Computer Science Project Proposal

Constructing 3D models from image sequences

I. G. Sorescu, Newnham College

Originator: I. G. Sorescu

 13^{th} October 2014

Project Supervisor: K. Palyutina

Director of Studies: Dr J. K. Fawcett

Project Overseers: Dr A. Rice & Dr T. G. Griffin

Introduction and Description of the Work

The aim of this project is to extract a 3D model of a small object from a sequence of plain images and then to export the model into a 3D geometry format such as PLY. The resulting file can then be rendered and processed by MeshLab (or similar).

The main focus of the project is to obtain a wireframe model, leaving shading and texture mapping as a possible extension.

The inputted set of pictures must be obtained using the following technique [add an image to represent this]: Define an "origin" on a perfectly horizontal table and place the camera there facing a white background. Place an object of max height X at a distance Y from the origin. Take the first picture. Rotate the object 30 degrees (counter clockwise as seen from camera) and take the second picture ... until 12 pictures are taken. Some other details to work out such as focal distance, skew coefficients, principal point, distortions. Update pictures in the order in which they were taken. Assume well-lit room and no major light differences between pictures in the same set.

Extension: implement self-calibration such that in theory the project will work on any set of pictures as long as large overlap and completely determines the object.

Starting Point

Some experience with C/C++. IB maths and graphics.

Resources Required

Camera(add detailed description - probably anything with manual settings will do), my own computer + backup plans. Open source libraries I might use: openCV, openGL (for test harness), MeshLab (to view the output), a camera calibration tool (such as for the extension).

Work to be done

For core bits (strictly sufficient to satisfy the success criterion):

- write test harness (to create digital snapshots of a polyhedron and test the 3D models on calibrated, error-free input) - this module will be later used to evaluate the results by adding a measured error to the inputs and comparing the outputs
- detect edges in the 12 pictures
- \bullet compute a dense set of correspondences between neighbouring images stereo rectification, stereo matching, dense depth map
- reconstructing the 3D object shape overlying a 2D triangular mesh on top of one of the images to bild corresponding 3D mesh by wrapping vertices of the triangles in 3D space by using depth maps OR volumetric depth map integration, Kalman filters

Extensions:

- self-calibration: computing the geometric relation between neighbouring images, estimating the motion and calibration of the camera
- search for texture mapping techniques

Success Criterion

A system that can successfully construct the wireframe of a fairly regular object of maximum height X [more specific?] from pictures taken as described in introduction.

The input images used to determine the success of the project will be considered

to be error-free so probably computer-generated.

Might be helpful to compare results to those generated by ARC3D.

Possible Extensions

- self-calibration
- add shadowing to model
- add texture to model

Timetable

Planned starting date is 09/10/2014.

- 1. Slot 0: 9th Oct 24th Oct
 - Read relevant literature and plan the project.

Milestone: Submit proposal

- 2. Slot 1: 25th Oct 14th Nov
 - Further research: gain a deeper understanding of the techniques involved in edge detection and 3D modelling

Milestone: Have a clear understanding of the techniques needed to complete the project

- 3. Slot 2: 15th Nov 28th Nov
 - Start implementation: implement test harness
 - design a few basic unit tests for the edge detector, dense set generator and wireframe generator.

Milestone: finish implementing the test harness

- 4. Slot 3: 28th Nov 5th Dec
 - Implement the edge-detector

Milestone: Pass the unit tests for the edge-detection module

5. Slot 4: 6^{th} Dec - 26^{th} Dec

• Implement dense set generator

Milestone: Pass the unit tests for the dense set generation module

- 6. Slot 5: 27th Dec 16th Jan
 - Implement the wireframe generator

Milestone: Finish implementation, Pass the unit tests for the wireframe generator

- 7. Slot 6: 17th Jan 30th Jan
 - Buffer time: catch up or start doing the extensions
 - Write progress report

Milestone: Submit progress report

- 8. Slot 7: 31st Jan 13 th Feb
 - Further tests

Milestone: Finish writing integration tests and more in-depth unit tests

- 9. Slot 8: 13st Feb 27 th Feb
 - Debug

Milestone: Pass all of the tests

- 10. Slot 9: 27^{st} Feb 13^{th} Mar
 - Catch-up time or extensions

Milestone: Pass all of the tests

- 11. Slot 10: 14^{th} Mar 3^{rd} Apr
 - Analysis

Milestone: Finish doing the evaluation graphs

- 12. Slot 11: 4th Apr 17th Apr
 - Plan and start writing the dissertation

Milestone: Start writing the dissertation

13. Slot 12: 18th Apr - 8th May

• Write the dissertation

Milestone: Finish writing dissertation

14. Slot 13: 9^{th} May - 15^{th} May

• Safety slot

Milestone: Submit dissertation