



# FLAPPY BIRD

## THE BIRTH OF A GAME

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

01

Intro

02

Building  
a Game

03

Learning  
to Fly

04

Next  
Steps



01

# INTRODUCTION

# INTRODUCTION

- Objectives: simulate a game in Python and make an AI play autonomously.





02

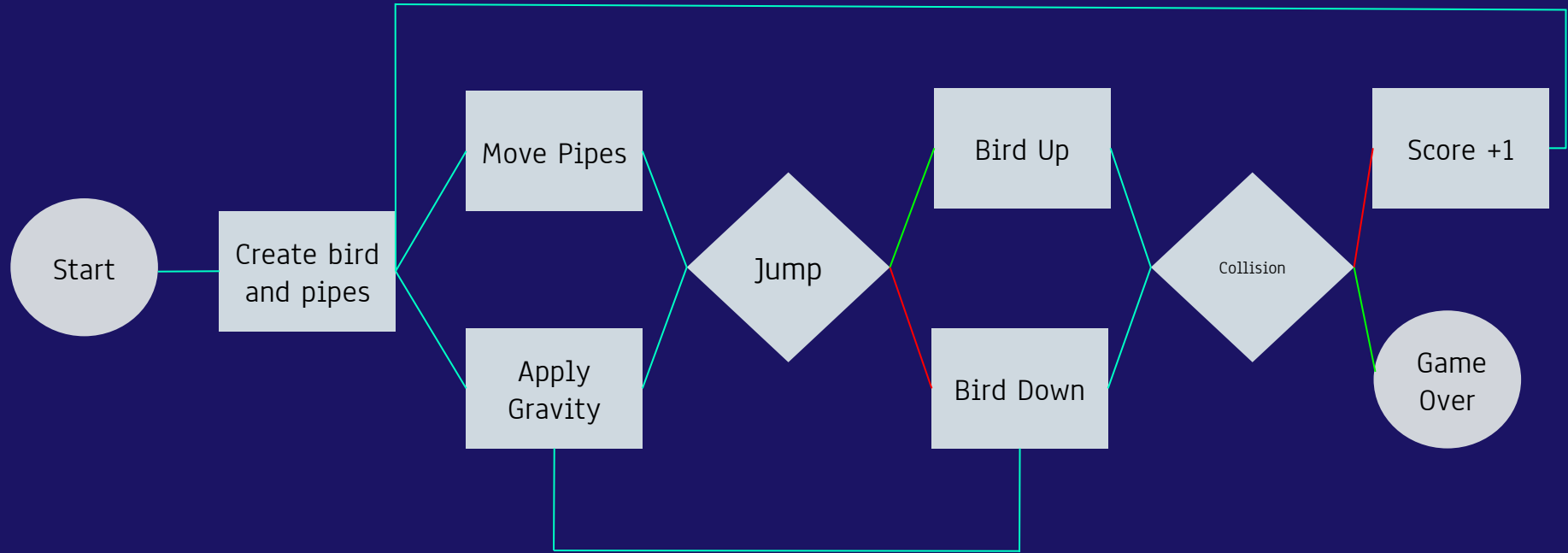
# BUILDING A GAME



“Antes de empezar a marearos  
con el código e ir a lo loco.  
Hacedme un diagrama de la  
dinámica del juego, por favor.”

– PEPE MANZANO

# FLOW CHART



# DIVING INTO THE CODE

1. Import needed libraries such as pygame.
2. Initialize pygame and set screensize
3. Define helper functions:
  - a. `pipeRandomHeight()`
  - b. `gameOver()`
4. Main function (loop):
  - a. Set variables: player X (set) and Y (changes), gravity, jump, pipe X (set) and Y (random)
  - b. Is KEYBOARD pressed? If so, jump
  - c. Move pipes to the left, apply gravity and generate new pipes.
  - d. Generate spontaneous items such as cherries (power-ups) and ghosts (game over)
  - e. Display images on the screen
  - f. Did the bird collide with any pipe, top or bottom of the screen? If so, game over





## OUR CONTRIBUTIONS

1. Score on the screen
2. Game Over message appears
3. You die if you touch the ceiling or the floor.
4. Cherries with power-ups (extra score)
5. Ghosts that kill you



03

LEARNING TO FLY

# BASIC CONCEPTS



## Speed

Variable affecting bird movement.

## Pipe\_height

Variable that includes the position of both of the pipes

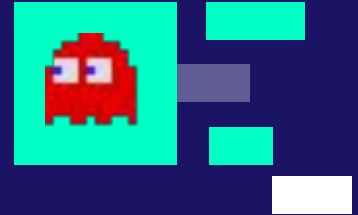


## Player\_pos

Variable reflecting player position

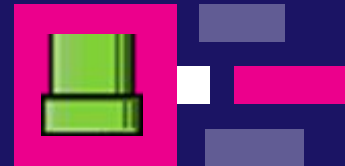
## Phantom\_pos

Variable reflecting ghost position

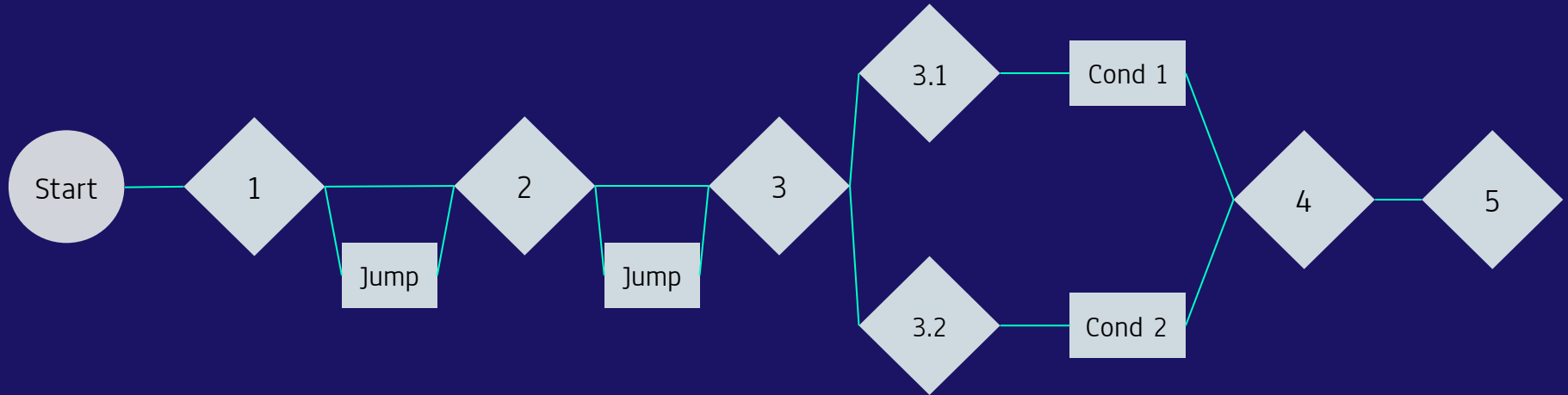


## Pipe\_pos

Variable including the position of the pipes on the horizontal axis



# FLOW CHART AUTO-GAME



1. Check `player_position > 600`
2. Check `speed > 13`
3. Check `pipe_height [1] -> [0]`
4. Phantom
5. Cherry

# Flappy Bird AI Gameplay





04

NEXT STEPS

# NEXT STEPS

## Difficulty levels

Pipes move faster or there are more obstacles

## More power-ups

Extra lives or more cherries with higher point value

## Start Screen

Shows game options such as difficulty

## Leaderboard

Players can see their score and compare it to other player scores

## Reinforcement Learning

The agent (AI) receives feedback in the form of rewards or punishments for each action it takes in the environment, and it uses this feedback to learn how to maximize its total reward over time.

# A GLANCE AT REINFORCEMENT LEARNING



# MAIN PLAYERS



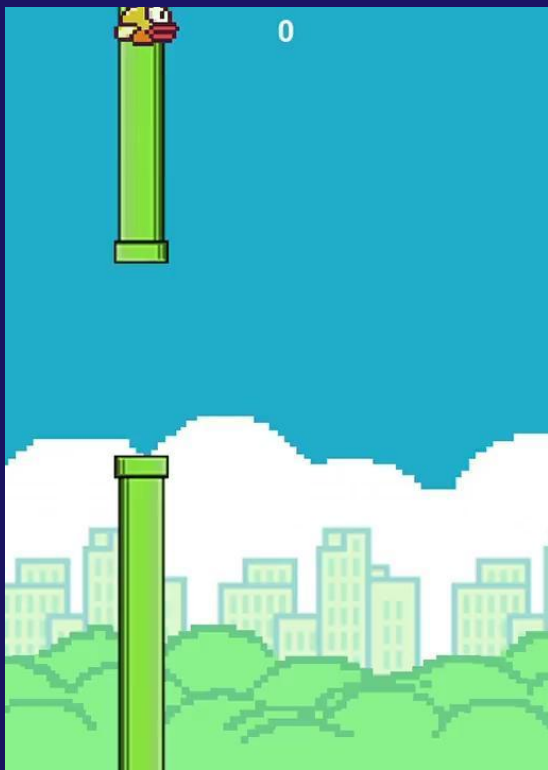
## FlappyBirdEnv

Environment of the game, including **bird and pipes position** and the **height of the two pipes**, as well as parameters such as **gravity**.

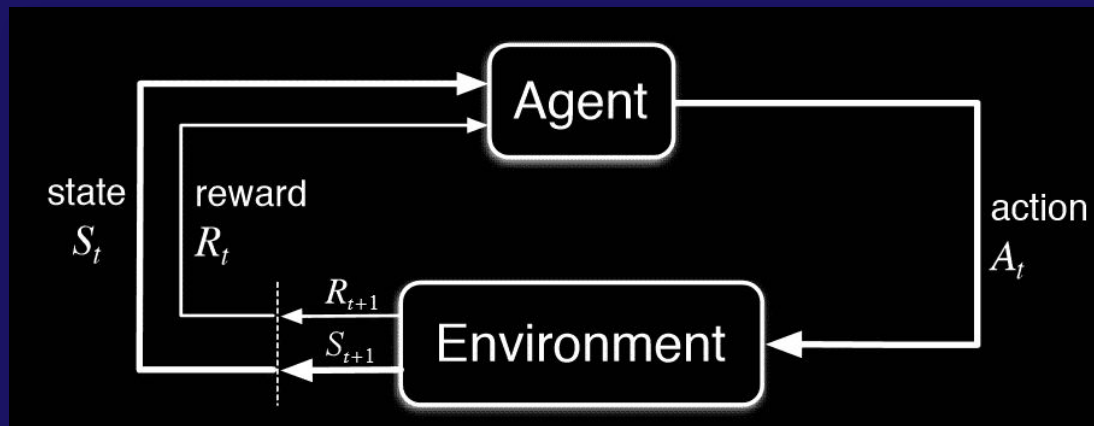


## QLearningAgent

Methods to **build the Q-table**, **choose the action**, **train the model**, perform **supervised learning** and **save/load the Q-table**.



## Reinforcement Learning Parameters



*Learning Rate (old vs. new)*  
*Discount Factor (now vs. later)*

*Exploration Rate (explore vs. exploit)*  
*Exploration Decay Rate*

# THANKS !

Do you have any questions?

