Artificial Intelligence: Assignment 1

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1 Genetic Algorithm

```
# iterator
t = 0
# number of epochs
epochs = \dots
\# initialize algorithm parameters
n = \dots
k \; = \; \dots
m = \dots
LR = \dots
# initialize probability vector P[i]
for i from 0 to n
    P[i] = 0.5
end
\# start genetic algorithm
while t < epochs (or given condition is satisfied) do
    solution\_vector = []
    for j from 0 to k
         genes = []
         for i from 0 to n
             \# generate population based on the probablistic vector
             if sample\_random(0,1) \ll P[i]
                 genes.append(1)
             end
             else
                 genes.append(0)
             end
         end
```

```
solution_vector.append(genes)
end
# initialize next generation
generation = []
for j from 0 to k
    # select parents from the generated population
    # which is the solution_vector computed above
    ind1 = select_parent(solution_vectors)
    ind2 = select_parent(solution_vectors)
    # retrieve 2 children from the crossover algorithm
    ch1, ch2 = crossover(ind1, ind2)
    # mutate genes of the children separately
    ch1 = mutate(ch1)
    ch2 = mutate(ch2)
    # store children in current generation
    generation.append(ch1)
    generation.append(ch2)
end
# update the solution vectors to be the current generation
solution_vectors = generation
# sort the current generation by fitness through the
# Evaluate method in descending order
solution_vectors = sorted(solution_vectors, key=Evaluate, reverse=True)
\# update probablistic vector P[i] using the current generation
for j from 0 to m
    for i from 0 to n
        P[i] = P[i] * (1 - LR) * solution_vectors[j][i] * (LR)
    end
end
# update iterator (if epochs stopping criteria is used)
t += 1
```

end

In GA.py and GAmethods.py can be found a low level implementation of the algorithm, which I did for exercise.

2 Alpha beta pruning

On Figure 1. can be seen the path with corresponding value of 5. As stated in the assignment update the top most layer is the MAX player followed by MIN and etc, which results in MAX - MIN - MAX - MIN - MAX root to leaves for the given tree.

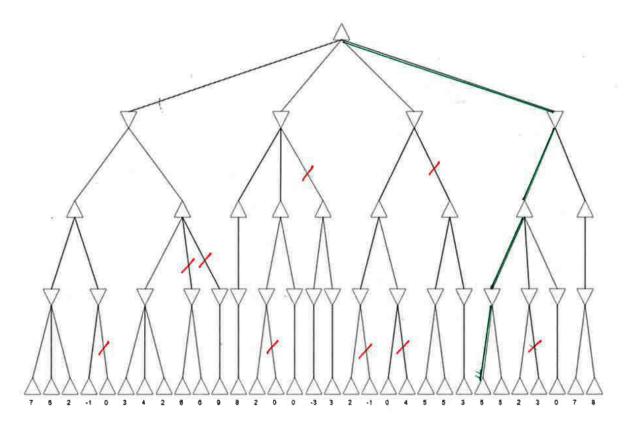


Figure 1: $\alpha - \beta$ pruning