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# Project: HW4 (VoMikeHW4SecHY02Ver01.py)
# Name:
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# Date:
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# Description: A dice game
# Import the required modules
from graphics import *
from random import randint
# Init and return generic button object and
def InitButton(p1, p2, strLabel):
    button = [Rectangle(p1, p2)]
    button.append(Text(button[0].getCenter(), strLabel))
    return button
# Render a button object onto a GraphWin screen
def DrawButton(button, GraphWinObj):
    button[0].draw(GraphWinObj)
    button[1].draw(GraphWinObj)
# Initialize user interface and return the interface itself as an object
def InitAllButtons(GraphWinObj):
    btnExit = InitButton(Point(GraphWinObj.getWidth() / 2 + 5,
GraphWinObj.getHeight() - 50),
                        Point(GraphWinObj.getWidth() / 2 + 85,
GraphWinObj.getHeight() - 20),
                         "Exit"
    btnExit[0].setFill("white")
    btnExit[0].setOutline("gray")
    DrawButton(btnExit, GraphWinObj)
    btnReset = InitButton(Point(GraphWinObj.getWidth() / 2 - 85,
GraphWinObj.getHeight() - 50),
                          Point(GraphWinObj.getWidth() / 2 - 5,
GraphWinObj.getHeight() - 20),
                          "Reset"
    btnReset[0].setFill("white")
    btnReset[0].setOutline("gray")
    DrawButton(btnReset, GraphWinObj)
    return [
        btnExit,
        btnReset,
    ]
# Check if a single button object has been clicked given last mouse
position (Point object)
def ButtonClicked(btnRect, pMouse):
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p1 = btnRect.getP1()
    p2 = btnRect.getP2()
    if (pMouse.getX() > p1.getX() and pMouse.getX() < p2.getX()</pre>
        and pMouse.getY() > p1.getY() and pMouse.getY() < p2.getY()):</pre>
        return True
    return False
# From a list of button object return the name of the button clicked by
mouse input (Point object)
# If no button has been clicked, return ""
def CheckButtonClicked(lstButtons, pMouse):
    for button in lstButtons:
        if ButtonClicked(button[0], pMouse):
            return button[1].getText()
    return ""
# Initialize all the dices' data
def InitDices(GraphWinObj):
    intNumOfDices = 5
    # Coordinate in form of Point object for each dice
    lstDiceCoords = [
        [Point(20, 20), Point(120, 120)],
        [Point(130, 20), Point(230, 120)],
        [Point (240, 20), Point (340, 120)],
        [Point(350, 20), Point(450, 120)],
        [Point (460, 20), Point (560, 120)],
    1
    # Initial value of every dice is 0
    lstDiceValue = [
        0, 0, 0, 0, 0
    # Render outline for each of intNumOfDice dices
    for intIndex in range(intNumOfDices):
        bound = Rectangle(lstDiceCoords[intIndex][0],
                           lstDiceCoords[intIndex][1])
        bound.setOutline("gray")
        bound.setWidth(3)
        bound.draw(GraphWinObj)
    return [
        lstDiceCoords, lstDiceValue, intNumOfDices
    1
# Check if every dice has been thrown
def DicesFull(lstDices):
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for intIndex in range(lstDices[2]):
        if lstDices[1][intIndex] == 0:
            return False
    return True
# Check if a dice has been clicked, works based on ButtonClicked()
# If no dice has been clicked, return error code -1
def CheckDiceClick(lstDices, pMouse):
    for intIndex in range(lstDices[2]):
        btnDiceRect = Rectangle(lstDices[0][intIndex][0],
lstDices[0][intIndex][1])
        if ButtonClicked(btnDiceRect, pMouse):
            return intIndex
    return -1
# Render a single black dice dot (Circle object) at pCenter with radius
10px onto GraphWin object
def Dot(pCenter):
    pDot = Circle(pCenter, 10)
    pDot.setOutline("black")
    pDot.setFill("black")
    return pDot
# Render 2 black dice dots onto GraphWin object based from pCenter, with
the options of the dots:
   1. Running diagonal
    2. Flip image of 1
    3. Running horizontal
# Works based on Dot()
def TwoDots(pCenter, GraphWinObj, strOrientation="diag normal"):
    # Init original 2 dots by cloning the pCenter
    pDot1 = Dot(pCenter)
    pDot2 = pDot1.clone()
    # if-elif to select from 3 different 2 dots configuration
    if strOrientation == "diag normal":
        pDot1.move (25, -25)
        pDot2.move(-25, 25)
    elif strOrientation == "diag inverted":
        pDot1.move(-25, -25)
        pDot2.move(25, 25)
    elif strOrientation == "horizontal":
        pDot1.move(25, 0)
        pDot2.move(-25, 0)
    # Rendering
    pDot1.draw(GraphWinObj)
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pDot2.draw(GraphWinObj)
# Combine Dot() and TwoDots() to draw onto GraphWin object any number of
black dice dot from 1 to 6
def RenderDots(pCenter, intNum, GraphWinObj):
    if intNum == 1:
        pDot = Dot(pCenter)
        pDot.draw(GraphWinObj)
    if intNum == 2:
        TwoDots(pCenter, GraphWinObj)
    if intNum == 3:
        pDot = Dot(pCenter)
        pDot.draw(GraphWinObj)
        TwoDots(pCenter, GraphWinObj)
    if intNum >= 4:
        TwoDots(pCenter, GraphWinObj)
        TwoDots(pCenter, GraphWinObj, strOrientation="diag inverted")
    if intNum == 5:
        pDot = Dot(pCenter)
        pDot.draw(GraphWinObj)
    if intNum == 6:
        TwoDots(pCenter, GraphWinObj, strOrientation="horizontal")
# Render the white body of a specified dice, then uses RenderDots() to
render the dots based
# on the dice's value
def RenderDice(lstDices, intDice, GraphWinObj):
    # Preparation
    p1 = lstDices[0][intDice][0]
    p2 = lstDices[0][intDice][1]
    # Render the white body
    p1.move(4, 4)
    p2.move(-4, -4)
    diceRect = Rectangle(p1, p2)
    diceRect.setFill("white")
    diceRect.setOutline("white")
    diceRect.draw(GraphWinObj)
    # Render the black border
    p1.move(2, 2)
    p2.move(-2, -2)
    diceBound = Rectangle(p1, p2)
    diceBound.setOutline("black")
    diceBound.draw(GraphWinObj)
    # Render the dots
    RenderDots(diceRect.getCenter(), lstDices[1][intDice], GraphWinObj)
# Main program
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def main():

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# Main loop
    blnMainRun = True
    while blnMainRun:
        # Initialize a 580x280 khaki graphic window titled "Dice"
        win = GraphWin("Dice", 580, 280)
        win.setBackground("khaki")
        # Initialize dice data
        lstDices = InitDices(win)
        intDiceTotal = 0
        # Initialize message
        lblMessage = Text(Point(win.getWidth() / 2, 180), "Dice
Total\n{0:0}".format(intDiceTotal))
        lblMessage.setTextColor("red")
        lblMessage.setStyle("bold")
        lblMessage.draw(win)
        # Initialize user interface
        lstButtons = InitAllButtons(win)
        # Logic loop
        blnDiceRun = True
        while blnDiceRun:
            # Display congratulations if thrown all dices
            if DicesFull(lstDices):
                lblMessage.setText("Dice Total\n{0:0}\nLuckiest Person On
Earth!".format(intDiceTotal))
            # Check mouse input
            pMouse = win.checkMouse()
            # This if to avoid the program crashing prematurely due to no
mouse click at the beginning
            if pMouse != None:
                # Check on the dices
                intDiceClicked = CheckDiceClick(lstDices, pMouse)
                if intDiceClicked != -1:
                    # If dice is not clicked yet
                    if lstDices[1][intDiceClicked] == 0:
                        # Update dice value with a random integer from 1
to 6, then add that to the total
                        lstDices[1][intDiceClicked] = randint(1, 6)
                        intDiceTotal += lstDices[1][intDiceClicked]
                        # Render the updated dice, and update message
with updated total
                        RenderDice(lstDices, intDiceClicked, win)
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