



DÉPARTEMENT DE GÉNIE INFORMATIQUE

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# TP3 - Automation and Vulnerability checks

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# 1 Questions

## 1.1 Vulnerability checks

1. *Go inside the folder of each configuration file in Lab2 and execute a vulnerability check. Then, classify and analyze each type of vulnerability. In particular, build a taxonomy of vulnerability and try to resolve those that are found in the config file.*

For each file, checkov finds more misconfigurations / vulnerabilities than trivy. The vulnerabilities found in trivy were all found by checkov. Checkov found more vulnerabilities, which makes it a better solution. The best would be to use both to be secure.

Checkov and Trivy vulnerability checks are attached in annexe.

2. How would you extract vulnerabilities automatically to avoid human error?

Automate the security check and stop the instance launch if a vulnerability is detected.

## 1.2 Automation

3. Replicate this CloudFormation stack to terraform.

```
# Define the AWS provider configuration (credentials and region)
provider "aws" {
    region = "us-east-1"
}
```

```
# Create a VPC
resource "aws_vpc" "my_vpc" {
    cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/16"
    enable_dns_support = true
    enable_dns_hostnames = true
}
```

```
# Create a public subnet
resource "aws_subnet" "public_subnet" {
    vpc_id = aws_vpc.my_vpc.id
    cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/24"
    availability_zone = "us-east-1a"
```

```
    map_public_ip_on_launch = true
  }

# Create an Internet Gateway
resource "aws_internet_gateway" "internet_gateway" {}

# Attach the Internet Gateway to the VPC
resource "aws_vpc_attachment" "attach_gateway" {
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.my_vpc.id
  internet_gateway_id = aws_internet_gateway.internet_gateway.id
}

# Create a security group for SSH access
resource "aws_security_group" "security_group" {
  name = "Enable SSH access"
  description = "Enable SSH access"
  vpc_id = aws_vpc.my_vpc.id
  ingress {
    from_port = 22
    to_port = 22
    protocol = "tcp"
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
  }
}

# Create EC2 instances
resource "aws_instance" "ec2_instance" {
  count = 4
  ami = "ami-0fc5d935ebf8bc3bc" # Specify the desired AMI ID here
  instance_type = "t2.micro"
  subnet_id = aws_subnet.public_subnet.id
  security_groups = [aws_security_group.security_group.id]
}

# Create an S3 bucket
resource "aws_s3_bucket" "my_s3_bucket" {}

# Create a DynamoDB table
resource "aws_dynamodb_table" "my_dynamo_db_table" {
  name = "MyTable"
  billing_mode = "PROVISIONED"
  read_capacity = 5
}
```

```
    write_capacity = 5
    attribute {
      name = "ID"
      type = "N"
    }
    key_schema {
      name = "ID"
      attribute_type = "N"
    }
  }
}

# Define output values
output "ec2_instance_ids" {
  description = "IDs of the EC2 Instances"
  value = [for instance in aws_instance.ec2_instance : instance.id]
}
output "s3_bucket_name" {
  description = "S3 Bucket Name"
  value = aws_s3_bucket.my_s3_bucket.id
}
output "dynamo_db_table_name" {
  description = "DynamoDB Table Name"
  value = aws_dynamodb_table.my_dynamo_db_table.name
}
```

4. What are the key differences between security groups and subnets?

Security groups are responsible for the control of the incoming and outgoing traffic within one or several instances of a vpc. They are at the instance level. Subnets represent the IP address range associated to a VPC. They are responsible for the network layout at VPC level.

5. During the CloudFormation process, observe the order of service creation and explain the order how services are created.

1) Pick a template that specifies the resources that you want in your stack. The sample template creates a basic WordPress blog that uses a single Amazon EC2 instance with a local MySQL database for storage. The template also creates an Amazon EC2 security group to control firewall settings for the Amazon EC2 instance. A template is a JSON or YAML text file that contains the configuration information about the AWS resources

- 2) Make sure you have prepared any required items for the stack by making sure you have prepared any required items for the stack
- 3) Create the Stack based on the WordPress-1.0.0 file
- 4) Monitor the progress of stack creation. In the stack details pane, choose the Events tab to view each major step in the creation of the stack
- 5) Use your stack resources after a status of `CREATE_COMPLETE`. The sample WordPress stack creates a WordPress website. You can continue with the WordPress setup by running the WordPress installation script.
- 6) Clean up. To make sure you aren't charged for any unwanted services, you can clean up by deleting the stack and its resources.

Source :

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSCloudFormation/latest/UserGuide/GettingStarted.Walkthrough.html#GettingStarted.Walkthrough.p>

## ANNEXE

**checkov -d . lab2\01-s3-bucket\aws-backend\main.tf**

logiciel	Vulnérabilité	Code	Solution
checkov	Ensure Dynamodb point in time recovery (backup) is enabled	44   resource "aws_dynamodb_table" "terraform_locks" { 45     name      = "terraform-state-locking" 46     billing_mode = "PAY_PER_REQUEST" 47     hash_key    = "LockID" 48     attribute { 49       name = "LockID" 50       type = "S" 51     } 52   }	add point-in-time recovery = enabled

checkov	Ensure DynamoDB Tables are encrypted using a KMS Customer Managed CMK	<pre> 44   resource "aws_dynamodb_table" "terraform_locks" { 45     name      = "terraform-state-locking" 46     billing_mode = "PAY_PER_REQUEST" 47     hash_key    = "LockID" 48     attribute { 49       name = "LockID" 50       type = "S" 51     } 52   }</pre>	<pre> add in resource server_side_encryption { enabled = true }</pre>
checkov	Ensure S3 buckets should have event notifications enabled	<pre> 23   resource "aws_s3_bucket" "terraform_state" { 24     bucket      = "s3-bucket-lab-02" 25     force_destroy = true 26   }</pre>	<pre> add resource "aws_s3_bucket_notification" "bucket_notification" {   bucket = aws_s3_bucket.bucket.id    topic {     topic_arn = aws_sns_topic.topic.arn     events    = ["s3:ObjectCreated:*"]     filter_suffix = ".log"   } }</pre>



checkov	Ensure that S3 bucket has a Public Access block	<pre> 23   resource "aws_s3_bucket"       "terraform_state" { 24     bucket      =       "s3-bucket-lab-02" 25     force_destroy = true 26   }</pre>	<pre> add resource "aws_s3_bucket_public_access_block" "example" {   bucket = aws_s3_bucket.example.id    block_public_acls      = true   block_public_policy    = true   ignore_public_acls    = true   restrict_public_buckets = true }</pre>
checkov	Ensure that an S3 bucket has a lifecycle configuration	<pre> 23   resource "aws_s3_bucket"       "terraform_state" { 24     bucket      =       "s3-bucket-lab-02" 25     force_destroy = true 26   }</pre>	<pre> add resource "aws_s3_bucket_lifecycle_configuration" "example" {   bucket = aws_s3_bucket.bucket.id    rule {     id = "rule-1"      filter {}      # ... other     transition/expiration actions ...      status = "Enabled"   } }</pre>
checkov	Ensure the S3 bucket has access logging enabled	<pre> 23   resource "aws_s3_bucket"       "terraform_state" { 24     bucket      =       "s3-bucket-lab-02" 25     force_destroy = true 26   }</pre>	<pre> add resource "aws_s3_bucket_logging" "example" {   bucket = aws_s3_bucket.example.id    target_bucket = aws_s3_bucket.log_bucket.id   target_prefix = "log/" }</pre>

checkov	Ensure that S3 bucket has cross-region replication enabled	<pre> 23   resource "aws_s3_bucket"       "terraform_state" { 24     bucket      =       "s3-bucket-lab-02" 25     force_destroy = true 26   } </pre>	<pre> add resource "aws_s3_bucket_replication_co nfiguration" "east_to_west" {   depends_on =   [aws_s3_bucket_versioning.ea st]   role      =   aws_iam_role.east_replication. arn   bucket    =   aws_s3_bucket.east.id    rule {     status = "Enabled"      destination {       bucket      =   aws_s3_bucket.west.arn       storage_class =   "STANDARD"     }   } } </pre>
checkov	Ensure that S3 buckets are encrypted with KMS by default	<pre> 23   resource "aws_s3_bucket"       "terraform_state" { 24     bucket      =       "s3-bucket-lab-02" 25     force_destroy = true 26   } </pre>	<pre> add resource "aws_s3_bucket_server_side_ encryption_configuration" "good_sse_1" {   bucket =   aws_s3_bucket.bucket_name. bucket    rule {    apply_server_side_encryption_ by_default {     kms_master_key_id =   aws_kms_key.mykey.arn     sse_algorithm     =   "aws:kms"   } } } </pre>

trivy	Table encryption is not enabled.	<pre>44  resource     "aws_dynamodb_table"     "terraform_locks" { 45      name      =         "terraform-state-locking" 46      billing_mode =         "PAY_PER_REQUEST" 47      hash_key    = "LockID" 48      attribute { 49          name = "LockID" 50          type = "S" 51      } 52  }</pre>	<pre>add in resource server_side_encryption {     enabled = true }</pre>
trivy	Point-in-time recovery is not enabled.	<pre>44  resource     "aws_dynamodb_table"     "terraform_locks" { 45      name      =         "terraform-state-locking" 46      billing_mode =         "PAY_PER_REQUEST" 47      hash_key    = "LockID" 48      attribute { 49          name = "LockID" 50          type = "S" 51      } 52  }</pre>	<pre>add in resource point_in_time_recovery {     enabled = true }</pre>

trivy	Table encryption does not use a customer-managed KMS key	<pre> 44  └ resource     "aws_dynamodb_table"     "terraform_locks" {  45      name      =     "terraform-state-locking"  46      billing_mode =     "PAY_PER_REQUEST"  47      hash_key    = "LockID"  48      attribute {  49        name = "LockID"  50        type = "S"  51      }  52 └ }</pre>	<pre> add in resource server_side_encryption {     enabled =  true      kms_key_arn = aws_kms_key.dynamo_db_kms s.key_id }  add resource resource "aws_kms_key" "dynamo_db_kms" {     enable_key_rotation = true }</pre>
trivy	No public access block so not blocking public acls	<pre> 23  └ resource     "aws_s3_bucket"     "terraform_state" {  24      bucket      =     "s3-bucket-lab-02" #     REPLACE WITH YOUR     BUCKET NAME  25      force_destroy = true  26 └ }</pre>	<pre> add resource resource "aws_s3_bucket_public_acces s_block" "terraform_state" {     bucket = aws_s3_bucket.terraform_state .id     block_public_acls = true }</pre>
trivy	No public access block so not blocking public policies	<pre> 23  └ resource     "aws_s3_bucket"     "terraform_state" {  24      bucket      =     "s3-bucket-lab-02" #     REPLACE WITH YOUR     BUCKET NAME  25      force_destroy = true  26 └ }</pre>	<pre> add resource resource "aws_s3_bucket_public_acces s_block" "terraform_state" {     bucket = aws_s3_bucket.terraform_state .id     block_public_policy = true }</pre>

trivy	Bucket has logging disabled	<pre> 23  └ resource     "aws_s3_bucket"     "terraform_state" {        24     bucket      =         "s3-bucket-lab-02" #         REPLACE WITH YOUR         BUCKET NAME        25     force_destroy = true        26 └ } </pre>	<pre> add in resource logging {     target_bucket =     "target-bucket" } </pre>
trivy	No public access block so not ignoring public acls	<pre> 23  └ resource     "aws_s3_bucket"     "terraform_state" {        24     bucket      =         "s3-bucket-lab-02" #         REPLACE WITH YOUR         BUCKET NAME        25     force_destroy = true        26 └ } </pre>	<pre> add resource resource "aws_s3_bucket_public_acces s_block" "terraform_state" {     bucket = aws_s3_bucket.terraform_state .id      ignore_public_acls = true } </pre>
trivy	No public access block so not restricting public buckets	<pre> 23  └ resource     "aws_s3_bucket"     "terraform_state" {        24     bucket      =         "s3-bucket-lab-02" #         REPLACE WITH YOUR         BUCKET NAME        25     force_destroy = true        26 └ } </pre>	<pre> add resource resource "aws_s3_bucket_public_acces s_block" "terraform_state" {     bucket = aws_s3_bucket.terraform_state .id      restrict_public_buckets = true } </pre>

trivy	Bucket does not have a corresponding public access block	<pre> 23  resource     "aws_s3_bucket"     "terraform_state" {  24      bucket      = "s3-bucket-lab-02" # REPLACE WITH YOUR BUCKET NAME  25      force_destroy = true  26  } </pre>	<pre> add in resource acl = "private-read"  add resource  resource "aws_s3_bucket_public_acces s_block" "terraform_state" {     bucket = aws_s3_bucket.terraform_state .id     block_public_acls = true     block_public_policy = true } </pre>
trivy	Bucket does not encrypt data with a customer managed key	<pre> 35  resource "aws_s3_bucket_server_side_ encryption_configuration" "terraform_state_crypto_conf" {  36      bucket      = aws_s3_bucket.terraform_stat e.bucket  37      rule {  38          resource "aws_s3_bucket_server_side_ encryption_configuration" "terraform_state_crypto_conf" {  39              sse_algorithm = "AES256"  40          }  41      }  42  } </pre>	<pre> add resource resource "aws_kms_key" "good_example" {     enable_key_rotation = true }  change the apply_server_side_encryption_ by_default to kms_master_key_id = aws_kms_key.good_example.a rn     sse_algorithm      = "aws:kms" </pre>

**checkov -d . lab2\vpcl\main.tf**

checkov	Vulnérabilité	Code	Solution
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checkov	Ensure that detailed monitoring is enabled for EC2 instances	<pre> 29   resource "aws_instance" "vm" { 30     count      = 8 31     ami        = var.ami_id 32     instance_type = "t2.micro" 33     subnet_id   = element(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id, count.index % length(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id)) 34   }</pre>	add in resource monitoring = true
checkov	Ensure that EC2 is EBS optimized	<pre> 29   resource "aws_instance" "vm" { 30     count      = 8 31     ami        = var.ami_id 32     instance_type = "t2.micro" 33     subnet_id   = element(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id, count.index % length(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id)) 34   }</pre>	add in resource ebs_optimized = true
checkov	Ensure Instance Metadata Service Version 1 is not enabled	<pre> 29   resource "aws_instance" "vm" { 30     count      = 8 31     ami        = var.ami_id 32     instance_type = "t2.micro" 33     subnet_id   = element(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id, count.index % length(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id)) 34   }</pre>	add in resource metadata_options { ... http_endpoint = "enabled" http_tokens = "required" }

checkov	Ensure all data stored in the Launch configuration or instance Elastic Blocks Store is securely encrypted	<pre> 29   resource "aws_instance" "vm" { 30     count      = 8 31     ami        = var.ami_id 32     instance_type = "t2.micro" 33     subnet_id   = element(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id, count.index % length(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id)) 34   }</pre>	<pre> add in resource root_block_device {   encrypted = true }</pre>
checkov	Ensure an IAM role is attached to EC2 instance	<pre> 29   resource "aws_instance" "vm" { 30     count      = 8 31     ami        = var.ami_id 32     instance_type = "t2.micro" 33     subnet_id   = element(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id, count.index % length(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id)) 34   }</pre>	<pre> add in resource iam_instance_profile = "test"  add resource resource "aws_iam_instance_profile " "test" {   name = "test"   role = aws_iam_role.role.name }  add resource resource "aws_iam_role" "role" {   name      = "test_role"   path      = "/"   assume_role_policy = data.aws_iam_policy_docu ment.assume_role.json }</pre>



checkov	Ensure KMS key Policy is defined	<pre> 38   resource "aws_kms_key"      "encryption_key" { 39     description      = "Encryption      key for sensitive data" 40     enable_key_rotation = true 41     deletion_window_in_days = 7 42   }</pre>	add in resource policy = {valid json policy document}
checkov	Ensure VPC flow logging is enabled in all VPCs	<pre> 10   resource "aws_vpc" "main" { 11     cidr_block      = "10.0.0.0/16" 12     enable_dns_support = true 13     enable_dns_hostnames = true 14   15     tags = { 16       Name = "MainVPC" 17     } 18   }</pre>	<pre> add resource resource "aws_flow_log" "example" {   iam_role_arn  = "arn"   log_destination = "log"   traffic_type   = "ALL"   vpc_id        = aws_vpc.main.id }</pre>

checkov	Ensure the default security group of every VPC restricts all traffic	<pre> 10   resource "aws_vpc" "main" { 11     cidr_block      = "10.0.0.0/16" 12     enable_dns_support = true 13     enable_dns_hostnames = true 14   15     tags = { 16       Name = "MainVPC" 17     } 18   }</pre>	<pre> add resource resource "aws_default_security_group" "default" {   vpc_id = aws_vpc.main.id  - ingress { -   protocol = "-1" -   self     = true -   from_port = 0 -   to_port   = 0 - }  - egress { -   from_port = 0 -   to_port   = 0 -   protocol  = "-1" -   cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"] - } }</pre>
trivy	Instance does not require IMDS access to require a token	<pre> 29   resource "aws_instance" "vm" {  30     count      = 8  31     ami        = var.ami_id  32     instance_type = "t2.micro"  33     subnet_id   = element(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id, count.index % length(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id))  34   }</pre>	<pre> add in resource metadata_options {   http_tokens = "required" }</pre>

trivy	Root block device is not encrypted	<pre> 29  resource "aws_instance" "vm" { 30      count      = 8 31      ami        = var.ami_id 32      instance_type = "t2.micro" 33      subnet_id   = element(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id, count.index % length(aws_subnet.subnet[*].id)) 34  } </pre>	<pre> add in resource root_block_device {     encrypted = true }  ebs_block_device {     device_name = "/dev/sdg"     volume_size = 5     volume_type = "gp2"     delete_on_termination = false     encrypted = true } </pre>
trivy	VPC Flow Logs is not enabled for VPC	<pre> 10  resource "aws_vpc" "main" { 11      cidr_block      = "10.0.0.0/16" 12      enable_dns_support = true 13      enable_dns_hostnames = true 14 15      tags = { 16          Name = "MainVPC" 17      } 18  } </pre>	<pre> add resource resource "aws_flow_log" "example" {     iam_role_arn = "arn"     log_destination = "log"     traffic_type  = "ALL"     vpc_id        = aws_vpc.main.id } </pre>