



TIPI DI DENSITÀ

$$X \sim \text{Uni}(a, b) \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} \cdot \mathbb{1}_{(a,b)}(x)$$

$$X \sim \exp(\lambda) \Rightarrow f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \quad \left| \quad F(x) = 1 - e^{-\lambda x} = P(X \leq x) \quad \right| \quad P(X > x) = e^{-\lambda x} = S(x)$$

PROPRIETÀ DI MARCENZA DI MÉTODA:

$$P(X > t+s | X > s) = P(X > t)$$

$$X \sim \mathcal{N}(m, \sigma^2) \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\frac{(x-m)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$X \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1) \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \quad (\text{NORMAL STANDARD})$$

$$X \sim \Gamma(d, \lambda) \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{\lambda^d}{\Gamma(d)} x^{d-1} e^{-\lambda x}, \text{ con } \Gamma(d) = \int_0^{+\infty} x^{d-1} e^{-x} dx, \Gamma(n) = (n-1)!$$

$$\text{DENSITÀ DI UN CAMPIONE } (X, Y), f_{(X,Y)}(x,y) = \frac{1}{\pi} \mathbb{1}_C(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\pi}, & \text{se } x^2 + y^2 \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{altrimenti} \end{cases}$$

$$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x \cdot f_x(x) dx \quad \text{MEDIA} \quad \text{E VARIANZA DI V.A. CONTINUE}$$

$$Var(X) = E(X^2) - E^2(X), \text{ con } E(X^2) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x^2 \cdot f_x(x) dx$$

$$X \sim \text{Uni}(0, 1), E(X) = \frac{1}{2}, Var(X) = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$X \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1), E(X) = 0, Var(X) = 1$$

$$X \sim \exp(\lambda), E(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda}, Var(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

$$X \sim \Gamma(d, \lambda), E(X^\beta) = \frac{\Gamma(d+\beta)}{\Gamma(d)+\lambda^\beta} = E(X^\beta) = \begin{cases} \frac{d}{\lambda}, & \text{se } \beta=1 \\ \frac{d(d+1)}{\lambda^2}, & \text{se } \beta=2 \end{cases}, \quad Var(X) = \frac{d}{\lambda^2}$$

DENSITÀ CONDIZIONALE

$$f_{X|Y}(x|y) = \frac{f(x,y)}{f_Y(y)}, \quad f_{Y|X}(y|x) = \frac{f(x,y)}{f_X(x)}$$

$$\text{se } X, Y \text{ INDEPENDENTI} \Rightarrow \frac{f(x,y)}{f_X(x)} = \frac{f_{X|Y}(x|y) \cdot f_Y(y)}{f_Y(y)} = f_{X|Y}(x|y)$$

MEDIA CONDIZIONALE

$$E[X|Y=y] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x \cdot f_{X|Y}(x|y) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x \cdot \frac{f(x,y)}{f_Y(y)} dx, \quad \text{Ovvero la media della densità condizionata}$$

ADDITIONE DI V.O. GENERALE

$$Z = X + Y, \quad f_Z(z) = \begin{cases} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, z-x) dx, & X, Y \text{ non indip} \\ \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_X(x) \cdot f_Y(z-x) dx, & X, Y \text{ indip} \end{cases}$$

ADDITIONE DI V.O. Gamma

$$X \sim \Gamma(\alpha, \lambda_1), \quad Y \sim \Gamma(\beta, \lambda_2), \quad \text{AVRERO: } X + Y = Z \sim \Gamma(\alpha + \beta, \lambda)$$

con $\lambda_1 = \lambda_2$ solo se X, Y indip

ADDITIONE DI V.O. NORMALE

$$X \sim N(m, \sigma^2), \quad Y \sim N(\mu, \gamma^2), \quad \text{AVRERO: } X + Y = Z \sim N(m + \mu, \sigma^2 + \gamma^2)$$

solo se X, Y indip

NORMALIZZAZIONE

$$X \sim N(0, 1), \quad Y = \sigma X + m \implies Y \sim N(m, \sigma^2)$$

$$\text{QUINDI SE: } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Z = \sigma X + m \\ Z \sim N(m, \sigma^2) \end{array} \right\} \implies X = \frac{Z - m}{\sigma} \sim N(0, 1)$$

TRONARE MARGINALE DA CONGIUNTA

$$f_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, y) dy, \quad f_X(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, y) dy$$

