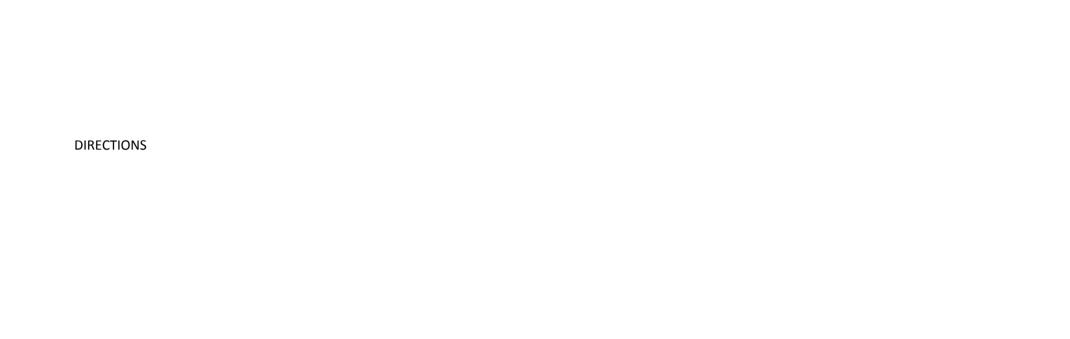
## **ANALOGY**

The different types of analogies that we commonly came across are:

- (1) Synonymous relationship
- (2) Antonymous relationship
- (3) Tool to workman –eg. Awl: Cobbler
- (4) Tool to function eg . Scalpel: Incision
- (5) Degrees of something- eg. Warm: Scorch
- (6) Description of type eg. Pauper : Poor
- (7) Characteristic actions eq. Insomniac : Sleep
- (8) Lack of something eg. Pessimist : Hope
- (9) Classification eg. Measles : Disease
- (10) Cause/prevent something
  - eg. Remedy: Illness
- (11) Part to whole relationship
  - eg. Soldier: Army



## 1. CONTEMPLATE: PONDER (A) Fascinate: Wonder (B) Mitigate: Reject (C) Fabricate : Feign (D) Captivate : Capture 2. WATER: DEPTH (A) Height: Feet (B) Density: Mass (C) Colour : Strength (D) Rule : Law 3. BLOOD: CLOT (B) Milk: Curdle (A) Cake: Bake (C) Rice: Pound (D) Meat: Mince 4. PISTON: POWER ENGINE (A) Missiles: Speed (B) Time: Watch (C) Wings : Aeroplane (D) Bullet : Pistol 5. POEM: RECITE (A) Speech : Express (B) Prayer: Chant (C) Choreography: Dance (D) Song: Tune 6. RADICAL: MODERATE (A) Robust : Mighty (B) Epicurean : Extravagant

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(C) Grotesque : Massive

(D) Revolutionary: Conserva

7. DEATH : GALLOWS

(A) Jailor : Jail (B) Love : Heart

(C) Judge: Court (D) Criminal: Crime

8. FOUNDATION: EDIFICE

(A) Earth : Moon (B) Teacher : Student

(C) Constitution: Nation (D) Oxygen: Life

9. BOTANIST: SOCIOLOGIST

(A) Plants : Society (B) Plant : Sociology

(C) Botany : Society (D) Problems : Mind

10. OPHTHALMIA: EYE

(A) Lungs : Air (B) Rickets : Bone

(C) Dust : Allergy (D) Sleep : Brain

Directions for questions 1 to 15: In each of the following questions a capitalized pair of words is given followed by four numbered pairs of words. Three of the numbered pairs exhibit the same relation between the words as the capitalised pair of words does. Identify the numbered pair which does not exhibit the same relationship as the capitalised pair and make its corresponding letter your answer.

1. TYRANT: DESPOTISM

(A) Misanthrope: Hatred

(B) Traitor: Betrayal

(C) Irony: Sarcasm

(D) Debonair: Elegance

2. PEDAGOGUE: TEACHER

(A) Mendicant : Poet

(B) Peasant: Farmer

(C) Mentor: Guide

(D) Buffoon: Clown

3. SAW: CARPENTER

(A) Knife: Butcher

(B) Sickle: Farmer

(C) Scalpel: Surgeon

(D) Axe: Hammer

4. WORD: SENTENCE

(A) Verse: Poem

(B) Language : Vocabulary

(C) Tree: Forest

(D) Cell: Organ

5. CAT: KITTEN

(A) Horse: Foal

(B) Deer: Fawn

(C) Goat: Kid

(D) Elephant: Cub

6. BALDNESS: WIG

(A) Wrinkle: Cream

(B) Greyness: Dye

(C) Obesity: Exercise

(D) Toothlessness: Denture

7. RETRENCH: EMPLOYEES

(A) Cut: Flab

(B) Redress: Grievances

(C) Dispose: Waste

(D) Prune: Trees

8. CRICKET : SPORT (A) Spout : Container

- (B) Squash: Vegetable
- (C) Cricket: Insect
- (D) Maroon: Colour
- 9. READ: MAP
- (A) Portray: Character
- (B) Paint: Canvas
- (C) Polish: Metal
- (D) Blemish: Scar
- 10. GOODNESS: MALICE
- (A) Generosity: Greed
- (B) Hatred: Love
- (C) Blackhole: Light
- (D) Constancy : Fickleness
- 11. FLOWER: BOUQUET
- (A) Page: Book

(B) Hair: Braid (C) Spoke: Wheel (D) Wood: Stick

12. STONE: PEBBLE (A) Stream: Brook (B) Boulder: Rock (C) Tree: Shrub (D) Tea: Drink

13. THEATRE: ENTERTAINMENT

(A) Church: Worship

(B) University: Learning (C) Restaurant: Recreation

(D) Hospital: Treatment

14. HEARTH: WARM

(A) Igloo: House

(B) Ice: Cold

(C) Rainbow: Gorgeous

(D) Scent: Fragrant

15. ROSE: FLOWER

(A) Aubergine : Vegetable

(B) Flax : Costume(C) Albatross : Bird

(D) Port: Drink

## 13. REVERSE ANALOGIES:

- 1. Despotism is a quality of a tyrant. So, among the choices only option C is not similar. Irony does not indicate a person. All other choices define a person (misanthrope, traitor and debonair). Choice (C)
- 2. A mendicant is a beggar. So, option A is the odd pair.

## Choice (A)

- 3. Carpenter, butcher, farmer and surgeon use a saw, a knife, an axe and a scalpel respectively. Option D is the answer. Choice (D)
- 4. A sentence has some words just like a poem has some verses, a forest has trees and an organ has cells. Choice (B)
- 5. The young one of a cat is called a kitten. The young one of an elephant is a calf and not a cub. Choice (D)
- 6. Wig is used for baldness. Options A, C and D share the same analogy. You can't use exercise for obesity, you need to do it. Choice (C)
- 7. We retrench employees to cut cost. We cut flab to remove excess fat. We dispose waste which we don't need. We prune trees to remove extra—growth. All these relate to elimination of what is not necessary. Redressal of grievances does not share the same relationship. Choice (B)
- 8. Cricket is a sport, squash is a vegetable, cricket is also an insect and maroon is a colour. Spout is not a container. It is a part of a container. Choice (A)
- 9. Reading a map is similar to the relationship suggested in choices A, B and C. We can't blemish a scar. Blemish is to cause a damage. Choice (D)
- 10. Absence of malice is goodness. Absence of light is darkness and not blackhole. So that is the answer. The other three

options are similar to the one in the question. Choice (C)

- 11. In the given pair, the relationship is of the type MEMBER: GROUP. A similar relationship is there in A, B and C. Hence, the odd-pair is option D. Choice (D)
- 12. A pebble is a small stone, a brook is a small stream, a rock
   a small boulder, a shrub a small tree. The same relationship is not there between tea and drink.
  Choice (D)
- 13. Here option C is the odd-pair. A restaurant is not used primarily for recreation. Choice (C)
- 14. Warmth is a quality of the hearth. The same relationship is exhibited by choices B, C and D. However, Igloo is a type of house and hence is the odd man out. Choice (A)
- 15. Flax is a type of fibre, not a costume. Choice (B)