## Modern Mathematical Physics

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## Part I Quantum mechanics

### Wave-particle duality

#### 1.1 Particle properties of light

Black body radiation(1901) Photoelectric effect(1905) Compton scattering(1923)

#### 1.2 Wave properties of electrons

Bohr atom model (1913) Rutherford scattering (1911) Franck-Hertz experiment (1914) De Brogile waves (1924) Electron diffraction Davisson-Germer (1927) George Pagit Thompson (1928)

#### 1.3 Interpretations of quantum mechanics

Heisenberg picture and Schrödinger picture Hilbert space, wave functions, Dirac notation Copenhagen interpretation observables and self-adjoint operators EPR paradox and entanglement?

#### 1.4 Canonical commutation relation

canonical quantization fourier transform Stone-von Neumann theorem

## Schrödinger equation

#### 2.1 Time-independent potentials

Infinite well Harmonic oscillator Free particle Hydrogen atom

#### 2.2 Perturbative theory

WKB approximation Fine structure Scattering theory

## Spin

- 3.1 Spin of electrons
- 3.2 Dirac equation

Pair production(1941)

3.3 Wigner classification

## Part II Statistical mechanics

## **Thermodynamics**

#### 4.1 Equilibrium

Equation of states Thermal processes

#### 4.2 Kinetic theory of gas

ergodic theory BBGKY hierarchy

#### 4.3 Ensembles

microcanonical, canonical, grand canonical

## **Quantum statistics**

#### 5.1 Fermions and Bosons

Two statistics Fermi sea Bose-Einstein condensation

#### 5.2 Solid state physics

phonon

## Renormalization group

#### 6.1 Phase transition

Magnetic models Ginzburg Landau theory

## Part III Quantum field theory

## Perturbative field theory

- 7.1 Path integral formulation
- 7.2 Field equations
- 7.3 Feynman diagrams

## Non-perturbative field theory

8.1 Algebraic quantum field theory

## Nonabelian gauge theory

# Part IV Quantum gravity