

# Interesting Patterns of Home Run Hitting

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# Outline

- Introduction – my background and interests in baseball
- Baseball data (Statcast)
- Home run hitting – changes over the Statcast era

# Introduction

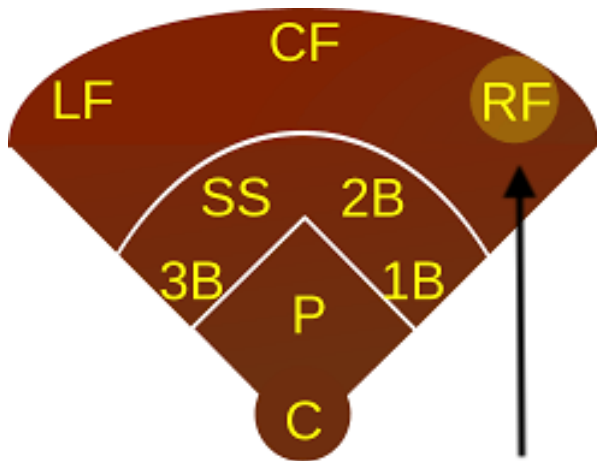
# Background

Grew up around Philly ...



- Played Little League Baseball
- Followed the Phillies
- Collected baseball cards (liked the stats on the back of the cards)
- Played baseball simulation games (Strat-O-Matic)

# What Position Did I Play?



# My Academic Career

- Math major
- Doctorate in Statistics
- Professor at BGSU for 41 years, retired in 2020
- Interests in Bayesian modeling, stats education and applications of statistics in sports

# My Baseball Books

- *Curve Ball* (with Jay Bennett)
- *Teaching Statistics Using Baseball*
- *Visualizing Baseball*
- *Analyzing Baseball Data with R* (with Max Marchi and Ben Baumer)

# Retirement

- Play a lot of tennis
- Keep active in statistics
- Interested in baseball and tennis analytics
- Enjoy writing Shiny applications in R



# Shiny - Building Web Interfaces with R

- Have a R package *ShinyBaseball* at <https://github.com/bayesball/ShinyBaseball>
- Book <https://bayesball.github.io/shinybaseball/> describing my Shiny baseball applications
- Great way to communicate findings

# A Shiny App - Pitch Locations and Pitch Values

**LocationValue**

Select 2021 Pitcher:

Gerrit Cole

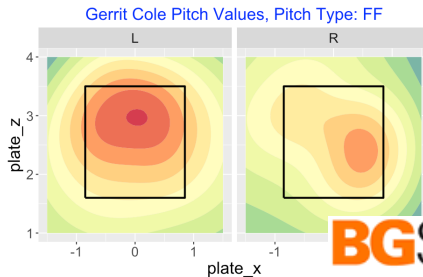
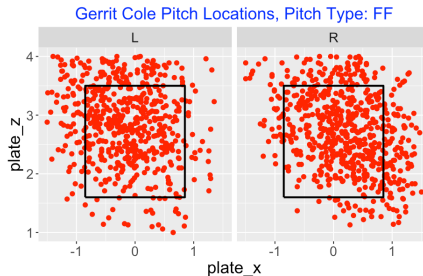
Select Pitch Type:

☐ CH ☐ CU ☐ FC ☒ FF ☐ FT

☐ KC ☐ SI ☐ SL

pitch_type	Count
CH	421
FF	1401
KC	468
SI	23
SL	655
NA	1

**MAKE PLOT**



## Exploring Baseball Data with R

[Home](#)[Authors](#)[Analyzing Baseball Data with R](#)[R-bloggers](#)

### Demise of the Sacrifice Hit

By [Jim Albert](#) on [March 28, 2022](#) | [Leave a comment](#) | [Edit](#)

#### Introduction

There are two significant rule developments in Major League Baseball for the 2022 season. First, games will continue to use the so-called zombie runner rule where each half-inning in an extra inning will start with a runner on second base. Second, MLB will implement an universal

# Baseball Data

# Baseball Data

- Remarkable data is available in baseball
- Lahman database (season to season)
- Retrosheet (game data, play-by-play data)
- Statcast

# Best Baseball Stats Sites

- Baseball Reference
- FanGraphs
- Baseball Savant

Support them!

# Statcast

- Every movement of players and the ball is recorded
- Data on each pitch (velocity, movement, spin, location)
- Data on the result of bat (launch angle, exit velocity, spray angle)
- Some data is available through Baseball Savant
- Using this data to study home run hitting

# New Measures of Performance

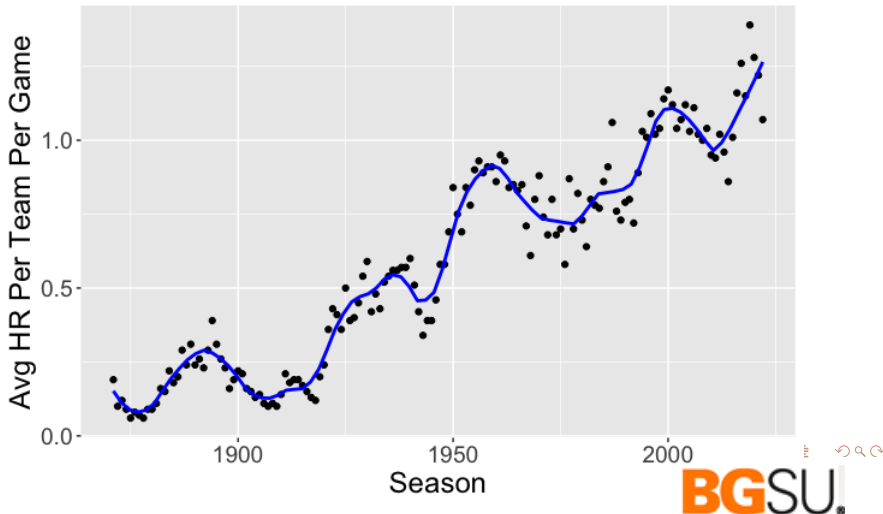
- Catcher framing
- Catcher pop time
- Runner speed
- Fielding catch probability
- Barrels



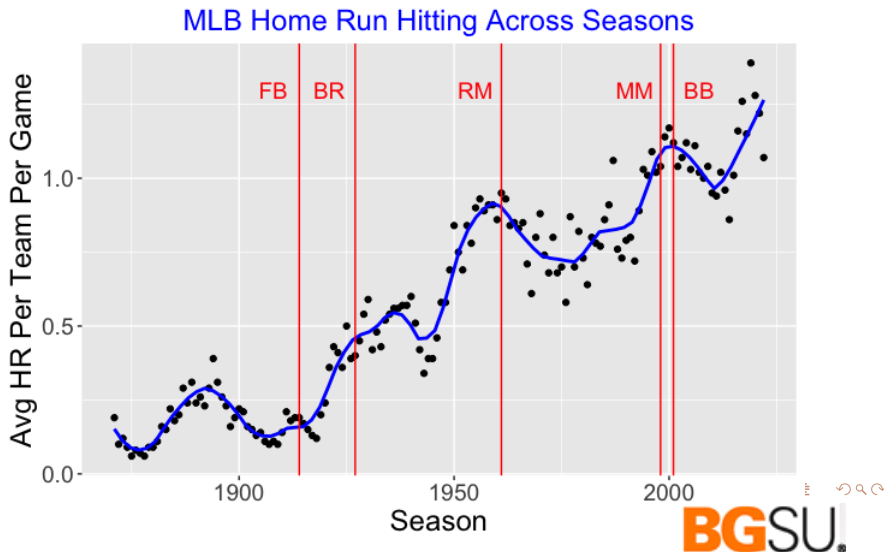
# Home Run Hitting

# History of Avg HR Hit Per Team Per Game

MLB Home Run Hitting Across Seasons



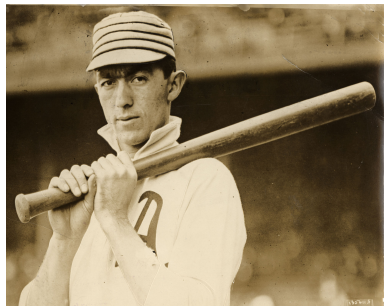
# Seasons of Famous HR Hitters



# Some Famous Home Run Hitters and Seasons

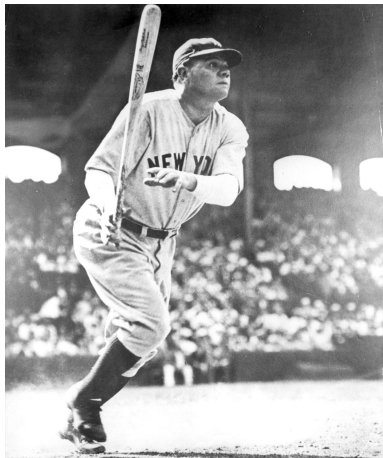
- Frank (Home Run) Baker (1914)
- Babe Ruth (1927)
- Roger Maris (1961)
- Mark McGwire (1998)
- Barry Bonds (2001)

# Home Run Baker



- Played during Deadball Era
- Was home run leader in 1914 with 9 HR
- Home runs were not a big part of the game

# Babe Ruth



- With Babe, home runs became a big part of baseball
- Was home run leader in 1927 with 60 HR
- Maybe the greatest player of all time

# Roger Maris



- Broke Ruth's record with 61 HR in 1961
- Played with Mickey Mantle
- Some controversy with record (famous asterisk)

# Mark McGwire



- Played during "Steroids Era"
- Competed with Sammy Sosa in 1998 for the HR crown
- Hit 70 to break the record



# Barry Bonds



- Played during "Steroids Era"
- Broke the HR record with 73 in 2001
- Career HR leader with 762

# Increasing (and Decreasing) Home Run Totals in the Statcast Era

Season	HR Total
2015	4909
2016	5610
2017	6105
2018	5585
2019	6776
2021	5944
2022	5215

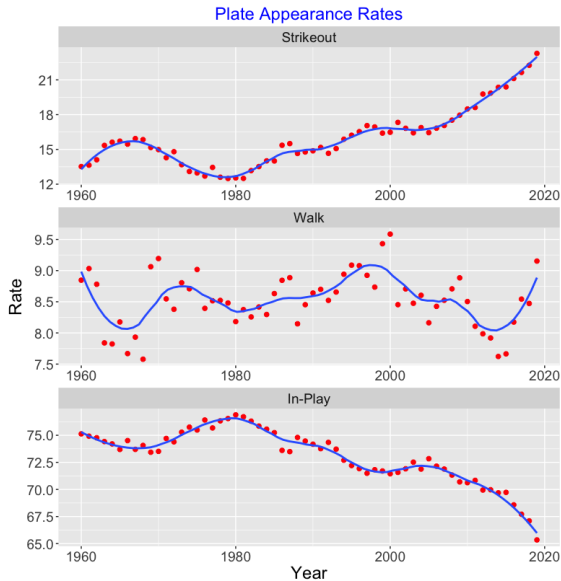
# A Plate Appearance

## Three Basic Outcomes

- Strikeout
- Walk
- Ball is put in-play

How have the rates of the three basic outcomes changed over the last 50 years of baseball?

# Historical Change in SO, BB, In-Play Rates



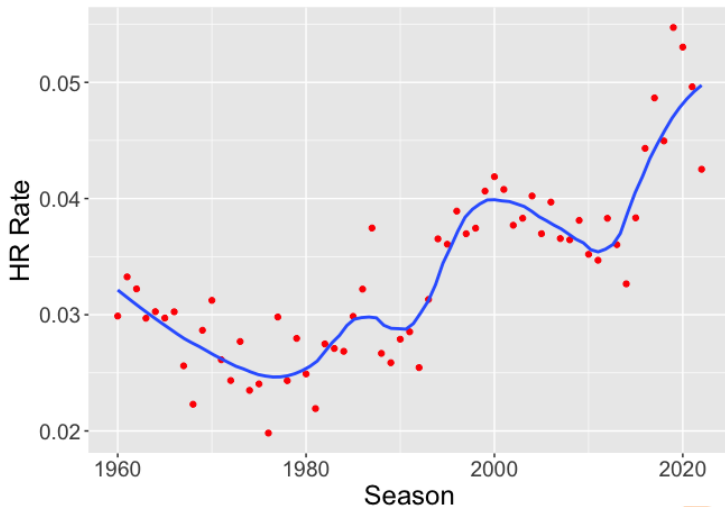
# In-Play Home Run Rate

- Define the home run rate as the fraction of HR among all batted balls ( $AB - SO$ ).

$$HR \text{ Rate} = \frac{HR}{AB - SO}.$$

- Look at history of home run rates in last 60 years.

# History - Home Runs per Batted Ball



# MLB Home Run Report

- In Fall of 2017 a committee was charged by Major League Baseball to identify the potential causes of the increase in the rate at which home runs were hit in 2015, 2016, and 2017.
- Report was released in May 2018. (Available online.)

# Reasons for the increase in home run hitting

## **The batters?**

- Changes in characteristics of batted balls
- Launch angle, exit velocity, and spray angle

## **The pitchers?**

- Changes in types of pitches
- Pitch location



# Reasons for the increase in home run hitting

## The ball?

- Changes in how the ball is made?
- Seam height, core?
- Drag coefficient?

# Reasons for the increase in home run hitting

## Game conditions?

- Ballpark effect
- Weather
- Cold vs. hot temperatures

# Process of Hitting a Home Run

- **IN-PLAY:** Have to put the ball in play
- **HIT IT RIGHT:** The batted ball needs to have the “right” launch angle and exit velocity
- **REACH THE SEATS:** Given the exit velocity and launch angle, needs to have sufficient distance and height to clear the fence (the carry of ball)

# Committee's Findings from 2015 - 2017 Data

- We found modest changes in launch angle and exit velocity among batters
- Focused on RED zone – launch angle in (15, 40) degrees, launch speed between 90 and 115 mpg
- The RED zone balls are showing more carry – they travel further

# Committee's Findings from 2015 - 2017 Data

- Increase in home runs is due to better carry (less drag) for given launch conditions
- Likely due to the aerodynamic properties of the baseball
- Didn't appear to be a property of the manufactured baseballs
- Recommend that MLB monitor the climate environment of the baseballs

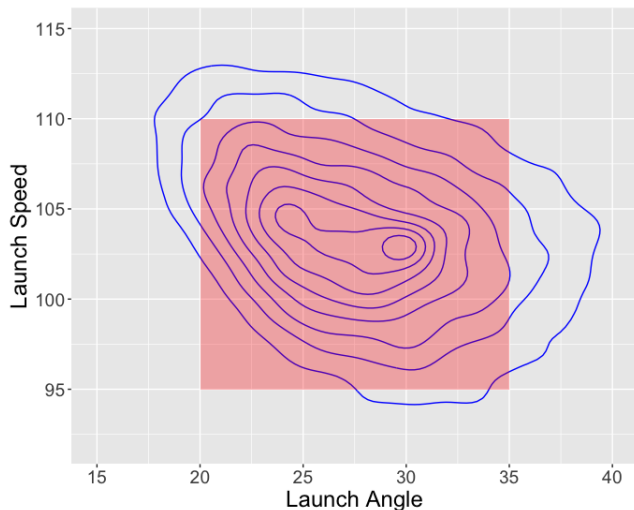
# End of 2022 Season

- Eight seasons of Statcast data (2015 - 2022) are available
- Have launch speed and launch angle measurements for all seasons
- Take a broader perspective on home run hitting

# Empirical Approach

- Look at region of launch angle and exit velocity where most of home runs are hit
- Look at **rate of batted balls** in this region – how does it vary by season?
- Look at **rate of home runs** for balls hit in this region – how does it vary season?

# Focus on Region of Launch Angle and Launch Speed where Home Runs are Hit





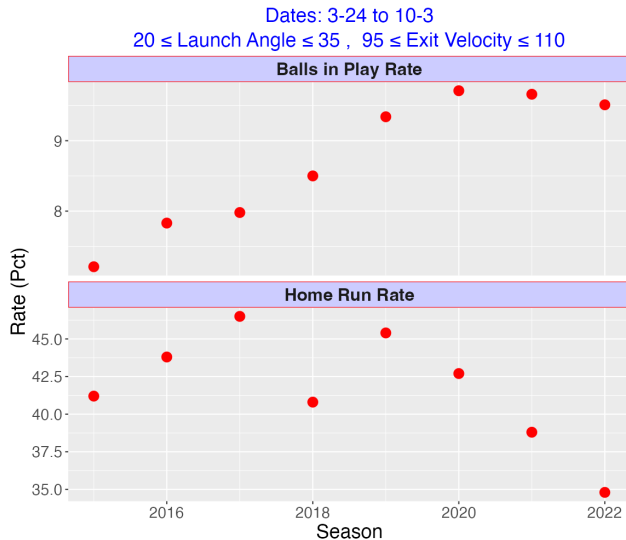
# Balls in Play Rate

- Interested in rate of "home run likely" batted balls

$$BIP\ Rate = \frac{HR\ Likely}{BIP}$$

- Are batters changing their approach?
- Players getting stronger?

# Balls in Play Rate



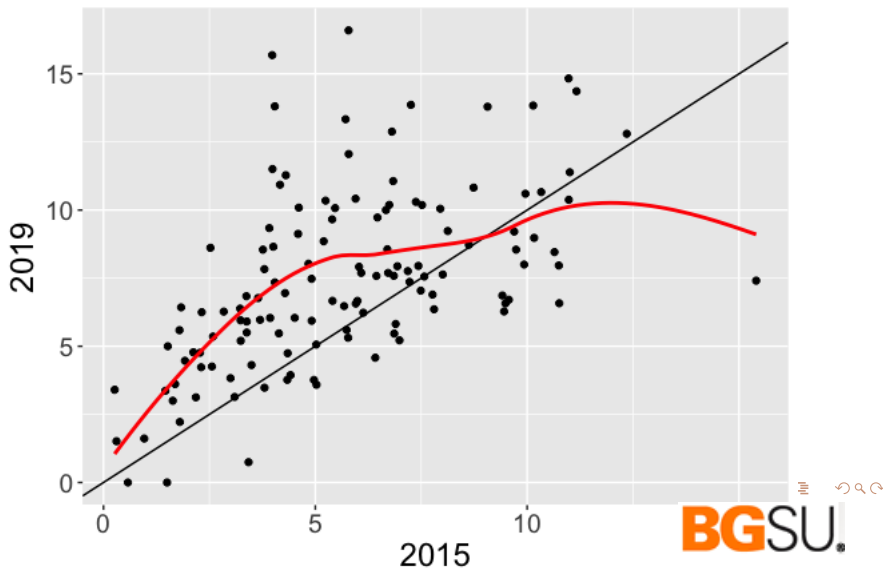
# Balls in Play Rate (top panel)

- See a general increase in "home run likely" rates over Statcast period
- Players appear to be changing their hitting approach or they are getting stronger

# Focus on Changes for Individual Batters

- Look at all hitters who had at least 200 batted balls in 2015 and 100 batted balls in 2019
- Collect fraction of hard-hit/good launch angle balls for each hitter
- How did hitters change in this period?

# Scatterplot of Fraction of Hard Hit Balls for 2 Seasons – 75% Had Higher Fraction in 2019



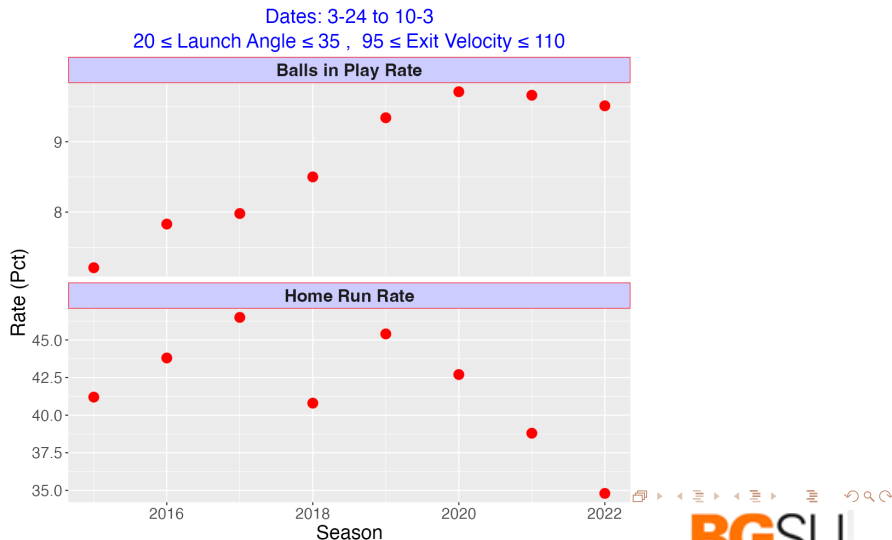
# Home Run Rate

- What is the chance of a home run given good values of launch angle and exit velocity?

$$HR\ Rate = \frac{HR}{HR\ Likely}$$

- Characteristic of the baseball
- Changes in drag coefficient over seasons?

# Home Run Rate (bottom panel)



# Home Run Rate

- General increase from 2015 to 2017
- Big dip in 2018, followed by big increase in 2019
- Steady decrease from 2019 to 2022

Interpretation?



# Shiny App LogitHomeRates

- Divide region of launch angle and exit velocity into subregions
- Choose two seasons
- Look at changes in batted ball rate and home run rate in each region
- Using logit scale

# What is a Logit?

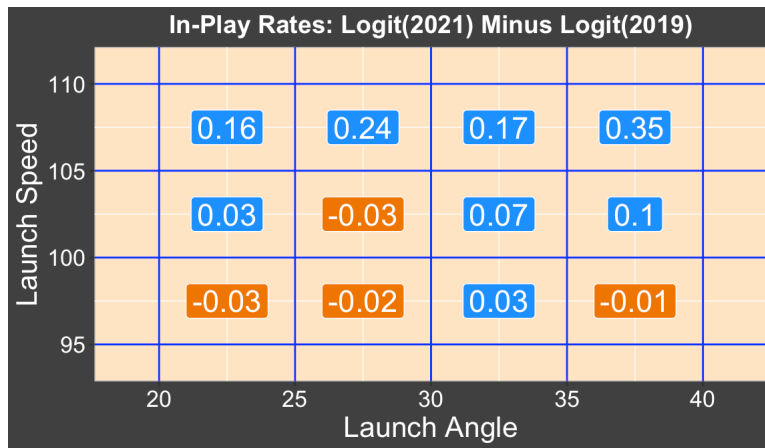
- If  $P$  is a rate, then the logit of  $P$  is

$$\text{logit } P = \log \left( \frac{P}{1 - P} \right)$$

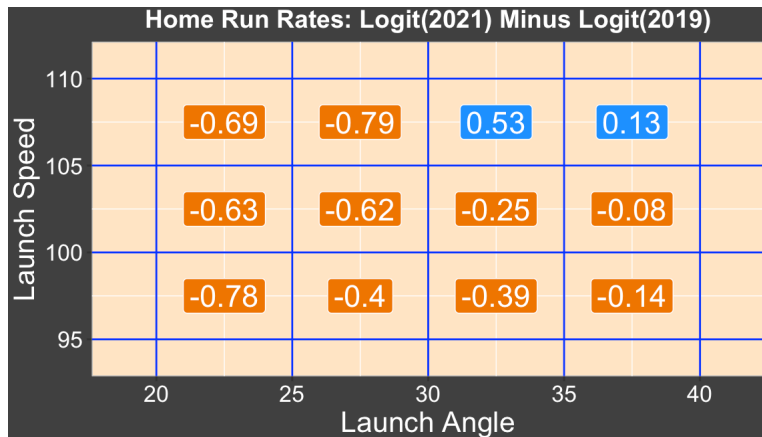
- When comparing two rates, say  $P_1$  and  $P_2$ , better to compare on logit scale:

$$\log \left( \frac{P_2}{1 - P_2} \right) - \log \left( \frac{P_1}{1 - P_1} \right)$$

# Batted Ball Rates - Comparing 2019 and 2021 Seasons



# Home Run Rates - Comparing 2019 and 2021 Seasons



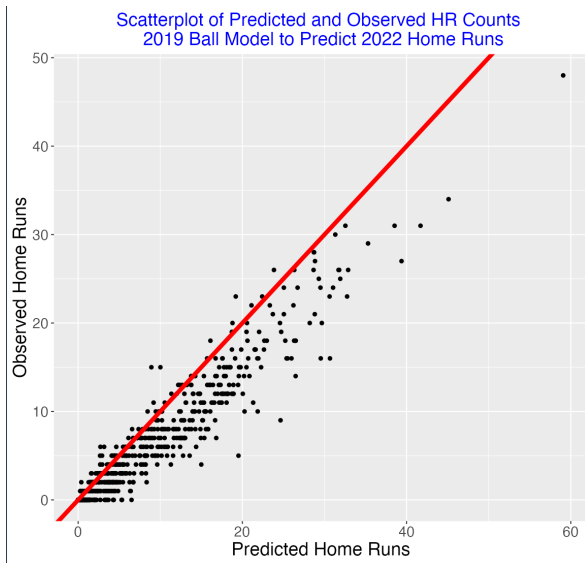
# Comparing 2019 and 2021

- Some increase in batted ball rates for high speeds and good launch angles
- Big decrease in home run rates
- Dead ball was used in 2021
- What happened in 2022?

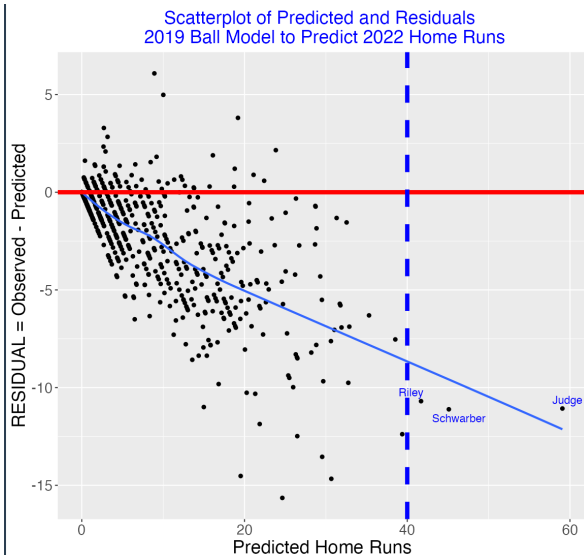
# Comparing 2019 and 2022 at Individual Batter Level

- Use model on 2019 data to predict home runs based on launch angle and exit velocity.
- For 2022 data (through August 23) predict probability of HR based on launch variables.
- Compare predicted (based on 2019 ball model) and observed.

# Compare Predicted and Observed (Through August 23)



# Residual = Observed minus Predicted Plot (Through August 23)



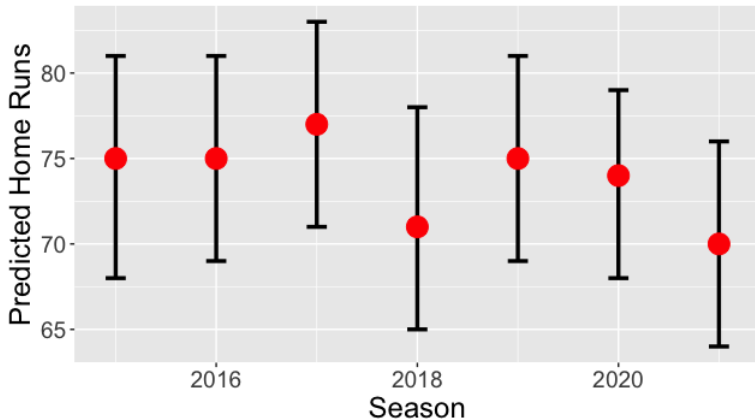


# Aaron Judge

- Judge had a record 62 home runs hit in 2022.
- If he had been playing with a ball from previous seasons, he would hit in the 70's.

# Home Run Predictions for Judge

90% HR Prediction Intervals for Judge  
Using Different Season Balls



# Next to Last Slide

- Great opportunities for baseball research
- Data is readily available
- Using R, easy to do one own's study
- Internships and jobs are available in MLB
- New opportunities in other sports

# Paper and contact info

My baseball research:

<https://bayesball.github.io/BLOG/>

Blog: [baseballwithr.wordpress.com](http://baseballwithr.wordpress.com)

email: [albert@bgsu.edu](mailto:albert@bgsu.edu)

Twitter: @albertbayes

# Questions?

