```
public class SieveMain{
    public static void simpleSieve(int limit)
        boolean prime[] = new boolean[limit + 1];
        for (int i = 2; i < limit; i++)</pre>
            prime[i] = true;
        for(int p = 2; p*p < limit; p++)
            if(prime[p] == true)
                for(int i = p*p; i < limit; i += p)</pre>
                    prime[i] = false;
            }
        }
        for(int i = 2; i < limit; i++)
            if(prime[i] == true)
                System.out.print(i + " ");
        }
    public static void main(String[] args)
        simpleSieve(30);
}
SEGMENTED SIEVE
public class Segmented {
    public static void SegSieve(int 1, int h) {
        boolean prime[] = new boolean[h - 1 + 1];
        for (int p = 2; p * p <= h; p++) {
            int sm = Math.max(p * p, (1 + p - 1) / p * p);
            for (int i = sm; i \le h; i += p) {
                prime[i - 1] = true;
        }
        for (int i = 1; i <= h; i++) {
            if (!prime[i - 1] && i > 1) {
                System.out.print(i + " ");
        }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SegSieve(10, 30);
}
EULERS PHI ALGO
import java.util.*;
```

```
public class EulerPhiAlgorithm
    public static int phi(int n)
        int result = n;
        for(int p =2; p*p <=n; p++)
            if(n%p == 0)
                while (n%p == 0)
                    n /= p;
                result -= result/p;
            }
        }
        if(n > 1)
            result -= result/n;
        return result;
    public static void main(String[] args)
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Euler's Totient Function for " + n + " is " + phi(n));
}
CRT
import java.util.Scanner;
public class remainder_theorem
    public static int findmin(int num[], int rem[], int K)
        int x = 1;
        while(true)
            int j;
            for(j=0; j <K; j++)
                if(x%num[j] != rem[j])
                    break;
            if(j==K)
                return x;
            x++;
        }
    public static void main(String[] args)
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
//congruence relations
        int size = sc.nextInt();
        int a[] = new int[size];
        int m[] = new int[size];
        //a
        for(int i=0; i <size; i++)</pre>
            a[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        //m
        for(int i=0; i<size; i++)</pre>
            m[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        System.out.println(findmin(m,a,size));
    }
}
AAT
import java.util.*;
public class AliceAppleTree
    public static void main(String[] args)
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int apple = sc.nextInt();
        int count = 0, sum =0;
        while(sum<apple)</pre>
        {
            count++;
            sum += (12*count*count);
        System.out.println((8*(count)));
    }
}
STROBOGRAMMATIC
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Strobo
    public static boolean isStrobogrammatic(String num)
        Map<Character, Character> map = new HashMap<Character, Character>();
        map.put('0', '0');
        map.put('1', '1');
        map.put('6', '9');
        map.put('8', '8');
        map.put('9', '6');
        int 1 = 0;
        int r = num.length() - 1;
        while(l<=r)
        {
            if(!map.containsKey(num.charAt(1)))
                 return false;
            }
```

```
if(map.get(num.charAt(1)) != num.charAt(r))
                return false;
            1++;
            r--;
        }
        return true;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args)
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        String n = sc.next();
        System.out.println(isStrobogrammatic(n));
}
TOGGLE SWITCH
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Toggle {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        boolean[] b = new boolean[n + 1];
        int c = 0, o = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
            for (int j = i; j \le n; j += i) {
               b[j] = !b[j];
        }
        for (int i = 1; i \le n; i++) {
            if (b[i]) {
               c++; //"on"
            } else {
                o++; //"off"
        System.out.println(c + " " + o);
    }
}
```