

Go 1.22

**Release Notes**

# For loop vars

- Loop variables are created at each iteration

```
package main
```

```
import "fmt"
```

```
func main() {  
    for i := 0; i < 5; i++ {  
        fmt.Println(&i)  
    }  
}
```

Output in Go 1.22: (example)

```
0xc0000a4010  
0xc0000a4018  
0xc0000a4030  
0xc0000a4038  
0xc0000a4040
```

**Also:** `fmt.Printf("%p\n", &i)`

# For loop vars: why?

One the most common mistakes in Go was something like

```
for index := 0; index < len(workers); index++ {  
    go func() {  
        err := workers[index].Run()  
        if err != nil {  
            fmt.Println(err)  
        }  
    }()  
}
```

What's wrong with this code? (in Go 1.21)

# For loop vars: why?

One the most common mistakes in Go was something like

```
for index := 0; index < len(workers); index++ {  
    go func() {  
        err := workers[index].Run()  
        if err != nil {  
            fmt.Println(err)  
        }  
    }()  
}
```

Before Go 1.22, this would always use the vars from the **last iteration**.

# For loop vars: why?

The fix was to pass these vars to the func, or create local vars in loop:

```
for index := 0; index < len(workers); index++ {  
    index := index  
    go func() {  
        err := workers[index].Run()  
        if err != nil {  
            fmt.Println(err)  
        }  
    }()  
}
```

# For loop vars: simpler

Let's make the above code simpler

- Use **range**
- Wrap the func in another func that handles error and returns nothing

```
for _, worker := range workers {  
    go worker.RunNoError()  
}
```

# Range over int

Now you can loop over int!

```
for index := range 10 {  
    fmt.Printf("index = %d\n", index)  
}
```

Instead of:

```
for index := 0; index < 10; index++ {  
    fmt.Printf("index = %d\n", index)  
}
```

# Range-over-function iterators

Set env var `GOEXPERIMENT=rangefunc`

```
func Backward[E any](s []E) func(func(int, E) bool) {  
    return func(yield func(int, E) bool) {  
        for i := len(s)-1; i >= 0; i-- {  
            if !yield(i, s[i]) {  
                return  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
s := []string{"hello", "world"}  
for i, x := range Backward(s) {  
    fmt.Println(i, x)  
}
```

More info: <https://go.dev/wiki/RangefuncExperiment>



# math/rand/v2

First “v2” in the standard library: “math/rand/v2”

See my recent commit in “repassgen” as an example:

- <https://github.com/ilius/repassgen/commits/master/>
- Commit: [switch to math/rand/v2](#)

# Tools

- “vendor” directory for workspace: `go work vendor`
- No “`go get`” outside `GOPATH`, even with `GO111MODULE=off`
- “`go test -cover`” treats untested packages as %0 coverage for their parent package.
- “`go vet`” comes with new warnings