

Assessed Coursework: Systems Verification

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February 12, 2013

Question 1

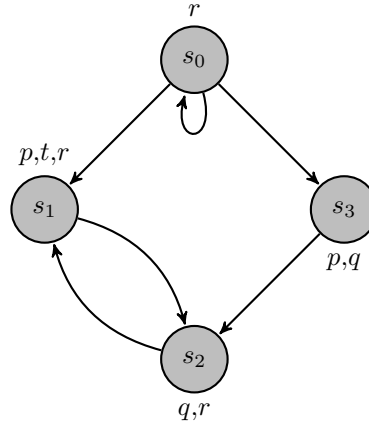


Figure 1: The transition system \mathcal{M}_1 .

Algebraic Form

A transition system $\mathcal{M} = (S, \rightarrow, \pi)$ is a set of states S endowed with a transition relation \rightarrow (a binary relation on S), such that every $s \in S$ has some $s' \in S$ with $s \rightarrow s'$, and an inverse labeling function $\pi : \mathcal{P} \rightarrow S$.

Our system \mathcal{M}_1 (figure: 1) can be described as following:

$$\mathcal{P} = \{p, q, r, t\}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_1 = \{\{s_0, s_1, s_2, s_3\}, \{(s_0, s_0), (s_0, s_1), (s_0, s_3), (s_1, s_2), (s_2, s_1), (s_3, s_1)\}, \pi\}$$

$$\pi(p) = \{s_1, s_3\}$$

$$\pi(q) = \{s_2, s_3\}$$

$$\pi(r) = \{s_0, s_1, s_2\}$$

$$\pi(t) = \{s_1\}$$

Infinite Tree

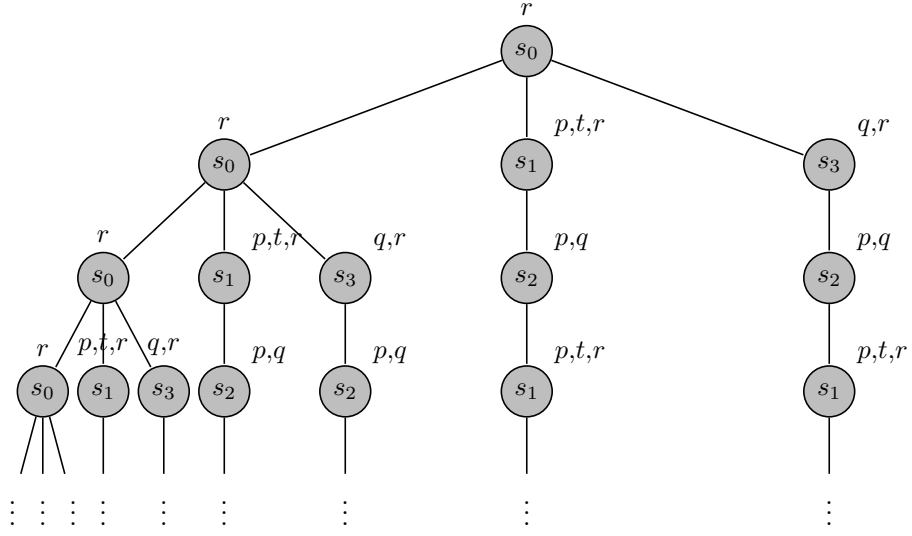


Figure 2: Unwinding the system described by \mathcal{M}_1 as an infinite tree of all computation paths beginning in s_0 (first layer).

Satisfiability

Question 2

Question 3

Question 4

Truth Table

x_1	x_2	y_1	y_2	$x_1 \wedge x_2$	$y_1 \wedge y_2$	$(x_1 \wedge x_2) \vee (y_1 \wedge y_2)$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0	1	1
0	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	0	1	1
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1