# Software Requirements Engineering (SE2001)



Dr. Syed Muazzam Ali Shah

HEC Approved Ph.D. Supervisor

(Assistant Professor)

Department of Software Engineering NUCES-FAST Karachi

Contact#: (021) 111-128-128 Ext. 130

Website: sites.google.com/view/muazzam-kazmi/home

Official page: https://khi.nu.edu.pk/personnel/dr-syed-muazzam-ali-shah-2/Google Scholar: https://scholar.google.com.tw/citations?hl=en&user=OvcfR-IAAAAJ

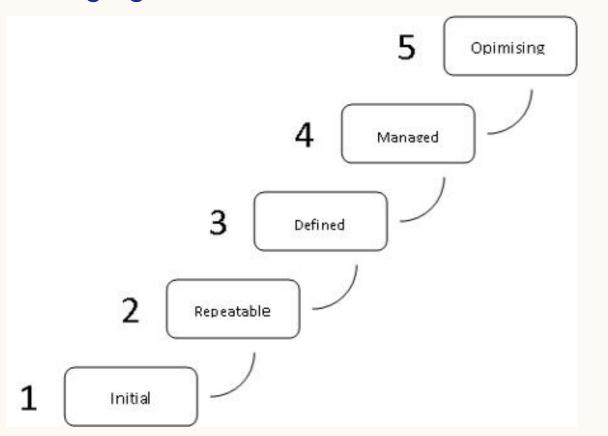
CMM was developed by the Software Engineering Institute (SEI) at Carnegie Mellon University in 1987.

- It is not a software process model.
- It is a framework that is used to:
  - Analyze the approach and techniques followed by any organization to develop software products.

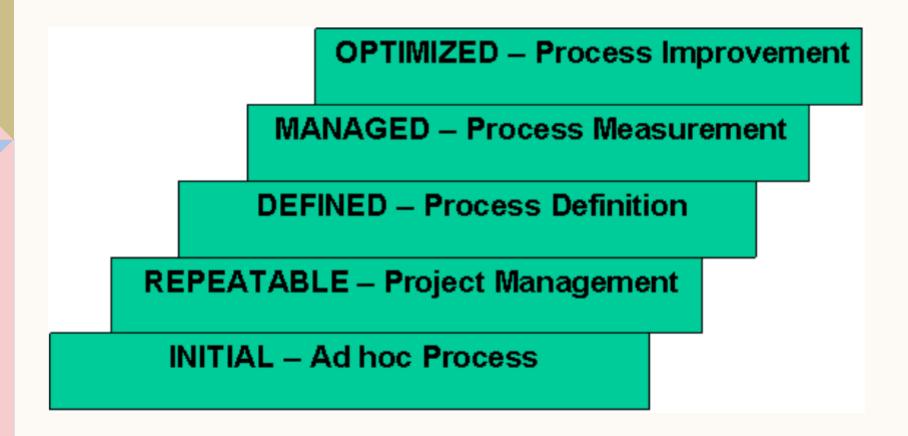
- It also provides guidelines to further enhance
  - The maturity of the process used to develop those software products.
- It is based on profound feedback and development practices adopted by the most successful organizations worldwide.

- This model describes a strategy for software process improvement that should be followed by moving through 5 different levels.
- Each level of maturity shows a process capability level.
- ❖ All the levels except level-1 are further described by Key Process Areas (KPA's).

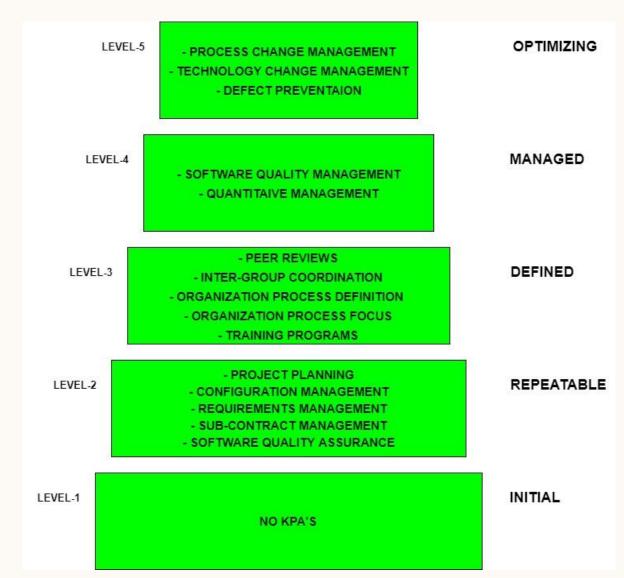
- This framework has 5 different levels and an organization is placed into one of these 5 levels.
- The following figure shows the CMM framework.



The following figure shows the CMM framework.



### **Key Process Areas**



#### ❖ Level 1 - Initial:

- No KPA's defined.
- Processes followed are Ad-hoc and immature and are not well defined.
- Organizations have an undisciplined process.
- It is left to individuals to decide:
  - How to manage the process.
  - Which development techniques to be use.

### **❖ Level 2 - Repeatable:**

- Organizations have basic cost and schedule management procedures in place.
- They are likely to be able to make consistent budget and schedule prediction for projects.

### **❖ Level 2 - Repeatable:**

- Focuses on establishing basic project management policies.
- Experience with earlier projects is used for managing new similar natured projects.

#### **❖** Level 3 - Defined:

The software process for both management and engineering activities is documented, standardized, and integrated into a standard software process for the organization.

#### **❖ Level 3 - Defined:**

- At this level, documentation of the standard guidelines and procedures takes place.
- ➤ It is a well-defined integrated set of projectspecific software engineering and management processes.

### **❖ Level 4 - Managed:**

Detailed measurements of both process and product quality are collected and used to control the process.

### **❖ Level 4 - Managed:**

- At this stage, quantitative quality goals are set for the organization for software products as well as software processes.
- The measurements made help the organization to predict the product and process quality within some limits defined quantitatively.

### **❖** Level 5 - Optimizing:

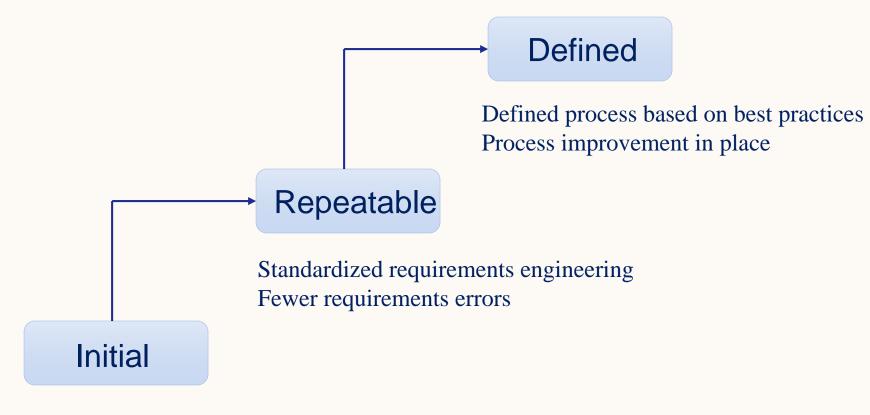
The organization has a continuous process improvement strategies, based on objective measurements, in place.

### **❖ Level 5 - Optimizing:**

- This is the highest level of process maturity in CMM and focuses on continuous process improvement in the organization using quantitative feedback.
- Use of new tools, techniques, and evaluation of software processes is done to prevent recurrence of known defects.

- Requirements engineering process maturity is the extent to which an organization has a defined requirements engineering process based on good requirements engineering practices.
- It will use appropriate methods and techniques for requirements engineering.
- Will have defined standards for requirements documents, requirements descriptions.

- Organizations may use automated tools to support process activities.
- ➤ It will have management policies and procedures to ensure that the process is followed.



Ad-hoc requirements engineering Requirements errors are common

#### **❖ Level 1: Initial Level**

- > There is no defined RE process.
- ➤ It suffer from requirements problems such as requirements volatility, unsatisfied stakeholders and high rework costs.
- ➤ It is dependent on individual skills and experience.

#### ❖ Level 2: Repeatable Level

- Defined standards for requirements documents and requirements descriptions.
- Also have introduced policies and procedures for requirements management.

#### **❖ Level 3: Defined Level**

- Defined requirements engineering process based on good practices and techniques.
- > Active process improvement process is in place.

## **THANK YOU**

Dr. Syed Muazzam Ali Shah muazzam.ali@nu.edu.pk