



Google
Developers



Mobile Best Practices with YouTube

Google I/O 2013

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Developer Relations, YouTube



Platforms



Agenda

- General tips
- User experience
 - Graceful failover
 - Transitions
- Authentication / Authorization
 - OAuth, Play Services
 - YouTube channels and Google Accounts
- **These best practices came from talking to our partners in the field!**



General best practices

- Follow your platform best practices
 - Don't block the UI thread
 - UX best practices
- Understand YouTube terms of service
<https://developers.google.com/youtube/terms>
- Different form factors
 - Phone / "Phablet"
 - 7" tablet
 - 10" tablet
 - @see "Designing products for multi screen world: YouTube"
Day 2, 3:30pm on the YouTube track

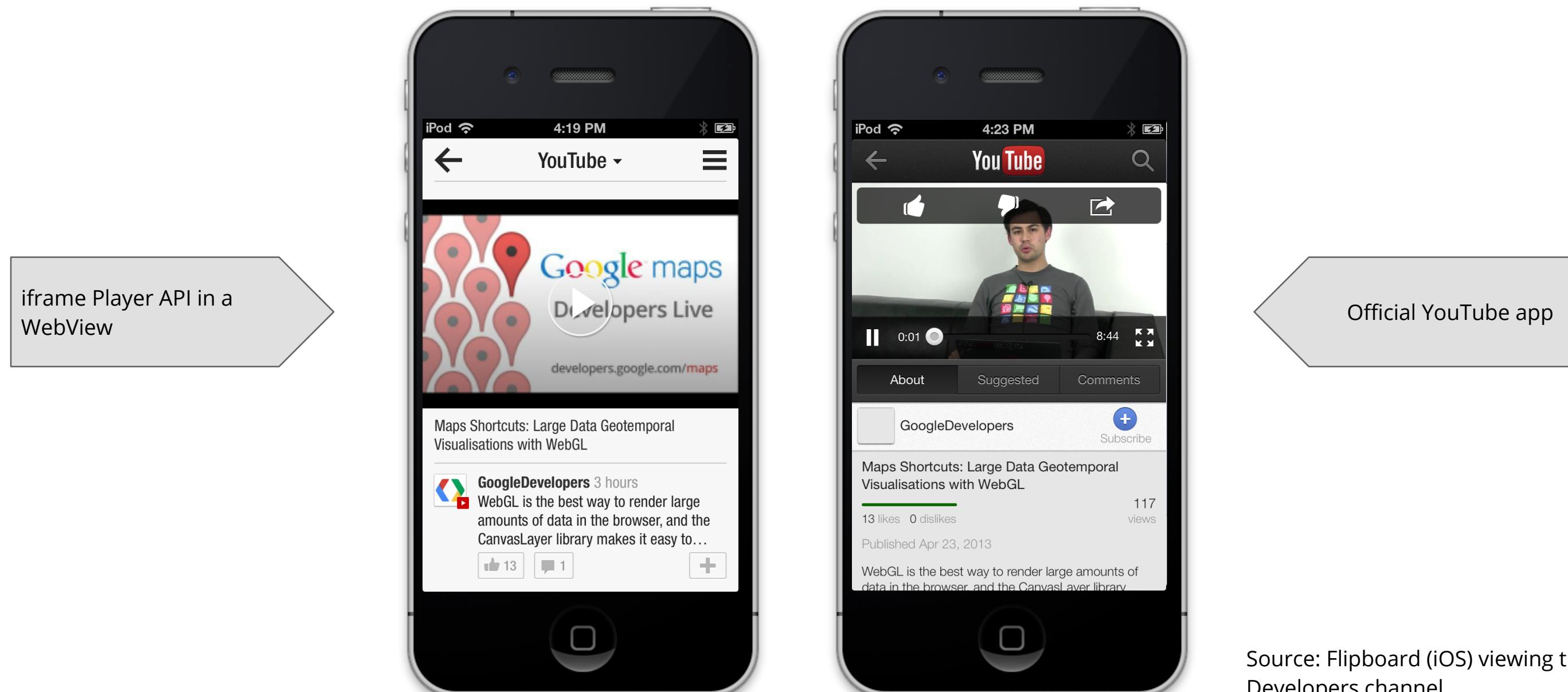




Best Practices

Video playback

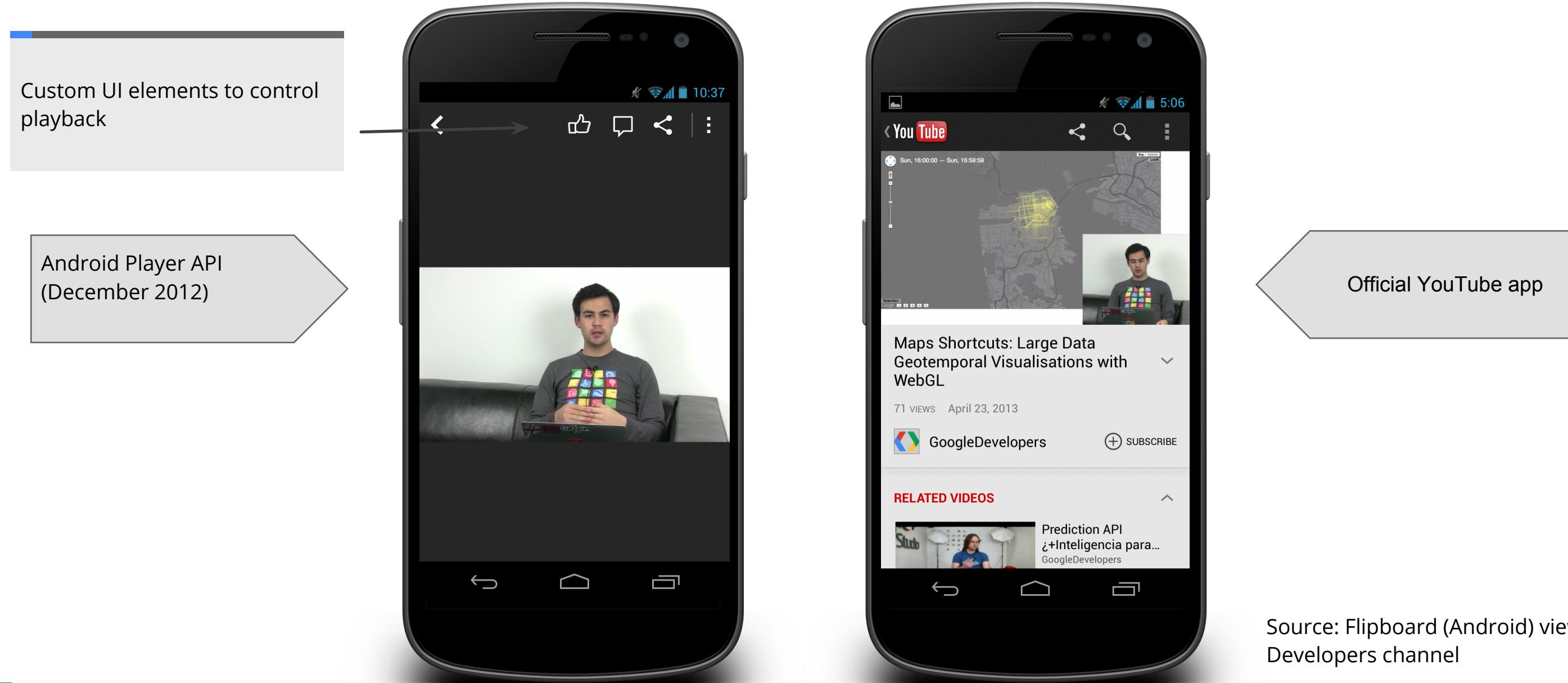
iOS playback options



Source: Flipboard (iOS) viewing the Google Developers channel



Android playback options



Source: Flipboard (Android) viewing the Google Developers channel



Defining a YouTube view

XML layout

XML

```
<com.google.android.youtube.player.YouTubePlayerView  
    android:id="@+id/youtube_view"  
    android:layout_width="match_parent"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
```



Defining a YouTube view

Java Activity

Java

```
public class VideoPlayerActivity extends YouTubeBaseActivity
    implements
        YouTubePlayer.OnInitializedListener {
    // code goes here ...
}
```

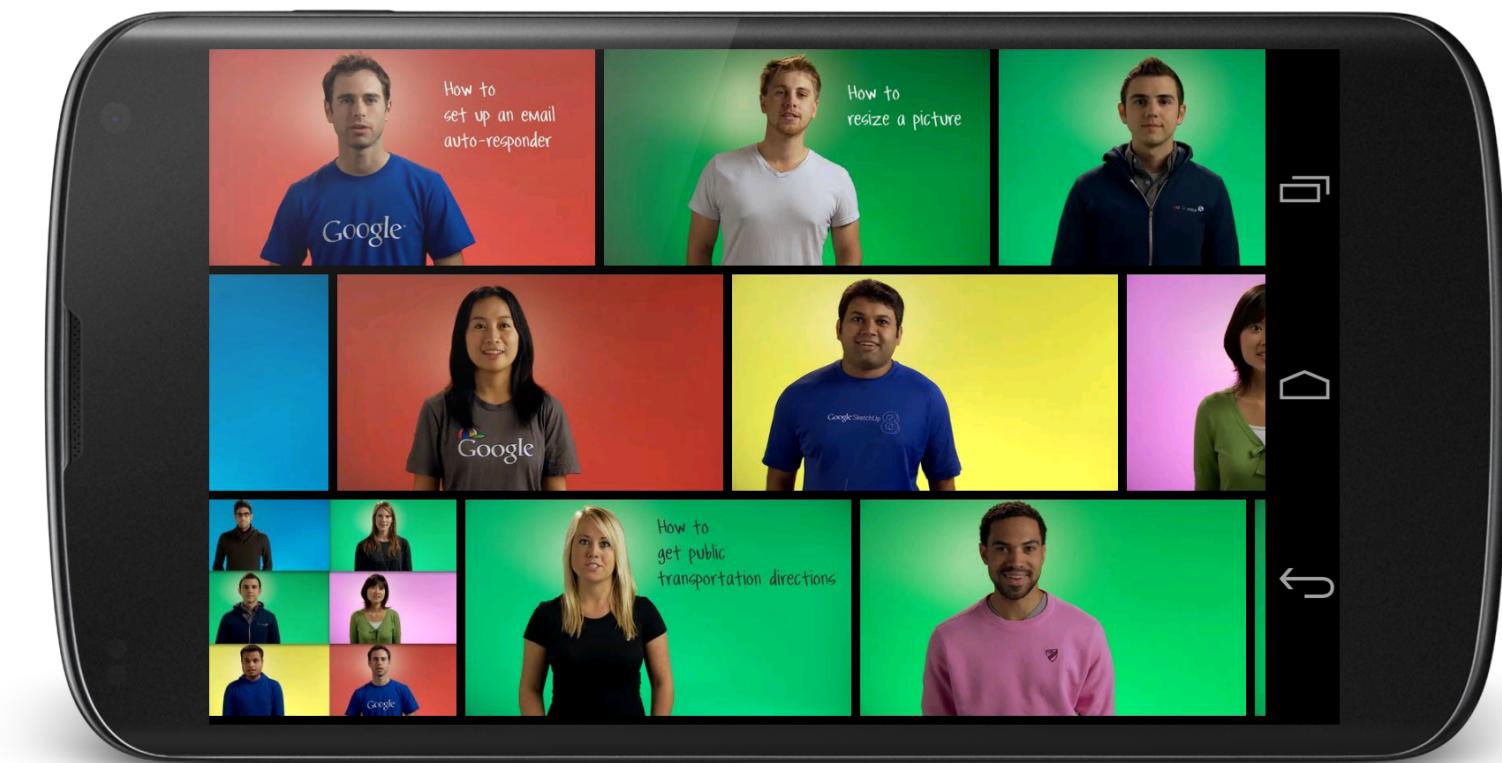


Best practice: Use the YouTube Android Player API over other options when possible.



YouTube Android Player API: your video toolkit

- Check phone capabilities
- Manage Intents
- Video playback directly in your view
- Playback events callbacks



<https://developers.google.com/youtube/android/player>

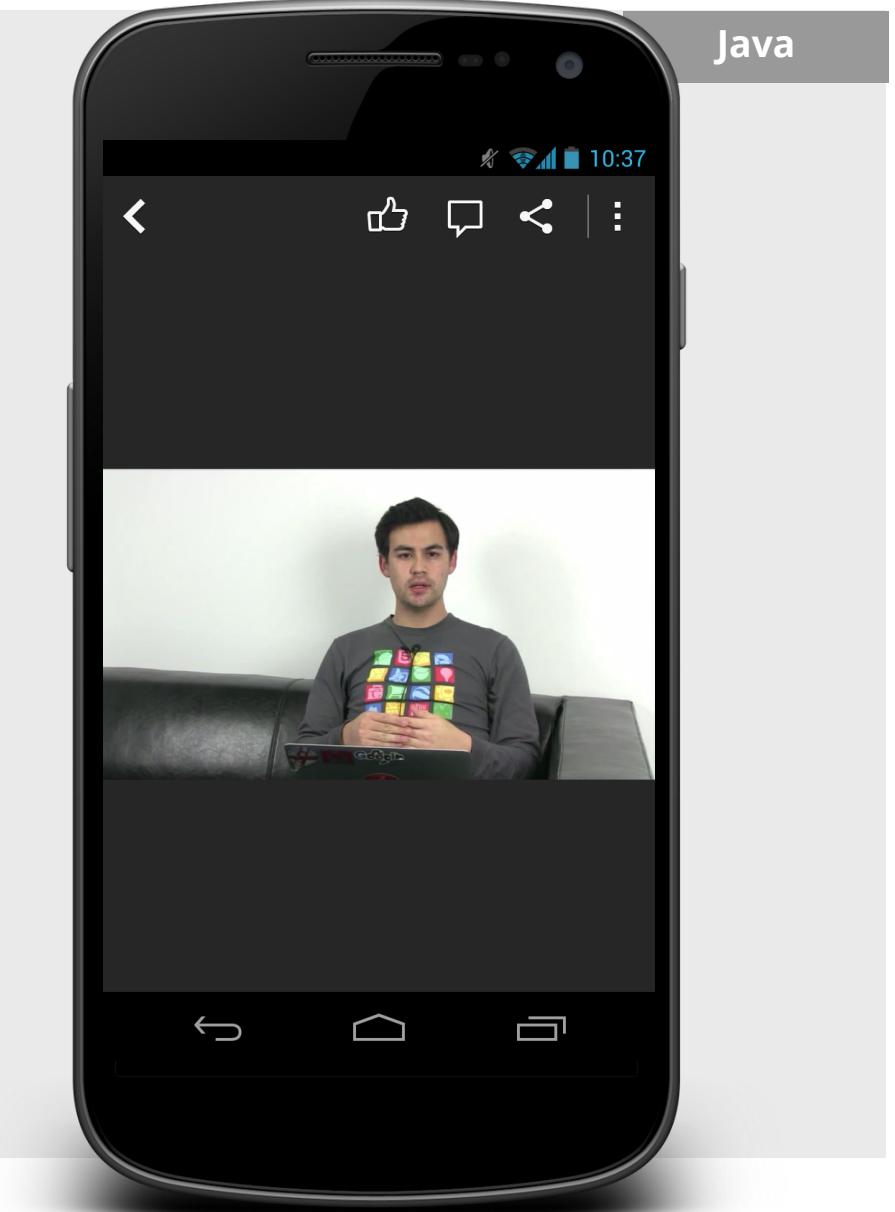


Best practice: Gracefully degrade to the best player experience on the platform you're on.



In a perfect world ...

```
// Starts the player while inside your app  
YouTubeStandalonePlayer.createVideoIntent(  
    this,  
    DeveloperKey.DEVELOPER_KEY,  
    VIDEO_ID,  
    startTimeMillis,  
    autoplay,  
    lightboxMode);
```



Gracefully falling to the next best option

Best

Java

```
// Starts the player while inside your app  
YouTubeStandalonePlayer.createVideoIntent(  
    this, DeveloperKey.DEVELOPER_KEY, VIDEO_ID, startTimeMillis, autoplay, lightboxMode);
```

Okay

Java

```
// Starts YouTube app  
intent = YouTubeIntents.createPlayVideoIntentWithOptions(this, VIDEO_ID, true, false);  
startActivity(intent);
```

Last resort

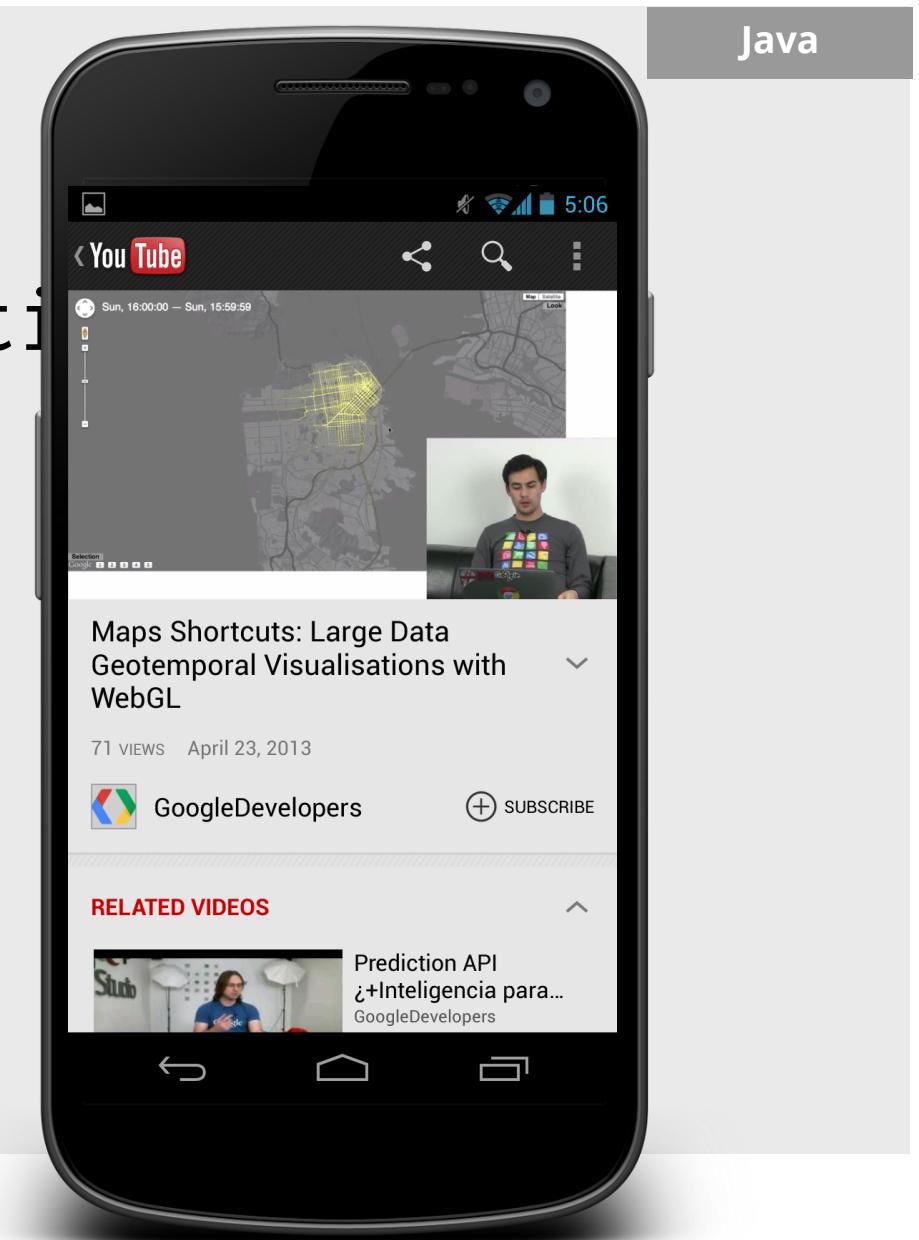
Java

```
// Use a WebView and the iframe API  
WebView myWebView = (WebView) findViewById(R.id.webview);  
myWebView.getSettings().setJavaScriptEnabled(true);  
myWebView.loadUrl("file:///android_asset/youtube_container.html");
```



Starting the YouTube app

```
// Starts YouTube app  
YouTubeIntents.createPlayVideoIntentWithOpti  
    this,  
    VIDEO_ID,  
    true,  
    false);
```



Last resort - optional

Java

```
// Use a WebView and the iframe API
WebView myWebView = (WebView) findViewById(R.id.webview);
myWebView.getSettings().setJavaScriptEnabled(true);
myWebView.loadUrl("file:///android_asset/youtube_container.html");
```



Graceful failover

(We'll go line by line in the next few slides)

```
if(YouTubeIntents.isYouTubeInstalled(context)) {  
    if(YouTubeApiServiceUtil.isYouTube ApiServiceAvailable(context) == YouTubeInitializationResult.SUCCESS) {  
        // start the YouTube player  
        context.startActivity(  
            YouTubeStandalonePlayer.createVideoIntent(Activity context, "developer_key", videoId));  
    } else if(YouTubeIntents.canResolvePlayVideoIntent(context)) {  
        // Start an intent to the YouTube app  
        context.startActivity(  
            YouTubeIntents.createPlayVideoIntent(context, videoId));  
    }  
}  
// Falls through: last resort - render a webview with an iframe
```

Java



Is YouTube installed?

Java

```
if(YouTubeIntents.isYouTubeInstalled(context)) {  
    if(YouTubeApiServiceUtil.isYouTube ApiServiceAvailable(context)  
        == YouTubeInitializationResult.SUCCESS) {  
        // start the YouTube player  
        context.startActivity(  
            YouTubeStandalonePlayer.createVideoIntent(  
                context, "developer_key", videoId));  
    }  
}
```



Is the Android Player API available?

Java

```
if(YouTubeIntents.isYouTubeInstalled(context)) {  
    if(YouTubeApiServiceUtil.isYouTube ApiServiceAvailable(context)  
        == YouTubeInitializationResult.SUCCESS) {  
            // start the YouTube player  
            context.startActivity(  
                YouTubeStandalonePlayer.createVideoIntent(  
                    context, "developer_key", videoId));  
    }  
}
```



Start the standalone player

Can also be used to start a player in a fragment

Java

```
if(YouTubeIntents.isYouTubeInstalled(context)) {  
    if(YouTubeApiServiceUtil.isYouTube ApiServiceAvailable(context)  
        == YouTubeInitializationResult.SUCCESS) {  
        // start the YouTube player  
        context.startActivity(  
            YouTubeStandalonePlayer.createVideoIntent(  
                context, "developer_key", videoId));
```



Can the video be played in the official app?

Java

```
} else if(YouTubeIntents.canResolvePlayVideoIntent(context)) {  
    // Start an intent to the YouTube app  
    context.startActivity(  
        YouTubeIntents.createPlayVideoIntent(context, videoId));  
}
```



Start an Intent to play it in the app

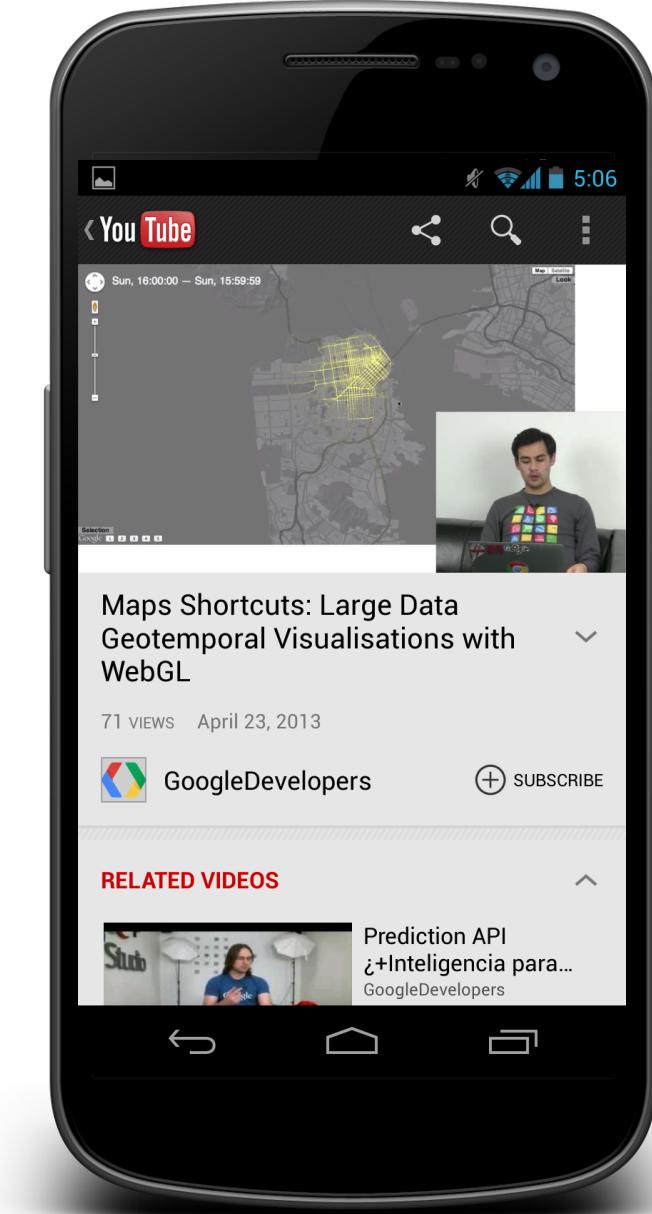
Java

```
} else if(YouTubeIntents.canResolvePlayVideoIntent(context)) {  
    // Start an intent to the YouTube app  
    context.startActivity(  
        YouTubeIntents.createPlayVideoIntent(context, videoId));  
}
```



When should the official Android app be used?

- Full YouTube functionality
 - Subscriptions
 - History
 - Playlists
 - **Rebuilding the YouTube app is a discouraged anti-pattern!**
- Player API or WebView (last resort) - keeping users inside app
- Analogy: Maps application



Tip: Don't rebuild the YouTube app

- Focus on your own app features
- Some overlap is okay - your value add?
- **Use your judgment!**

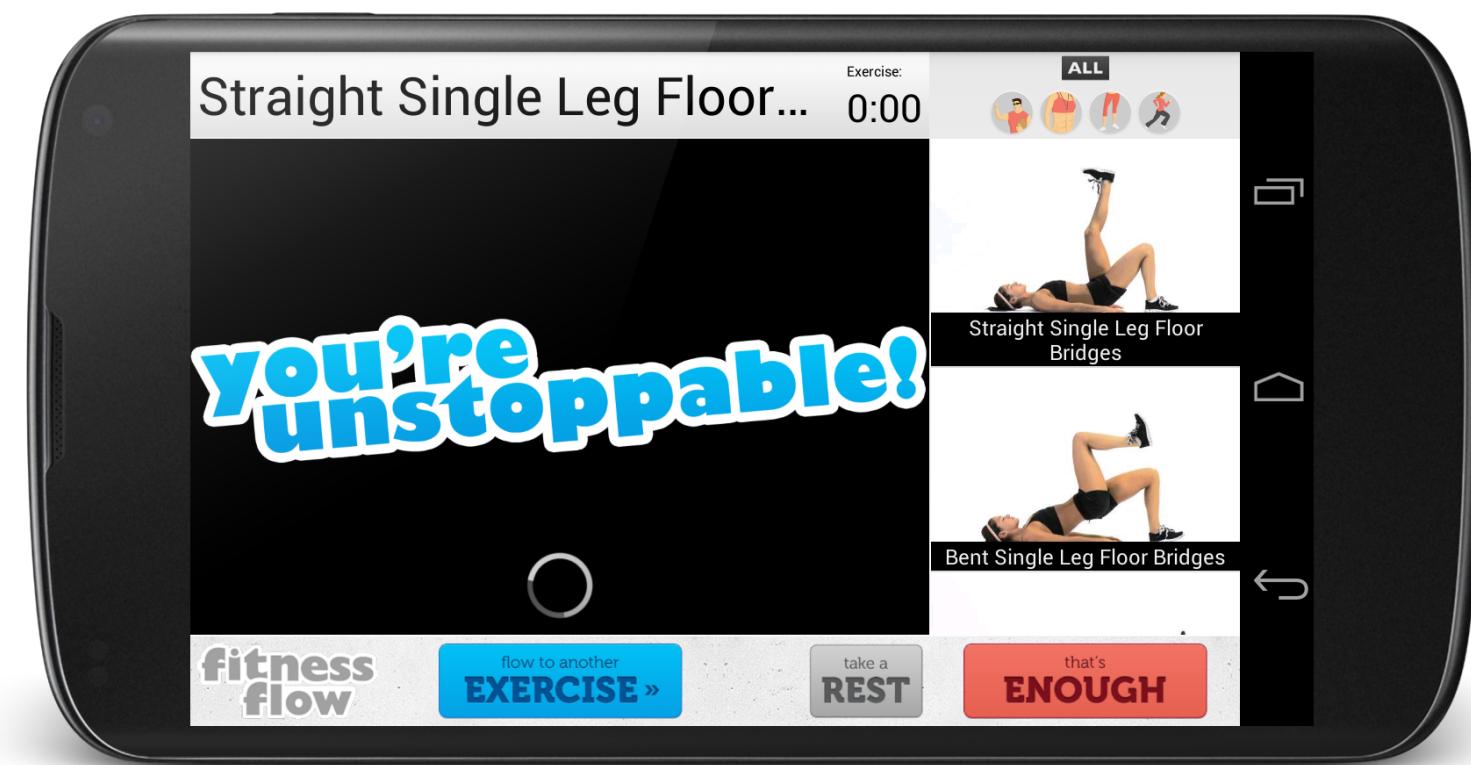


Best practice: Provide an intermediary screen during loading.



Case Study: Skimble

- One of our earliest partners, demo'd at Google I/O 2012
- Get into shape on the go!



Reminder: Overlays on top of a video will stop video playback.



Case Study: Skimble



Player callbacks

Determining state, providing a responsive user experience

Java

```
@Override  
public void onInitializationSuccess(YouTubePlayer.Provider provider,  
                                    YouTubePlayer player, boolean wasRestored) {  
    // When the player has been initialized, set an event listener for playback events  
    this.player = player;  
    player.setPlaybackEventListener(playbackEventListener);  
}
```

```
@Override
```

```
public void onPlaying() {  
    overlayView.setVisibility(View.INVISIBLE);  
}
```



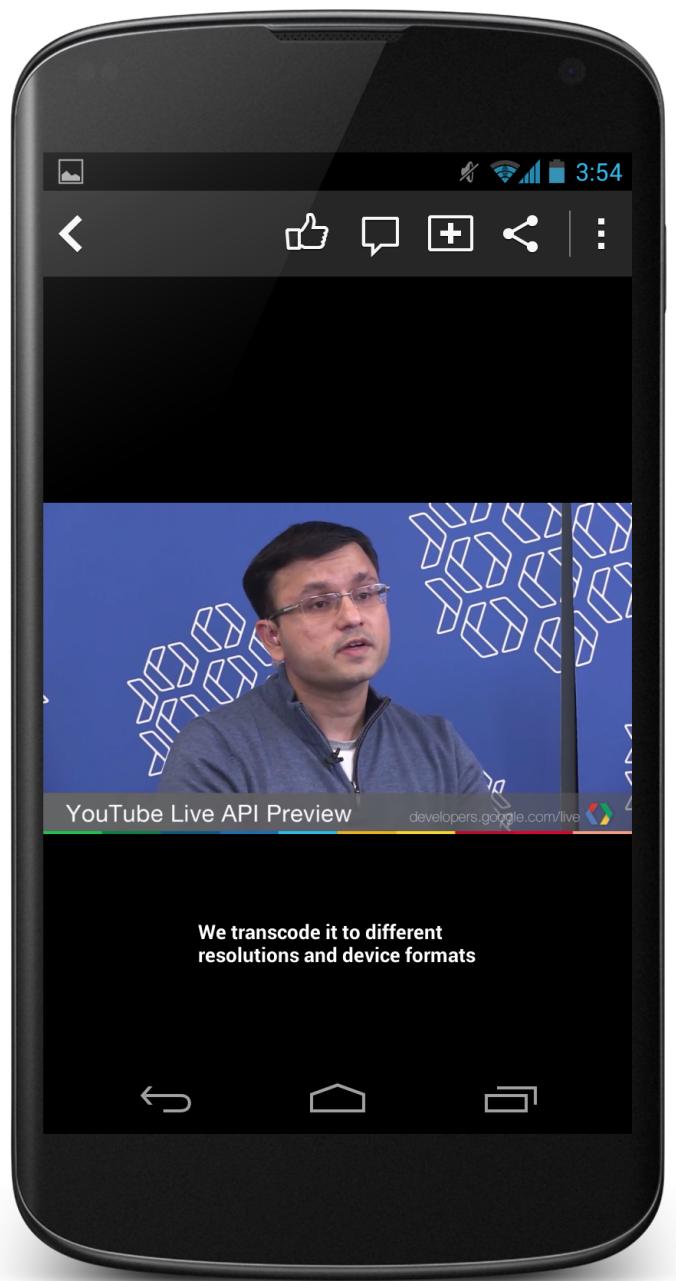
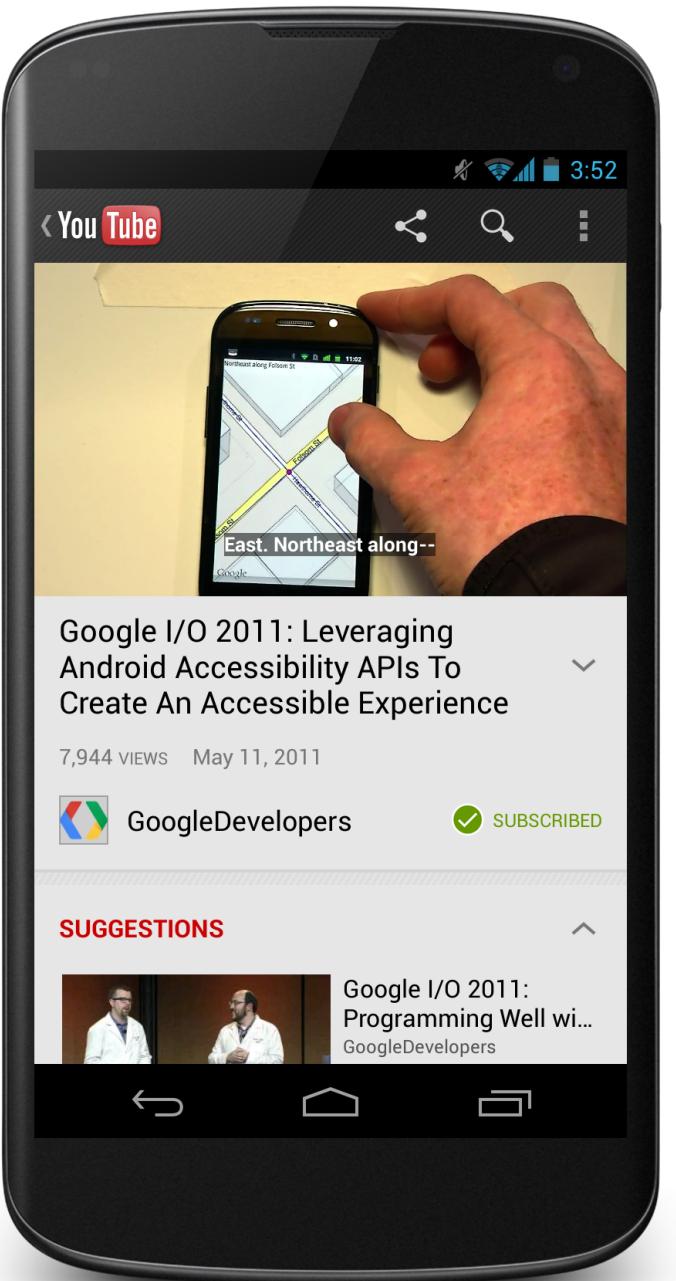
List ALL the callbacks!

- Player changes to fullscreen
- Buffering
- Paused
- Playing
- Seeks to time
- Stopped
- Started ad
- Loading/Loaded
- Ended video
- Started video
- Thumbnail loaded
- Video changes on playlist playback
- **Error!**



One more thing: Captions

- Official app and Player API do support this
- No need to create your own solution!





Best Practices

Authorization

Public Service Announcement

- If you are using the Data API, please migrate to v3
- Don't use ClientLogin

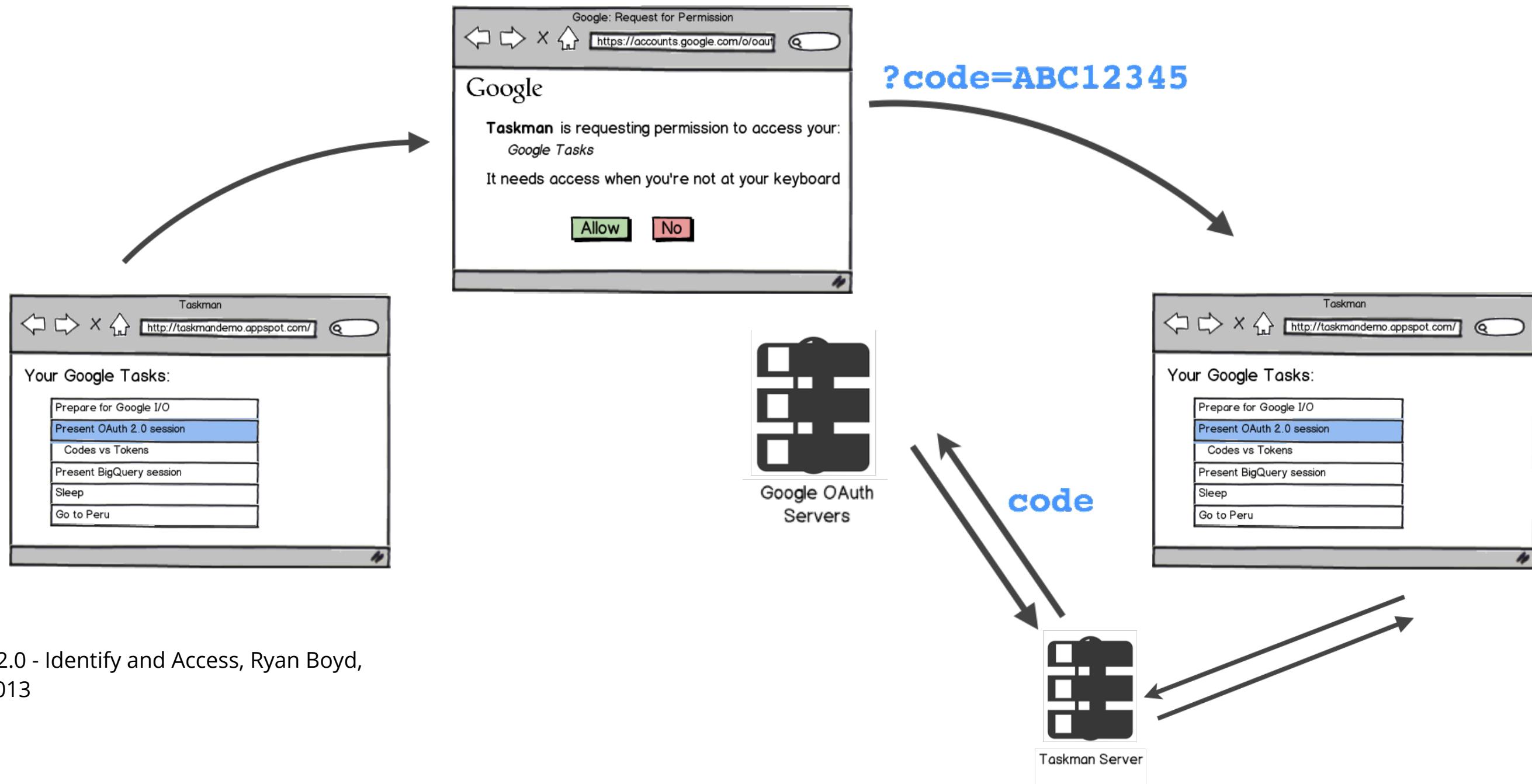


API call requirements

API call	Requirements
Search for videos	App needs a developer key
Get data about a video	App needs a developer key
Android Player API	App needs a developer key
Upload and manage videos	Needs OAuth and YouTube channel
Create and manage playlists	Needs OAuth and YouTube channel



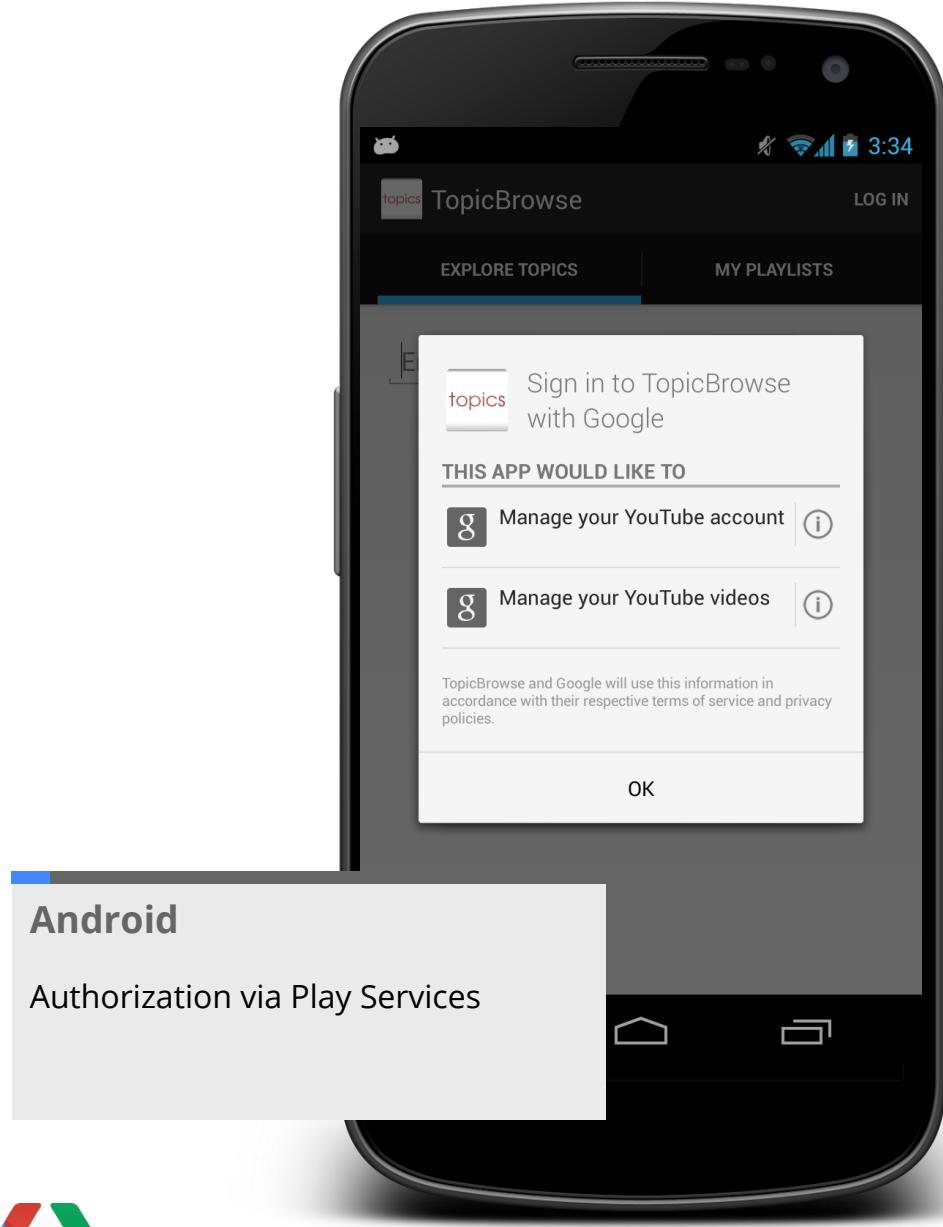
OAuth for the web



Source: OAuth 2.0 - Identify and Access, Ryan Boyd,
SXSW, March 2013

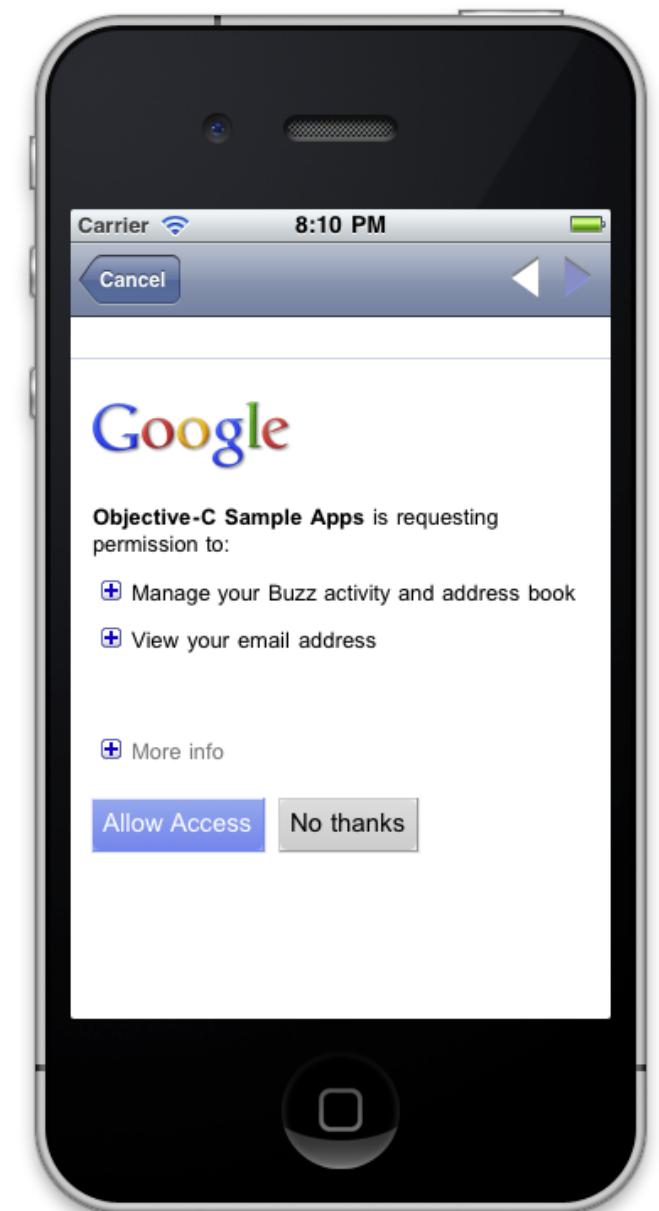


OAuth 2 for phones/tablets



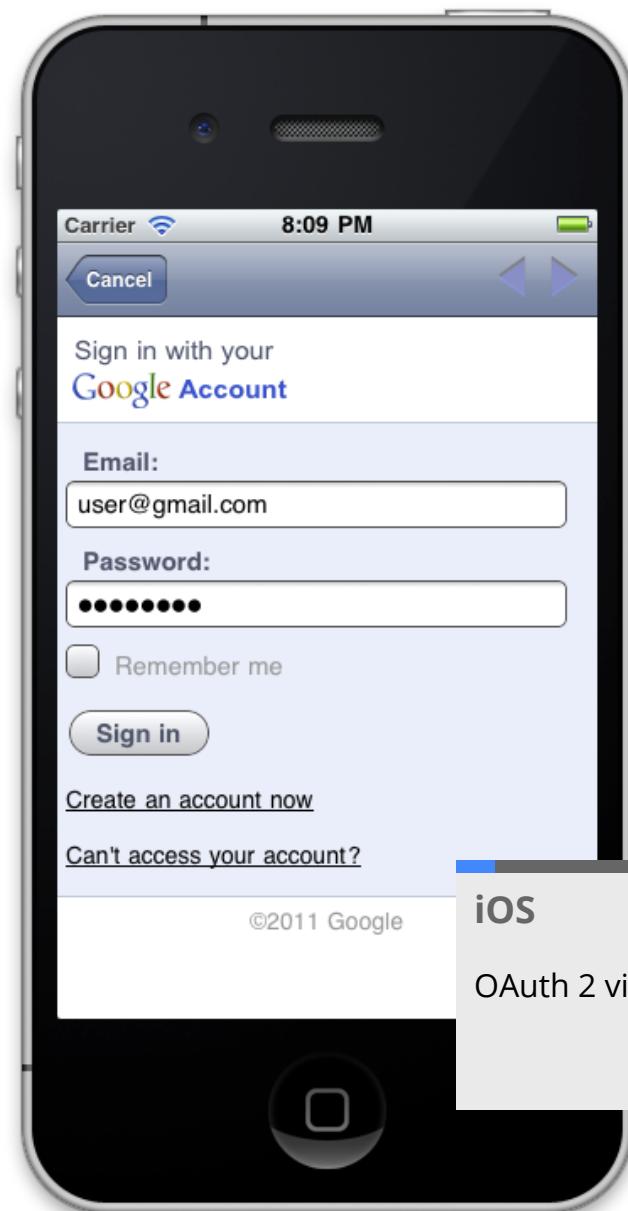
Android

Authorization via Play Services

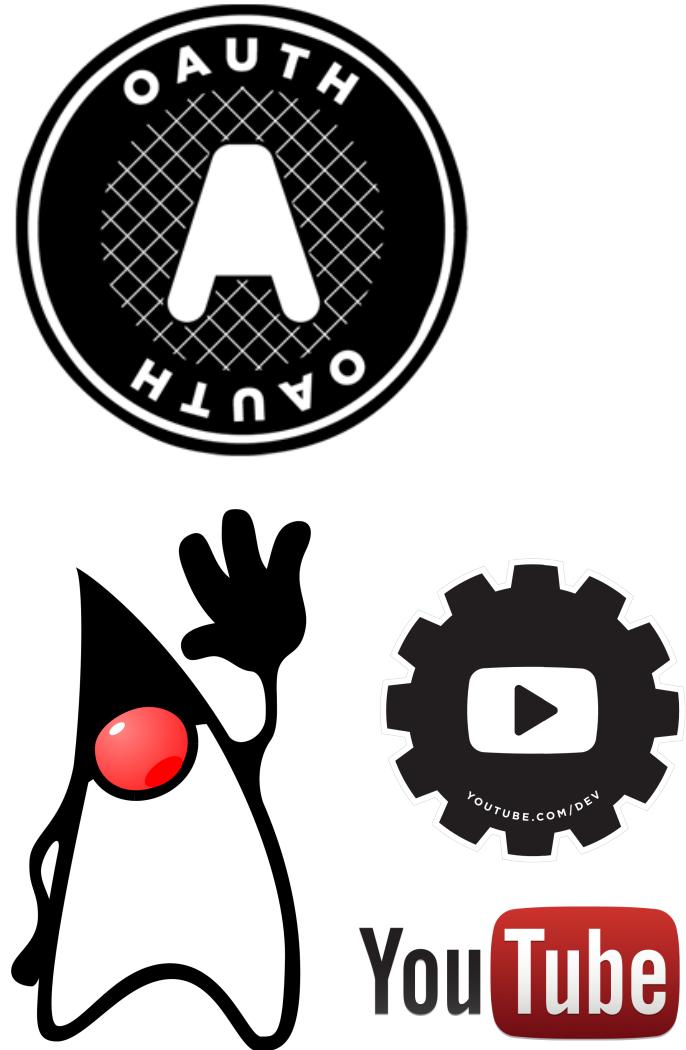
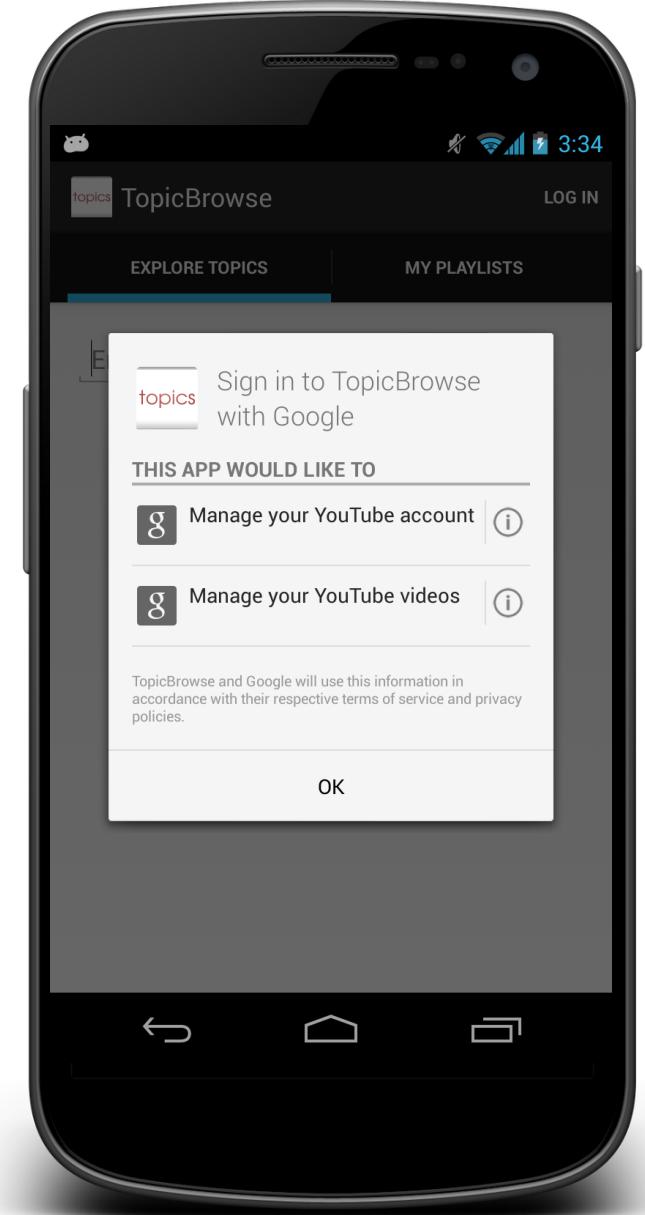


iOS

OAuth 2 via a WebView



Play Services for Android



- Native authorization dialog
- Token management
- Works seamlessly with YouTube v3 API client



Authorizing a channel

GoogleAuthUtil in action

Java

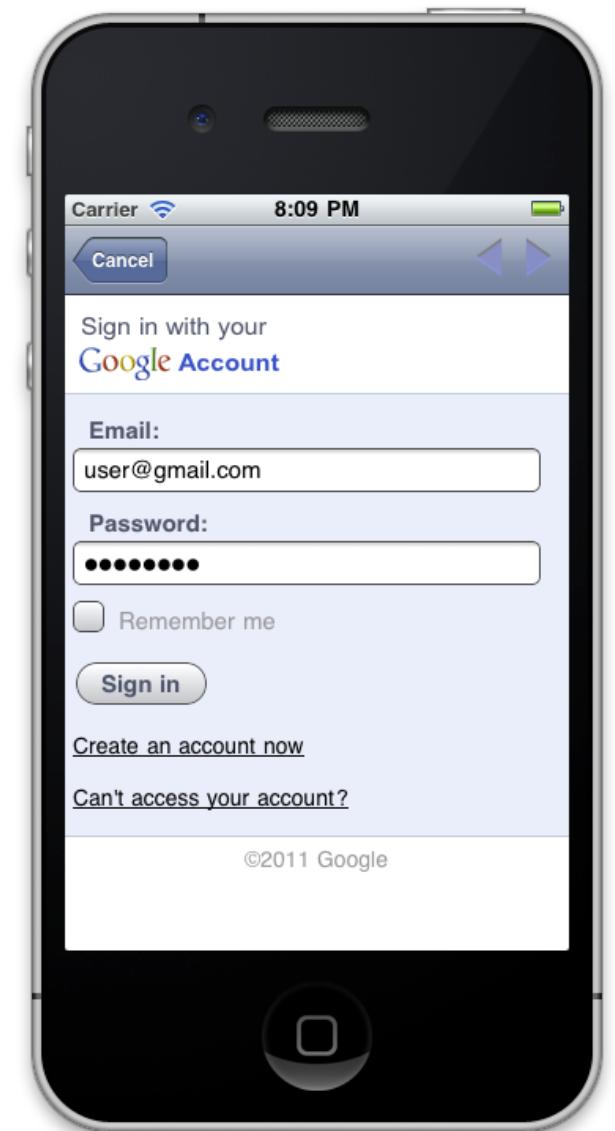
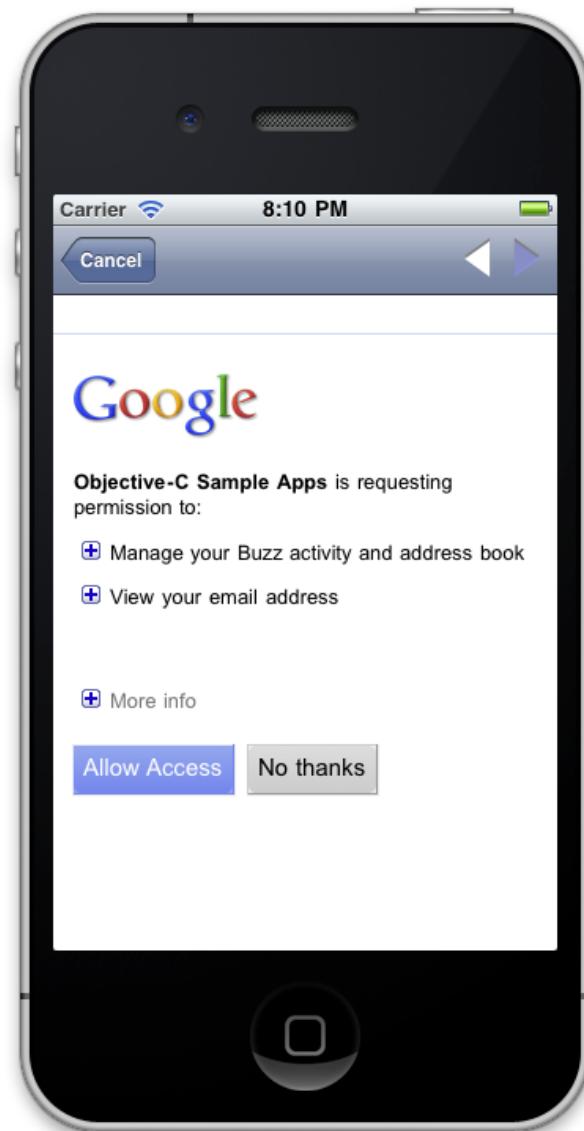
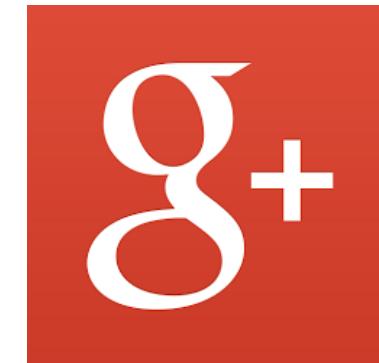
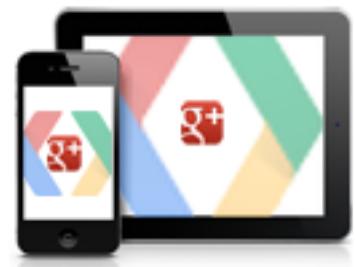
```
public static final int REQUEST_USER_AUTHORIZATION = 1;

try {
    String authToken = GoogleAuthUtil.getToken(mContext,
        accountName, "oauth2:" + YouTubeScopes.YOUTUBE + " "
        + YouTubeAnalyticsScopes.YT_ANALYTICS_READONLY);
    // Make API call with the authToken!
} catch (UserRecoverableAuthException e) {
    // User needs to authorize this application, or take some other action
    Intent authIntent = e.getIntent();
    ((Activity) mContext).startActivityForResult(authIntent, REQUEST_USER_AUTHORIZATION);
}
```



Authorization on iOS

- Google+ Platform for iOS
<https://developers.google.com/+/mobile/ios>
- gtm-oauth2
<https://code.google.com/p/gtm-oauth2>



gtm-oauth2 in action

```
#import "GTMOAuth2ViewControllerTouch.h"

static NSString *const kKeychainItemName = @"OAuth2 Sample: YouTube API";
NSString *kMyClientID = @"abcd";      // pre-assigned by service
NSString *kMyClientSecret = @"efgh"; // pre-assigned by service
NSString *scope = @"https://www.googleapis.com/auth/youtube"; // scope for YouTube API
GTMOAuth2ViewControllerTouch *viewController;
viewController = [[[GTMOAuth2ViewControllerTouch alloc] initWithScope:scope
    clientID:kMyClientID
    clientSecret:kMyClientSecret
    keychainItemName:kKeychainItemName
    delegate:self
    finishedSelector:@selector(viewController:finishedWithAuth:error:)] autorelease];

[[self navigationController] pushViewController:viewController:animated:YES];
```

Objective-C



Tip: Help the user create a channel if they do not already have a YouTube channel.



YouTube channels and Google accounts

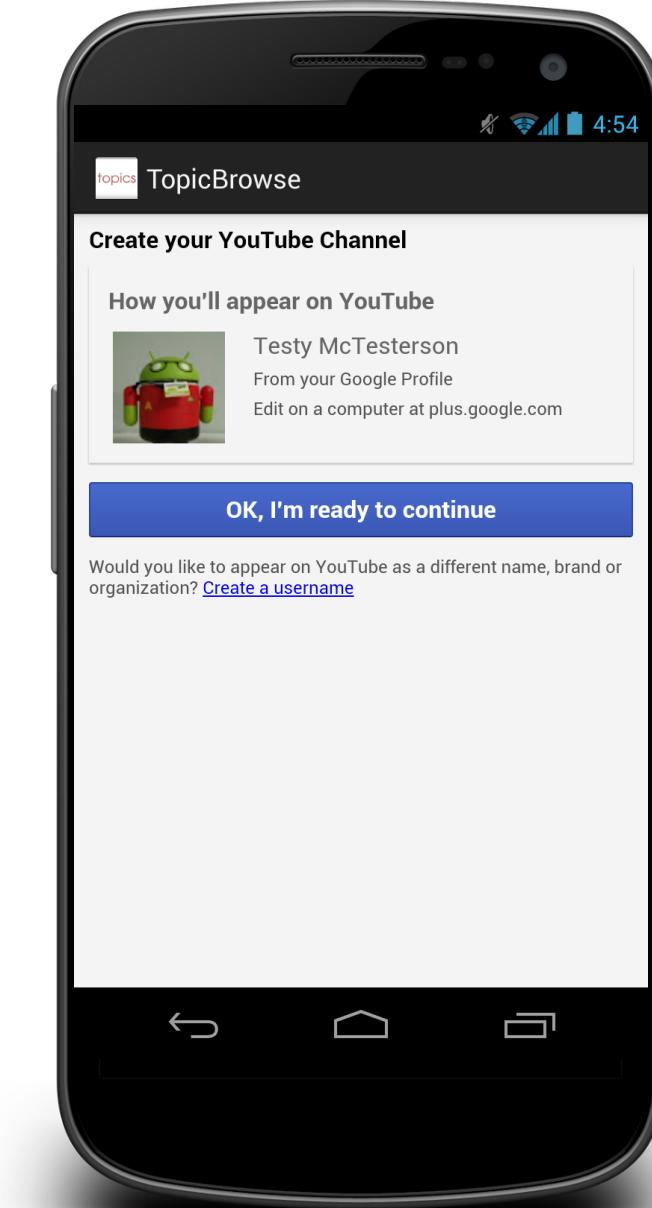
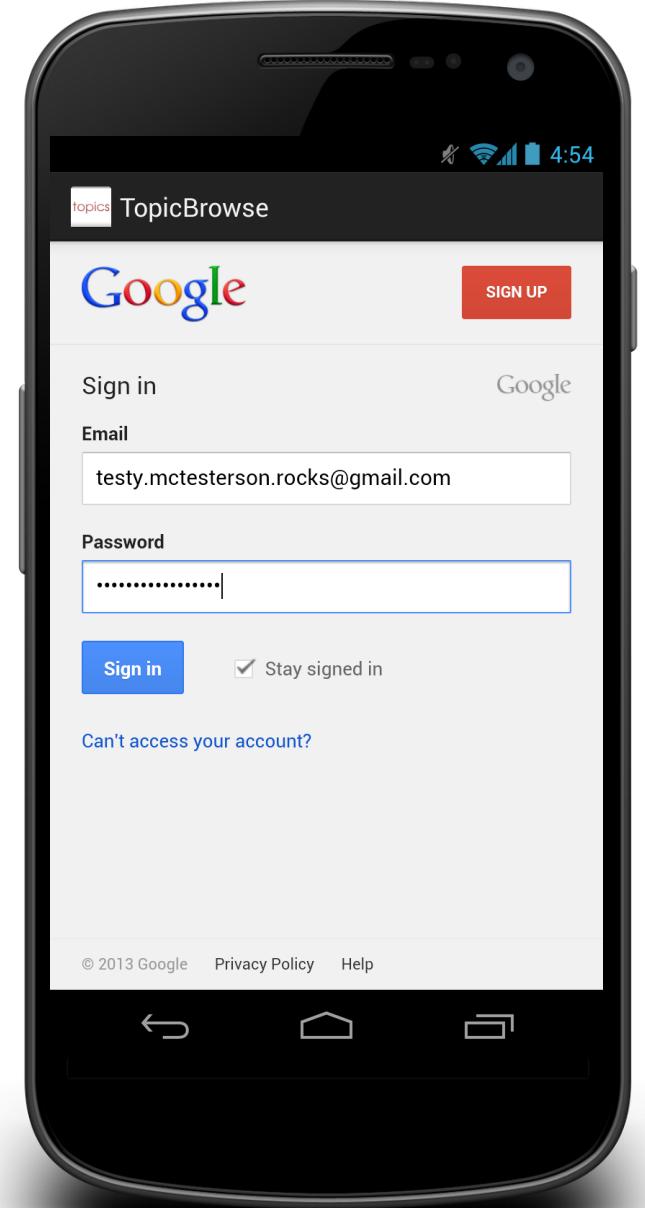
- A Google Account may exist without a YouTube channel
- Channels are required for
 - Playlist management
 - Video uploads
- **You may need to help the user create a channel!**



Creating a YouTube channel

YouTube API
HTTP 401 thrown with reason ==
youtubeSignupRequired

Start Activity



Does the user have a YouTube channel?

Lazy checking

Java

```
try {
    yt.playlistItems().insert("snippet,contentDetails", playlistItem).execute();
} catch (GoogleJsonResponseException e) {
    GoogleJsonError error = e.getDetails();
    for(GoogleJsonError.ErrorInfo errorInfo : error.getErrors()) {
        if(errorInfo.getReason().equals("youtubeSignupRequired")) {
            // Start an activity to create a channel
            Intent createChannelActivity = new Intent(VideoPlayerActivity.this,
CreateChannelActivity.class);
            startActivity(createChannelActivity);
        }
    }
}
```



Make the API call

Java

```
try {
    yt.playlistItems().insert("snippet,contentDetails", playlistItem).execute();
} catch (GoogleJsonResponseException e) {
    GoogleJsonError error = e.getDetails();
    for(GoogleJsonError.ErrorInfo errorInfo : error.getErrors()) {
        if(errorInfo.getReason().equals("youtubeSignupRequired")) {
            // Start an activity to create a channel
            Intent createChannelActivity = new Intent(VideoPlayerActivity.this,
CreateChannelActivity.class);
            startActivity(createChannelActivity);
        }
    }
}
```



Oops! GoogleJsonResponseException thrown!

Java

```
try {
    yt.playlistItems().insert("snippet,contentDetails", playlistItem).execute();
} catch (GoogleJsonResponseException e) {
    GoogleJsonError error = e.getDetails();
    for(GoogleJsonError.ErrorInfo errorInfo : error.getErrors()) {
        if(errorInfo.getReason().equals("youtubeSignupRequired")) {
            // Start an activity to create a channel
            Intent createChannelActivity = new Intent(VideoPlayerActivity.this,
CreateChannelActivity.class);
            startActivity(createChannelActivity);
        }
    }
}
```



Iterate through the errors

Java

```
try {
    yt.playlistItems().insert("snippet,contentDetails", playlistItem).execute();
} catch (GoogleJsonResponseException e) {
    GoogleJsonError error = e.getDetails();
    for(GoogleJsonError.ErrorInfo errorInfo : error.getErrors()) {
        if(errorInfo.getReason().equals("youtubeSignupRequired")) {
            // Start an activity to create a channel
            Intent createChannelActivity = new Intent(VideoPlayerActivity.this,
CreateChannelActivity.class);
            startActivity(createChannelActivity);
        }
    }
}
```



Check for "youtubeSignupRequired"

Java

```
try {
    yt.playlistItems().insert("snippet,contentDetails", playlistItem).execute();
} catch (GoogleJsonResponseException e) {
    GoogleJsonError error = e.getDetails();
    for(GoogleJsonError.ErrorInfo errorInfo : error.getErrors()) {
        if(errorInfo.getReason().equals("youtubeSignupRequired")) {
            // Start an activity to create a channel
            Intent createChannelActivity = new Intent(VideoPlayerActivity.this,
CreateChannelActivity.class);
            startActivity(createChannelActivity);
        }
    }
}
```



Direct the user to creating a channel

Java

```
try {
    yt.playlistItems().insert("snippet,contentDetails", playlistItem).execute();
} catch (GoogleJsonResponseException e) {
    GoogleJsonError error = e.getDetails();
    for(GoogleJsonError.ErrorInfo errorInfo : error.getErrors()) {
        if(errorInfo.getReason().equals("youtubeSignupRequired")) {
            // Start an activity to create a channel
            Intent createChannelActivity = new Intent(VideoPlayerActivity.this,
CreateChannelActivity.class);
            startActivity(createChannelActivity);
        }
    }
}
```



Also: It's possible to check for the presence of a channel ahead of time.



Checking ahead of time for a channel

We'll quickly step through this code

```
GoogleCredential credential = new GoogleCredential();
credential.setAccessToken(authToken);
YouTube youtube = new YouTube.Builder(new NetHttpTransport(), new JacksonFactory(),
    credential).setApplicationName("YouTubeMobileCodeLab/0.1")
    .build();

YouTube.Channels.List channelRequest = youtube.channels().list("status");
channelRequest.setMine("true");
channelRequest.setFields("items/status");
ChannelListResponse channelResult = channelRequest.execute();
List<Channel> channelsList = channelResult.getItems();
for (Channel channel : channelsList) {
    Map<String, Object> status = (Map<String, Object>) channel.get("status");
    if (true == (Boolean) status.get("isLinked")) {
        // Channel is linked to a Google Account
    } else {
        // Channel is NOT linked to a Google Account
    }
}
```

Java



Create a GoogleCredential instance

Java

```
GoogleCredential credential = new GoogleCredential();
credential.setAccessToken(authToken);
YouTube youtube = new YouTube.Builder(new NetHttpTransport(), new JacksonFactory(),
    credential).setApplicationName("YouTubeMobileCodeLab/0.1")
    .build();
```

```
YouTube.Channels.List channelRequest = youtube.channels().list("status");
channelRequest.setMine("true");
channelRequest.setFields("items/status");
ChannelListResponse channelResult = channelRequest.execute();
```



Remember me? Put the auth token to use!

Java

```
GoogleCredential credential = new GoogleCredential();
credential.setAccessToken(authToken);
YouTube youtube = new YouTube.Builder(new NetHttpTransport(), new JacksonFactory(),
    credential).setApplicationName("YouTubeMobileCodeLab/0.1")
    .build();
```

```
YouTube.Channels.List channelRequest = youtube.channels().list("status");
channelRequest.setMine("true");
channelRequest.setFields("items/status");
ChannelListResponse channelResult = channelRequest.execute();
```



Create an instance of the YouTube API client

Java

```
GoogleCredential credential = new GoogleCredential();
credential.setAccessToken(authToken);
YouTube youtube = new YouTube.Builder(new NetHttpTransport(), new JacksonFactory(),
    credential).setApplicationName("YouTubeMobileCodeLab/0.1")
    .build();
```

```
YouTube.Channels.List channelRequest = youtube.channels().list("status");
channelRequest.setMine("true");
channelRequest.setFields("items/status");
ChannelListResponse channelResult = channelRequest.execute();
```



Configure and make the API call

Java

```
GoogleCredential credential = new GoogleCredential();
credential.setAccessToken(authToken);
YouTube youtube = new YouTube.Builder(new NetHttpTransport(), new JacksonFactory(),
    credential).setApplicationName("YouTubeMobileCodeLab/0.1")
    .build();
```

```
YouTube.Channels.List channelRequest = youtube.channels().list("status");
channelRequest.setMine("true");
channelRequest.setFields("items/status");
ChannelListResponse channelResult = channelRequest.execute();
```



Iterate through API call result info

Java

```
List<Channel> channelsList = channelResult.getItems();
for (Channel channel : channelsList) {
    Map<String, Object> status = (Map<String, Object>) channel.get("status");
    if (true == (Boolean) status.get("isLinked")) {
        // Channel is linked to a Google Account
    } else {
        // Channel is NOT linked to a Google Account
    }
}
```



Get the status of the API call

Java

```
List<Channel> channelsList = channelResult.getItems();
for (Channel channel : channelsList) {
    Map<String, Object> status = (Map<String, Object>) channel.get("status");
    if (true == (Boolean) status.get("isLinked")) {
        // Channel is linked to a Google Account
    } else {
        // Channel is NOT linked to a Google Account
    }
}
```



Check to see if the channel is linked

Java

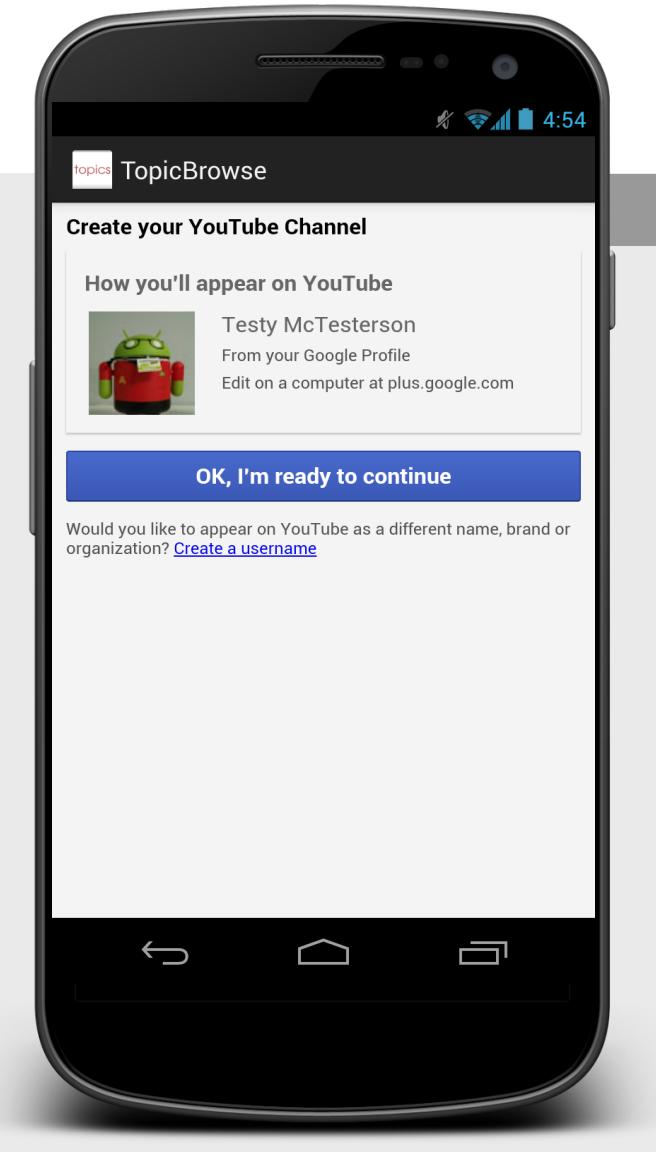
```
List<Channel> channelsList = channelResult.getItems();
for (Channel channel : channelsList) {
    Map<String, Object> status = (Map<String, Object>) channel.get("status");
    if (true == (Boolean) status.get("isLinked")) {
        // Channel is linked to a Google Account
    } else {
        // Channel is NOT linked to a Google Account
    }
}
```



Possible solution: WebView to create channel page

Keeps user within app, but user has to re-type in account info

```
WebView myWebView = (WebView) findViewById(R.id.webview);
myWebView.getSettings().setJavaScriptEnabled(true);
myWebView.setWebViewClient(new WebViewClient() {
    @Override
    public void onPageFinished(WebView view, String url) {
        if (url.startsWith("https://m.youtube.com/#/oops")) {
            // Handle the error
        } else if (url.startsWith("https://m.youtube.com/channel_creation_done")) {
            // Return from this activity, the channel was successfully created
            Intent resultData = new Intent();
            setResult(Activity.RESULT_OK, resultData);
            finish();
        }
    }
});
myWebView.loadUrl("http://m.youtube.com/create_channel?chromeless=1&next=/channel_creation_done");
```



Recap

- Graceful failover
- Handle loading latency
- Data API: Use v3!
- Authorization
 - Android: Google Play Services
 - iOS: Google+ platform or gtm-oauth2
 - User may need a channel to do certain things; help them create one!



Acknowledgements

- Tom Bridgwater, YouTube
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- John Tighe, Skimble



<Thank You!>



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