \le k \le K_s\},$
		$\times P(y_s \mu^{\text{Start}}, \tau^{\text{Start}}) dy_s$		$K_s \sim \text{Geometric}(p^{\text{NullTick}}),$
				$y_s^{(k)} \sim \operatorname{Normal}(\mu^{\scriptscriptstyle \mathrm{Null}},  au^{\scriptscriptstyle \mathrm{Null}})$
Start	Start	1	$x\in\Omega$	
Start	$\mathrm{Match}_{x_1x_N}$	$1 - p^{\text{StartEvent}}$	$x_1 \dots x_N \in \Omega^N$	
$\mathrm{Match}_{x_1x_N}$	$\mathrm{Match}_{x_1x_N}$	$p_{x_1x_N}^{ ext{MatchEvent}}$		$\{y_m^{(k)}: 1 \le k \le K_m\},$
		$\times P(y_m \mu_{x_1x_N}^{\text{Match}}, \tau_{x_1x_N}^{\text{Match}})dy_m$		$K_m \sim \text{Geometric}(p_{x_1x_N}^{\text{\tiny MatchTick}})$
				$y_m^{(k)} \sim  ext{Normal}(\mu_{x_1x_N}^{ ext{Match}},  au_{x_1}^{ ext{Match}})$
$\mathrm{Match}_{x_1x_N}$	$\mathrm{Match}_{x_2x_{N+1}}$	$(1-p_{x_1\dots x_N}^{\text{\tiny MatchEvent}})$	$x_{N+1} \in \Omega$	
		$\times (1 - p^{\text{BeginDelete}})p^{\text{Skip}}$		
$\mathrm{Match}_{x_1x_N}$	$\mathrm{Match}_{x_2x_{N+1}}$	$(1-p_{x_1x_N}^{\text{\tiny MatchEvent}})$	$x_{N+1} \in \Omega$	$\{y_m^{(k)}: 1 \le k \le K_m\},\$
		$\times (1 - p^{\text{BeginDelete}})(1 - p^{\text{Skip}})$		$K_m \sim \text{Geometric}(p_{x_1x_N}^{\text{\tiny MatchTick}})$
		$\times P(y_m   \mu_{x_1x_N}^{\text{Match}}, \tau_{x_1x_N}^{\text{Match}}) dy_m$		$y_m^{(k)} \sim  ext{Normal}(\mu_{x_1x_N}^{ ext{Match}},  au_{x_1}^{ ext{Match}})$
$\mathrm{Match}_{x_1x_N}$	$\mathrm{Delete}_{x_2x_{N+1}}$	$(1 - p_{x_1x_N}^{\text{MatchEvent}})$	$x_{N+1} \in \Omega$	
		$ imes p^{ ext{BeginDelete}}$		
$\mathrm{Match}_{x_1x_N}$	End	$1-p_{x_1\dots x_N}^{{\tiny {\rm MatchEvent}}}$		
$\mathrm{Delete}_{x_1x_N}$	$\mathrm{Delete}_{x_2x_{N+1}}$	$p^{\scriptscriptstyle  m ExtendDelete}$	$x_{N+1} \in \Omega$	
$\mathrm{Delete}_{x_1x_N}$	$\mathrm{Match}_{x_1x_N}$	$1 - p^{\scriptscriptstyle  ext{ExtendDelete}}$		
End	End	1	$x\in\Omega$	

# 3.3 Baum-Welch algorithm

As usual.

# 3.4 Viterbi algorithm

As usual.

- 4 Results
- 5 Discussion

# 6 Acknowledgments

# 7 Figure Legends

# 8 Appendix

#### 8.1 Exponential distribution

$$x \sim \text{Exponential}(\kappa)$$
 
$$P(x|\kappa) = \kappa \exp(-\kappa x)$$
 
$$\text{E}[x] = \kappa^{-1}$$
 
$$\text{Var}[x] = \kappa^{-2}$$

Rate parameter  $\kappa$ .

#### 8.2 Gamma distribution

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x & \sim & \operatorname{Gamma}(\alpha,\beta) \\ P(x|\alpha,\beta) & = & \frac{x^{\alpha-1}\beta^{\alpha}\exp(-x\beta)}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \\ & \operatorname{E}[x] & = & \alpha/\beta \end{array}$$
 
$$\operatorname{Var}[x] & = & \alpha/\beta^2$$

Shape parameter  $\alpha$ , rate parameter  $\beta$ .  $\Gamma()$  is the gamma function

$$\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty z^{\alpha - 1} \exp(-z) dz$$

Note  $\Gamma(n) = (n-1)!$  for positive integer n.

#### 8.3 Normal distribution

$$x \sim \text{Normal}(\mu, \tau)$$

Mean  $\mu$ , precision  $\tau$  (precision is reciprocal of variance).

$$P(x|\mu,\tau) = \sqrt{\frac{\tau}{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{\tau}{2}(x-\mu)^2\right)$$