

# Sys::OsRelease & Sys::OsPackage

System Info & Package Installation

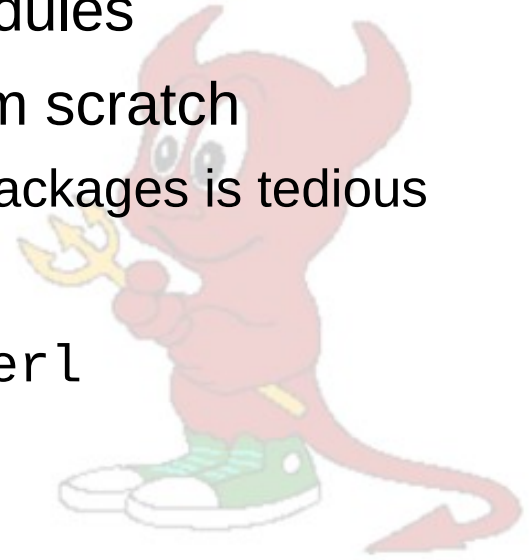
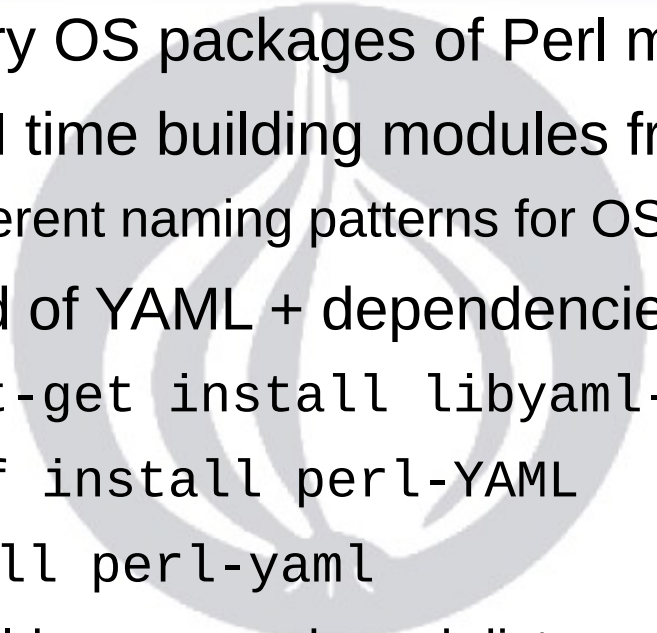
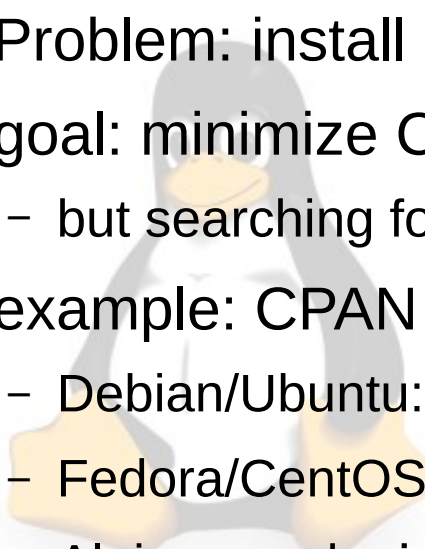


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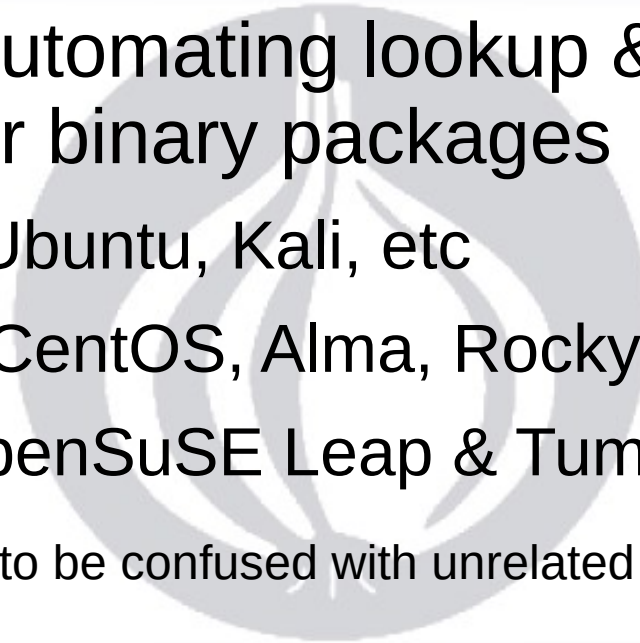
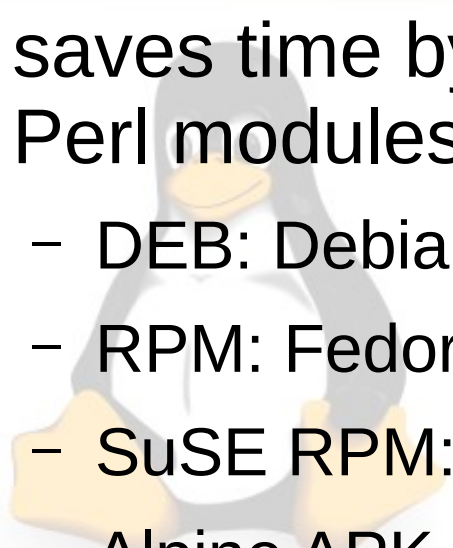
# Problem: CPAN vs OS packages

- Problem: install binary OS packages of Perl modules
- goal: minimize CPAN time building modules from scratch
  - but searching for different naming patterns for OS packages is tedious
- example: CPAN build of YAML + dependencies
  - Debian/Ubuntu: `apt-get install libyaml-perl`
  - Fedora/CentOS: `dnf install perl-YAML`
  - Alpine: `apk install perl-yaml`
  - fall back to CPAN build on source-based distros or if binary not available



# Sys::OsPackage automates it

- saves time by automating lookup & installation of Perl modules for binary packages
  - DEB: Debian, Ubuntu, Kali, etc
  - RPM: Fedora, CentOS, Alma, Rocky
  - SuSE RPM: OpenSuSE Leap & Tumbleweed
  - Alpine APK (not to be confused with unrelated Android APK)
  - Arch Pacman



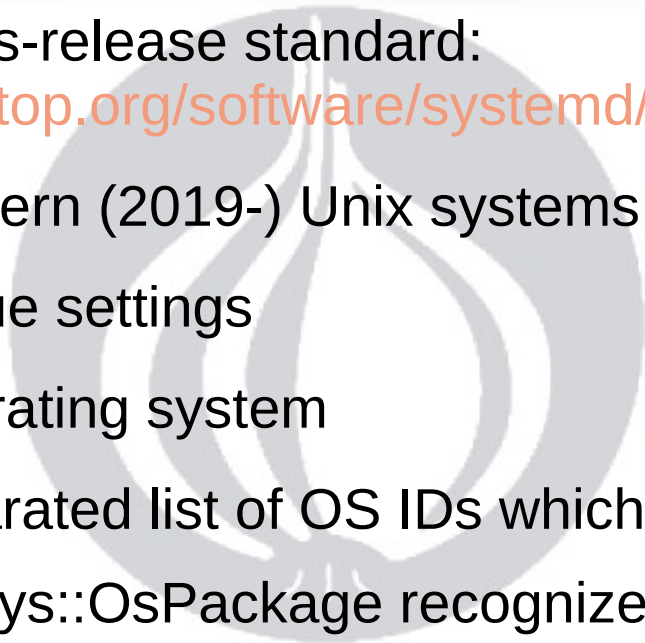
# Two layers to implementation

- Sys::OsRelease detects what system you're running on
  - based on FreeDesktop.Org /etc/os-release
- Sys::OsPackage installs Perl modules as OS packages or CPAN modules
  - including automating package name lookups



# Sys::OsRelease

- FreeDesktop.Org's os-release standard:  
<https://www.freedesktop.org/software/systemd/man/os-release.html>
- implemented on modern (2019-) Unix systems
- text file with key=value settings
- ID: identifies the operating system
- ID\_LIKE: space separated list of OS IDs which this OS is derived from
  - ID\_LIKE is how Sys::OsPackage recognizes derived systems



# Example /etc/os-release file

```
NAME="Fedora Linux"
VERSION="35 (Workstation Edition)"
ID=fedora
VERSION_ID=35
VERSION_CODENAME=""
PLATFORM_ID="platform:f35"
PRETTY_NAME="Fedora Linux 35 (Workstation Edition)"
ANSI_COLOR="0;38;2;60;110;180"
LOGO=fedora-logo-icon
CPE_NAME="cpe:/o:fedoraproject:fedora:35"
HOME_URL="https://fedoraproject.org/"
DOCUMENTATION_URL="https://docs.fedoraproject.org/en-US/fedora/f35/system-administrators-guide/"
SUPPORT_URL="https://ask.fedoraproject.org/"
BUG_REPORT_URL="https://bugzilla.redhat.com/"
REDHAT_BUGZILLA_PRODUCT="Fedora"
REDHAT_BUGZILLA_PRODUCT_VERSION=35
REDHAT_SUPPORT_PRODUCT="Fedora"
REDHAT_SUPPORT_PRODUCT_VERSION=35
PRIVACY_POLICY_URL="https://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Legal:PrivacyPolicy"
VARIANT="Workstation Edition"
VARIANT_ID=workstation
```

# Sys::OsRelease interface

non-object-oriented: class methods

```
Sys::OsRelease->init();  
my $id = Sys::OsRelease->id();  
my $id_like = Sys::OsRelease->id_like();
```

object-oriented: object methods

```
my $osrelease = Sys::OsRelease->instance();  
my $id = $osrelease->id();  
my $id_like = $osrelease->id_like();
```



# Sys::OsRelease internals

- Sys::OsRelease is the lower-level of the 2 classes
  - It provides a common singleton pattern implementation which Sys::OsPackage imports
    - “singleton” means the class has only one instance object
  - Minimizes the number of CPAN dependencies
  - Fewer dependencies are better for building containers
    - otherwise Class::Singleton would have been a good option



# os-release file attributes

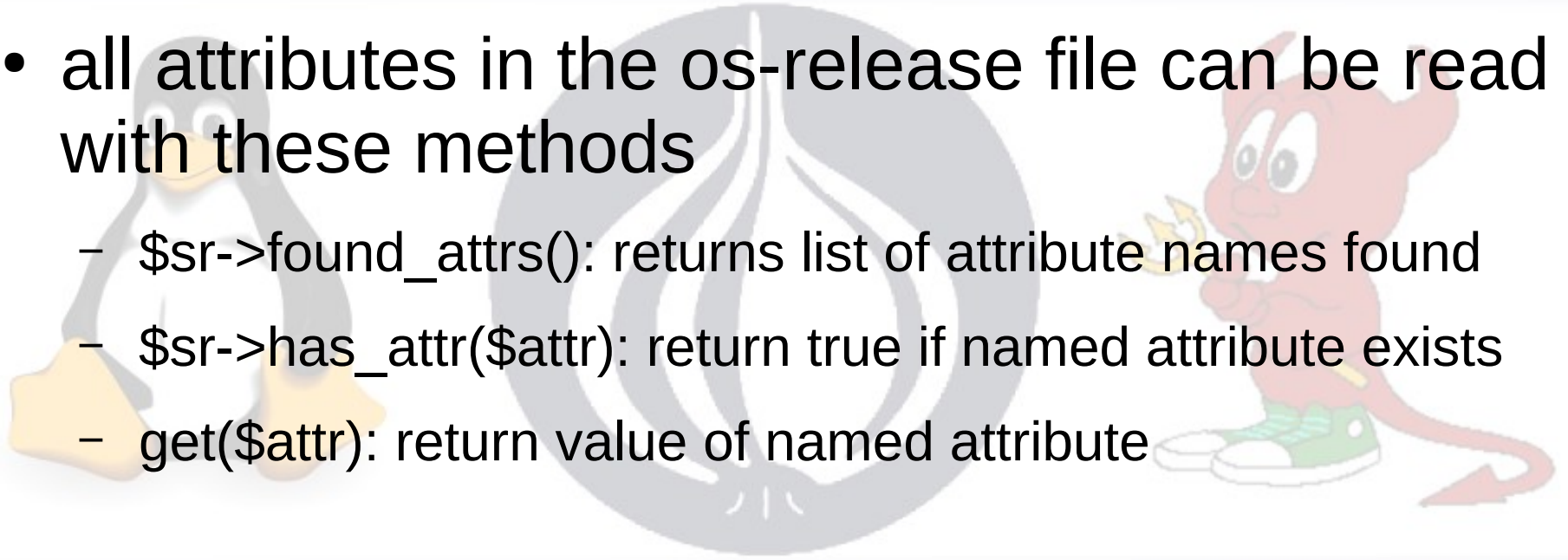
all implemented by Sys::OsRelease

Sys::OsRelease generates methods to cover all the standardized attributes:

NAME ID ID\_LIKE PRETTY\_NAME CPE\_NAME VARIANT  
VARIANT\_ID VERSION VERSION\_ID VERSION\_CODENAME  
BUILD\_ID IMAGE\_ID IMAGE\_VERSION HOME\_URL  
DOCUMENTATION\_URL SUPPORT\_URL  
BUG\_REPORT\_URL PRIVACY\_POLICY\_URL LOGO  
ANSI\_COLOR DEFAULT\_HOSTNAME SYSEXT\_LEVEL

# Sys::OsRelease attribute lookup

- all attributes in the os-release file can be read with these methods
  - `$sr->found_attrs()`: returns list of attribute names found
  - `$sr->has_attr($attr)`: return true if named attribute exists
  - `get($attr)`: return value of named attribute



# Sys::OsPackage interface

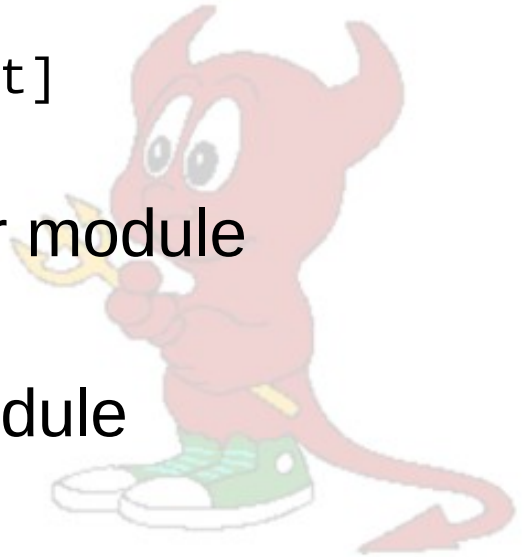
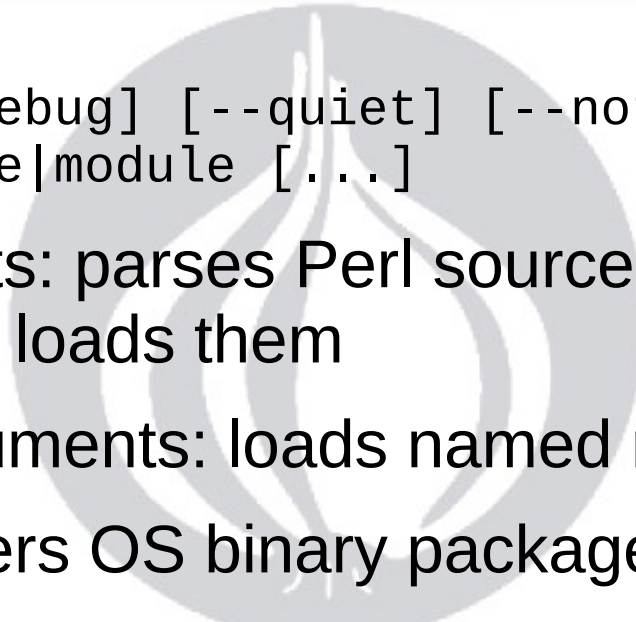
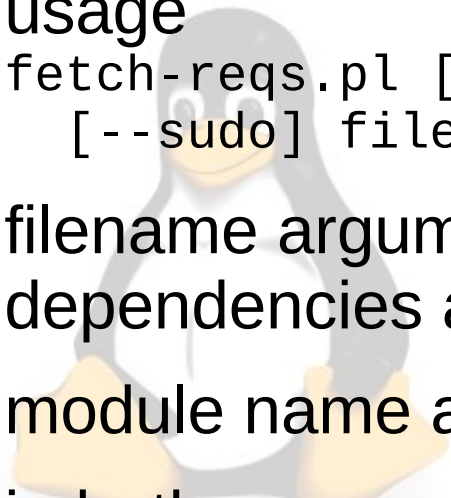
- Class & object methods like Sys::OsRelease

```
use Sys::OsPackage;  
my $ospackage = Sys::OsPackage->instance();  
foreach my $module ( qw(module-name ...)) {  
    $ospackage->install_module($module);  
}
```

# Command line interface

## fetch-reqs.pl

- usage  
`fetch-reqs.pl [--debug] [--quiet] [--notest]`  
 `[--sudo] filename|module [...]`
- filename arguments: parses Perl source for module dependencies and loads them
- module name arguments: loads named module
- in both cases prefers OS binary package
- falls back to CPAN module build if necessary



# use case: Github CI container

Use fetch-reqs.pl from Sys::OsPackage to install packages on various OS containers

This is a work in progress of a Github Action for another Perl module called WebFetch

```
- name: Install Dist::Zilla
run: |
  cpanm -v
  cpanm --notest Sys::OsPackage
  fetch-reqs.pl --sudo --notest Moose Test::Inter Test::Pod \
    liblog-log4perl-perl XML::DOM SQL::Statement Test::More
  fetch-reqs.pl --sudo --notest Dist::Zilla
  dzil --version

- name: Install Authordeps Modules
run: |
  cd main
  dzil authordeps --missing | fetch-reqs.pl --sudo --notest

- name: Install Listdeps Modules
run: |
  cd main
  pwd
  ls -l
  dzil listdeps --missing | fetch-reqs.pl --sudo --notest
```

# Sys::OsPackage driver modules

driver module	package format	OS supported
Sys::OsPackage::Driver::Alpine	APK	Alpine
Sys::OsPackage::Driver::Arch	Pacman	Arch
Sys::OsPackage::Driver::Debian	DEB	Debian, Ubuntu, Kali, etc
Sys::OsPackage::Driver::RPM	RPM	Fedora, CentOS, RHEL, Alma, Rocky, etc
Sys::OsPackage::Driver::Suse	RPM	OpenSuSE Leap & Tumbleweed, SuSE

Platforms which have source-based packaging were not initially targeted because they just build the CPAN module like CPAN would.

As with any Open Source project, more modules can be added by contributing them or working with the author to develop them.

# Looking forward

- Planned Sys::OsPackage::DepTree module
  - deep scan of module dependencies to pick up binary OS packages available further down
  - It will be separate module on CPAN
  - loadable via `-deptree` CLI option on `fetch-reqs.pl`
  - separates extra module dependencies from Sys::OsPackage
  - user gets to decide if they want to load the extra modules



# Online resources

- Sys::OsRelease
  - CPAN <https://metacpan.org/pod/Sys::OsRelease>
  - Github <https://github.com/ikluft/Sys-OsRelease>
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