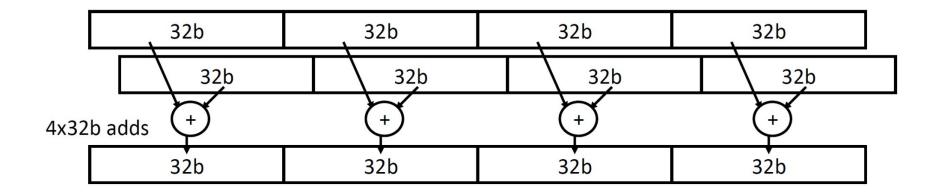
Lab 8

CS61C

What is SIMD?

- Single Instruction, Multiple Data
- Data are packed together then same operations can be done in parallel



What is SIMD?

- Single Instruction, Multiple Data
- Data are packed together then same operations can be done in parallel

128b							
64b				64b			
32b		32b		32b		32b	
16b	16b	16b	16b	16b	16b	16b	16b

4 32-bit integers combined to form 128-bits

SIMD Functions

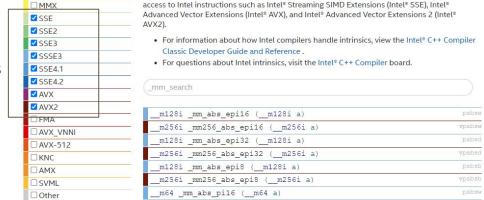
Instruction Set

For this class, we'll use Intel's SIMD instructions



The Intel® Intrinsics Guide contains reference information for Intel intrinsics, which provide

Supported by hive machines





List of all possible functions that you can use for SIMD operations

https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/docs/intrinsics-guide/index.html

Some SIMD Functions

```
__m128i _mm_setzero_si128()
returns a 128-bit zero vector
__m128i _mm_loadu_si128(__m128i *p)
returns 128-bit vector stored at pointer p
__m128i _mm_add_epi32(__m128i a, __m128i b)
returns vector (a<sub>0</sub> + b<sub>0</sub>, a<sub>1</sub> + b<sub>1</sub>, a<sub>2</sub> + b<sub>2</sub>, a<sub>3</sub> + b<sub>3</sub>)
void _mm_storeu_si128(__m128i *p, __m128i a)
stores 128-bit vector a into pointer p
```

Review sum() and sum_unrolled()

SIMD Functions recap

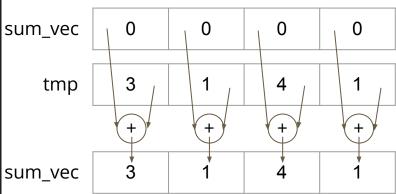
```
__m128i _mm_setzero_si128()
returns a 128-bit zero vector
__m128i _mm_loadu_si128(__m128i *p)
returns 128-bit vector stored at pointer p
__m128i _mm_add_epi32(__m128i a, __m128i b)
returns vector (a<sub>0</sub> + b<sub>0</sub>, a<sub>1</sub> + b<sub>1</sub>, a<sub>2</sub> + b<sub>2</sub>, a<sub>3</sub> + b<sub>3</sub>)
void _mm_storeu_si128(__m128i *p, __m128i a)
stores 128-bit vector a into pointer p
```

```
1 #include <x86intrin.h>
 3 int arr[8] = \{3, 1, 4, 1, 5, 9, 2, 6\};
 4 // Initialize sum vector to {0, 0, 0, 0}
 5 m128i sum vec = mm setzero si128();
 7 // Load array elements 0-3 into a temporary vector register
 8  m128i tmp = mm loadu si128(( m128i *) arr);
 9 // Add to existing sum vector
10 sum vec = mm add epi32(sum vec, tmp);
12
13 // Load array elements 4-7 into a temporary vector register
14 tmp = mm loadu si128(( m128i *) (arr + 4));
15 // Add to existing sum vector
16 sum vec = mm add epi32(sum vec, tmp);
17 // sum vec = \{3 + 5, 1 + 9, 4 + 2, 1 + 6\}
19 // Create temporary array to hold values from sum vec
20 // Store the vector into an array to access the individual values
21 int tmp arr[4];
22 mm storeu si128(( m128i *) tmp arr, sum vec);
23 // Collect values from sum vec in a single integer
24 int sum = tmp arr[0] + tmp arr[1] + tmp arr[2] + tmp arr[3];
```

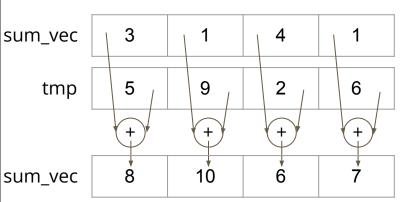
```
1 #include <x86intrin.h>
 3 int arr[8] = \{3, 1, 4, 1, 5, 9, 2, 6\}; \leftarrow
 4 // Initialize sum vector to {0, 0, 0, 0}
   m128i sum vec = mm setzero si128();
 7 // Load array elements 0-3 into a temporary vector register
 8  m128i tmp = mm loadu si128(( m128i *) arr);
 9 // Add to existing sum vector
10 sum_vec = mm_add_epi32(sum_vec, tmp);
13 // Load array elements 4-7 into a temporary vector register
14 tmp = mm loadu si128(( m128i *) (arr + 4));
15 // Add to existing sum vector
16 sum vec = mm add epi32(sum vec, tmp);
19 // Create temporary array to hold values from sum vec
20 // Store the vector into an array to access the individual values
21 int tmp arr[4];
22 mm storeu si128(( m128i *) tmp arr, sum vec);
23 // Collect values from sum vec in a single integer
24 int sum = tmp arr[0] + tmp arr[1] + tmp arr[2] + tmp arr[3];
```

C library to use the SIMD functions Initial array that will be "SIMDized"

```
1 #include <x86intrin.h>
 3 int arr[8] = {3, 1, 4, 1, 5, 9, 2, 6};
 4 // Initialize sum vector to {0, 0, 0, 0}
 5 m128i sum vec = mm setzero si128();
 7 // Load array elements 0-3 into a temporary vector register
 8  m128i tmp = mm loadu si128(( m128i *) arr);
 9 // Add to existing sum vector
10 sum vec = mm add epi32(sum vec, tmp);
12
13 // Load array elements 4-7 into a temporary vector register
14 tmp = mm loadu si128(( m128i *) (arr + 4));
15 // Add to existing sum vector
16 sum vec = mm add epi32(sum vec, tmp);
17 // sum vec = \{3 + 5, 1 + 9, 4 + 2, 1 + 6\}
19 // Create temporary array to hold values from sum vec
20 // Store the vector into an array to access the individual values
21 int tmp arr[4];
22 _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i *) tmp_arr, sum_vec);
23 // Collect values from sum vec in a single integer
24 int sum = tmp arr[0] + tmp arr[1] + tmp arr[2] + tmp arr[3];
```



```
1 #include <x86intrin.h>
 3 int arr[8] = {3, 1, 4, 1, 5, 9, 2, 6};
 4 // Initialize sum vector to {0, 0, 0, 0}
 5 m128i sum vec = mm setzero si128();
 7 // Load array elements 0-3 into a temporary vector register
 8  m128i tmp = mm loadu si128(( m128i *) arr);
 9 // Add to existing sum vector
10 sum vec = mm add epi32(sum vec, tmp);
12
13 // Load array elements 4-7 into a temporary vector register
14 tmp = mm loadu si128(( m128i *) (arr + 4));
15 // Add to existing sum vector
16 sum vec = mm add epi32(sum vec, tmp);
17 // sum vec = \{3 + 5, 1 + 9, 4 + 2, 1 + 6\}
19 // Create temporary array to hold values from sum vec
20 // Store the vector into an array to access the individual values SUM VEC
21 int tmp arr[4];
22 _mm_storeu_si128((__m128i *) tmp_arr, sum_vec);
23 // Collect values from sum vec in a single integer
24 int sum = tmp arr[0] + tmp arr[1] + tmp arr[2] + tmp arr[3];
```



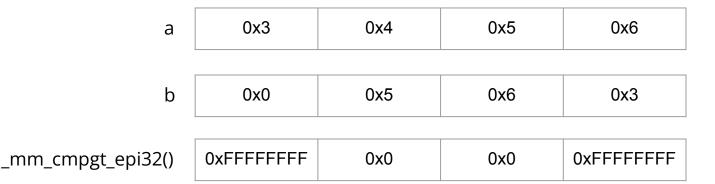
```
1 #include <x86intrin.h>
 3 int arr[8] = \{3, 1, 4, 1, 5, 9, 2, 6\};
 4 // Initialize sum vector to {0, 0, 0, 0}
 5 m128i sum vec = mm setzero si128();
 7 // Load array elements 0-3 into a temporary vector register
 8  m128i tmp = mm loadu si128(( m128i *) arr);
 9 // Add to existing sum vector
10 sum vec = mm add epi32(sum vec, tmp);
12
13 // Load array elements 4-7 into a temporary vector register
14 tmp = mm loadu si128(( m128i *) (arr + 4));
15 // Add to existing sum vector
16 sum vec = mm add epi32(sum vec, tmp);
17 // sum vec = \{3 + 5, 1 + 9, 4 + 2, 1 + 6\}
19 // Create temporary array to hold values from sum vec
20 // Store the vector into an array to access the individual values SUM VEC
21 int tmp arr[4];
22 mm storeu si128(( m128i *) tmp arr, sum vec);
23 // Collect values from sum vec in a single integer
24 int sum = tmp arr[0] + tmp arr[1] + tmp arr[2] + tmp arr[3];
```

sum_vec 8 10 6 7

sum 8 + 10 + 6 + 7

SIMD Functions

- __m128i _mm_and_si128(__m128i a, __m128i b)
 - o returns vector (a & b), where & represents the bitwise AND operator
- __m128i _mm_cmpgt_epi32(__m128i a, __m128i b)
 - or returns the vector ($a_n > b_n$? 0xffffffff : 0x0 for n from 0 to 3). AKA a 32-bit all-1s mask if $a_n > b_n$ and a 32-bit all-0s mask otherwise



Ex3 and Ex4 time