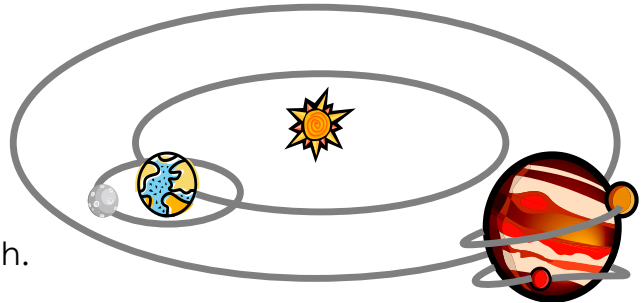


## Viewing and Hierarchical Modeling

### 1. Modeling a (part of) a Solar System

Fix the following code so that it correctly models the Earth and Moon positions. You can insert Push/Pop commands and rearrange any lines of code you wish.



```
PushMatrix
Scale(7917,7917,7917)      // Set Earth diameter
Translate (AU,0,0)         // AU = distance from Earth to Sun
Rotate 360*days/365,(0,1,0) // Rotation around sun
Scale (2159,2519,2519)     // Set moon diameter
Rotate 360*days/27,(0,1,0) // Moon rotation around Earth
Translate 238856,0,0       // Earth to moon distance
DrawMoon
DrawEarth
PopMatrix
```

## 2. Memory Layout of Matrices in WebGL

Suppose we have the following transformation matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & t_x \\ d & e & f & t_y \\ g & h & i & t_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Write down the column-major layout of the matrix in memory:

Write down the row-major layout of the matrix in memory:

Our vertex shaders have typically transformed vertex positions using a line of code like this:

```
gl_Position = uMVMatrix*vec4(aVertexPosition, 1.0);
```

Suppose in your JavaScript code your matrices are laid out in row-major instead of column-major order. How could you change the vertex shader code to accommodate that? Just alter the one line.

## 3. View Transformation

What viewing transformation matrix is produced by having the eyepoint at (1,0,0) with the lookout point at (4,0,0) and an up vector of <0,1,0>?