

BANKING SYSTEM

TASK 1:

- 1.Create the database named "HMBank"
- 2.Define the schema for the Customers, Accounts, and Transactions tables based on the provided schema.

```
mysql> create database HMBank;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.22 sec)

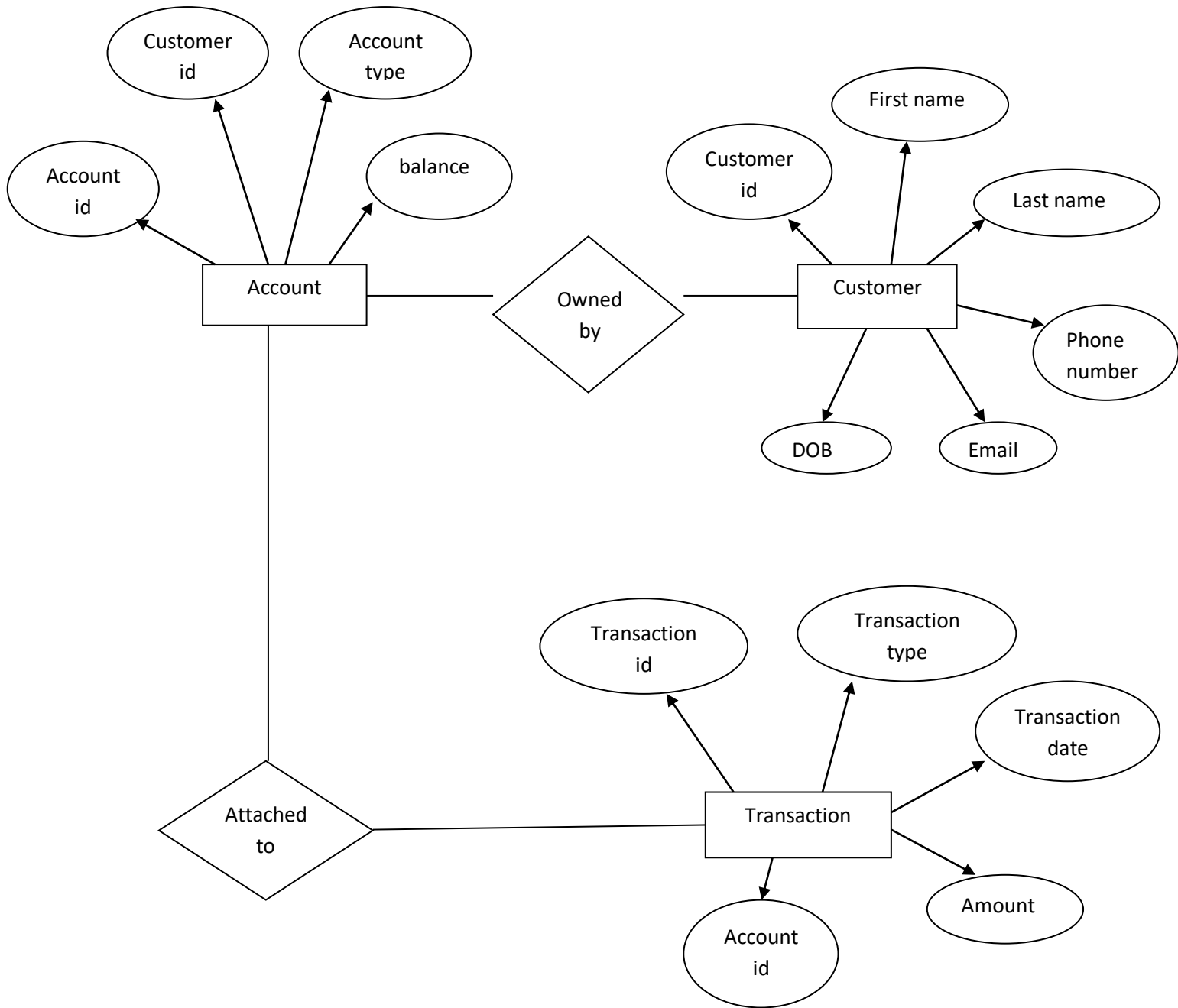
mysql> use HMBank
Database changed
mysql> create table Customers(customer_id INT PRIMARY KEY,first_name text,last_name text,DOB date,email text,phone_number int,address text);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.37 sec)
```

- 4.Create appropriate Primary Key and Foreign Key constraints for referential integrity.

```
mysql> create database HMBank;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.22 sec)

mysql> use HMBank
Database changed
mysql> create table Customers(customer_id INT PRIMARY KEY,first_name text,last_name text,DOB date,email text,phone_number int,address text);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.37 sec)
```

3. Create an ERD (Entity Relationship Diagram) for the database.



5. Write SQL scripts to create the mentioned tables with appropriate data types, constraints, and relationships.

- Customers

```
mysql> desc Customers;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
customer_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
first_name	text	YES		NULL	
last_name	text	YES		NULL	
DOB	date	YES		NULL	
email	text	YES		NULL	
phone_number	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
address	text	YES		NULL	

```
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

- Accounts

```
mysql> create table Accounts(account_id INT PRIMARY KEY, customer_id int, foreign key(customer_id) references Customers(customer_id), account_type varchar(30), balance bigint);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)

mysql> desc Accounts;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
account_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
customer_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
account_type	varchar(30)	YES		NULL	
balance	bigint	YES		NULL	

```
4 rows in set (0.19 sec)
```

- Transactions

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Transactions (
->     transaction_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
->     account_id INT,
->     transaction_type VARCHAR(50),
->     amount DECIMAL(15,2),
->     transaction_date DATE,
->     FOREIGN KEY (account_id) REFERENCES Accounts(account_id)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)
```

Tasks 2: Select, Where, Between, AND, LIKE:

1. Insert at least 10 sample records into each of the following tables.

- Customers

```
mysql> insert into Customers values(004,'John','Meshack','1997/10/26','john@gmail.com','7856289531','Kerala');
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into Customers values(005,'Kala','Ramu','1998/12/08','kala@gmail.com','7843217890','Chennai');
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.07 sec)

mysql> insert into Customers values(006,'Logesh','Dhamodharan','1994/09/14','logesh@gmail.com','9956336622','Coimbatore');
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into Customers values(007,'Maya','Tagore','1996/11/25','maya@gmail.com','9887766448','Kerala');
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into Customers values(008,'Nikitha','Dhamu','1995/08/05','nikitha@gmail.com','7639835478','Andhra');
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.31 sec)

mysql> insert into Customers values(009,'Priya','Mani','1998/10/27','priya@gmail.com','7829541754','Mysore');
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into Customers values(010,'Sasi','Kumar','1997/08/18','sasi@gmail.com','7845218765','Trivandrum');
Query OK, 1 row affected, 1 warning (0.01 sec)

mysql> select * from Customers;
```

customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address
1	Abi	Natarajan	1996-08-23	abi@gmail.com	9090784523	Chennai
2	Arya	John	1997-05-28	arya@gmail.com	9356785423	Hyderabad
3	Babu	Palanisamy	1998-07-11	babu@gmail.com	8976342156	Mysore
4	John	Meshack	1997-10-26	john@gmail.com	7856289531	Kerala
5	Kala	Ramu	1998-12-08	kala@gmail.com	7843217890	Chennai
6	Logesh	Dhamodharan	1994-09-14	logesh@gmail.com	9956336622	Coimbatore
7	Maya	Tagore	1996-11-25	maya@gmail.com	9887766448	Kerala
8	Nikitha	Dhamu	1995-08-05	nikitha@gmail.com	7639835478	Andhra
9	Priya	Mani	1998-10-27	priya@gmail.com	7829541754	Mysore
10	Sasi	Kumar	1997-08-18	sasi@gmail.com	7845218765	Trivandrum

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

- Accounts

```
mysql> insert into Accounts values(101,1,'savings',4560);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into Accounts values(102,2,'current',4800);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into Accounts values(103,3,'zero balance',3200);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.11 sec)

mysql> insert into Accounts values(104,4,'savings',5000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into Accounts values(105,5,'current',2400);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into Accounts values(106,6,'zero balance',1500);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into Accounts values(107,7,'savings',6000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into Accounts values(108,8,'current',2350);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into Accounts values(109,9,'zero balance',1000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into Accounts values(110,10,'savings',6540);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from Accounts;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| account_id | customer_id | account_type | balance |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          101 |          1 | savings      |    4560 |
|          102 |          2 | current      |    4800 |
|          103 |          3 | zero balance |    3200 |
|          104 |          4 | savings      |    5000 |
|          105 |          5 | current      |    2400 |
|          106 |          6 | zero balance |    1500 |
|          107 |          7 | savings      |    6000 |
|          108 |          8 | current      |    2350 |
|          109 |          9 | zero balance |    1000 |
|          110 |         10 | savings      |    6540 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```


• Transactions

```
mysql> insert into Transactions values(201,101,'deposit',1230,'2024-09-18');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into Transactions values(202,102,'withdrawal',1000,'2024-07-21');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into Transactions values(203,103,'transfer',500,'2024-03-12');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into Transactions values(204,104,'deposit',2300,'2024-02-13');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into Transactions values(205,105,'withdrawal',300,'2024-03-27');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into Transactions values(206,106,'deposit',560,'2024-01-02');
      '> insert into Transactions values(206,106,'deposit',560,'2024-01-02');
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near '2024-01-02');

insert into Transactions values(206,106,'deposit',560,'2024-01-02')' at line 1
mysql> insert into Transactions values(206,106,'deposit',560,'2024-01-02');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into Transactions values(207,107,'withdrawal',1500,'2024-02-27');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.09 sec)

mysql> insert into Transactions values(208,018,'deposit',1300,'2024-03-18');
ERROR 1452 (23000): Cannot add or update a child row: a foreign key constraint fails (`hmbank`.`transactions`, CONSTRAINT `transactions_ibfk_1` FOREIGN KEY (`account_id`) REFERENCES `accounts` (`account_id`))
mysql> insert into Transactions values(208,108,'deposit',1300,'2024-03-18');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into Transactions values(209,109,'withdrawal',200,'2024-01-26');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into Transactions values(210,110,'deposit',350,'2024-04-13');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from Transactions;
```

transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
201	101	deposit	1230.00	2024-09-18
202	102	withdrawal	1000.00	2024-07-21
203	103	transfer	500.00	2024-03-12
204	104	deposit	2300.00	2024-02-13
205	105	withdrawal	300.00	2024-03-27
206	106	deposit	560.00	2024-01-02
207	107	withdrawal	1500.00	2024-02-27
208	108	deposit	1300.00	2024-03-18
209	109	withdrawal	200.00	2024-01-26
210	110	deposit	350.00	2024-04-13

```
10 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

Write SQL queries for the following tasks:

1. Write a SQL query to retrieve the name, account type and email of all customers.

```
mysql> select first_name,last_name,account_type,email from Customers join Accounts on Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id;
```

first_name	last_name	account_type	email
Abi	Natarajan	savings	abi@gmail.com
Arya	John	current	arya@gmail.com
Babu	Palanisamy	zero balance	babu@gmail.com
John	Meshack	savings	john@gmail.com
Kala	Ramu	current	kala@gmail.com
Logesh	Dhamodharan	zero balance	logesh@gmail.com
Maya	Tagore	savings	maya@gmail.com
Nikitha	Dhamu	current	nikitha@gmail.com
Priya	Mani	zero balance	priya@gmail.com
Sasi	Kumar	savings	sasi@gmail.com

10 rows in set (0.01 sec)

2. Write a SQL query to list all transaction corresponding customer.

```
mysql> select first_name,transaction_type,amount from Customers c join Accounts a on c.customer_id=a.customer_id join Transactions t on a.account_id = t.account_id;
```

first_name	transaction_type	amount
Abi	deposit	1230.00
Arya	withdrawal	1000.00
Babu	transfer	500.00
John	deposit	2300.00
Kala	withdrawal	300.00
Logesh	deposit	560.00
Maya	withdrawal	1500.00
Nikitha	deposit	1300.00
Priya	withdrawal	200.00
Sasi	deposit	350.00

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

3. Write a SQL query to increase the balance of a specific account by a certain amount.

```
mysql> select * from Accounts;
```

account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
101	1	savings	4560
102	2	current	4800
103	3	zero balance	3200
104	4	savings	5000
105	5	current	2400
106	6	zero balance	1500
107	7	savings	6000
108	8	current	2350
109	9	zero balance	1000
110	10	savings	6540

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



```
mysql> update Accounts set balance = balance + 650 where customer_id=4;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0
```



```
mysql> select * from Accounts;
```

account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
101	1	savings	4560
102	2	current	4800
103	3	zero balance	3200
104	4	savings	5650
105	5	current	2400
106	6	zero balance	1500
107	7	savings	6000
108	8	current	2350
109	9	zero balance	1000
110	10	savings	6540

```
10 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```


4. Write a SQL query to Combine first and last names of customers as a full_name.

```
mysql> select CONCAT(first_name,' ',last_name) as full_name from Customers;
```

full_name
Abi Natarajan
Arya John
Babu Palanisamy
John Meshack
Kala Ramu
Logesh Dhamodharan
Maya Tagore
Nikitha Dhamu
Priya Mani
Sasi Kumar

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5. Write a SQL query to remove accounts with a balance of zero where the accounttype is savings.

```
mysql> delete from Accounts where balance = 0 and account_type='savings';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from Accounts;
```

account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
101	1	savings	4560
102	2	current	4800
103	3	zero balance	3200
104	4	savings	5650
105	5	current	2400
106	6	zero balance	1500
107	7	savings	6000
108	8	current	2350
109	9	zero balance	1000
110	10	savings	6540

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Write a SQL query to Find customers living in a specific city.

```
mysql> select * from Customers;
```

customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address
1	Abi	Natarajan	1996-08-23	abi@gmail.com	9090784523	Chennai
2	Arya	John	1997-05-28	arya@gmail.com	9356785423	Hyderabad
3	Babu	Palanisamy	1998-07-11	babu@gmail.com	8976342156	Mysore
4	John	Meshack	1997-10-26	john@gmail.com	7856289531	Kerala
5	Kala	Ramu	1998-12-08	kala@gmail.com	7843217890	Chennai
6	Logesh	Dhamodharan	1994-09-14	logesh@gmail.com	9956336622	Coimbatore
7	Maya	Tagore	1996-11-25	maya@gmail.com	9887766448	Kerala
8	Nikitha	Dhamu	1995-08-05	nikitha@gmail.com	7639835478	Andhra
9	Priya	Mani	1998-10-27	priya@gmail.com	7829541754	Mysore
10	Sasi	Kumar	1997-08-18	sasi@gmail.com	7845218765	Trivandrum

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



```
mysql> select * from Customers where address like '%Chennai%';
```

customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address
1	Abi	Natarajan	1996-08-23	abi@gmail.com	9090784523	Chennai
5	Kala	Ramu	1998-12-08	kala@gmail.com	7843217890	Chennai

```
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

7. Write a SQL query to Get the account balance for a specific account.

```
mysql> select balance from Accounts where account_id=105;
```

balance
2400

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Write a SQL query to List all current accounts with a balance greater than \$1,000.

```
mysql> select * from Accounts where account_type = 'current' and balance > 1000;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| account_id | customer_id | account_type | balance |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 102 | 2 | current | 4800 |
| 105 | 5 | current | 2400 |
| 108 | 8 | current | 2350 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Write a SQL query to Retrieve all transactions for a specific account.

```
mysql> select * from Transactions where transaction_id = 201;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| transaction_id | account_id | transaction_type | amount | transaction_date |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 201 | 101 | deposit | 1230.00 | 2024-09-18 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

10. Write a SQL query to Calculate the interest accrued on savings accounts based on a given interest rate.

```
mysql> select account_id, balance * 0.03 as interest_accrued from Accounts where account_type = 'savings';
+-----+-----+
| account_id | interest_accrued |
+-----+-----+
| 101 | 136.80 |
| 104 | 169.50 |
| 107 | 180.00 |
| 110 | 196.20 |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

11. Write a SQL query to Identify accounts where the balance is less than a specified overdraft limit.

```
mysql> select * from Accounts where balance < 3000;
```

account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
105	5	current	2400
106	6	zero balance	1500
108	8	current	2350
109	9	zero balance	1000

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

12. Write a SQL query to Find customers not living in a specific city.

```
mysql> select * from Customers where address not like '%kerala%';
```

customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address
1	Abi	Natarajan	1996-08-23	abi@gmail.com	9090784523	Chennai
2	Arya	John	1997-05-28	arya@gmail.com	9356785423	Hyderabad
3	Babu	Palanisamy	1998-07-11	babu@gmail.com	8976342156	Mysore
5	Kala	Ramu	1998-12-08	kala@gmail.com	7843217890	Chennai
6	Logesh	Dhamodharan	1994-09-14	logesh@gmail.com	9956336622	Coimbatore
8	Nikitha	Dhamu	1995-08-05	nikitha@gmail.com	7639835478	Andhra
9	Priya	Mani	1998-10-27	priya@gmail.com	7829541754	Mysore
10	Sasi	Kumar	1997-08-18	sasi@gmail.com	7845218765	Trivandrum

```
8 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

Tasks 3: Aggregate functions, Having, Order By, GroupBy and Joins:

1. Write a SQL query to Find the average account balance for all customers.

```
mysql> select avg(balance) as avg_balance from Accounts;
+-----+
| avg_balance |
+-----+
| 3800.0000 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.12 sec)
```

2. Write a SQL query to Retrieve the top 10 highest account balances.

```
mysql> select balance as top_ten from Accounts order by balance desc limit 10;
+-----+
| top_ten |
+-----+
| 7200 |
| 6540 |
| 5650 |
| 4800 |
| 4560 |
| 3200 |
| 2400 |
| 2350 |
| 1500 |
| 1000 |
+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```


3. Write a SQL query to Calculate Total Deposits for All Customers in specific date.

```
mysql> select sum(amount) as total_deposits from Transactions where transaction_type = 'deposit' and transaction_date = '2024-02-13';
+-----+
| total_deposits |
+-----+
|          2300.00 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.09 sec)
```

4. Write a SQL query to Find the Oldest and Newest Customers.

```
mysql> SELECT MAX(CASE WHEN customer_id = min_id THEN CONCAT(first_name, ' ', last_name) END) AS NEW_CUST, MAX(CASE WHEN customer_id = max_id THEN CONCAT(first_name, ' ', last_name) END) AS OLD_Cust FROM Customers
-> CROSS JOIN
-> (SELECT MIN(customer_id) AS min_id, MAX(customer_id) AS max_id FROM Customers) AS subquery;
+-----+-----+
| NEW_CUST | OLD_Cust |
+-----+-----+
| Abi Natarajan | Sasi Kumar |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

5. Write a SQL query to Retrieve transaction details along with the account type

```
mysql> select t.*, a.account_type from Transactions t join Accounts a on t.account_id = a.account_id;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| transaction_id | account_id | transaction_type | amount | transaction_date | account_type |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 201 | 101 | deposit | 1230.00 | 2024-09-18 | savings |
| 202 | 102 | withdrawal | 1000.00 | 2024-07-21 | current |
| 203 | 103 | transfer | 500.00 | 2024-03-12 | zero balance |
| 204 | 104 | deposit | 2300.00 | 2024-02-13 | savings |
| 205 | 105 | withdrawal | 300.00 | 2024-03-27 | current |
| 206 | 106 | deposit | 560.00 | 2024-01-02 | zero balance |
| 207 | 107 | withdrawal | 1500.00 | 2024-02-27 | savings |
| 208 | 108 | deposit | 1300.00 | 2024-03-18 | current |
| 209 | 109 | withdrawal | 200.00 | 2024-01-26 | zero balance |
| 210 | 110 | deposit | 350.00 | 2024-04-13 | savings |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

6. Write a SQL query to Get a list of customers along with their account details.

```
mysql> select c.*,a.account_id,a.account_type,a.balance from Customers c join Accounts a on c.customer_id = a.customer_id;
```

customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address	account_id	account_type	balance
1	Abi	Natarajan	1996-08-23	abi@gmail.com	9090784523	Chennai	101	savings	4560
2	Arya	John	1997-05-28	arya@gmail.com	9356785423	Hyderabad	102	current	4800
3	Babu	Palanisamy	1998-07-11	babu@gmail.com	8976342156	Mysore	103	zero balance	3200
4	John	Meshack	1997-10-26	john@gmail.com	7856289531	Kerala	104	savings	5650
5	Kala	Ramu	1998-12-08	kala@gmail.com	7843217890	Chennai	105	current	2400
6	Logesh	Dhamodharan	1994-09-14	logesh@gmail.com	9956336622	Coimbatore	106	zero balance	1500
7	Maya	Tagore	1996-11-25	maya@gmail.com	9887766448	Kerala	107	savings	6000
8	Nikitha	Dhamu	1995-08-05	nikitha@gmail.com	7639835478	Andhra	108	current	2350
9	Priya	Mani	1998-10-27	priya@gmail.com	7829541754	Mysore	109	zero balance	1000
10	Sasi	Kumar	1997-08-18	sasi@gmail.com	7845218765	Trivandrum	110	savings	6540

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

7. Write a SQL query to Retrieve transaction details along with customer information for a specific account.

```
mysql> select c.*,t.* from Customers c join Accounts a on c.customer_id=a.customer_id join Transactions t on a.account_id=t.account_id where a.account_id=105;
```

customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address	transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
5	Kala	Ramu	1998-12-08	kala@gmail.com	7843217890	Chennai	205	105	withdrawal	300.00	2024-03-27

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

8. Write a SQL query to Identify customers who have more than one account.

```
mysql> select customer_id from Accounts group by customer_id having count(*)>1;
Empty set (0.02 sec)
```

9. Write a SQL query to Calculate the difference in transaction amounts between deposits and withdrawals.

```
mysql> select sum(case when transaction_type = 'deposit' then amount when transaction_type = 'withdrawal' then -amount else 0 end) as difference from Transactions;
+-----+
| difference |
+-----+
| 2740.00 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

10. Write a SQL query to Calculate the average daily balance for each account over a specified period.

```
mysql> select account_id, avg(balance) as avg_dailybalance from Accounts group by account_id
+-----+-----+
| account_id | avg_dailybalance |
+-----+-----+
| 101 | 4560.0000 |
| 102 | 4800.0000 |
| 103 | 3200.0000 |
| 104 | 5650.0000 |
| 105 | 2400.0000 |
| 106 | 1500.0000 |
| 107 | 6000.0000 |
| 108 | 2350.0000 |
| 109 | 1000.0000 |
| 110 | 6540.0000 |
+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.11 sec)
```

11. Calculate the total balance for each account type.

```
mysql> select account_type, sum(balance) from Accounts group by account_type;
+-----+-----+
| account_type | sum(balance) |
+-----+-----+
| savings      | 22750        |
| current      | 9550         |
| zero balance | 5700         |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

12. Identify accounts with the highest number of transactions order by descending order.

```
mysql> select account_id, count(*) as num_transaction from Transaction group by account_id order by account_id desc;
+-----+-----+
| account_id | num_transaction |
+-----+-----+
| 103        | 2              |
| 102        | 1              |
| 101        | 1              |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

13. List customers with high aggregate account balances, along with their account types.

```
mysql> select c.customer_id, c.first_name, c.last_name, a.account_type, sum(a.balance) as total_balance from Customers c join Accounts a on c.customer_id=a.account_id group
by c.customer_id order by total_balance desc;
Empty set (0.01 sec)
```

14. Identify and list duplicate transactions based on transaction amount, date, and account.

```
mysql> select account_id,amount,transaction_date,count(*) from Transactions group by account_id,amount,transaction_date having count(*) > 1;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

Tasks 4: Subquery and its type:

1. Retrieve the customer(s) with the highest account balance.

```
mysql> select c.* from Customers c join Accounts a on c.customer_id = a.customer_id where a.balance =(select Max(balance) from Accounts);
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| customer_id | first_name | last_name | DOB      | email      | phone_number | address      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          10 | Sasi       | Kumar     | 1997-08-18 | sasi@gmail.com | 7845218765  | Trivandrum   |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

2. Calculate the average account balance for customers who have more than one account.

```
mysql> select avg(balance) as avg_balance from Accounts where customer_id in(select customer_id from Accounts group by customer_id having count(*)>1);
+-----+
| avg_balance |
+-----+
| NULL        |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```


3.Retrieve accounts with transactions whose amounts exceed the average transaction amount.

```
mysql> select * from Accounts where account_id in(select account_id from Transactions group by account_id having avg(amount) > (select avg(amount) from Transactions));
```

account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
101	1	savings	4560
102	2	current	4800
104	4	savings	5650
107	7	savings	6000
108	8	current	2350

5 rows in set (0.02 sec)

4.Identify customers who have no recorded transactions.

```
mysql> select * from Customers where customer_id not in(select distinct customer_id from Transactions);
```

Empty set (0.02 sec)

5.Calculate the total balance of accounts with no recorded transactions.

```
mysql> select sum(balance) as total_balance from Accounts where account_id not in (select distinct account_id from Transactions);
```

total_balance
NULL

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

6.Retrieve transactions for accounts with the lowest balance.

```
mysql> select * from Transactions where account_id in(select account_id from Accounts where balance =(select min(balance) from Accounts));
```

transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
209	109	withdrawal	200.00	2024-01-26

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

7.Identify customers who have accounts of multiple types.

```
mysql> select c.* from Customers c join Accounts a on c.customer_id = a.customer_id group by c.customer_id having count(distinct account_type)>1;
```

```
Empty set (0.01 sec)
```

8.Calculate the percentage of each account type out of the total number of accounts.

```
mysql> select account_type,count(*) * 100.0/(select count(*) from Accounts) as percentage from Accounts group by account_type;
```

account_type	percentage
savings	40.00000
current	30.00000
zero balance	30.00000

```
3 rows in set (0.14 sec)
```

9.Retrieve all transactions for a customer with a given customer_id.

```
mysql> select * from transactions where account_id in(select account_id from Accounts where customer_id = 8);
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| transaction_id | account_id | transaction_type | amount | transaction_date |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          208 |         108 | deposit         | 1300.00 | 2024-03-18      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

10.Calculate the total balance for each account type, including a subquery within the SELECT clause.

```
mysql> select account_type, (select sum(balance) from Accounts where account_type = a.account_type) as total_balance from Accounts a group by account_type;
+-----+-----+
| account_type | total_balance |
+-----+-----+
| savings      |          22750 |
| current      |           9550 |
| zero balance |           5700 |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```