

08_1 Exception Class

Object-Oriented Programming

Errors and Exceptions

- Errors: Serious errors that **cannot be handled** by program code
 - Compile-time Error
 - Run-time Error
 - Logic Error
- Exceptions
 - Minor errors that **can be handled** by program code
- Exception Handling
 - Preventing abnormal termination of the program **by coding**
 - Maintaining normal execution

Types of Exception

- General Exception (= compile-time checked exception)
 - Compiler checks for existence of appropriate exception handling code
 - If there is no exception handling code, a compile error occurs
- Runtime Exception (= compile-time unchecked exception)
 - Does not check for exception handling code at compile time
 - But, to handle the exception, exception-handling code must be written by programmer
 - If runtime exception occurs
 - If the program has exception-handling code, then the code is executed
 - If no exception-handling code, the program stops immediately

Exception Classes

- java.lang.Exception
 - java.lang.ClassNotFoundException
 - java.io.IOException
 -
 - java.lang.RuntimeException
 - java.lang.ArithmeticException
 - java.lang.ClassCastException
 - java.lang.NullPointerException
 - java.lang.IndexOutOfBoundsException
 - ...
- } General Exception
(Compile-time checked Exception)
- } Runtime Exception
(Compile-time unchecked Exception)

General Exception: ClassNotFoundException (1/3)

```
class TempClass0 { }

public class ClassClass0 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        TempClass0 t0 = new TempClass0();
        System.out.println("t0.getClass() returns: " + t0.getClass());
    }
}
```

OUTPUT: t0.getClass() returns: **class TempClass0**

General Exception: ClassNotFoundException (2/3)

```
class TempClass0 { }

public class ClassClass0 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        TempClass0 t0 = new TempClass0();
        System.out.println("t0.getClass() returns: " + t0.getClass());
        Class classInfo;
        classInfo = Class.forName("TempClass0");
        System.out.println("classInfo: " + classInfo);
        System.out.println("classInfo.getName() returns: " + classInfo.getName());
    }
}
```

java: unreported exception java.lang.ClassNotFoundException; must be caught or declared to be thrown

General Exception: ClassNotFoundException (3/3)

```
class TempClass1 { }

public class ClassClass {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        TempClass1 t1 = new TempClass1();
        Class classInfo;
        System.out.println("t1.getClass() returns: " + t1.getClass());
        try {
            classInfo = Class.forName("TempClass1");
            System.out.println("classInfo: " + classInfo);
            System.out.println("classInfo.getName() returns: " + classInfo.getName());
        } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
            System.out.println("Class not found \"TempClass1\"");
        }
    }
}
```

t1.getClass() returns: **class** TempClass1
classInfo: **class** TempClass1
classInfo.getName() returns: TempClass1

General Exception: java.io.IOException

```
public class IOExceptionExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        BufferedReader reader = null;  
        try {  
            reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader("example.txt"));  
            String line;  
            while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {  
                System.out.println(line);  
            }  
        }  
        catch (IOException e) {  
            System.out.println("파일을 read 중에 오류가 발생: " + e.getMessage());  
            e.printStackTrace();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
파일을 read 중에 오류가 발생: example.txt (No such file or directory)  
java.io.FileNotFoundException: example.txt (No such file or directory)  
    at java.base/java.io.FileInputStream.open0(Native Method)  
    at java.base/java.io.FileInputStream.open(FileInputStream.java:213)  
    at java.base/java.io.FileInputStream.<init>(FileInputStream.java:152)  
    at java.base/java.io.FileInputStream.<init>(FileInputStream.java:106)  
    at java.base/java.io.FileReader.<init>(FileReader.java:60)  
    at IOExceptionExample.main(IOExceptionExample.java:9)
```


Runtime Exception: NullPointerException

- Occurs when the dot (.) operator is used on a reference variable without the object it references
- ex)

```
public class NullPointerExceptionDemo {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String str1;  
        String str2 = null;  
        // System.out.println(str1.toString()); // compile error!!  
        System.out.println(str2.toString()); // no compile error  
                                              // but runtime exception  
    }  
}
```

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NullPointerException: Cannot  
invoke "String.toString()" because "str2" is null  
    at NullPointerExceptionDemo.main(NullPointerExceptionDemo.java:6)
```

Runtime Exception: ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException

- Occurs when the index range is exceeded in the array

```
public class ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsExceptionDemo {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String[] strArray = new String[3];  
        strArray[0] = "Korea";  
        strArray[3] = "Seoul";  
    }  
}
```

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException:
Index 3 out of bounds for length 3 at
ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsExceptionDemo.main(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsExceptionDemo.java:5)

Runtime Exception: NumberFormatException

- Occurs when trying to convert a string into a numeric type data, such as int or double, and the string cannot be converted to a number (e.g. "23asdf", "?%o^*", ...)

```
public class NumberFormatExceptionDemo {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String str1 = "132.68";  
        String str2 = "abcde";  
        int num1 = Integer.parseInt(str1);  
        double num2 = Double.parseDouble(str2);  
    }  
}
```

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NumberFormatException: For input string: "132.68"  
    at java.base/java.lang.NumberFormatException.forInputString(NumberFormatException.java:67)  
    at java.base/java.lang.Integer.parseInt(Integer.java:588)  
    at java.base/java.lang.Integer.parseInt(Integer.java:685)  
    at NumberFormatExceptionDemo.main(NumberFormatExceptionDemo.java:5)
```

Runtime Exception: InputMismatchException

```
import java.util.InputMismatchException;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class InputMismatchExceptionExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Input an integer: ");
        int number = scanner.nextInt(); // assume input "abcd"
        System.out.println("Input Integer: " + number);
        scanner.close();
    }
}
```

Input an integer: abcd

```
Exception in thread "main" java.util.InputMismatchException
    at java.base/java.util.Scanner.throwFor(Scanner.java:964)
    at java.base/java.util.Scanner.next(Scanner.java:1619)
    at java.base/java.util.Scanner.nextInt(Scanner.java:2284)
    at java.base/java.util.Scanner.nextInt(Scanner.java:2238)
    at InputMismatchExceptionExample.main(InputMismatchExceptionExample.java:8)
```

Runtime Exception: ArithmeticException

```
public class ArithmeticExceptionExample {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int dividend = 10;  
        int divisor = 0;  
        int result = dividend / divisor;  
        System.out.println("Result: " + result);  
    }  
}
```

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero  
    at ArithmeticExceptionExample.main(ArithmeticExceptionExample.java:5)
```

Runtime Exception: ClassCastException (1/2)

- Occurs when type conversion between classes is not possible

```
class Vehicle { };
class Auto extends Vehicle { };
class Bicycle extends Vehicle { };

public class ClassCastExceptionDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Vehicle vec1 = new Auto();
        Vehicle vec2 = new Bicycle();

        Auto auto1 = (Auto) vec1;    // OK.. vec1's original class is Auto
        if (vec1 instanceof Auto) { // preventing wrong conversion
            Auto auto2 = (Auto) vec1;
        }

        Bicycle by = (Bicycle) vec2; // OK.. vec2's original class is Bicycle
        Auto auto3 = (Auto) vec2;    // ClassCastException
                                    // vec2's original class is Bicycle, not Auto
    }
}
```

Runtime Exception: ClassCastException (2/2)

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.ClassCastException: class Bicycle cannot be cast to  
class Auto (Bicycle and Auto are in unnamed module of loader 'app')  
    at ClassCastExceptionDemo.main(ClassCastExceptionDemo.java:16)
```