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Knowledge Check

Traditional enterprise network security was implemented using:

1/1 point (ungraded)

☒ Designing a physical topology of network devices (firewalls, routers, switches)

☒ Static IP address ranges

☐ Active Directory



Submit

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

1/1 point (ungraded)

- ☒ Assumes a flat pod network
- ☒ Is defined using network policy
- ☒ Is abstracted from the network by using label selectors
- ☒ Relies on network plugins to enforce network policy
- ☐ Relies on capabilities of the underlying network



Submit

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

How do traditional firewalls work with Kubernetes?

1/1 point (ungraded)

- ☐ Don't use them
- ☒ Use them at the perimeter





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✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Calico network policies:

1/1 point (ungraded)

- ☒ Provide features beyond Kubernetes network policies
- ☒ Can be namespaced or non-namespaced
- ☒ Can be used alongside Kubernetes network policies
- ☒ Can be used to protect hosts as well as pods
- ☐ Are higher priority than Kubernetes network policies
- ☒ Are managed using calicoctl
- ☒ Can be used to enforce security within an Istio service mesh
- ☒ Can reference Calico network sets in their rules using label





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✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Network policy best practices include:

1/1 point (ungraded)

☒ Per namespace or cluster wide default deny or default app policies

☒ Ingress and egress rules for every pod

☐ Using separate policies for ingress vs egress

☒ Defining standard schemas for network policies and pod labels



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You can manage trust across teams using:

1/1 point (ungraded)

- ☒ Calico network policies alongside Kubernetes network policies
- ☒ Referencing namespace or service accounts in Calico policies
- ☐ Giving dev teams access to Calico network policies and security teams access to Kubernetes network policies



Submit

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Calico host endpoints can be used to:

1/1 point (ungraded)

- ☒ Secure the host interfaces to the underlying network
- ☐ Secure physical hosts on-premise or private cloud but not public cloud virtual machines



☒ Secure the host interface to pods

☒ Secure the host loopback interface

☒ Secure Kubernetes node ports



Submit

✓ Correct (1/1 point)