Go 1.22

Release Notes

For loop vars: problem

One the most common mistakes in Go was something like

```
for index := 0; index < len(workers); index++ {
    go func() {
        err := workers[index].Run()
        if err != nil {
            fmt.Println(err)
        }
    }()
}</pre>
```

What's wrong with this code? (in Go 1.21)

For loop vars: problem

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```
for index := 0; index < len(workers); index++ {
    go func() {
        err := workers[index].Run()
        if err != nil {
            fmt.Println(err)
        }
    }()
}</pre>
```

Before Go 1.22, this would always use the vars from the last iteration.

For loop vars: solution

The fix was to pass these vars to the func, or create local vars in loop:

```
for index := 0; index < len(workers); index++ {
   index := index
   go func() {
      err := workers[index].Run()
      if err != nil {
        fmt.Println(err)
      }
   }()
}</pre>
```

For loop vars: solution

With Go 1.22, loop variables are created at each iteration

```
package main
import "fmt"
                                               Output in Go 1.22: (example)
                                               0xc0000a4010
func main() {
                                               0xc0000a4018
    for i := 0; i < 5; i++ {
                                               0xc0000a4030
                                               0xc0000a4038
         fmt.Println(&i)
                                               0xc0000a4040
    Also: fmt.Printf("%p\n", &i)
```

For loop vars: simpler

Let's make the above code simpler

- Use range
- Wrap the func in another func that handles error and returns nothing

```
for _, worker := range workers {
   go worker.RunNoError()
}
```

Range over int

Now you can range over int!

```
for index := range 10 {
    fmt.Printf("index = %d\n", index)
}

Instead of:

for index := 0; index < 10; index++ {
    fmt.Printf("index = %d\n", index)
}</pre>
```

Iterators

Set env var GOEXPERIMENT=rangefunc

```
func Backward[E any](s []E) func(func(int, E) bool) {
    return func(yield func(int, E) bool) {
        for i := len(s)-1; i >= 0; i-- {
            if !yield(i, s[i]) {
                return
            }
        }
        s := []string{"hello", "world"}
        for i, x := range Backward(s) {
            fmt.Println(i, x)
        }
}
```

More info: https://go.dev/wiki/RangefuncExperiment

math/rand/v2

First "v2" in the standard library: "math/rand/v2"

See my recent commit in "repassgen" as an example:

- https://github.com/ilius/repassgen/commits/master/
- Commit: switch to math/rand/v2

Tools

- "vendor" directory for workspace: go work vendor
- No "go get" outside GOPATH, even with GO111MODULE=off
- "go test -cover" treats untested packages as %0 coverage for their parent package.
- "go vet" comes with new warnings