

# D-Modules, Unit $F$ -Crystals, and Hodge Theory

Definitions, Theorems, Remarks, and Notable Examples

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# 1 Basics

Here we cover basic definitions and theorems in the theory of  $D$ -modules with a heavy emphasis on examples.

## 1.1 Weyl Algebra

Let  $K$  be a field of characteristic 0. We construct the Weyl algebra in two ways and prove that these constructions produce isomorphic rings.

**Definition 1.1.** Let  $K$  be a field of characteristic 0 and let  $K[X] = K[x_1, \dots, x_n] = \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$  be the polynomial ring over  $K$  in  $n$  variables, and let  $X = \mathbb{A}_K^n = \mathbb{A}^n$ . Consider the algebra of  $K$ -linear operators  $\text{End}_K(K[X])$  and more specifically the operators  $\hat{x}_i, \partial_j \in \text{End}_K(K[X])$  for  $1 \leq i, j \leq n$ . These are defined

$$\hat{x}_i : K[X] \rightarrow K[X], f \mapsto x_i \cdot f$$

and

$$\partial_j : K[X] \rightarrow K[X], f \mapsto \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_j}.$$

These are both linear operators, and they satisfy the relation

$$[\partial_j, \hat{x}_i] = \partial_j \hat{x}_i - \hat{x}_i \partial_j = \delta_{ij}.$$