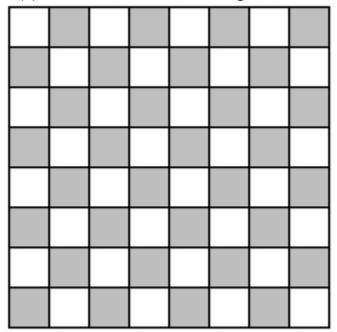
## Texture Filtering

## 1. Magnification

Suppose we have the following 8x8 texture of greyscale values



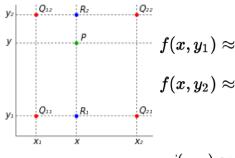
- Texel (0,0) is located in the lower left hand corner.
- White texels have RGB values of (1,1,1)
- Grey texels have RGB values of (0.5, 0.5, 0.5)

Suppose a fragment has (u,v) texture coordinates of (3/4, 19/32).

**a.** What fragment color is generated using nearest neighbor? Recall that in nearest neighbor filtering you sample the texel (s,t):  $s=\text{round}(u\times width-1/2)$   $t=\text{round}(v\times height-1/2)$ 

```
s=round(3/4 \times 8 - 1/2) = round(5 1/2) = 6
t=round(19/32 \times 8 - 1/2) = round(19/4 - 1/2)= round(17/4) = 4
T(6,4)=(0.5,0.5,0.5)
```

**b.** What fragment color is generated using bilinear filtering? Recall that bilinear filtering takes the following form:



$$f(x,y_1)pprox rac{x_2-x}{x_2-x_1}f(Q_{11})+rac{x-x_1}{x_2-x_1}f(Q_{21}), \ f(x,y_2)pprox rac{x_2-x}{x_2-x_1}f(Q_{12})+rac{x-x_1}{x_2-x_1}f(Q_{22}). \ y_2-y_1 \qquad y_2-y_1$$

$$f(x,y)pprox rac{y_2-y}{y_2-y_1}f(x,y_1) + rac{y-y_1}{y_2-y_1}f(x,y_2)$$

To generate the (s,t) coordinates in this case, you would do:

$$s = 3/4 \times 8 = 6$$

$$t=19/32 \times 8 = 4 \frac{3}{4}$$

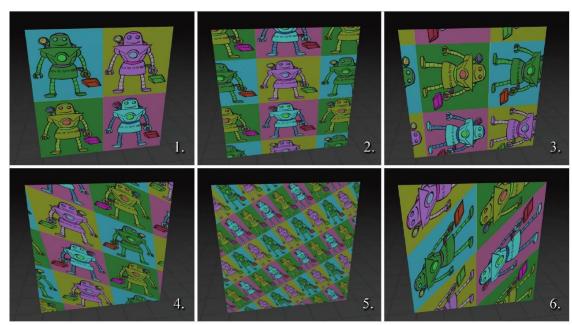
...but for the purposes of illustrating how to perform bilinear interpolation, lets compute the value for T(5 ½, 4 ¼) instead

$$T(5 \frac{1}{2}, 4) = \frac{1}{2}T(5,4) + \frac{1}{2}T(6,4) = \frac{1}{2}(1,1,1) + \frac{1}{2}(0.5,0.5,0.5)$$
  
= (0.75,0.75,0.75)

$$T(5 \frac{1}{2}, 5) = \frac{1}{2} T(5,5) + \frac{1}{2} T(6,5) = \frac{1}{2} (0.5,0.5,0.5) + \frac{1}{2} (1,1,1)$$
  
=  $(0.75,0.75,0.75)$ 

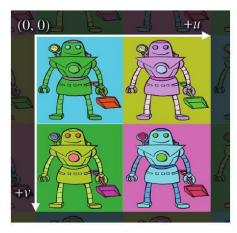
$$T(5 \frac{1}{2}, 4 \frac{1}{4}) = \frac{3}{4} T(5 \frac{1}{2}, 4) + \frac{1}{4} T(5 \frac{1}{2}, 5)$$
  
=  $\frac{3}{4}(0.75, 0.75, 0.75) + \frac{1}{4}(0.75, 0.75, 0.75) = (0.75, 0.75, 0.75)$ 

## 2. Texture Coordinates



Match each textured quad above with the set of texture coordinates used to generate it given in the list below. The upper left vertex is number 0 and the vertices are enumerated clockwise around the quad.

```
0:(0.20,-0.30)
                     1:(1.30,-0.30)
                                                      3:(0.20,1.20)
(a)
                                       2:(1.30,1.20)
    0:(5.00,-1.00)
                     1:(6.00,-1.00)
                                       2:(6.00,0.00)
                                                      3:(5.00,0.00)
(c) 0:(1.00,0.00)
                     1:(-0.23,-0.77)
                                       2:(0.00,1.00)
                                                      3:(1.24,1.77)
(d) 0:(2.00,0.00)
                     1:(1.00,1.00)
                                       2:(0.00,1.00)
                                                      3:(1.00,0.00)
(e) 0: (-0.10, 1.10) 1: (-0.10, 0.10)
                                       2:(0.90,0.10)
                                                      3:(0.90,1.10)
(f) 0:(0.00,-1.00)
                                                      3:(-2.36,0.94)
                     1:(3.35,0.06)
                                       2:(1.00,2.00)
```



$$a=2$$
,  $b=1$ ,  $c=4$ ,  $d=6$ ,  $e=3$ ,  $f=5$