Coding seminar

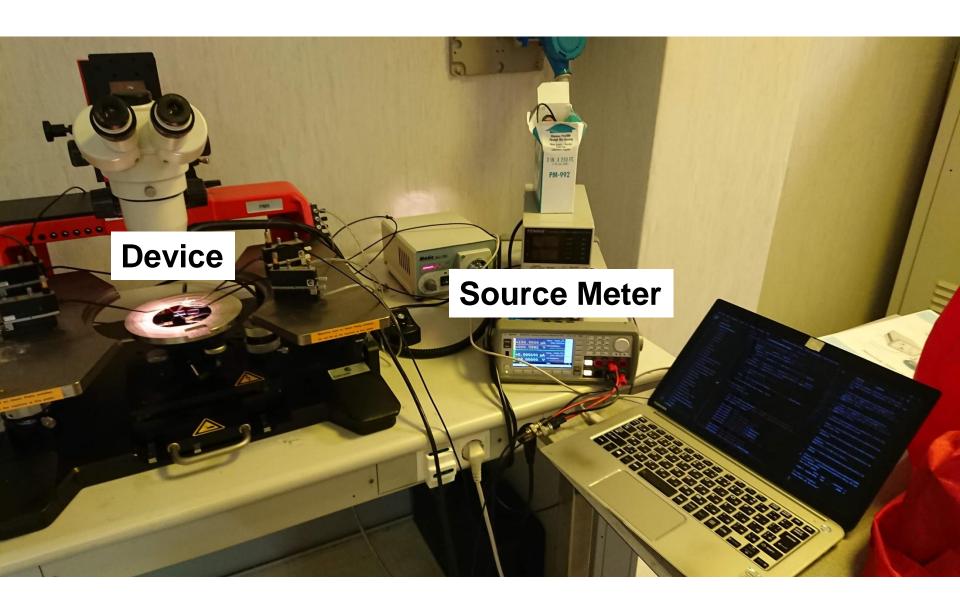
Lesson 5: Instrument control – PyVISA

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PyVISA

Control instrument



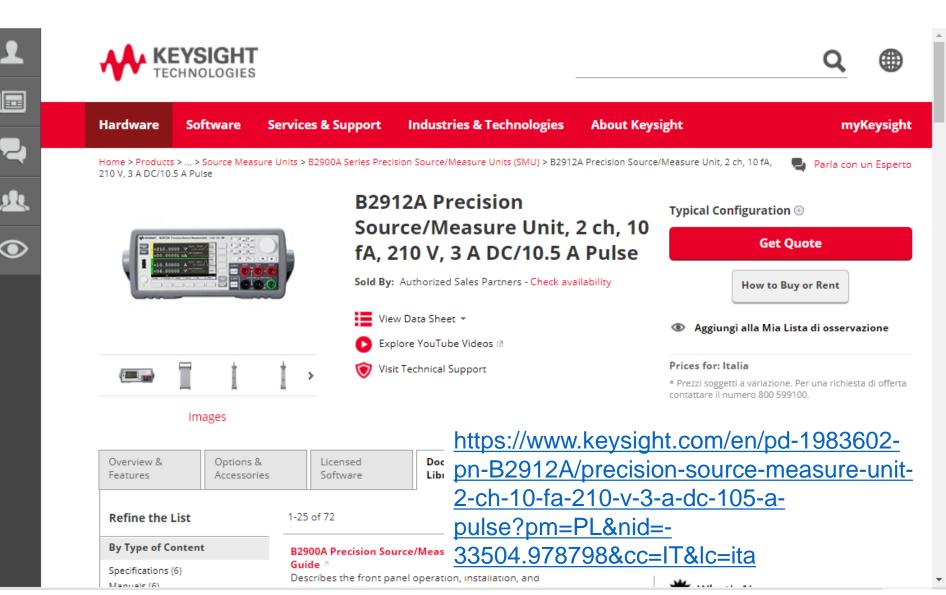
The first thing to do: RTFM

1.1. Documentation

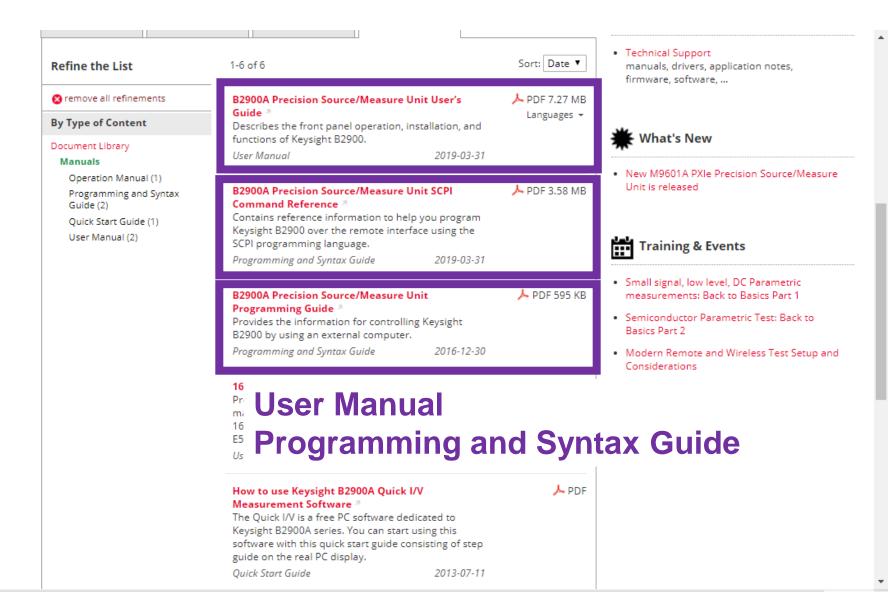
The acronym RTFM ('read the field manual', or more rudely 'read the f***ing manual' (Wikipedia.org, 2013)) is often used to exhort users to refer to user manuals, but several authors have claimed that this is often not what people do. For example,

[1] A.L. Blackler, R. Gomez, V. Popovic, M.H. Thompson, Life Is Too Short to RTFM: How Users Relate to Documentation and Excess Features in Consumer Products, Interact. Comput. 28 (2016) 27–46. doi:10.1093/iwc/iwu023.

Find the manual



3 important documents









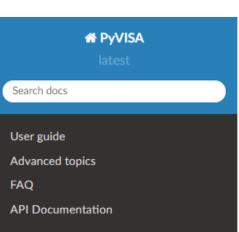




Check the interface: GPIB/USB/LAN

Stated in the manual

PyVISA





v: latest ▼

Docs » PyVISA: Control your instruments with Python

Ω Edit on GitHub

PyVISA: Control your instruments with Python



PyVISA is a Python package that enables you to control all kinds of measurement devices independently of the interface (e.g. GPIB, RS232, USB, Ethernet). As an example, reading self-identification from a Keithley Multimeter with GPIB number 12 is as easy as three lines of Python code:

```
>>> import pyvisa
>>> rm = pyvisa.ResourceManager()
>>> rm.list_resources()
('ASRL1::INSTR', 'ASRL2::INSTR', 'GPIB0::12::INSTR')
>>> inst = rm.open_resource('GPIB0::12::INSTR')
>>> print(inst.query("*IDN?"))
```

(That's the whole program; really!) It v https://pyvisa.readthedocs.io/en/latest/
(e.g. National Instruments, Agilent, Tektronix, Stanford Research Systems).

Install PyVISA

You can install it using pip:

```
$ pip install -U pyvisa
```

Measurement procedure

- 1. General parameters setup
 - Save file name
 - Voltage, sweep direction, etc.
- 2. Open instrument
- 3. Instrument setup
- 4. Run measurement
- 5. Save (and plot)

General parameters setup

```
X
    Edit
File
         Selection
                       simplemeasurement.py - semin...
  🕏 simplemeasurement.py 🗡
sers > Ikue > Dropbox > PythonCourse > Lesson5 > 🏓 simplemeasurement.py > ...
     6
          # sweep parameters
          base = 20.
     8
          sweepstart = 1. # frequency sweep from base**sweepstart
    10
          sweepstop = 5.6 # frequency sweep end at base**sweepsto
    11
          numberOfPoints = 101
          fillMode = "log" # parameter steps. linear or log
    12
    13
          amp = 0.1 # voltage amplitude
    14
          averaging = 1 # number of averaging
    15
          bias = 0 # dc bias
          aperture = "MED" # measurement time
    16
          correction open = "OFF" # open correction status
    17
    18
```

sys.argv

```
import sys
      for (i, e) in enumerate(sys.argv):
          print(f"sys.argv[{i}] is {e}")
In [2]:
       !python Lesson5/sysargvtest.py a b c d e
      sys.argv[0] is Lesson5/sysargvtest.py
      sys.argv[1] is a
      sys.argv[2] is b
      sys.argv[3] is c
      sys.argv[4] is d
      sys.argv[5] is e
```

sys.argv

```
$ python measurement.py device1 10

sys.argv[0] sys.argv[1] sys.argv[2]
save file name measurement
voltage
```

Open instrument

```
# open instrument

rm = visa.ResourceManager("C:/Windows/System32/visa64.dll")

pia = rm.open_resource('USB0::0x0957::0x0909::MY46204132::0::INSTR')

120
```

USB address of the instrument: how to find it?

Find the address

```
>>> import pyvisa
>>> rm = pyvisa.ResourceManager()
>>> rm.list_resources()
('ASRL1::INSTR', 'ASRL2::INSTR', 'GPIB0::14::INSTR')
```

Setup: commands to send? pia.write(COMMAND)

Find some examples in the manual

Find in examples

```
pia.write(f":VOLT {amp}") # oscillator mode to votage 0.1 V
pia.write(":BIAS:STAT OFF")# DC bias off :BIAS:STAT?
pia.write(":SYST:BEEP:STAT ON") # enables beep
pia.write(":COMP:BEEP PASS") # beeps when measurement passes: default
pia.write(f":CORR:OPEN:STAT {correction open}") # open correction
pia.write(":STAT:OPER:ENAB 0")
pia.write(":ABOR;:INIT")
pia.write(":TRIG") # trigger measurement
pia.write("*WAI") # wait until finishes
```

Measurement procedure

- General parameters setup → sys.argv
 - Save file name
 - Voltage, sweep direction, etc.
- 2. Open instrument → pia = rm.open_resource()
- 3. Instrument setup → pia.write(commands)
- 4. Run measurement → pia.write(":TRIG")
- 5. Save (and plot) → pia.write("FETC?")

Some elements skipped for learning Python in depth

- Class
- struct
- figure, ax objects in matplotlib.pyplot
- object-oriented vs. process-oriented
- conditional statements: all(), any()

Study by yourself

PyVISA official document

https://pyvisa.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html

Manuals of instruments of your choice