

CSC 600-01 (SECTION 1)
Homework 2 - Procedural Programming
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CSC 600 HOMEWORK 2 - PROCEDURAL PROGRAMMING

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*Homework is prepared by: Ilya Kopyl.
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1. Plateau program (max sequence length) (a combinatorial algorithm)

The array $a(1..n)$ contains sorted integers. Write a function $\text{maxlen}(a,n)$ that returns the length of the longest sequence of identical numbers (for example, if $a = 1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 5, 6, 6, 6, 6, 7, 9$ then maxlen returns 4 because the longest sequence 6, 6, 6, 6 contains 4 numbers. Write a demo main program for testing the work of maxlen . Explain your solution, and insert comments in your program. The time complexity of the solution should belong to $O(n)$.

A code listing of implementation of maxlen function:

```
unsigned int maxlen(int *a, unsigned int n)
{
    // handling the edge cases of arrays of size 0 and 1
    if (n < 2)
        return n;

    unsigned int max_count, current_count, i;
    i = max_count = 0;
    current_count = 1;

    printf("\ta[%d]=%d; \tcurrent_count=%d; \tmax_count=%d\n",
        i, a[i], current_count, max_count);

    for (i = 1; i < n; ++i)
    {
        if (a[i] != a[i-1])    // starting the count of the new sequence:
        {
            if (current_count > max_count)
                max_count = current_count;

            // exit the loop if max_count is sufficiently large:
            if (max_count >= n - i)
                break;

            current_count = 1;
        }
        else    // continuing the count of the current sequence:
        {
            current_count++;

            if (i == n-1 && current_count > max_count)
                max_count = current_count;
        }

        printf("\ta[%d]=%d; \tcurrent_count=%d; \tmax_count=%d\n",
            i, a[i], current_count, max_count);
    }
    return max_count;
}
```

3. Write a BNF definition

The result of the program execution:

```
Array a:  1  1  1  2  3  3  5  6  6  6  6  7  9
a[0]=1;      current_count=1;      max_count=0
```

```

a[1]=1;      current_count=2;      max_count=0
a[2]=1;      current_count=3;      max_count=0
a[3]=2;      current_count=1;      max_count=3
a[4]=3;      current_count=1;      max_count=3
a[5]=3;      current_count=2;      max_count=3
a[6]=5;      current_count=1;      max_count=3
a[7]=6;      current_count=1;      max_count=3
a[8]=6;      current_count=2;      max_count=3
a[9]=6;      current_count=3;      max_count=3
a[10]=6;     current_count=4;      max_count=3
Max sequence length of array a = 4

```

Array b:
Max sequence length of array b = 0

Array c: 12
Max sequence length of array c = 1

```

Array d:  16   16   16   16   16   18   18   18
18   20
a[0]=16;      current_count=1;      max_count=0
a[1]=16;      current_count=2;      max_count=0
a[2]=16;      current_count=3;      max_count=0
a[3]=16;      current_count=4;      max_count=0
a[4]=16;      current_count=5;      max_count=0
Max sequence length of array d = 5

```

```

Array e:  0   0
a[0]=0;      current_count=1;      max_count=0
a[1]=0;      current_count=2;      max_count=2
Max sequence length of array e = 2

```

```

Array f: 0   1
a[0]=0;      current_count=1;      max_count=0
Max sequence length of array f = 1

```

```

Array g:  1   2   3   4   5   5   5   5
a[0]=1;      current_count=1;      max_count=0
a[1]=2;      current_count=1;      max_count=1
a[2]=3;      current_count=1;      max_count=1
a[3]=4;      current_count=1;      max_count=1
a[4]=5;      current_count=1;      max_count=1
a[5]=5;      current_count=2;      max_count=1
a[6]=5;      current_count=3;      max_count=1
a[7]=5;      current_count=4;      max_count=4
Max sequence length of array g = 4

```

Process finished with **exit** code 0

4. Write a BNF definition.

Following is an example :