

Project 2: RLE Encoding

Image compression and decompression

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Overview

For this project, you will implement Run Length Encoding, or RLE, an algorithm that encodes ascii data in a compressed format. Given a text file containing an image constructed with ascii characters, RLE will encode the file in compressed form. Given a file with data in RLE compressed form, you will be able to decompress the file and recover the exact image that was originally compressed. You will use arrays as the basic data structures to implement the RLE compression and decompression algorithms.

Learning Goals:

- Implement a basic compression algorithm.
- Run JUnit tests.
- Use required style guide.

Style Guide:

Follow these style guidelines:

1. All unnecessary lines of code have been removed.
2. Proper indenting must be used.
3. Optimal use of blank lines and spaces for operators.
4. Use of camelCase for variable/parameter and method names.

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The underscore was the first character encountered in the file, on row 1, so it always has to be the first number in a compressed line. In this case, the compressed row has to start with a 0.

In order to decompress an RLE-compressed file, you have to include the character information in the first row. For example, the first row in the compressed cherries file would be: `_,$. The first row must be in csv format as well. Note that we are only dealing with 2 characters, but this could be generalized to any number of characters.`

—, \$
 11, 15, 14
 8, 4, 6, 8, 14
 6, 3, 5, 6, 1, 2, 1, 2, 14
 5, 1, 4, 9, 2, 1, 2, 2, 14
 3, 2, 3, 9, 3, 1, 3, 2, 14
 2, 2, 2, 10, 3, 1, 4, 2, 14
 2, 11, 5, 2, 5, 2, 4, 6, 3
 0, 7, 10, 2, 7, 2, 1, 10, 1
 9, 5, 2, 3, 4, 2, 2, 1, 2, 9, 1
 6, 9, 1, 24
 5, 12, 2, 5, 2, 14
 4, 3, 2, 16, 2, 9, 2, 2
 4, 2, 3, 17, 1, 9, 2, 2
 4, 2, 2, 18, 1, 9, 1, 2, 1
 4, 3, 1, 18, 1, 11, 2
 4, 3, 2, 16, 1, 11, 3
 5, 19, 2, 9, 5
 5, 19, 16
 7, 15, 18
 10, 10, 20

The compressed files your code produces will have a “RLE_” prefix attached to the original file name. Your decompressed files will have a “DECOMP_” prefix.

```

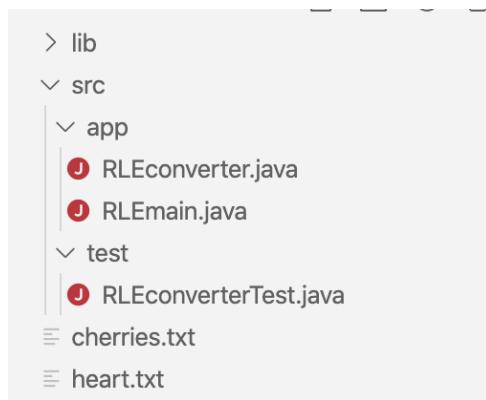
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```

DECOMP_RLE_cherries.txt

Code Structure.

The project comes with these files:



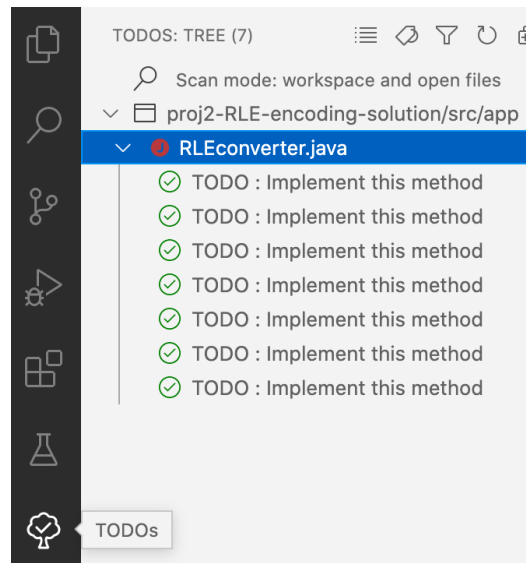
There are several JUnit tests for you to run in `RLEconverterTest.java` that fail initially. There are also two ascii text files to work with: `heart.txt` and `cherries.txt`.

When you first run the main method in `RLEmain.java` with `con.compressFile("heart.txt");` it creates the `RLE_heart.txt` file in the starter code folder with null contents. This is because of incomplete methods. Similarly, if you run the main method with `con.decompressFile("RLE_heart.txt");` it creates the `DECOMP_RLE_heart.txt` file in the starter code folder with null contents, as some methods are incomplete. You will be developing the TODO tasks in the `RLEconverter.java` file.

Tasks.

Your tasks are to implement the TODOs in the `RLEconverter.java` file.

You can see all of the TODOs in VSCode by clicking on the TODO tree icon and expanding the `RLEconverter.java` entry:



Do not modify any existing instance variables, method signatures or any of the starter code provided. Do not add any new classes to the project. You may add any additional instance variables or helper methods you wish.

Each TODO asks you to implement a method. Study the `compressFile` and `decompressFile` methods to see what methods these two “top level” methods call. You can order the TODOs according to what methods are used by other methods.

These are the methods and which other methods they call:

```
compressFile
  discoverAllChars
  compressLines
    compressLine
  getCompressedFileStr

decompressFile
  decompressLines
    decompressLine
  getDecompressedFileStr
```

We suggest you start with the TODOs for compressing a file. You can test that part of the code by running the main method to generate the compressed file. Open the file in a text editor to check it. Then follow the instructions in main to run the decompressFile part of the code.

Export and Submit

Step 1: Export your project

Within VSCode click on the “View > Command Palette...” menu option. Then type into the Command Palette: “Archive Folder” and hit enter. This will produce a Zip file of your project folder. You can then upload that zip file to the corresponding project assignment in Gradescope. You can add the [Archive](#) extension to VSCode if you don’t have it.

If your zip file is not in the correct form, the autograder will not process your code and you will not receive any credit.

The correct file structure is:

ProjectRLECompression-starter

src

app

RLEconverter.java

Note that we will not grade code manually. If your code does not compile or if your zip file is not correctly structured you will not receive any credit for the project.

Step 2: Submit the zip file to Gradescope

Log into Gradescope, select theProject 2 assignment, and submit the zip file for grading.

There are usually more tests in the autograder than provided with the starter code. If your code passes all provided tests, it is a good indication that your code will pass all of the autograder

tests. If that is not the case, you are likely not considering some of the “edge” cases in your algorithm. Re-examine your code, use the debugger to troubleshoot. Pose specific questions on Piazza for some outside help. Remember that these projects take longer than you estimate. Starting early means you have more time to get help if you are stuck.

The autograder will not run successfully if you do submit a **correctly formatted zip file**- it has to have the same **names and directory structure as described on page 6 above**. The autograder will also not run if your code **does not compile**, or if you **import libraries** that were not specifically allowed in the instructions.

Remember, you can re-submit the assignment to gradescope as many times as you want, until the deadline. If it turns out you missed something and your code doesn't pass 100% of the tests, you can keep working until it does. Attend office hours for help or post your questions in Piazza.

Dev Tips

- Use your debugger! It is very useful in finding exactly where your program stops doing what you want it to do.
- Debug your code in your development environment- that is what it is designed for. Do not use gradescope as a way to develop your code- it will not be helpful.
- Start early! Projects are starting to get a little longer, so if you get stuck you need to make sure you have enough time to seek help.
- Seek help when you get stuck. We have office hours and Piazza chat specifically for you to ask questions when you need assistance. Use public posts as much as possible so we don't have to answer the same question multiple times, only use a private post if you need us to see your code or have questions specific to you.
- Submit to gradescope at least once, even if you aren't completely done. There is a huge difference between a 50% and a 0%. That said, aim for 100%.
- The autograder will not run if your zip file is not correctly structured or if your code does not compile. In the latter case, you may comment out parts of your code that do not compile and submit to gradescope for partial credit- depending on how many tests pass. No credit will be given for code that cannot be run by the autograder. Make sure you get help on your project if you need it before the deadline!