

---

# Graphs, Part 5

# Depth-First-Search

---

- One of the simplest algorithms for graph searching
- Very efficient
- Many applications
  - Topological sort
  - Strongly connected components

# Depth-First Search

```
DFS(G)
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-Visit(G, u);
9      };
10 }
```

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2   $u.d = time$ ;
3   $u.color = GRAY$ ;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if ( $v.color == WHITE$ ){
6           $v.\pi = u$ 
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10  $u.f = time$ ;
11  $u.color = BLACK$ ;
```

Define the predecessor sub-graph of  $G$  as  $G_\pi = (V_\pi, E_\pi)$ , where

$$V_\pi = \{v \in V: v.\pi \neq NIL\} \cup \{s\}$$

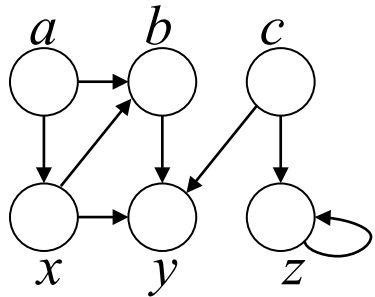
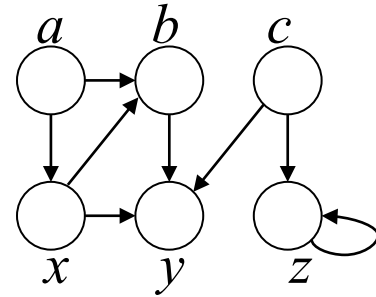
$$E_\pi = \{(v.\pi, v): v \in V_\pi - \{s\}\}$$

$G_\pi$  defines the **Depth-first forest**.

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS(G)

```
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;  
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;  
4  }  
5  time = 0;  
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){  
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );  
9      };  
10 }
```



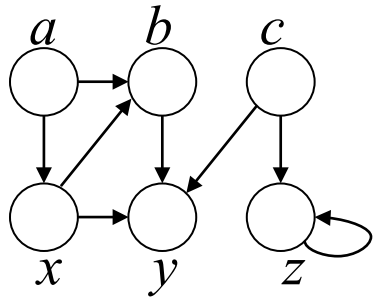
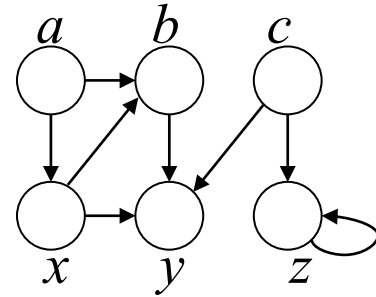
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS(G)

```
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;  
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;  
4  }  
5  time = 0;  
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){  
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );  
9      };  
10 }
```



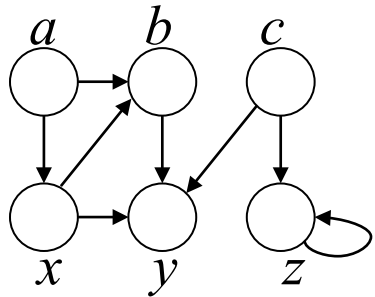
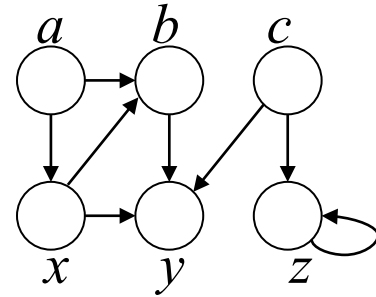
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS(G): Lines 1-5

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS(G)

```
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```



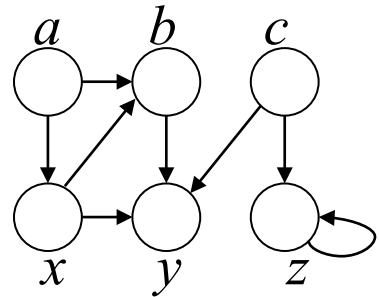
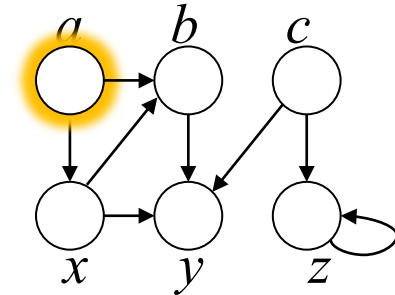
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS(G): a is WHITE

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



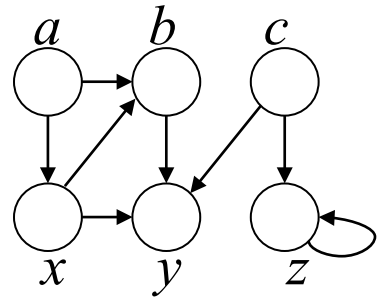
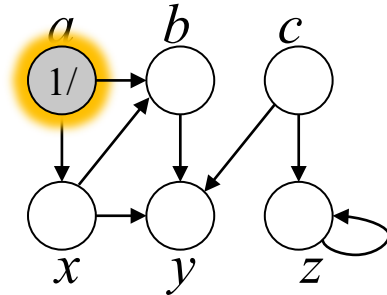
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )
DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, a$ ): Lines 1-3

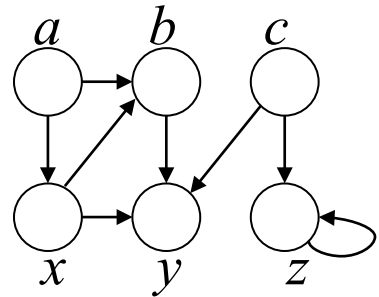
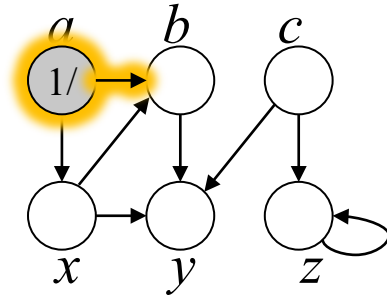
DFS( $G$ )



# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

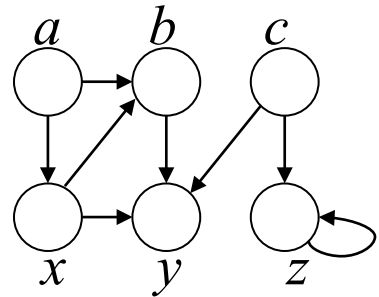
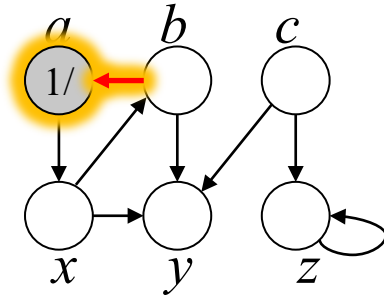
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ ):  $b$  is WHITE

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



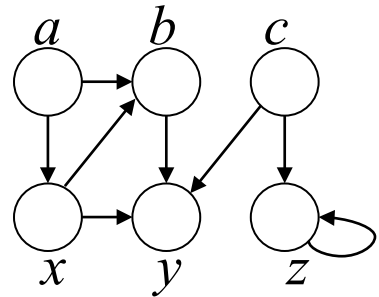
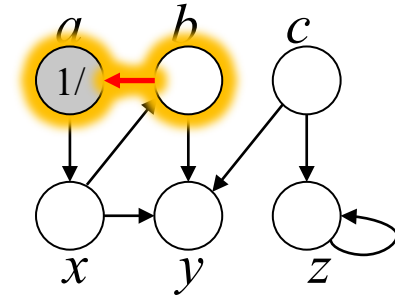
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, a$ ): Line 6

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



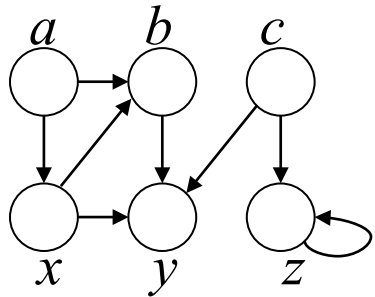
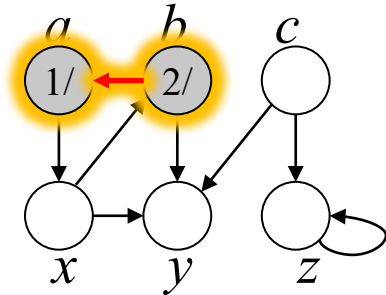
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, b$ )
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )
DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

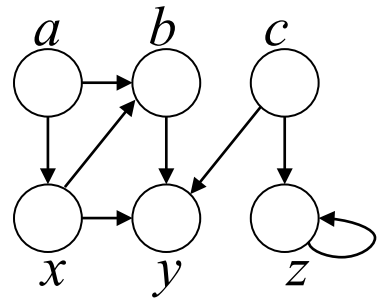
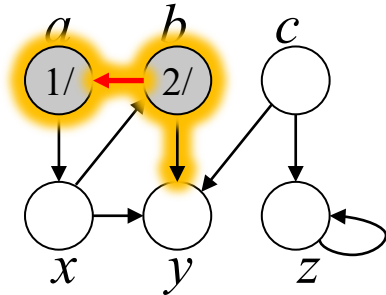


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, b$ ): Lines 1-3
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )
DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



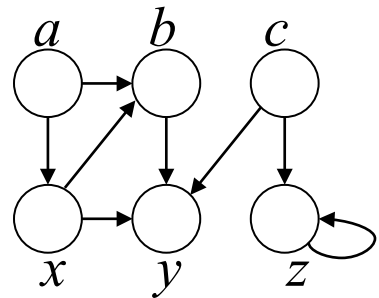
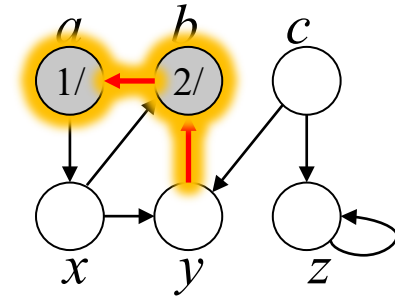
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, b): y is WHITE
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

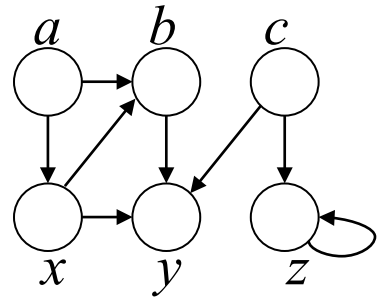
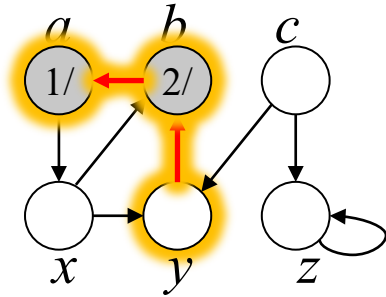


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, b$ ): Line 6
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )
DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

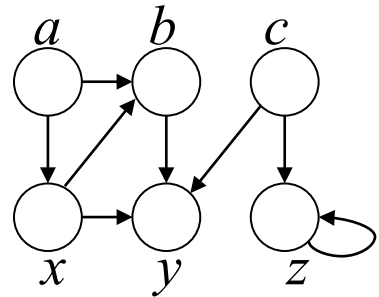
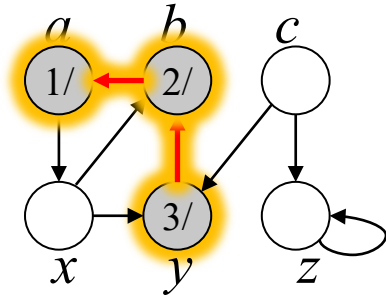


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, y$ )
DFS-Visit( $G, b$ )
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )
DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

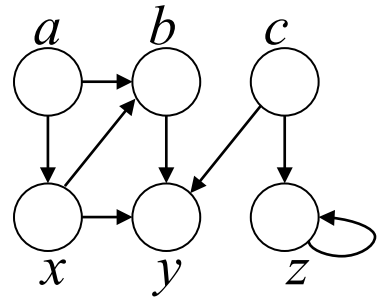
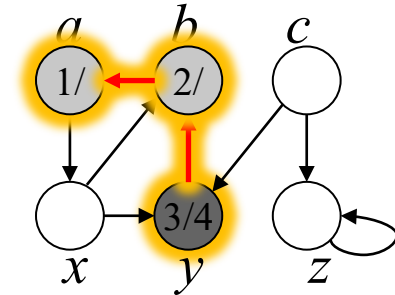
DFS-Visit( $G, y$ ): Lines 1-3
DFS-Visit( $G, b$ )
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )
DFS( $G$ )



# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

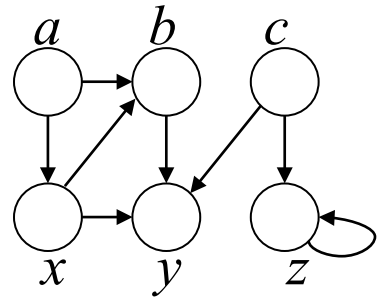
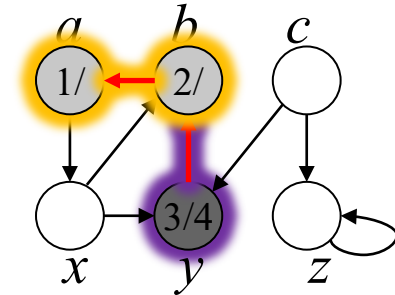


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, y$ ): Lines 9-11
DFS-Visit( $G, b$ )
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )
DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

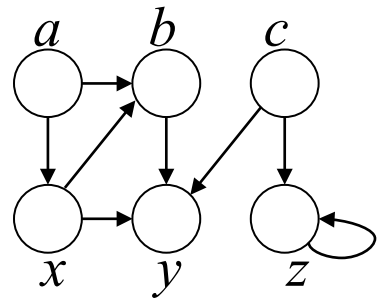
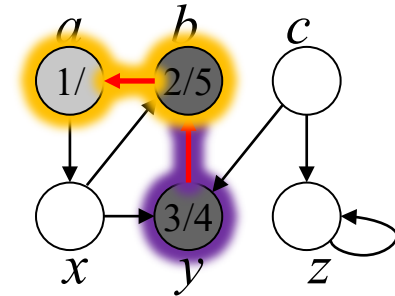


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, b$ )
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )
DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, b): Lines 9-11
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

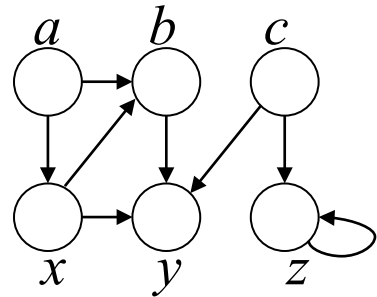
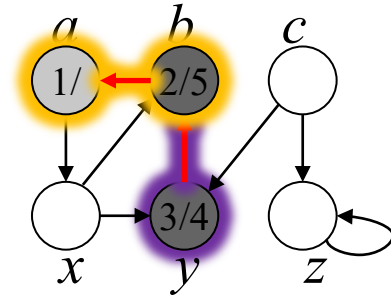
## Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

## DFS-Visit(G, u)

```

1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;

```



### Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

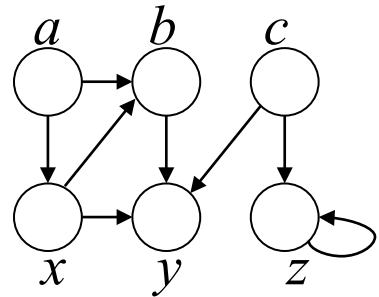
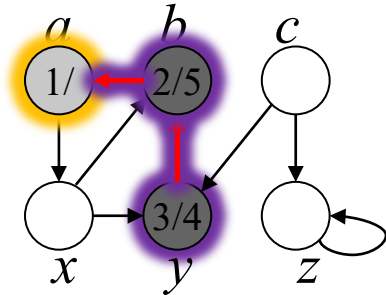
**DFS-Visit(G, b): Lines 9-11**

## DFS-Visit(G, a)

DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

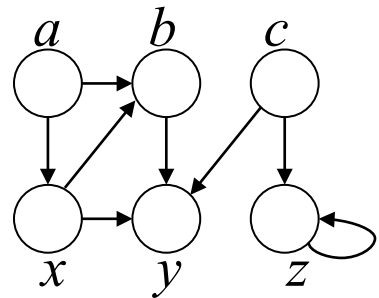
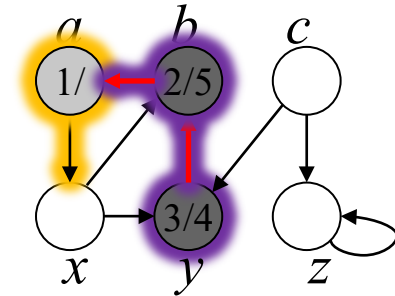


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

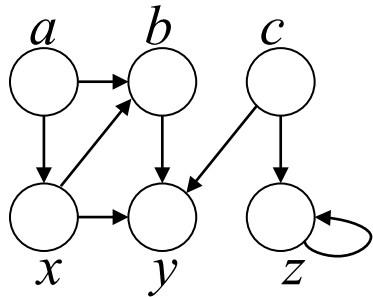
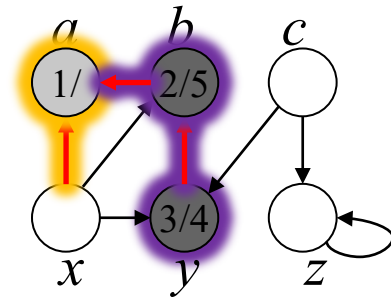
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ ):  $x$  is WHITE

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



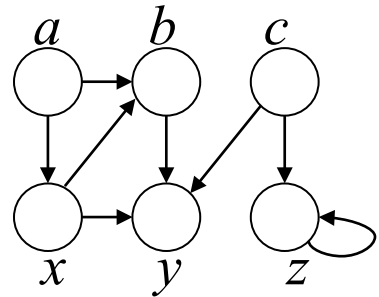
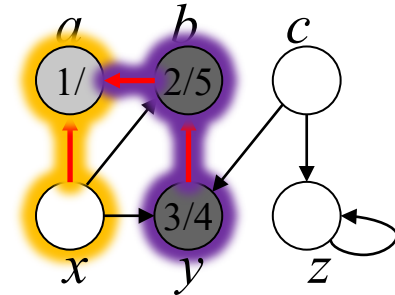
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, a$ ): Line 6

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

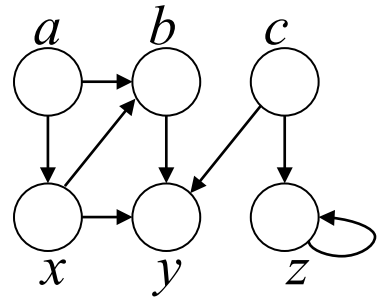
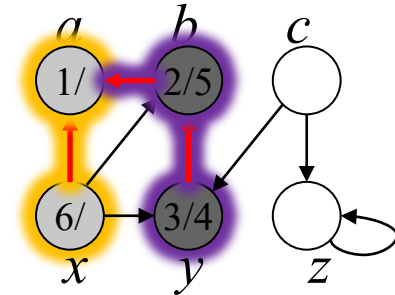
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)



# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

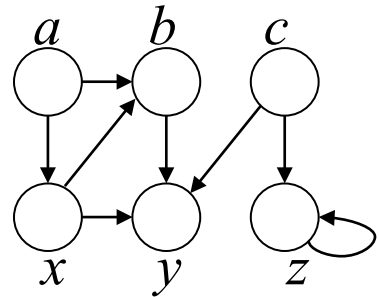
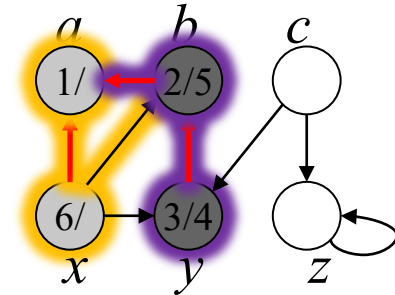
DFS-Visit( $G, x$ ): Lines 1-3

DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

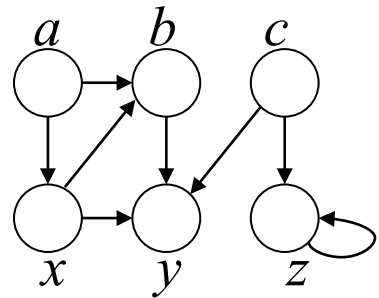
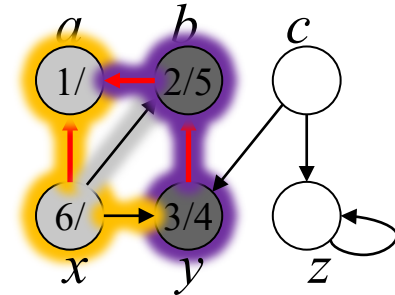


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, x): b is BLACK
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



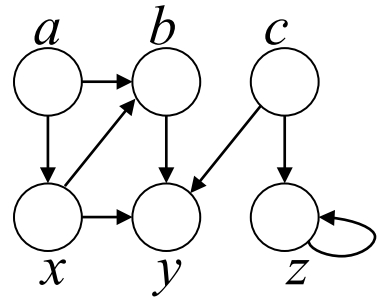
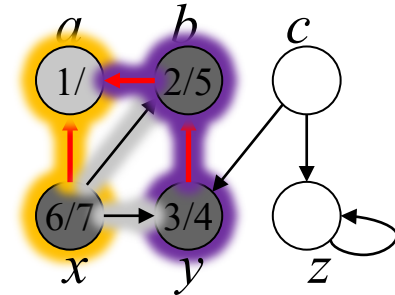
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, x): y is BLACK
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

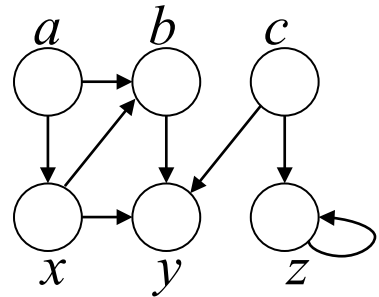
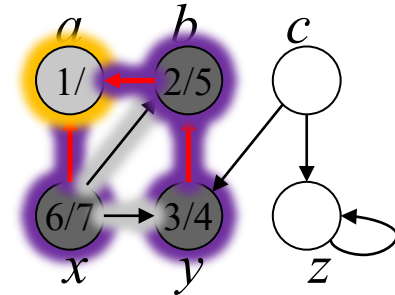


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, x$ ): Lines 9-11
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )
DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

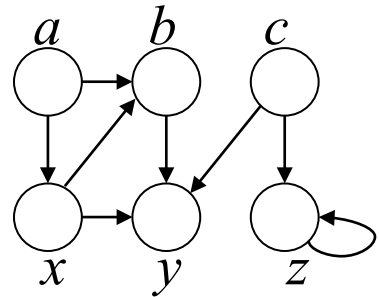
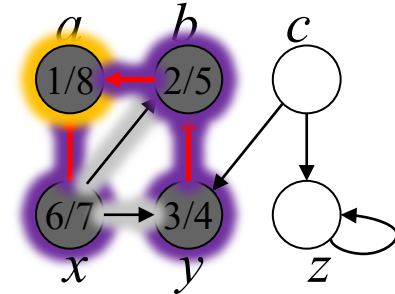


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



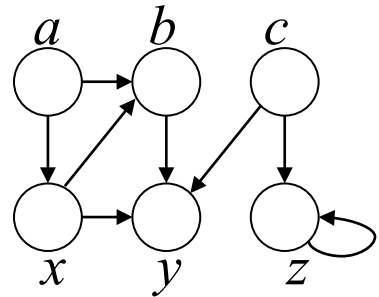
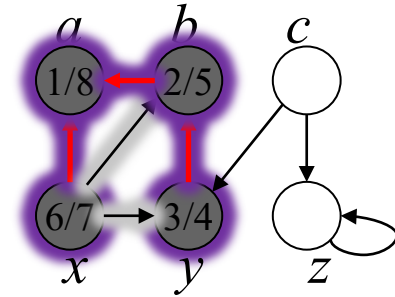
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, a): Lines 9-11

DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS(G)
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```

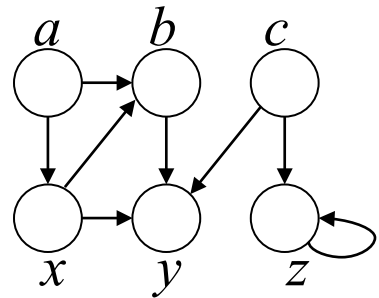
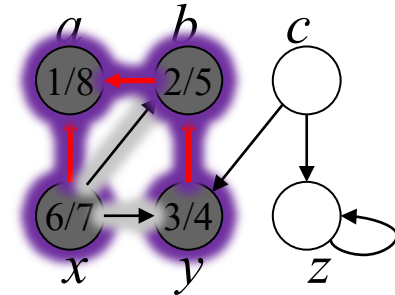


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS(G)
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```



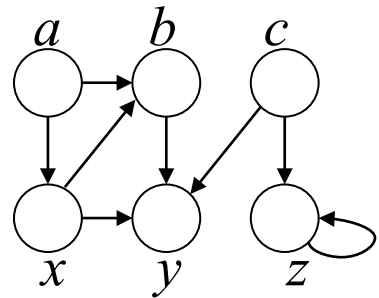
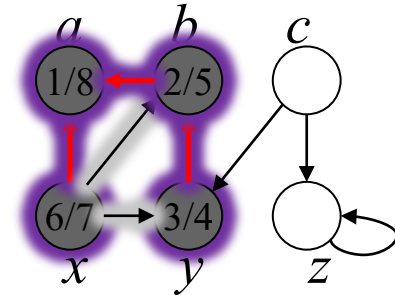
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS( $G$ ):  $b$  is BLACK



# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS(G)
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```

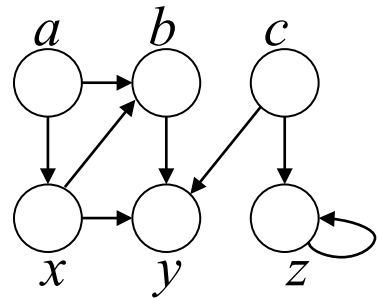
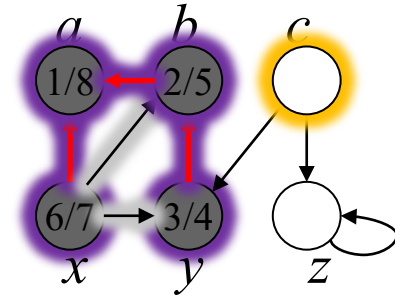


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS( $G$ ):  $c$  is WHITE

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

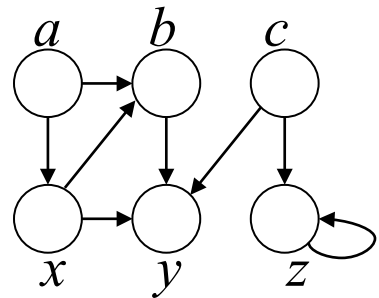
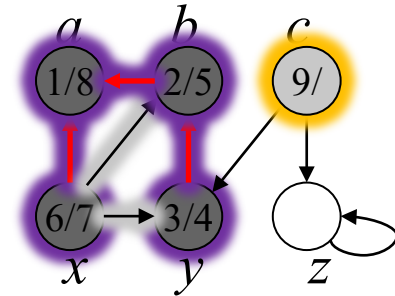


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, c)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



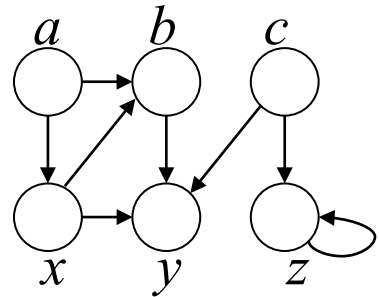
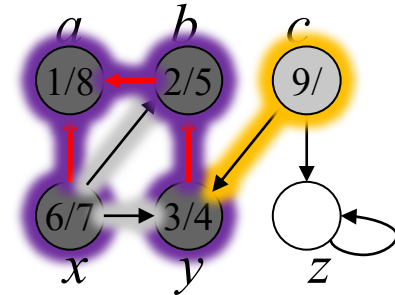
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, c$ ): Lines 1-3

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



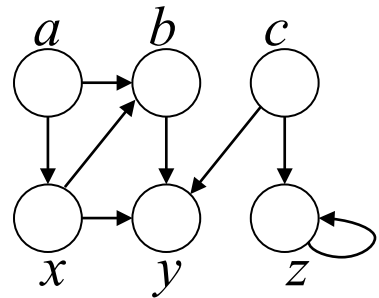
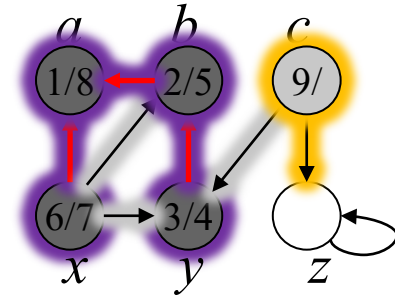
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, c$ ):  $y$  is BLACK

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

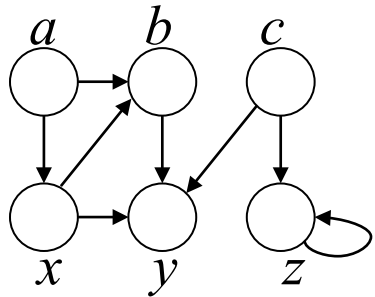
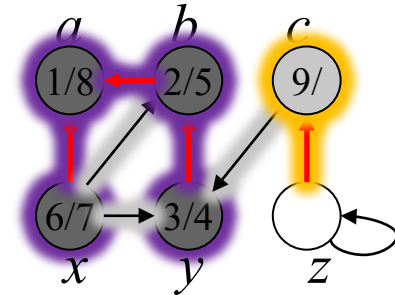
DFS-Visit( $G, c$ ):  $z$  is WHITE

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



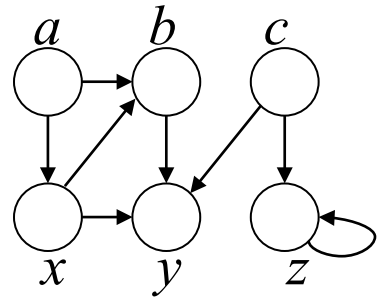
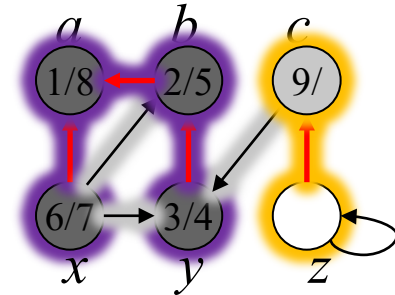
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, c$ ): Line 6

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



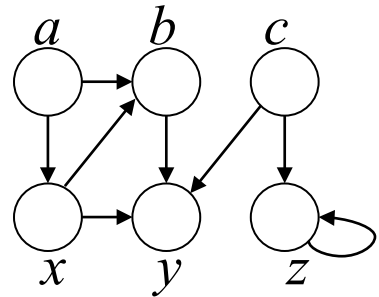
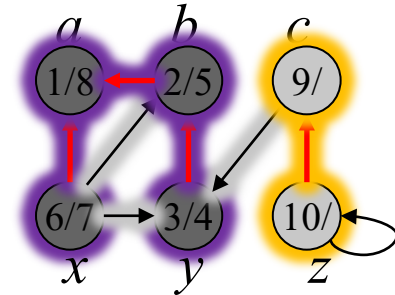
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, z)
DFS-Visit(G, c)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if ( $v.color == WHITE$ ){  
6           $v.\pi = u$   
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



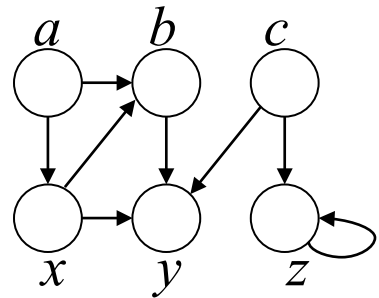
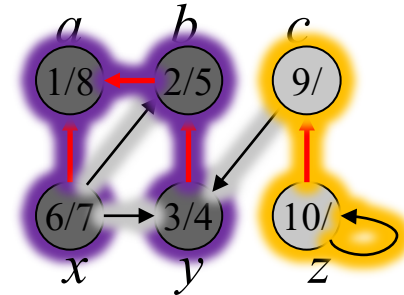
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, z$ ): Lines 1-3
DFS-Visit( $G, c$ )
DFS( $G$ )



# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

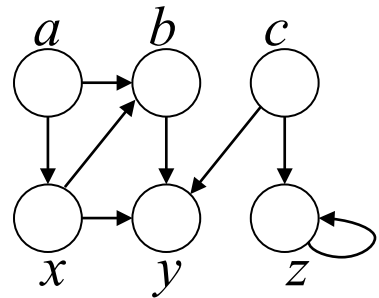
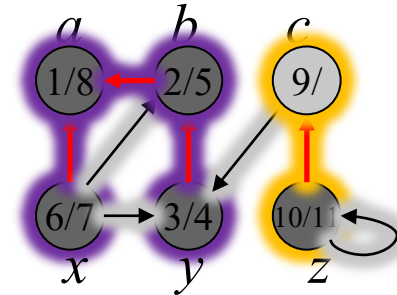


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, z): z is GRAY
DFS-Visit(G, c)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

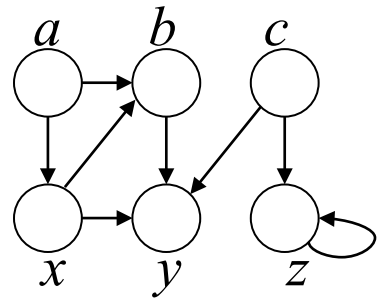
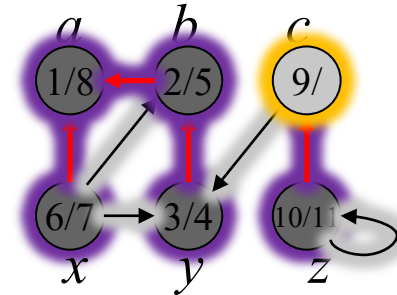


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, z): Lines 9-11
DFS-Visit(G, c)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

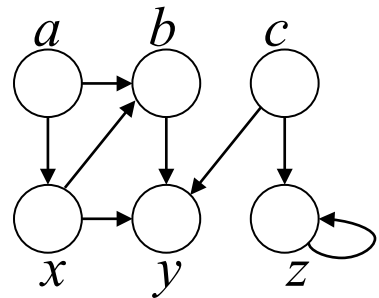
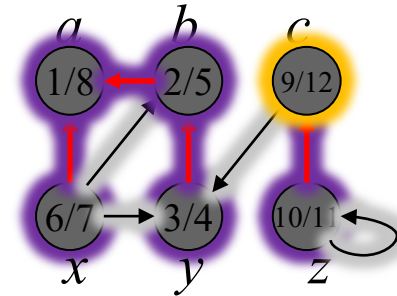


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, c)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



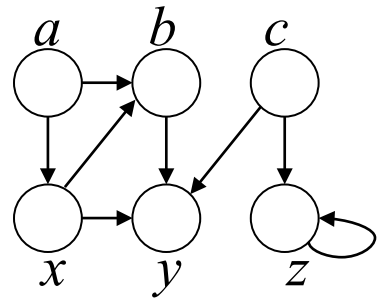
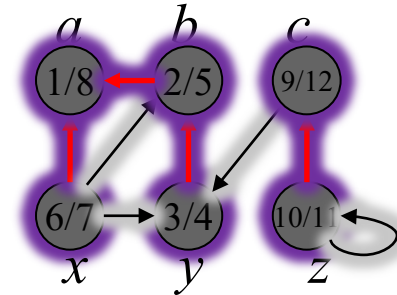
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, c): Lines 9-11

DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS(G)
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```

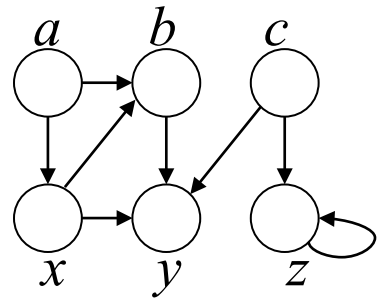
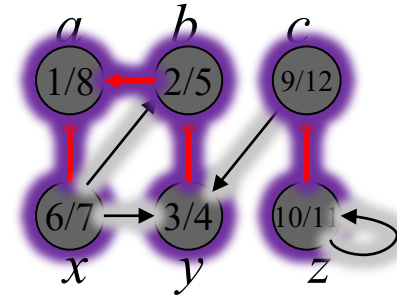


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS(G)
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```

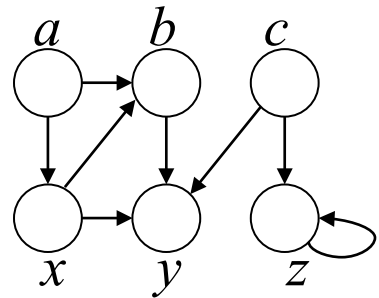
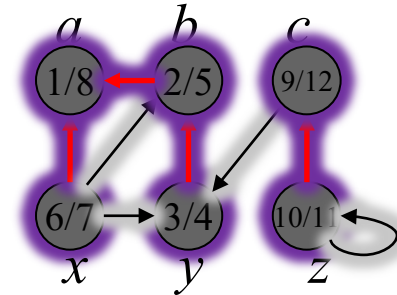


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS( $G$ ):  $x$  is black

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

```
DFS(G)
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```



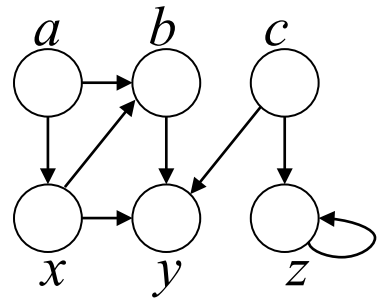
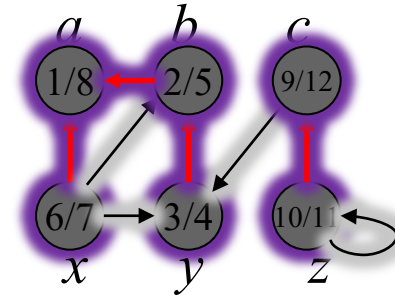
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS( $G$ ):  $y$  is black

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS(G)

```
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```



Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

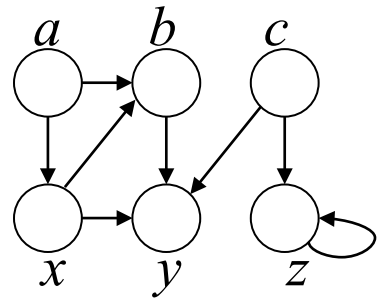
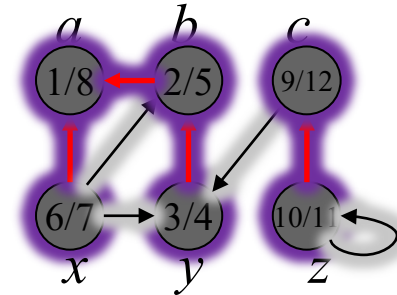
DFS(G): z is black



# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

DFS(G)

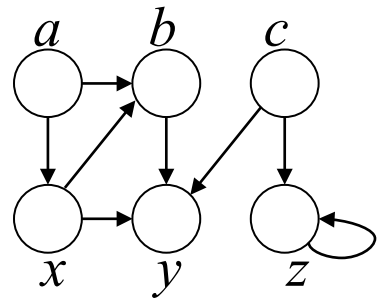
```
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```



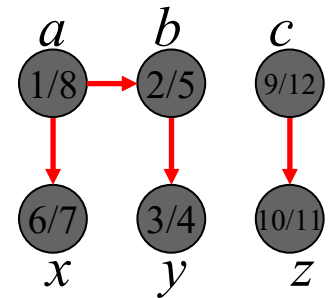
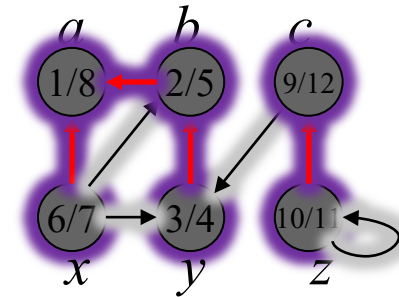
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

# Running Example (DFS for directed graph)

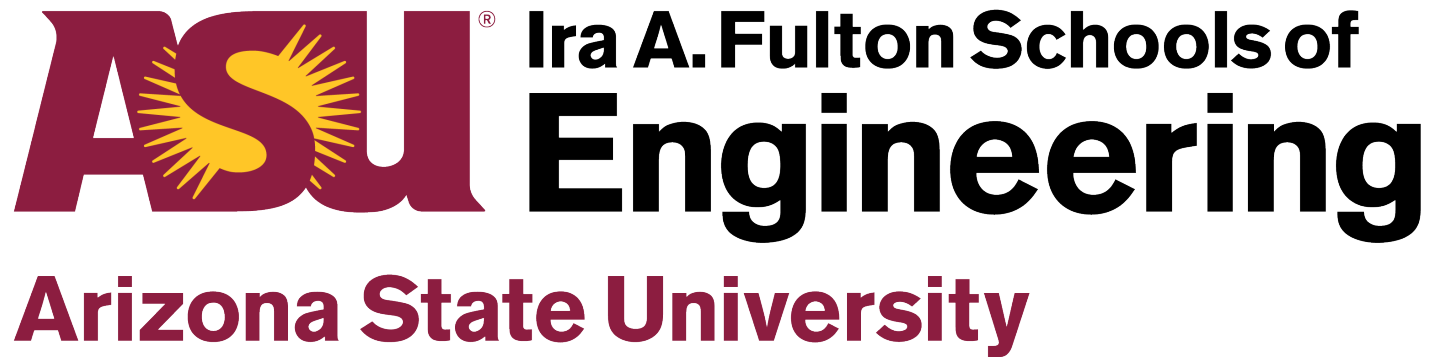
```
DFS(G)
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-Visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```



Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical



DFS Frost



**ASU**<sup>®</sup> Ira A. Fulton Schools of  
**Engineering**  
**Arizona State University**

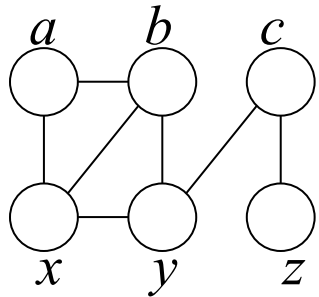
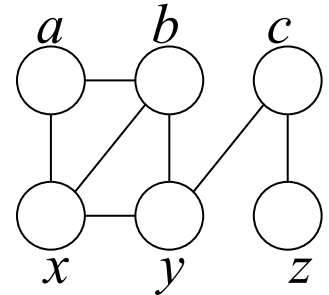
---

# Graphs, Part 6

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS(G)

```
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```



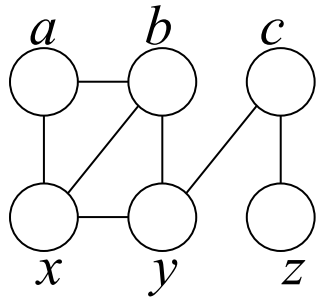
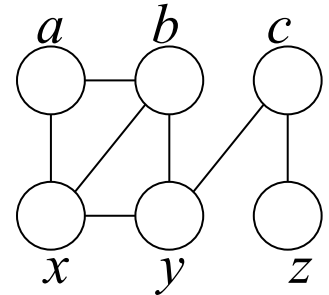
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS(G)

```
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;  
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;  
4  }  
5  time = 0;  
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){  
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );  
9      };  
10 }
```



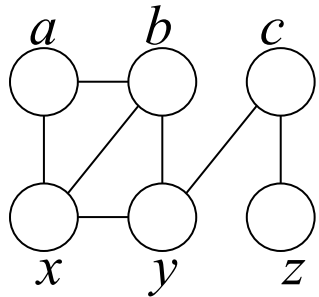
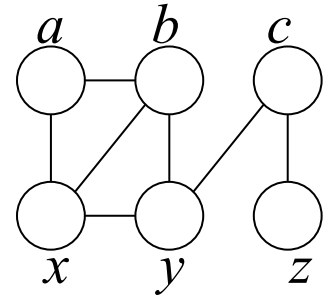
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS(G): Lines 1-5

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS(G)

```
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;  
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;  
4  }  
5  time = 0;  
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){  
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );  
9      };  
10 }
```



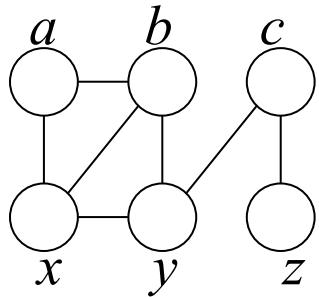
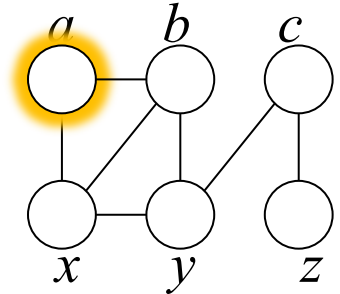
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS( $G$ ):  $a$  is WHITE

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

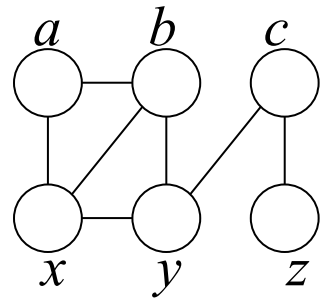
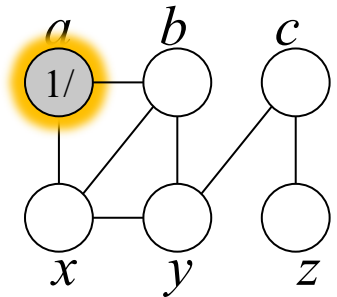
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )

DFS( $G$ )



# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



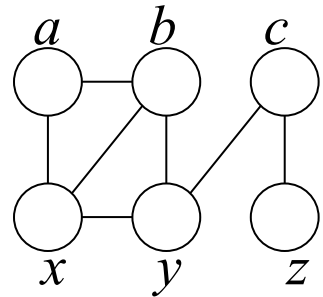
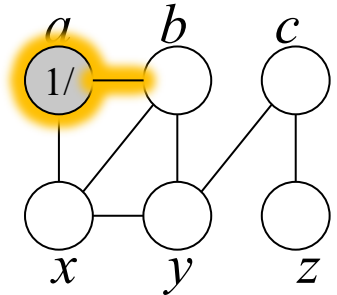
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, a): Lines 1-3

DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



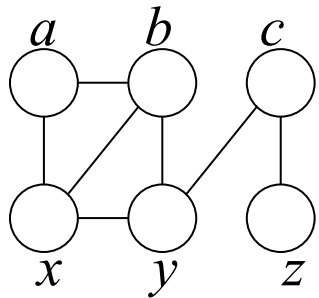
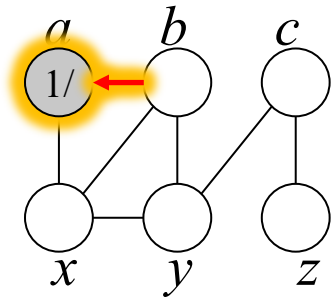
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, a): b is WHITE
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



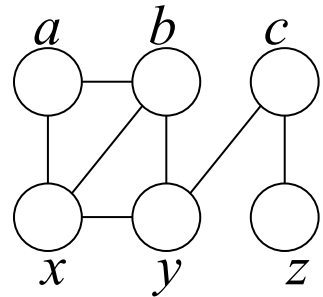
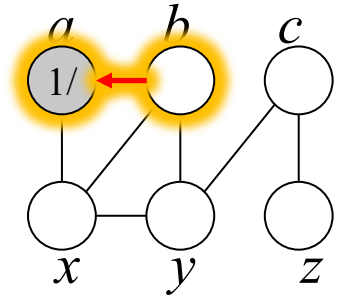
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, a$ ): Line 6

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



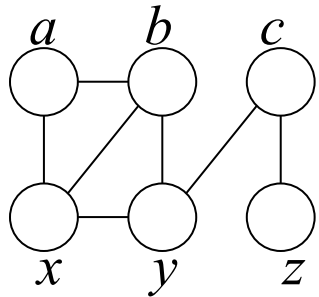
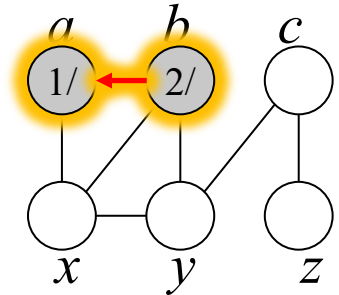
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

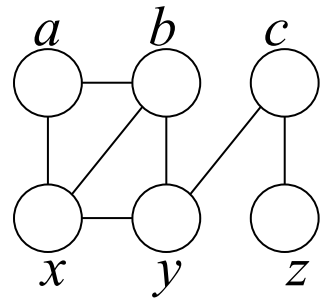
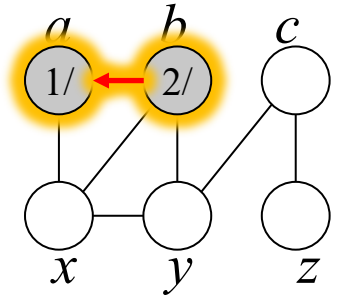


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, b$ ): Lines 1-3
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )
DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

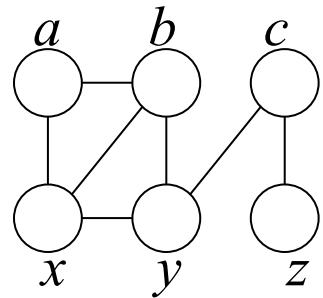
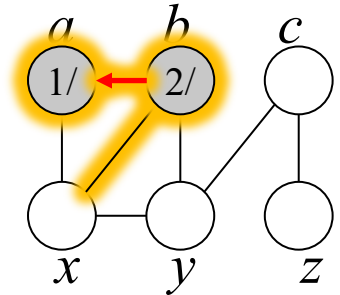


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, b): a is GREY
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



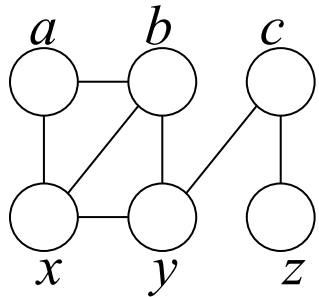
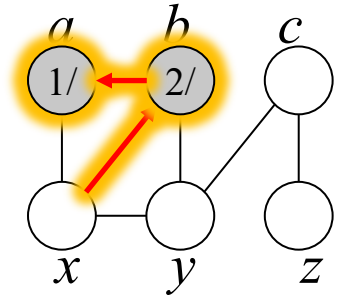
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, b): x is WHITE
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit( $G, b$ ): Line 6

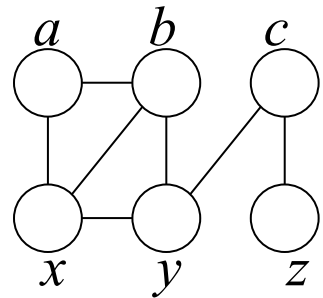
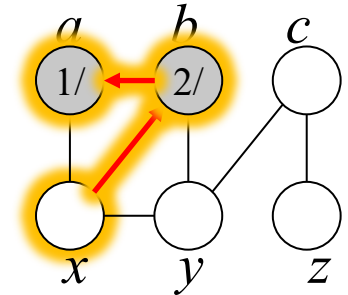
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ )

DFS( $G$ )



# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

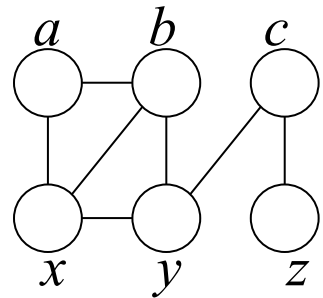
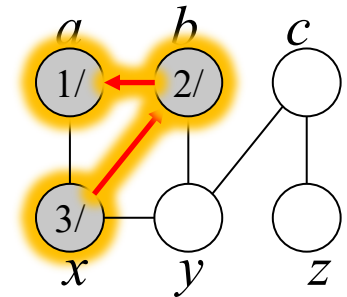


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

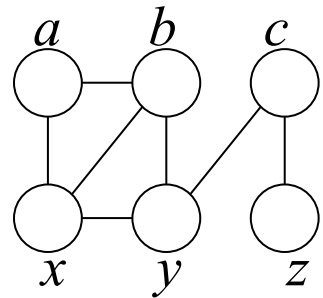
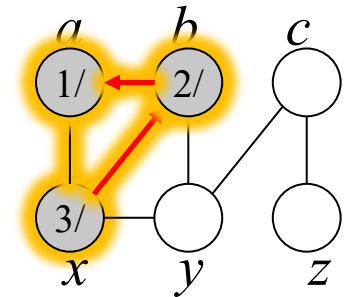


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, x): Lines 1-3
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

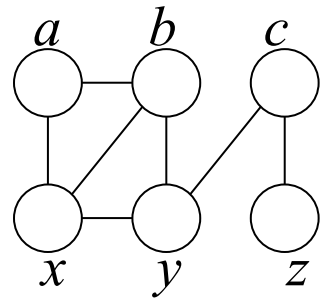
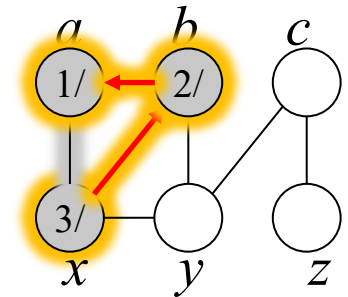


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, x): a is GRAY
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

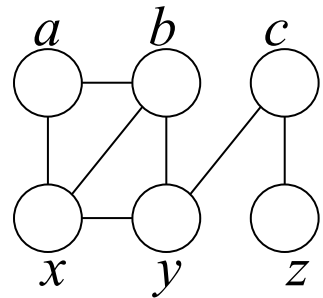
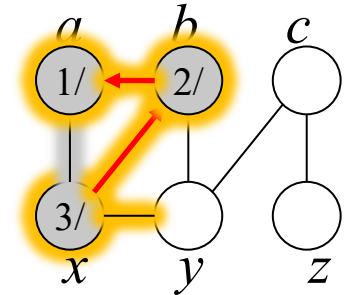


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, x): b is GRAY
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

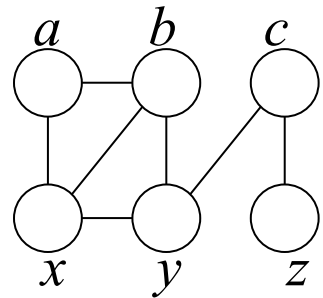
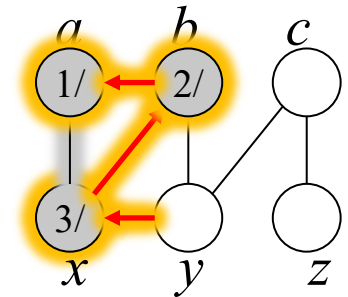


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, x): y is WHITE
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

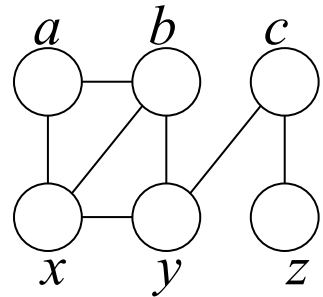
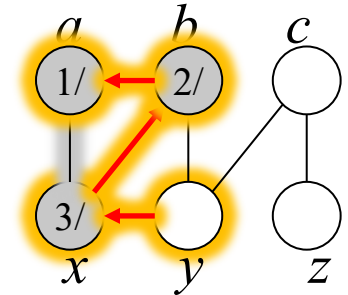


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, x): Line 6
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

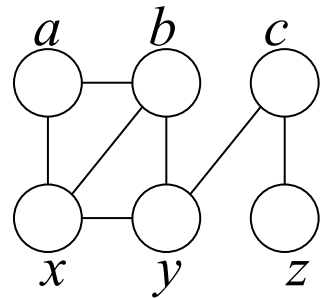
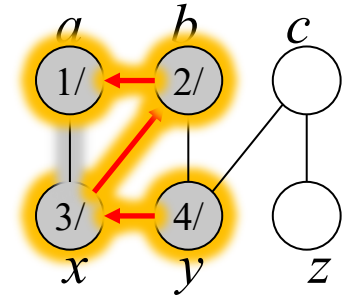


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



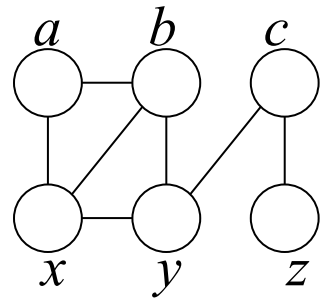
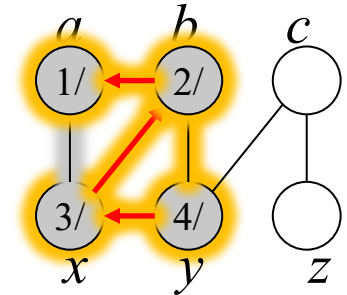
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, y): Lines 1-3
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)



# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

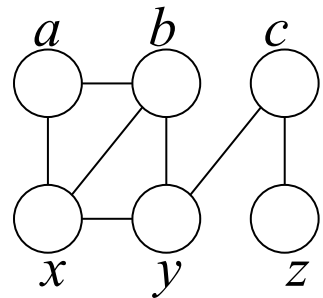
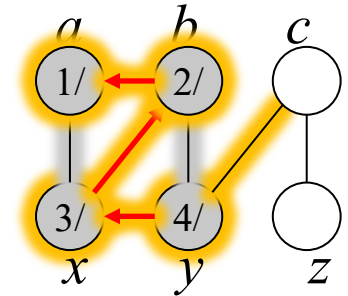


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, y): b is GRAY
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

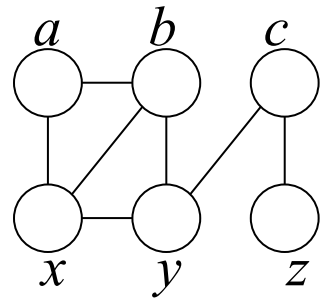
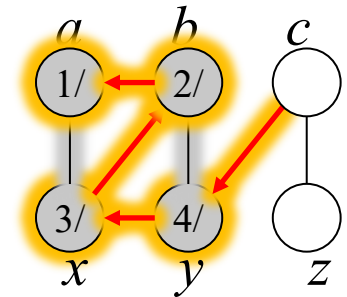


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, y): c is WHITE
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

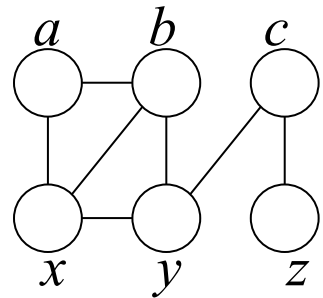
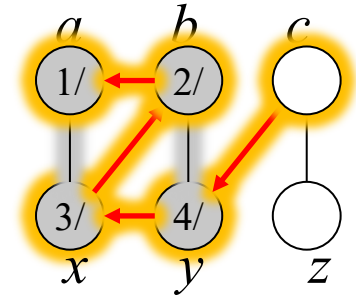


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, y): Line 6
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

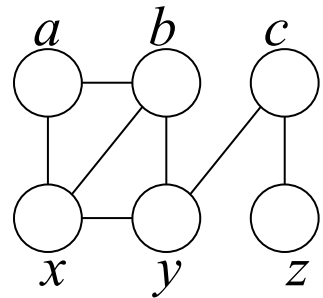
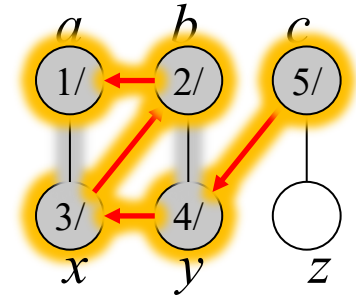


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, c)
DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

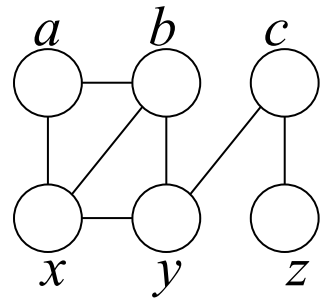
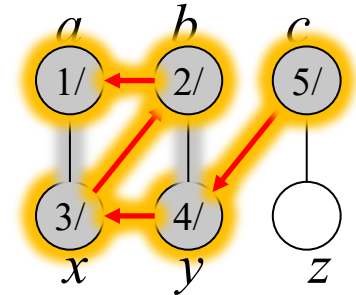


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, c): Lines 1-3
DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

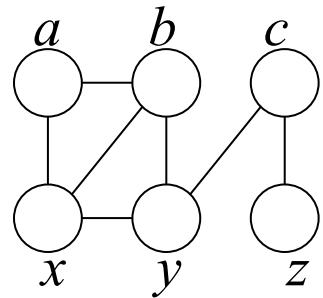
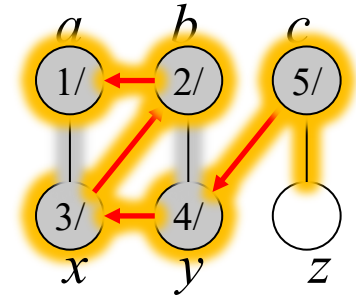


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, c): y is GRAY
DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

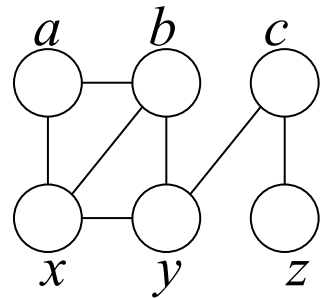
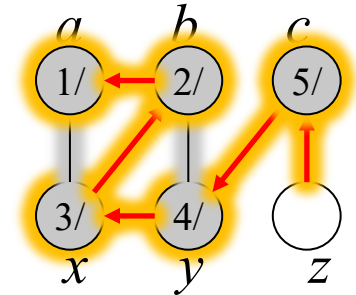


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, c): z is WHITE
DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



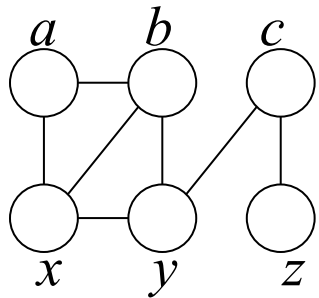
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, c): Line 6
DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

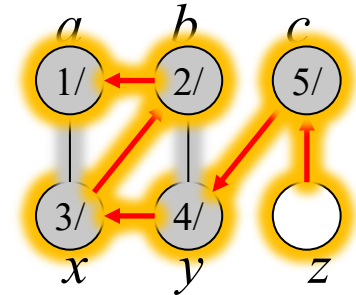


# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



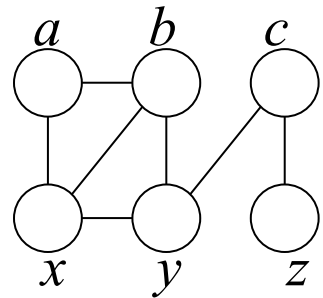
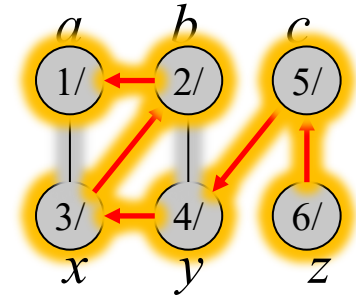
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical



DFS-Visit(G, z)
DFS-Visit(G, c)
DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

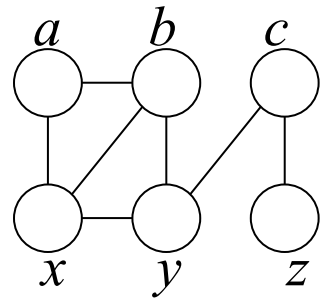
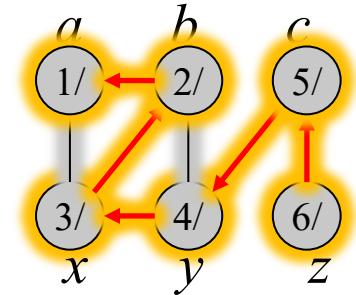


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, z): Lines 1-3
DFS-Visit(G, c)
DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

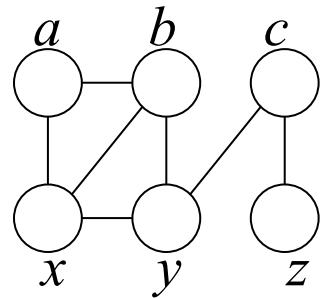
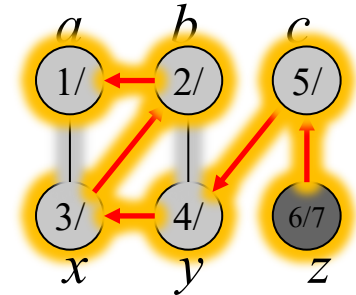


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, z): c is GRAY
DFS-Visit(G, c)
DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

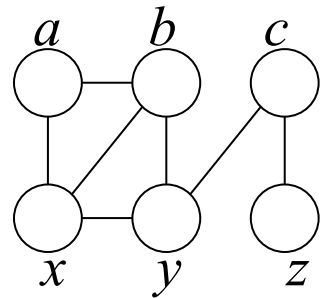
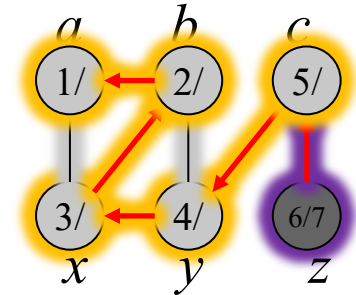


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, z): Lines 9-11
DFS-Visit(G, c)
DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

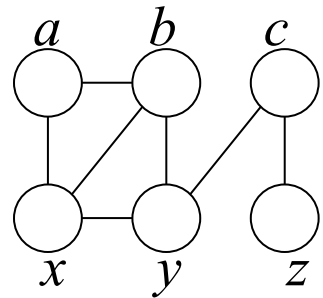
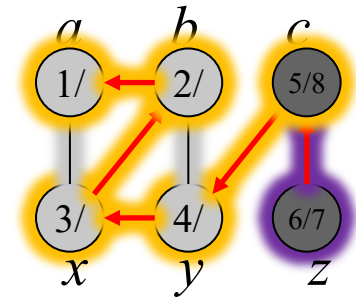


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, c)
DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

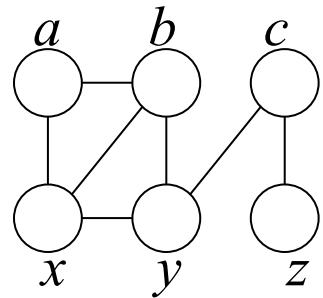
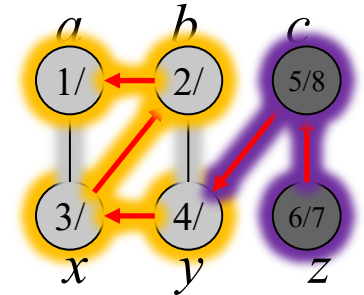


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, c): Lines 9-11
DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

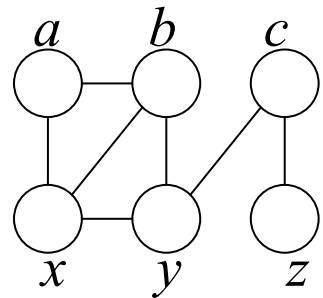
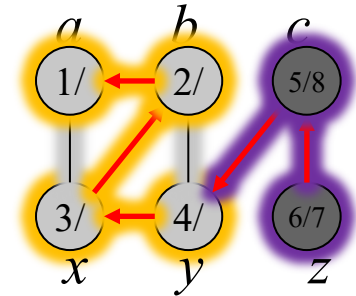


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, y)
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



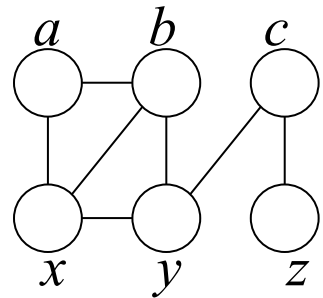
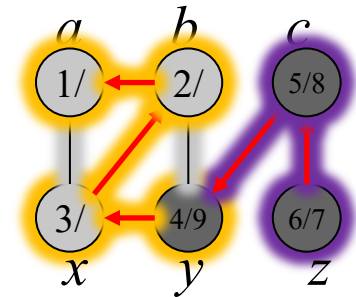
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, y): x is GRAY
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)



# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

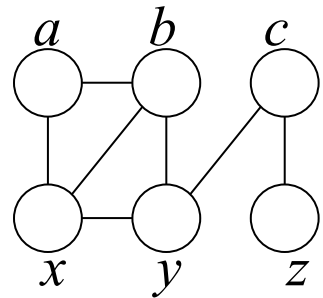
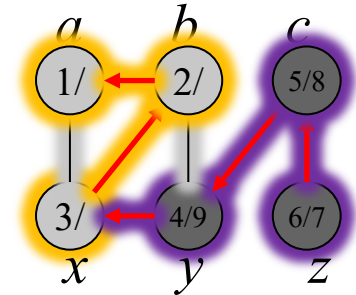


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, y): Lines 9-11
DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

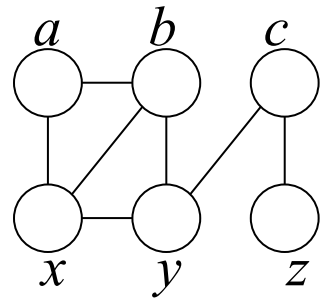
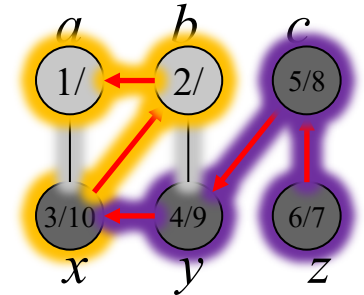


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, x)
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

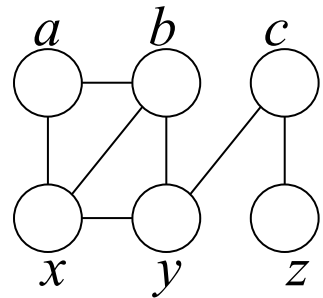
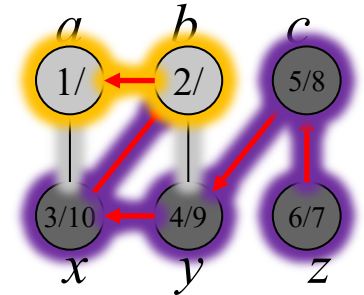


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, x): Lines 9-11
DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

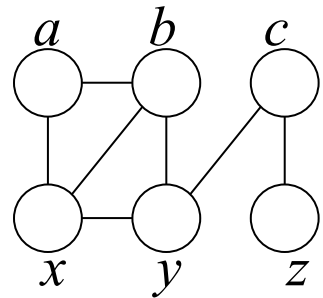
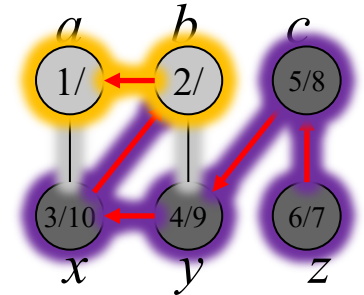


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, b)
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

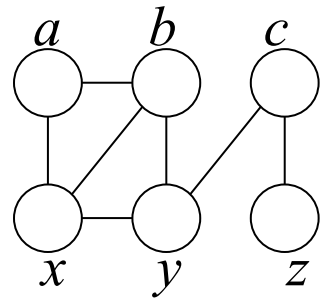
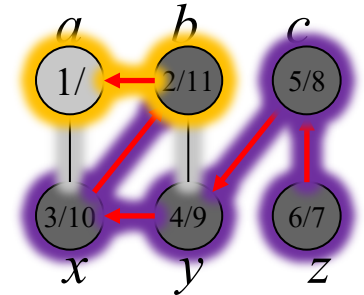


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, b): y is BLACK
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

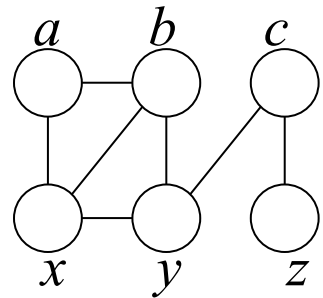
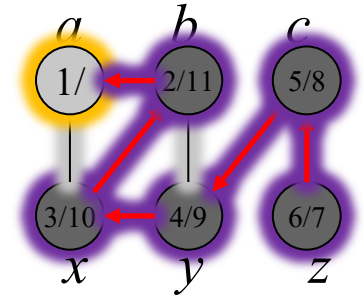


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, b): Lines 9-11
DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```

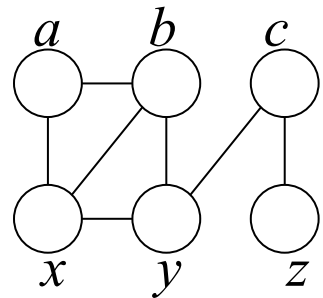
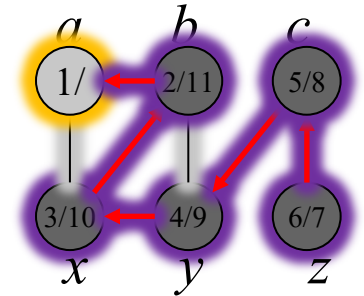


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, a)
DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS-Visit(G, u)
1  time = time + 1;
2  u.d = time;
3  u.color = GRAY;
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$ 
5      if (v.color == WHITE){
6          v. $\pi$  = u
7          DFS-Visit(G, v)
8      }
9  time = time + 1;
10 u.f = time;
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS-Visit(G, a): x is BLACK
-----------------------------

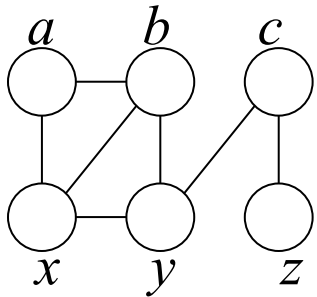
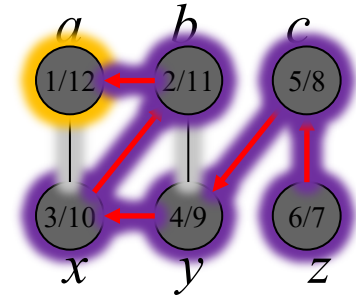
DFS(G)
--------



# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS-Visit( $G, u$ )

```
1  time = time + 1;  
2  u.d = time;  
3  u.color = GRAY;  
4  for each vertex  $v \in G.Adj[u]$   
5      if (v.color == WHITE){  
6          v. $\pi$  = u  
7          DFS-Visit( $G, v$ )  
8      }  
9  time = time + 1;  
10 u.f = time;  
11 u.color = BLACK;
```



Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

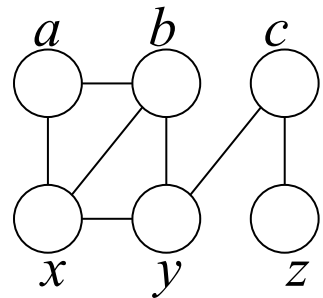
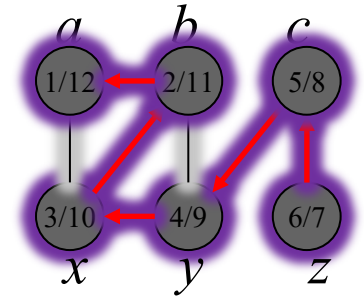
DFS-Visit( $G, a$ ): Lines 9-11

DFS( $G$ )

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS(G)

```
1 for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2      $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3      $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4 }
5 time = 0;
6 for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7     if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8         DFS-Visit( $G, u$ );
9     };
10 }
```

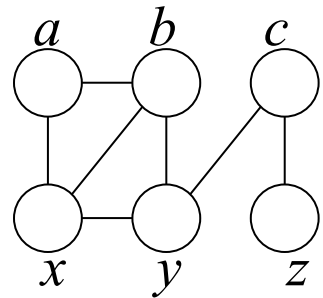
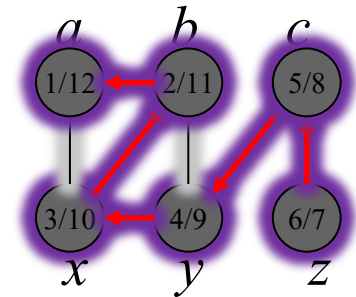


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS(G)

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS(G)
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```



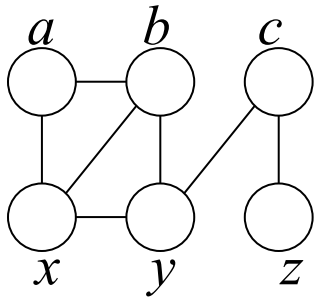
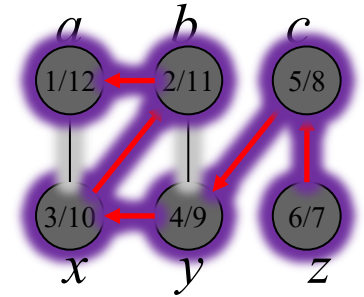
Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

DFS( $G$ ):  $b$  is BLACK

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS(G)

```
1 for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2    $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3    $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4 }
5 time = 0;
6 for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7   if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8     DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9   };
10 }
```



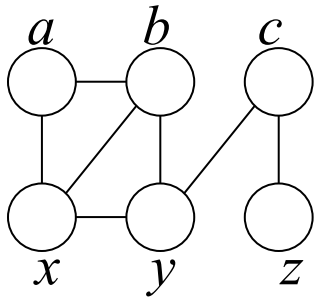
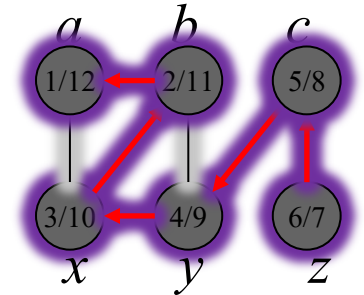
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS(G): c is BLACK

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS(G)

```
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```



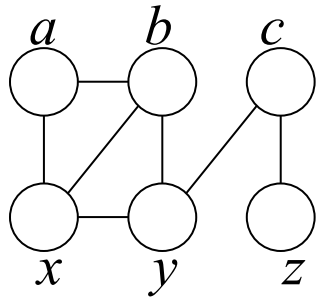
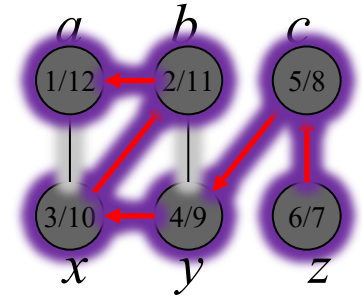
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS(G): x is BLACK

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS(G)

```
1 for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
2    $u.color = WHITE$ ;  
3    $u.\pi = NIL$ ;  
4 }  
5 time = 0;  
6 for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
7   if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){  
8     DFS-visit( $G, u$ );  
9   };  
10 }
```

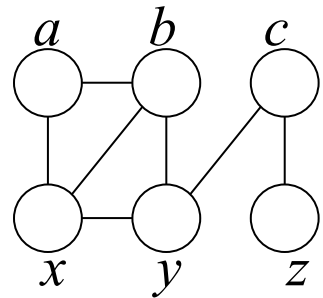
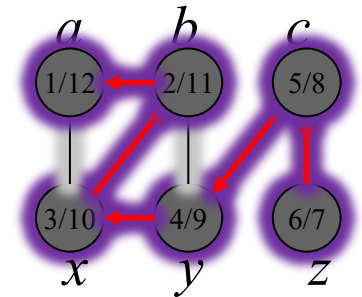


Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS(G): y is BLACK

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

```
DFS(G)
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```



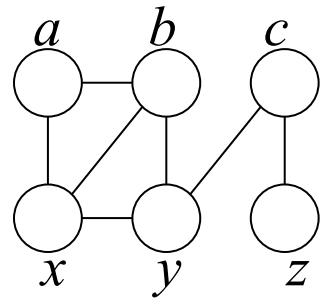
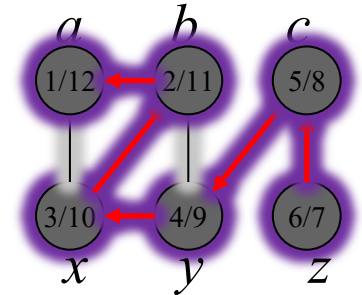
Graph G, adjacency list alphabetical

DFS(G): z is BLACK

# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

DFS(G)

```
1 for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
2    $u.color = WHITE$ ;  
3    $u.\pi = NIL$ ;  
4 }  
5 time = 0;  
6 for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {  
7   if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){  
8     DFS-visit( $G, u$ );  
9   };  
10 }
```

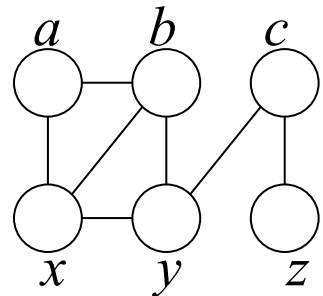


Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical

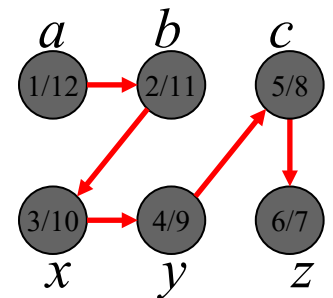
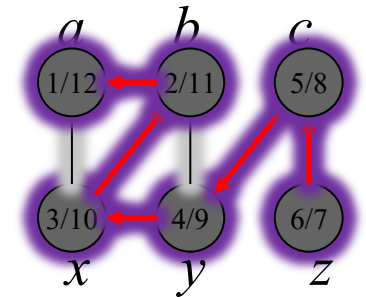


# Running Example (DFS for undirected graph)

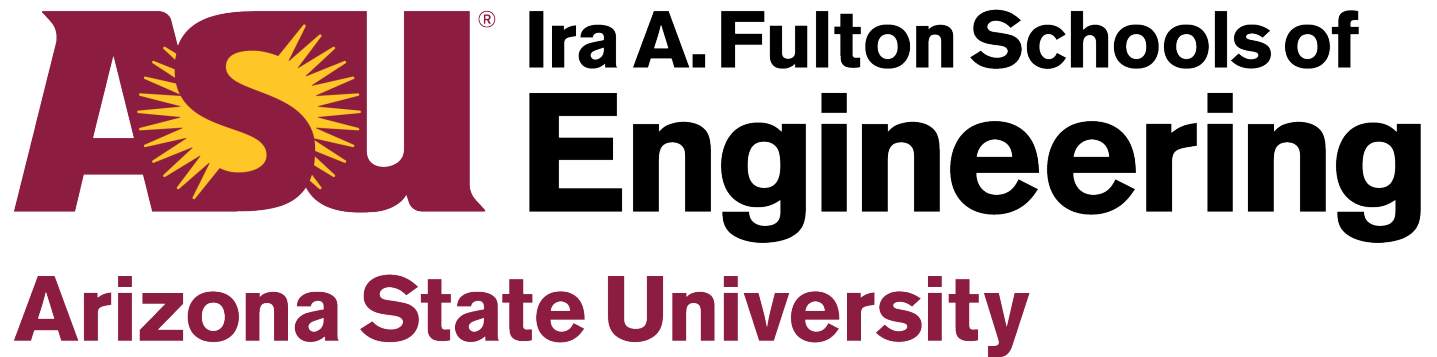
```
DFS(G)
1  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
2       $u.color = WHITE$ ;
3       $u.\pi = NIL$ ;
4  }
5  time = 0;
6  for each vertex  $u \in G.V$ {
7      if ( $u.color == WHITE$ ){
8          DFS-visit( $G, u$ );
9      };
10 }
```



Graph  $G$ , adjacency list alphabetical



DFS Frost



**ASU**<sup>®</sup> Ira A. Fulton Schools of  
**Engineering**

**Arizona State University**