

[toc]

demo

```
// demo
pingHandler := func(w http.ResponseWriter, r *http.Request, _
httprouter.Params) {
    fmt.Fprint(w, "pong")
}

router := httprouter.New()
router.GET("/ping", pingHandler)
log.Fatal(http.ListenAndServe(":8080", router))
```

httprouter

httprouter相当于net/http的ServeMux，基于radix tree/prefix tree提升了路由性能，提供注册、路由方法即可

struct

路由注册与分发

```
// Router is a http.Handler which can be used to dispatch requests to
different
// handler functions via configurable routes
type Router struct {
    trees map[string]*node

    // Enables automatic redirection if the current route can't be
matched but a
    // handler for the path with (without) the trailing slash exists.
    // For example if /foo/ is requested but a route only exists for
/foo, the
    // client is redirected to /foo with http status code 301 for GET
requests
    // and 307 for all other request methods.
    RedirectTrailingSlash bool

    // If enabled, the router tries to fix the current request path,
if no
    // handle is registered for it.
    // First superfluous path elements like ../ or // are removed.
    // Afterwards the router does a case-insensitive lookup of the
cleaned
    // path.
    // If a handle can be found for this route, the router makes a
```

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redirection
    // to the corrected path with status code 301 for GET requests and
307 for
    // all other request methods.
    // For example /F00 and /../Foo could be redirected to /foo.
    // RedirectTrailingSlash is independent of this option.
    RedirectFixedPath bool

    // If enabled, the router checks if another method is allowed for
the
    // current route, if the current request can not be routed.
    // If this is the case, the request is answered with 'Method Not
Allowed'
    // and HTTP status code 405.
    // If no other Method is allowed, the request is delegated to the
NotFound
    // handler.
    HandleMethodNotAllowed bool

    // If enabled, the router automatically replies to OPTIONS
requests.
    // Custom OPTIONS handlers take priority over automatic replies.
    HandleOPTIONS bool

    // Configurable http.Handler which is called when no matching
route is
    // found. If it is not set, http.NotFound is used.
    NotFound http.Handler

    // Configurable http.Handler which is called when a request
    // cannot be routed and HandleMethodNotAllowed is true.
    // If it is not set, http.Error with http.StatusMethodNotAllowed
is used.
    // The "Allow" header with allowed request methods is set before
the handler
    // is called.
    MethodNotAllowed http.Handler

    // Function to handle panics recovered from http handlers.
    // It should be used to generate a error page and return the http
error code
    // 500 (Internal Server Error).
    // The handler can be used to keep your server from crashing
because of
    // unrecovered panics.
    PanicHandler func(http.ResponseWriter, *http.Request, interface{})
}

```

sign

```

// Handle is a function that can be registered to a route to handle HTTP
// requests. Like http.HandlerFunc, but has a third parameter for the

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```
values of
// wildcards (variables).
type Handle func(http.ResponseWriter, *http.Request, Params)
```

named参数

```
// Param is a single URL parameter, consisting of a key and a value.
type Param struct {
    Key    string
    Value  string
}

// Params is a Param-slice, as returned by the router.
// The slice is ordered, the first URL parameter is also the first slice
// value.
// It is therefore safe to read values by the index.
type Params []Param

// ByName returns the value of the first Param which key matches the given
// name.
// If no matching Param is found, an empty string is returned.
func (ps Params) ByName(name string) string {
    for i := range ps {
        if ps[i].Key == name {
            return ps[i].Value
        }
    }
    return ""
}
```

register

```
// GET is a shortcut for router.Handle("GET", path, handle)
func (r *Router) GET(path string, handle Handle) {
    r.Handle("GET", path, handle)
}
```

```
// Handle registers a new request handle with the given path and method.
//
// For GET, POST, PUT, PATCH and DELETE requests the respective shortcut
// functions can be used.
//
// This function is intended for bulk loading and to allow the usage of
// less
// frequently used, non-standardized or custom methods (e.g. for internal
// communication with a proxy).
```

```

func (r *Router) Handle(method, path string, handle Handle) {
    if path[0] != '/' {
        panic("path must begin with '/' in path '" + path + "'")
    }

    if r.trees == nil {
        r.trees = make(map[string]*node)
    }

    root := r.trees[method]
    if root == nil {
        root = new(node)
        r.trees[method] = root
    }

    root.addRoute(path, handle)
}

```

// addRoute adds a node with the given handle to the path.
 // Not concurrency-safe!

```

func (n *node) addRoute(path string, handle Handle) {
    fullPath := path
    n.priority++
    numParams := countParams(path)

    // non-empty tree
    if len(n.path) > 0 || len(n.children) > 0 {
    walk:
        for {
            // Update maxParams of the current node
            if numParams > n.maxParams {
                n.maxParams = numParams
            }

            // Find the longest common prefix.
            // This also implies that the common prefix
contains no ':' or '*'
            // since the existing key can't contain those
chars.

            i := 0
            max := min(len(path), len(n.path))
            for i < max && path[i] == n.path[i] {
                i++
            }

            // Split edge
            if i < len(n.path) {
                child := node{
                    path:      n.path[i:],
                    wildChild: n.wildChild,
                    nType:      static,
                    indices:    n.indices,
                    children:  n.children,
                    handle:    n.handle,

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                                priority: n.priority - 1,
                                }

                                // Update maxParams (max of all children)
                                for i := range child.children {
                                    if child.children[i].maxParams >
child.maxParams {
                                        child.maxParams =
child.children[i].maxParams
                                    }
                                }

                                n.children = []*node{&child}
                                // []byte for proper unicode char
conversion, see #65
                                n.indices = string([]byte{n.path[i]})
                                n.path = path[:i]
                                n.handle = nil
                                n.wildChild = false
                            }

                            // Make new node a child of this node
                            if i < len(path) {
                                path = path[i:]

                                if n.wildChild {
                                    n = n.children[0]
                                    n.priority++

                                    // Update maxParams of the child
                                    if numParams > n.maxParams {
                                        n.maxParams = numParams
                                    }
                                    numParams--

                                    // Check if the wildcard matches
                                    if len(path) >= len(n.path) &&
n.path == path[:len(n.path)] &&
wildcard, e.g. :name and :names
                                    || path[len(n.path)] == '/' {
                                        // Check for longer
                                        (len(n.path) >= len(path))
                                        continue walk
                                    } else {
                                        // Wildcard conflict
                                        var pathSeg string
                                        if n.nType == catchAll {
                                            pathSeg = path
                                        } else {
                                            pathSeg =
strings.SplitN(path, "/", 2)[0]
                                        }
                                        prefix :=

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fullPath[:strings.Index(fullPath, pathSeg)] + n.path
                                panic("'" + pathSeg +
                                "' in new path '"
+ fullPath +
                                "' conflicts with
existing wildcard '" + n.path +
                                "' in existing
prefix '" + prefix +
                                "'")
                                }
                                }

c := path[0]

// slash after param
if n.nType == param && c == '/' &&
len(n.children) == 1 {
    n = n.children[0]
    n.priority++
    continue walk
}

// Check if a child with the next path
byte exists
for i := 0; i < len(n.indices); i++ {
    if c == n.indices[i] {
        i =
n.incrementChildPrio(i)
        n = n.children[i]
        continue walk
    }
}

// Otherwise insert it
if c != ':' && c != '*' {
    // []byte for proper unicode char
conversion, see #65
    n.indices += string([]byte{c})
    child := &node{
        maxParams: numParams,
    }
    n.children = append(n.children,
child)
    n.incrementChildPrio(len(n.indices) - 1)
    n = child
}
n.insertChild(numParams, path, fullPath,
handle)
return

} else if i == len(path) { // Make node a (in-
path) leaf
    if n.handle != nil {

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                                panic("a handle is already
registered for path '" + fullPath + "'")
                                }
                                n.handle = handle
                                }
                                return
                                }
    } else { // Empty tree
        n.insertChild(numParams, path, fullPath, handle)
        n.nType = root
    }
}

func (n *node) insertChild(numParams uint8, path, fullPath string, handle
Handle) {
    var offset int // already handled bytes of the path

    // find prefix until first wildcard (beginning with ':' or '*')
    for i, max := 0, len(path); numParams > 0; i++ {
        c := path[i]
        if c != ':' && c != '*' {
            continue
        }

        // find wildcard end (either '/' or path end)
        end := i + 1
        for end < max && path[end] != '/' {
            switch path[end] {
                // the wildcard name must not contain ':' and '*'
                case ':', '*':
                    panic("only one wildcard per path segment
is allowed, has: '" +
                                path[i:] + "' in path '" +
fullPath + "'")
                    default:
                        end++
                    }
        }

        // check if this Node existing children which would be
        // unreachable if we insert the wildcard here
        if len(n.children) > 0 {
            panic("wildcard route '" + path[i:end] +
                "' conflicts with existing children in
path '" + fullPath + "'")
        }

        // check if the wildcard has a name
        if end-i < 2 {
            panic("wildcards must be named with a non-empty
name in path '" + fullPath + "'")
        }

        if c == ':' { // param

```

```

// split path at the beginning of the wildcard
if i > 0 {
    n.path = path[offset:i]
    offset = i
}

child := &node{
    nType:      param,
    maxParams: numParams,
}
n.children = []*node{child}
n.wildChild = true
n = child
n.priority++
numParams--

// if the path doesn't end with the wildcard, then
there
// will be another non-wildcard subpath starting
with '/'

if end < max {
    n.path = path[offset:end]
    offset = end

    child := &node{
        maxParams: numParams,
        priority:  1,
    }
    n.children = []*node{child}
    n = child
}

} else { // catchAll
    if end != max || numParams > 1 {
        panic("catch-all routes are only allowed
at the end of the path in path '" + fullPath + "'")
    }

    if len(n.path) > 0 && n.path[len(n.path)-1] == '/'
{
        panic("catch-all conflicts with existing
handle for the path segment root in path '" + fullPath + "'")
    }

    // currently fixed width 1 for '/'
    i--
    if path[i] != '/' {
        panic("no / before catch-all in path '" +
fullPath + "'")
    }

    n.path = path[offset:i]

    // first node: catchAll node with empty path

```



```

        child := &node{
            wildChild: true,
            nType:     catchAll,
            maxParams: 1,
        }
        n.children = []*node{child}
        n.indices = string(path[i])
        n = child
        n.priority++

        // second node: node holding the variable
        child = &node{
            path:     path[i:],
            nType:     catchAll,
            maxParams: 1,
            handle:    handle,
            priority:  1,
        }
        n.children = []*node{child}

        return
    }
}

// insert remaining path part and handle to the leaf
n.path = path[offset:]
n.handle = handle
}

```

兼容http.HandlerFunc和http.Handler，封装一下然后构造Handle，把参数放到ParamsKey里面了

```

// HandlerFunc is an adapter which allows the usage of an http.HandlerFunc
as a
// request handle.
func (r *Router) HandlerFunc(method, path string, handler
http.HandlerFunc) {
    r.Handler(method, path, handler)
}

// Handler is an adapter which allows the usage of an http.Handler as a
// request handle. With go 1.7+, the Params will be available in the
// request context under ParamsKey.
func (r *Router) Handler(method, path string, handler http.Handler) {
    r.Handle(method, path,
        func(w http.ResponseWriter, req *http.Request, p Params) {
            ctx := req.Context()
            ctx = context.WithValue(ctx, ParamsKey, p)
            req = req.WithContext(ctx)
            handler.ServeHTTP(w, req)
        },
    )
}

```

run

同net/http

router

net/http最终会调用Router.ServeHTTP，作用同ServeMux.ServeHTTP，查找到handler，然后执行

```
// ServeHTTP makes the router implement the http.Handler interface.
func (r *Router) ServeHTTP(w http.ResponseWriter, req *http.Request) {
    if r.PanicHandler != nil {
        defer r.recv(w, req)
    }

    path := req.URL.Path

    if root := r.trees[req.Method]; root != nil {
        if handle, ps, tsr := root.getValue(path); handle != nil {
            handle(w, req, ps)
            return
        } else if req.Method != "CONNECT" && path != "/" {
            code := 301 // Permanent redirect, request with
            // GET method
            if req.Method != "GET" {
                // Temporary redirect, request with same
                // method
                // As of Go 1.3, Go does not support
                // status code 308.
                code = 307
            }

            if tsr && r.RedirectTrailingSlash {
                if len(path) > 1 && path[len(path)-1] ==
                '/' {
                    req.URL.Path = path[:len(path)-1]
                } else {
                    req.URL.Path = path + "/"
                }
                http.Redirect(w, req, req.URL.String(),
                code)
                return
            }

            // Try to fix the request path
            if r.RedirectFixedPath {
                fixedPath, found :=
                root.findCaseInsensitivePath(
                    CleanPath(path),
```

```

                                r.RedirectTrailingSlash,
                                )
                                if found {
                                    req.URL.Path = string(fixedPath)
                                    http.Redirect(w, req,
req.URL.String(), code)
                                    return
                                }
                            }
                        }
                    }

                    if req.Method == "OPTIONS" && r.HandleOPTIONS {
                        // Handle OPTIONS requests
                        if allow := r.allowed(path, req.Method); len(allow) > 0 {
                            w.Header().Set("Allow", allow)
                            return
                        }
                    } else {
                        // Handle 405
                        if r.HandleMethodNotAllowed {
                            if allow := r.allowed(path, req.Method);
len(allow) > 0 {
                                w.Header().Set("Allow", allow)
                                if r.MethodNotAllowed != nil {
                                    r.MethodNotAllowed.ServeHTTP(w,
req)
                                } else {
                                    http.Error(w,
http.StatusText(http.StatusMethodNotAllowed),
http.StatusMethodNotAllowed,
                                )
                                }
                                return
                            }
                        }
                    }

                    // Handle 404
                    if r.NotFound != nil {
                        r.NotFound.ServeHTTP(w, req)
                    } else {
                        http.NotFound(w, req)
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

// handler sign
type Handle func(http.ResponseWriter, *http.Request, Params)

```

```

// register
func (r *Router) GET(path string, handle Handle) {
    r.Handle("GET", path, handle)
}

// http.HandlerFunc
func (r *Router) HandlerFunc(method, path string, handler
http.HandlerFunc) {
    r.Handler(method, path, handler)
}
func (r *Router) Handler(method, path string, handler http.Handler) {
    r.Handle(method, path,
        func(w http.ResponseWriter, req *http.Request, p Params) {
            ctx := req.Context()
            ctx = context.WithValue(ctx, ParamsKey, p)
            req = req.WithContext(ctx)
            handler.ServeHTTP(w, req)
        },
    )
}

func (r *Router) Handle(method, path string, handle Handle) {
    if path[0] != '/' {
        panic("path must begin with '/' in path '" + path + "'")
    }

    if r.trees == nil {
        r.trees = make(map[string]*node)
    }

    root := r.trees[method]
    if root == nil {
        root = new(node)
        r.trees[method] = root
    }

    root.addRoute(path, handle)
}

```

```

// router
func (n *node) addRoute(path string, handle Handle) {
    fullPath := path
    n.priority++
    numParams := countParams(path)

    // non-empty tree
    if len(n.path) > 0 || len(n.children) > 0 {
        walk:
        for {
            // Update maxParams of the current node

```

```

        if numParams > n.maxParams {
            n.maxParams = numParams
        }

        // Find the longest common prefix.
        // This also implies that the common prefix
contains no ':' or '*'
        // since the existing key can't contain those
chars.

        i := 0
        max := min(len(path), len(n.path))
        for i < max && path[i] == n.path[i] {
            i++
        }

        // Split edge
        if i < len(n.path) {
            child := node{
                path:      n.path[i:],
                wildChild: n.wildChild,
                nType:      static,
                indices:    n.indices,
                children:   n.children,
                handle:     n.handle,
                priority:   n.priority - 1,
            }

            // Update maxParams (max of all children)
            for i := range child.children {
                if child.children[i].maxParams >
child.maxParams {
                    child.maxParams =
child.children[i].maxParams
                }
            }

            n.children = []*node{&child}
            // []byte for proper unicode char
conversion, see #65

            n.indices = string([]byte{n.path[i]})
            n.path = path[:i]
            n.handle = nil
            n.wildChild = false
        }

        // Make new node a child of this node
        if i < len(path) {
            path = path[i:]

            if n.wildChild {
                n = n.children[0]
                n.priority++

                // Update maxParams of the child

```

```

node
    if numParams > n.maxParams {
        n.maxParams = numParams
    }
    numParams--

    // Check if the wildcard matches
    if len(path) >= len(n.path) &&

n.path == path[:len(n.path)] &&
wildcard, e.g. :name and :names
|| path[len(n.path)] == '/' {

    // Check for longer
    (len(n.path) >= len(path)

        continue walk
    } else {
        // Wildcard conflict
        var pathSeg string
        if n.nType == catchAll {
            pathSeg = path
        } else {
            pathSeg =

strings.SplitN(path, "/", 2)[0]

        }
        prefix :=
fullPath[:strings.Index(fullPath, pathSeg)] + n.path
        panic("'" + pathSeg +
            "' in new path '"

            "' conflicts with

            "' in existing

            "'")
    }
}

c := path[0]

// slash after param
if n.nType == param && c == '/' &&

len(n.children) == 1 {
    n = n.children[0]
    n.priority++
    continue walk
}

// Check if a child with the next path
byte exists

for i := 0; i < len(n.indices); i++ {
    if c == n.indices[i] {
        i =

n.incrementChildPrio(i)

        n = n.children[i]
        continue walk
    }
}

```

```

    }
    }

    // Otherwise insert it
    if c != ':' && c != '*' {
        // []byte for proper unicode char
        conversion, see #65

        n.indices += string([]byte{c})
        child := &node{
            maxParams: numParams,
        }
        n.children = append(n.children,
            child)

        n.incrementChildPrio(len(n.indices) - 1)
        n = child
    }
    n.insertChild(numParams, path, fullPath,
        handle)

    return

} else if i == len(path) { // Make node a (in-
    path) leaf

    if n.handle != nil {
        panic("a handle is already
            registered for path '" + fullPath + "'")
    }
    n.handle = handle
}
return
}
} else { // Empty tree
    n.insertChild(numParams, path, fullPath, handle)
    n.nType = root
}
}

func (n *node) insertChild(numParams uint8, path, fullPath string, handle
Handle) {
    var offset int // already handled bytes of the path

    // find prefix until first wildcard (beginning with ':' or '*')
    for i, max := 0, len(path); numParams > 0; i++ {
        c := path[i]
        if c != ':' && c != '*' {
            continue
        }

        // find wildcard end (either '/' or path end)
        end := i + 1
        for end < max && path[end] != '/' {
            switch path[end] {
                // the wildcard name must not contain ':' and '*'
                case ':', '*':
                    panic("only one wildcard per path segment

```

```

is allowed, has: "" +
                                path[i:] + "" in path "" +
fullPath + "")

        default:
            end++
        }
    }

    // check if this Node existing children which would be
    // unreachable if we insert the wildcard here
    if len(n.children) > 0 {
        panic("wildcard route "" + path[i:end] +
            "" conflicts with existing children in
path "" + fullPath + "")
    }

    // check if the wildcard has a name
    if end-i < 2 {
        panic("wildcards must be named with a non-empty
name in path "" + fullPath + "")
    }

    if c == ':' { // param
        // split path at the beginning of the wildcard
        if i > 0 {
            n.path = path[offset:i]
            offset = i
        }

        child := &node{
            nType:    param,
            maxParams: numParams,
        }
        n.children = []*node{child}
        n.wildChild = true
        n = child
        n.priority++
        numParams--

        // if the path doesn't end with the wildcard, then
        // will be another non-wildcard subpath starting
        if end < max {
            n.path = path[offset:end]
            offset = end

            child := &node{
                maxParams: numParams,
                priority: 1,
            }
            n.children = []*node{child}
            n = child
        }
    }
}

```



```

        } else { // catchAll
            if end != max || numParams > 1 {
                panic("catch-all routes are only allowed
at the end of the path in path '" + fullPath + "'")
            }

            if len(n.path) > 0 && n.path[len(n.path)-1] == '/'
{
                panic("catch-all conflicts with existing
handle for the path segment root in path '" + fullPath + "'")
            }

            // currently fixed width 1 for '/'
            i--
            if path[i] != '/' {
                panic("no / before catch-all in path '" +
fullPath + "'")
            }

            n.path = path[offset:i]

            // first node: catchAll node with empty path
            child := &node{
                wildChild: true,
                nType:     catchAll,
                maxParams: 1,
            }
            n.children = []*node{child}
            n.indices = string(path[i])
            n = child
            n.priority++

            // second node: node holding the variable
            child = &node{
                path:     path[i:],
                nType:     catchAll,
                maxParams: 1,
                handle:    handle,
                priority:  1,
            }
            n.children = []*node{child}

            return
        }
    }

    // insert remaining path part and handle to the leaf
    n.path = path[offset:]
    n.handle = handle
}

```

```

// serve
func (r *Router) ServeHTTP(w http.ResponseWriter, req *http.Request) {
    if r.PanicHandler != nil {
        defer r.recv(w, req)
    }

    path := req.URL.Path

    if root := r.trees[req.Method]; root != nil {
        if handle, ps, tsr := root.getValue(path); handle != nil {
            handle(w, req, ps)
            return
        } else if req.Method != "CONNECT" && path != "/" {
            code := 301 // Permanent redirect, request with
            GET method
            if req.Method != "GET" {
                // Temporary redirect, request with same
                method
                // As of Go 1.3, Go does not support
                status code 308.
                code = 307
            }

            if tsr && r.RedirectTrailingSlash {
                if len(path) > 1 && path[len(path)-1] ==
                '/' {
                    req.URL.Path = path[:len(path)-1]
                } else {
                    req.URL.Path = path + "/"
                }
                http.Redirect(w, req, req.URL.String(),
                code)
                return
            }

            // Try to fix the request path
            if r.RedirectFixedPath {
                fixedPath, found :=
                root.findCaseInsensitivePath(
                    CleanPath(path),
                    r.RedirectTrailingSlash,
                )
                if found {
                    req.URL.Path = string(fixedPath)
                    http.Redirect(w, req,
                    req.URL.String(), code)
                    return
                }
            }
        }
    }

    if req.Method == "OPTIONS" && r.HandleOPTIONS {

```

```

        // Handle OPTIONS requests
        if allow := r.allowed(path, req.Method); len(allow) > 0 {
            w.Header().Set("Allow", allow)
            return
        }
    } else {
        // Handle 405
        if r.HandleMethodNotAllowed {
            if allow := r.allowed(path, req.Method);
len(allow) > 0 {
                w.Header().Set("Allow", allow)
                if r.MethodNotAllowed != nil {
                    r.MethodNotAllowed.ServeHTTP(w,
req)

                } else {
                    http.Error(w,

http.StatusText(http.StatusMethodNotAllowed),

http.StatusMethodNotAllowed,

                )
                }
                return
            }
        }
    }

    // Handle 404
    if r.NotFound != nil {
        r.NotFound.ServeHTTP(w, req)
    } else {
        http.NotFound(w, req)
    }
}

```