# Problem 01: Write a Java program to print all elements of a given 2D array

## Code:

```
3
      package javaproject;
 4
  import java.util.Scanner;
 6
 7
 8
 9
      public class Test {
10
       public static void main(String[] args) {
11
       int a[][] =new int[2][3];
12
        Scanner input =new Scanner (System.in);
13
        System.out.println("enter array elemants ");
14
15
16
17 🚊
       for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
18
19 😑
       for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
            a[i][j]=input.nextInt();}
20
21
22
         System.out.println("Matrix");
23
24
        for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
25
       for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
26
       System.out.print(a[i][j]+ " "); }
27
        System.out.println();
28
29
30
        }
31
```

```
enter array elemants
4 9 6 7 5 3

Matrix
4 9 6
7 5 3

BUILD SUCCESS
```

## Problem 02: Sum of each row and each column in a 2D array

#### Code:

```
public class Test {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 int [][] integars ={
     {3,6,3,9},
     {9,6,8,5},
     {7,2,0,1}
         };
 for (int i=0; i<3; i++) {
 int sum=0;
 for (int j=0; j<4; j++) {
 sum += integars [i][j]; //sum=sum+integars [i][j];
 System.out.println("the sum of row "+(i+1)+ "="+sum); }
  for (int i=0; i<4; i++) {
  int sum=0;
 for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
 sum += integars [j][i];
 System.out.println("the sum of column " +(i+1)+ "="+sum); }
```

## Problem 03: Find the largest and smallest elements

#### Code:

```
11 public static void main(String[] args) {
12
       int max, min;
13
       int a[][] =new int[2][3];
       Scanner input =new Scanner(System.in);
14
        System.out.println("enter array elemants ");
15
16
17
       for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
18
19
20 -
       for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
           a[i][j]=input.nextInt();}
21
            }
22
23
24
        for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
25
   for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
26
27
       System.out.print(a[i][j]+ "\t"); }
        System.out.println();
28
29
        max=a[0][0];
30
31
        min=a[0][0];
32
        for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
33
       for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
34
35
           if(a[i][j]>max){max=a[i][j];}
36
          if(a[i][j]<min){min=a[i][j];}
37
         System.out.println("Maximum element : "+max);
38
        System.out.println("Minimum element : "+min);
39
40
41
42
```

```
enter array elemants
5 9 7 6 3 1
5 9 7
6 3 1
Maximum element: 9
Minimum element: 1
BUILD SUCCESS
```

## Problem 04: Sum of all elements in a 2D array

#### Code:

```
9
     public class Test {
10
11 -
      public static void main(String[] args) {
12
       int a[][] =new int[2][3];
13
       Scanner input =new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.println("enter array elemants ");
14
15
16
17  for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
18
19 -
       for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
20
          a[i][j]=input.nextInt();}
21
22
23 =
       for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
24
25 -
       for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
      System.out.print(a[i][j]+ "\t"); }
26
27
        System.out.println();
28
        int sum=0;
29
30 =
        for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
32
     for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
            sum=sum+ a[i][j]; }
33
34
        System.out.println("sum of all elements: "+sum);
35
36
37
38
```

```
enter array elemants

1 2 3 4 5 6

1 2 3

4 5 6

sum of all elements: 21

BUILD SUCCESS
```

## Problem 05: Find the transpose of a Matrix

#### Code:

```
9
     public class Test {
10
       public static void main(String[] args) {
11 -
       int a[][] =new int[2][3];
12
       Scanner input =new Scanner(System.in);
13
       System.out.println("enter array elemants ");
15
16
       for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
17
18
19 -
       for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
            a[i][j]=input.nextInt();}
20
21
22
  for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
23
24
25 -
       for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
     System.out.print(a[i][j]+ "\t"); }
26
       System.out.println();
27
28
      System.out.println("Transpose Matrix");
29
       for (int i=0; i<3; i++) {
30 =
31
9
  for (int j=0; j<2; j++) {
     System.out.print(a[j][i]+ "\t"); }
33
       System.out.println();
35
36
37
```

```
enter array elemants

1 2 3 4 5 6

1 2 3

4 5 6

Transpose Matrix

1 4

2 5

3 6
```

#### Problem 06: Add two matrixes and store the result in another 2D array

#### Code:

```
11 -
        public static void main(String[] args) {
12
        int a[][] =new int[2][3];
13
        int b[][] =new int[2][3];
        int c[][] =new int[2][3];
14
        Scanner input =new Scanner (System.in);
15
        System.out.println("enter first array elemants ");
16
17
       for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
18 =
      for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
         a[i][j]=input.nextInt();} }
19
20
21 -
        for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
22 =
       for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
       System.out.print(a[i][j]+ "\t"); }
23
24
        System.out.println(); }
        System.out.println("enter second array elemants ");
25
26 -
      for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
27
     for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
28
         b[i][j]=input.nextInt();}
29 -
        for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
30 =
      for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
       System.out.print(b[i][j]+ "\t"); }
31
32
        System.out.println();
33
        System.out.println("sum of two matrix :");
34
35
        for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
36
      for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
37
          c[i][j]=a[i][j]+b[i][j];
       System.out.print(c[i][j]+ "\t"); }
38
39
         System.out.println();
40
                             } } }
```

```
enter first array elemants
1 2 3 4 5 6
1
      2
               3
      5
               6
enter second array elemants
4 5 6 7 8 9
       5
7
      8
sum of two matrix :
       7
      13
              1.5
BUILD SUCCESS
```

#### Problem 07: Multiply two matrixes and store the result in another 2D array

#### Code:

```
11 -
       public static void main(String[] args) {
12
       int a[][] =new int[2][3];
       int b[][] =new int[2][3];
13
       int c[][] = new int[2][3];
14
       Scanner input =new Scanner (System.in);
15
       System.out.println("enter first array elemants ");
16
      for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
17
      for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
18
        a[i][j]=input.nextInt();} }
19
20
       for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
21
   for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
22
      System.out.print(a[i][j]+ "\t"); }
23
        System.out.println(); }
24
        System.out.println("enter second array elemants ");
25
26
      for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
27
      for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
28
           b[i][j]=input.nextInt();}
29
       for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
30 -
      for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
      System.out.print(b[i][j]+ "\t"); }
31
       System.out.println();
32
33
       System.out.println("Multiplication of two matrix :");
34
       for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
35
     for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
36
         c[i][j]=a[i][j]*b[i][j];
37
      System.out.print(c[i][j]+ "\t"); }
38
        System.out.println();
39
40
                         } } }
```

#### Output:

BUILD SUCCESS

```
enter first array elemants
1 2 3 4 5 6
1
         2
                  3
         5
                  6
enter second array elemants
4 5 6 7 8 9
4
         5
                  6
7
         8
                  9
Multiplication of two matrix :
4
         10
                  18
28
         40
                  54
```

#### Problem 08: Search for a given number In a 2D array and print it's position

#### Code:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
9
       int a[][] =new int[2][3];
10
       Scanner input =new Scanner(System.in);
11
      System.out.println("enter array elemants ");
12
13 🗀
        for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
14
      for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
        a[i][j]=input.nextInt();} }
15
16
17
       for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
18 for (int j=0; j<3; j++){
   System.out.print(a[i][j]+ "\t"); }
19
   System.out.println(); }
20
21
22
    int n, count=0;
    System.out.println("enter search element :");
23
    Scanner target = new Scanner (System.in);
24
25
    n=target.nextInt();
26
     for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {
27
      for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
28
29 -
          if (a[i][j]==n) {count++; /*i, j value input korar jonno
         nasted if else use korechi.nahoy break diye only if else use kortam*/
30
       if (count>0) {
31 -
    System.out.print("item found at"+i +","+j);}
32
     else
33
   System.out.print("item is not found"); }
34
35
36
37
       }
     }
38
```

```
enter array elemants

1 2 3 4 5 6

1 2 3

4 5 6

enter search element:

1

item found at0,0

BUILD SUCCESS
```

Problem 09: Write a Java program to check if a matrix is symmetric (i.e., matrix is equal to its transpose).

#### Code:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
9
       int a[][] =new int[3][3];
10
       Scanner input = new Scanner (System.in);
11
       System.out.println("enter matrix elemants ");
12
13
         for (int i=0; i<3; i++) {
      for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
14
15
        a[i][j]=input.nextInt();} }
16
   for (int i=0; i<3; i++) {
17
18
   for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
19
     System.out.print(a[i][j]+ "\t"); }
    System.out.println(); }
20
21
     int count=0;
22
23 =
      for (int i=0; i<3; i++) {
24
      for (int j=0; j<3; j++) {
25
         if (a[i][j]!=a[j][i]) {count++;
26
          break;}
27
28
      if (count==0) {
29
      System.out.println("Matrix is symmetric ");}
30
31
      else
         System.out.println("Matrix is nonsymmetric");
32
33
34
```

```
enter matrix elemants
1 2 3 2 4 5 3 5 8
1 2 3
2 4 5
3 5 8
Matrix is symmetric
BUILD SUCCESS
```

## Problem 10: Write a Java program to calculate the sum of the main diagonal and secondary diagonal of a square matrix.

#### Code:

```
3
      package javaproject;
 4
   import java.util.Scanner;
 5
 6
      public class Test {
 7
   public static void main(String[] args) {
 8
9
      Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.print("Enter matrix size: ");
10
11
      int n = input.nextInt();
      int a [][] = new int [n][n];
12
       System.out.println("Enter matrix elements:");
13
14 = 15 = 15
              for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                 for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
                      a[i][j] = input.nextInt();}}
16
17
              System.out.println("Square Matrix:- ");
18
   Ė
              for (int i=0;i<n;i++) {
19
              for (int j=0;j<n;j++) {
            System.out.print(a[i][j]+ " ");}
20
21
              System.out.println();}
22
              int sum = 0;  // Calculate sums of diagonals
23
24
              for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                sum = sum + a[i][i] + a[i][n - 1 - i];}
25
26
   ¢
              if (n % 2 == 1) { // If n is odd, subtract the middle element counted twice
27
                 sum =sum - a[n / 2][n / 2]; }
28
              System.out.println("Sum of both diagonals: " + sum);
29
30
31
              }
32
33
```

inde	0	2	2	
1	4	(5)	6	,
2	7	8	9	
Sum = sum + a[i][i] + a[i][n-1-i]; when $i = 0$ a[0][0] + a[0][2-1-0] or, $a[0][0] + a[0][2]$ if n is odd or, $a[0][0] + a[0][2]$ sum = sum - $a[n/2][n/2]$ ; that mean 1 + 3  so, $a[3/2][3/2]$ = $a[2][2]$ that's mean substreet 5 not for counting forice				