Bacteria Data Analysis

Introduction

In this project you will develop a computer program for handling data related to growthrates of different bacteria at different temperatures. You must implement the functions and main script described in the following according to the specifications.

Data load function

Interface def dataLoad(filename):

Insert your code here

return data

Input arguments filename: A string containing the filename of a data file.

Output arguments data: An $N \times 3$ matrix.

User input No.

Screen output Yes (error message, see specifications below.)

Description The function must read the data in the data file filename. Each line in the data file

consists of the following fields:

Temperature, Growth rate, and Bacteria.

The fields contain numeric values and are separated by a space character. The following illustrates an example excerpt of such a data file:

The Bacteria field is a numeric code that correspond to one of the following bacteria names:

Bacteria	Name
1	Salmonella enterica
2	Bacillus cereus
3	Listeria
4	Brochothrix thermosphacta

The data in the file must be stored in an $N \times 3$ matrix called data, where N is the number of valid rows in the data file.

Handling data errors

There might be one or more erroneous lines in the data file which the function must handle. If the data load function detects an erroneous line in the data file it must skip this line, output an error message to the screen, and continue with the next line. The function must only return the data from the the valid rows. The error message must explain in which line the error occurred and what the error was. The function should check for the following:

- The Temperature must be a number between 10 and 60.
- The Growth rate must be a positive number.
- The Bacteria must be one of the four mentioned in the table above.

Data statistics function

Interface def dataStatistics(data, statistic):

Insert your code here

return result

Input arguments

data: An $N \times 3$ matrix with columns Temperature, Growth rate, and Bacteria. statistic: A string specifying the statistic that should be calculated.

Output arguments

result: A scalar containing the calculated statistic.

User input

No.

Screen output

No.

Description

This function must calculate one of several possible statistics based on the data. A "statistic" here denotes a single number which describes an aspect of the data, as for example a mean (average) value. The statistic that must be calculated depends on the value of the string statistic. The following table shows the different possible values of statistic and a description of how to calculate the corresponding statistic.

statistic	Description
'Mean Temperature' 'Mean Growth rate' 'Std Temperature' 'Std Growth rate'	Mean (average) Temperature. Mean (average) Growth rate. Standard deviation of Temperature. Standard deviation of Growth rate.
'Rows' 'Mean Cold Growth rate'	The total number of rows in the data. Mean (average) Growth rate when Temperature is less than 20 degrees.
'Mean Hot Growth rate'	Mean (average) Growth rate when Temperature is greater than 50 degrees.

You are encouraged to use suitable built-in functions to compute the statistics where possible.

Data plot function

Interface

def dataPlot(data):

Insert your code here

Input arguments

data: An $N \times 3$ matrix with columns Temperature, Growth rate, and Bacteria.

Output arguments

No.

User input

No.

Screen output

Yes (plots, see specifications below.)

Description

This function must display two plots:

- 1. "Number of bacteria": A bar plot of the number of each of the different types of Bacteria in the data.
- 2. "Growth rate by temperature": A plot with the Temperature on the x-axis and the Growth rate on the y-axis. The x-axis must go from 10 to 60 degrees, and the y-axis must start from 0. The plot should contain a single axis with four graphs, one for each type of Bacteria. The different graphs must be distinguished using e.g. different colors, markers, or line styles.

The plots should include a suitable title, descriptive axis labels, and a data legend where appropriate. You are allowed to present the plots in separate figure windows or as sub-plots in a single figure window.

Main script

Interface Must be implemented as a script.

Input arguments No.

Output arguments No.

User input Yes (see specifications below.)

Screen output Yes (see specifications below.)

Description The user of the data analysis program interacts with the program through the main script. When the user runs the main script he/she must have at least the following options:

- 1. Load data.
- 2. Filter data.
- 3. Display statistics.
- 4. Generate plots.
- 5. Quit.

The user must be allowed to perform these actions (see specifications below) in any order as long as he/she chooses, until he/she decides to quit the program. The details of how the main script is designed and implemented is for you to determine. It is a requirement that the program is interactive, and you should strive to make it user friendly by providing sensible dialogue options. Consider what you would expect if you were to use such a script, and what you think would be fun. Play around and make a cool script.

Error handling

You must test that all input provided by the user are valid. If the user gives invalid input, you must provide informative feedback to the user and allow the user to provide the correct input.

It must not be possible to display statistics or generate plots before any data has been loaded. If the user attempts to do this, he/she should be given appropriate feedback stating that this is not possible.

1. Load data

If the user chooses to load data, you must ask the user to input the filename of a data file. Remember to check if the file name is valid. Load in the data using the dataLoad function which will display information about any erroneous lines in the data file.

2. Filter data

If the user chooses to filter data, he/she must be able to specify one or more conditions which must be satisfied in order for the data rows to be included in the calculation of statistics and generation of plots. As a minimum requirement the user must be able to specify two types of filters:

- 1. A filter for the Bacteria type, for example Bacteria = Listeria.
- 2. A range filter for the Growth rate, for example $0.5 \le \text{Growth rate} \le 1$.

Having specified such a filter, statistics and plots should be generated only for the subset of data rows where the condition is met. The user should also be able to disable the filter conditions, and when he/she does this, subsequently the statistics and plots should again be generated for the whole data. If a filter is active, information about the filter should at all times be visible in the user interface.

3. Display statistics

If the user chooses to display statistics, you must ask the user which statistic to display. Use the dataStatistics function to compute the desired statistic and display it on the screen along with a description of the statistic. If a filter is active, the statistics must be computed only for data rows that satisfy the filter conditions.

4. Generate plots

If the user chooses to generate plots, call the dataPlot function to display the plots. If a filter is active, the plots must be generated based only on data rows that satisfy the filter conditions.

5. Quit

If the user chooses to quit the program, the main script should stop.

Data file

You are encouraged to make your own test data file in order to validate that your program functions correctly. It is important that you also ensure and document that your program works correctly in case of errors in the data file as described in section .