

## Parcialito 1 - Iñaki Llorens

### 1. PASAJE DE MODELOS

| Relación           | Clave Primaria | Claves Candidatas          | Claves Foráneas                       |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A(A1,A2)           | { A1 }         | {{ A1 }}                   | -                                     |
| B(A1,B1,B2)        | { A1 }         | {{ A1 }}                   | A1 ref A                              |
| C(A1,C1)           | { A1 }         | {{ A1 }}                   | A1 ref A                              |
| D(E1,A1,F1,F2)     | { E1,A1 }      | { {E1,A1}, {E1,F1,F2} }    | { E1 ref E, A1 ref A, {F1,F2} ref F } |
| E(E1,E2)           | { E1 }         | {{ E1 }}                   | -                                     |
| F(F1,F2)           | { F1,F2 }      | {{ F1,F2 }}                | -                                     |
| G(F1,F2,F1',F2'G1) | { F1,F2 }      | { { F1,F2 }, { F1',F2' } } | { F1,F2,F1',F2' } ref F               |
| H                  | -              | -                          | -                                     |
| I(E1,I1,I2,A1,J1)  | { E1,I1 }      | {{ E1,I1 }}                | { E1 ref E, A1 ref A }                |
| J                  | -              | -                          | -                                     |

### Aclaración

En clase vimos dos alternativas para manejar las relaciones de jerarquía total y disjunta. Cuando se tiene una relación del tipo A,B,C donde A define el atributo clave, y B y C son los posibles “tipos” o “subclases” de A, las alternativas vistas para manejarlas son creando relaciones para A,B y C o creando relaciones para B y C. Elegí usar la primera alternativa vista. Vale la pena justificar mi elección ya que el modelo elegido tiene dos desventajas:

- Si sumo una fila en A, y no actualizo en B o C se rompe la **totalidad**.
- Si agrego en B y C a la vez se rompe la propiedad de **disjunta**.

Igualmente, me quedo con este modelo ya que me permite usar la jerarquía A en la relación ternaria más fácilmente.

## 2. Álgebra Relacional

a) Encuentre la película más vieja de Hitchcock.

```
pelisHich =  $\pi$  movies.name,movies.year ((( $\sigma$  last_name='Hitchcock' directors)
 $\bowtie$  directors.id=movies_directors.director_id movies_directors)  $\bowtie$ 
movies_directors.movie_id=movies.id movies)
K1 =  $\rho$  m1(pelisHich)
K2 =  $\rho$  m2(pelisHich)
```

```
K1 -  $\pi$  m1.name,m1.year ( $\sigma$  m1.year > m2.year (K1  $\times$  K2))
```

```
m1.name m1.year
'Notorious '1946
```

b) Muestre las películas en donde los directores que han actuado como actores

```
pelisDirectoresActores =  $\sigma$  directors.first_name = actors.first_name  $\wedge$ 
directors.last_name = actors.last_name ( $\pi$ 
movies.name,directors.first_name,directors.last_name,actors.first_name,actors.last_
name ((directors  $\bowtie$  directors.id=movies_directors.director_id movies_directors)  $\bowtie$ 
movies_directors.movie_id=movies.id (movies  $\bowtie$  movies.id=roles.movie_id (roles
 $\bowtie$  roles.actor_id=actors.id actors))))
pelisDirectoresActores
```

el resultado en csv:

```
"movies.name","directors.first_name","directors.last_name","actors.first_name","actors.last_name"
"North by Northwest","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock"
"Notorious","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock"
"Psycho","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock"
"Rear Window","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock"
"Strangers on a Train","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock"
"Vertigo","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock","Alfred (I)","Hitchcock"
"Finding Nemo","Andrew","Stanton","Andrew","Stanton"
"City Lights","Charles","Chaplin","Charles","Chaplin"
"Modern Times","Charles","Chaplin","Charles","Chaplin"
"Unforgiven","Clint","Eastwood","Clint","Eastwood"
"Apocalypse Now","Francis Ford","Coppola","Francis Ford","Coppola"
"Singin' in the Rain","Gene (I)","Kelly","Gene (I)","Kelly"
```

"Groundhog Day","Harold","Ramis","Harold","Ramis"  
"Raging Bull","Martin","Scorsese","Martin","Scorsese"  
"Taxi Driver","Martin","Scorsese","Martin","Scorsese"  
"Braveheart","Mel (I)","Gibson","Mel (I)","Gibson"  
"Citizen Kane","Orson","Welles","Orson","Welles"  
"Pulp Fiction","Quentin","Tarantino","Quentin","Tarantino"  
"Reservoir Dogs","Quentin","Tarantino","Quentin","Tarantino"  
"Star Wars: Episode VI - Return of the  
Jedi","Richard","Marquand","Richard","Marquand"  
"Chinatown","Roman","Polanski","Roman","Polanski"  
"Full Metal Jacket","Stanley","Kubrick","Stanley","Kubrick"  
"Monty Python and the Holy Grail","Terry","Gilliam","Terry","Gilliam"  
"Life of Brian","Terry (I)","Jones","Terry (I)","Jones"  
"Monty Python and the Holy Grail","Terry (I)","Jones","Terry (I)","Jones"  
"Annie Hall","Woody","Allen","Woody","Allen"  
"Manhattan","Woody","Allen","Woody","Allen"