

Module 13

Intro Finite State Machines (FSM) & Regular Language

Language: A language, L is a set of strings composed from alphabet (Σ).

Alphabet (Σ): It is a finite set of symbols. $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$, $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

String: It is a sequence of symbols which could be used to model language, codes, etc.

Finite State Machine (FSM)

State : Condition of a machine defined by

- Inputs that brought the machine to this state
- current output of the machine.
- response of machine to inputs.

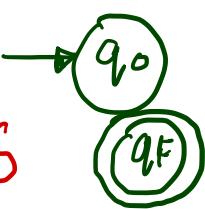
FSM (Finite state Automata), $M = \{S, \Sigma, q_0, F, \delta\}$

S : a finite set states. \circ δ = the transition function.

Σ : the alphabet

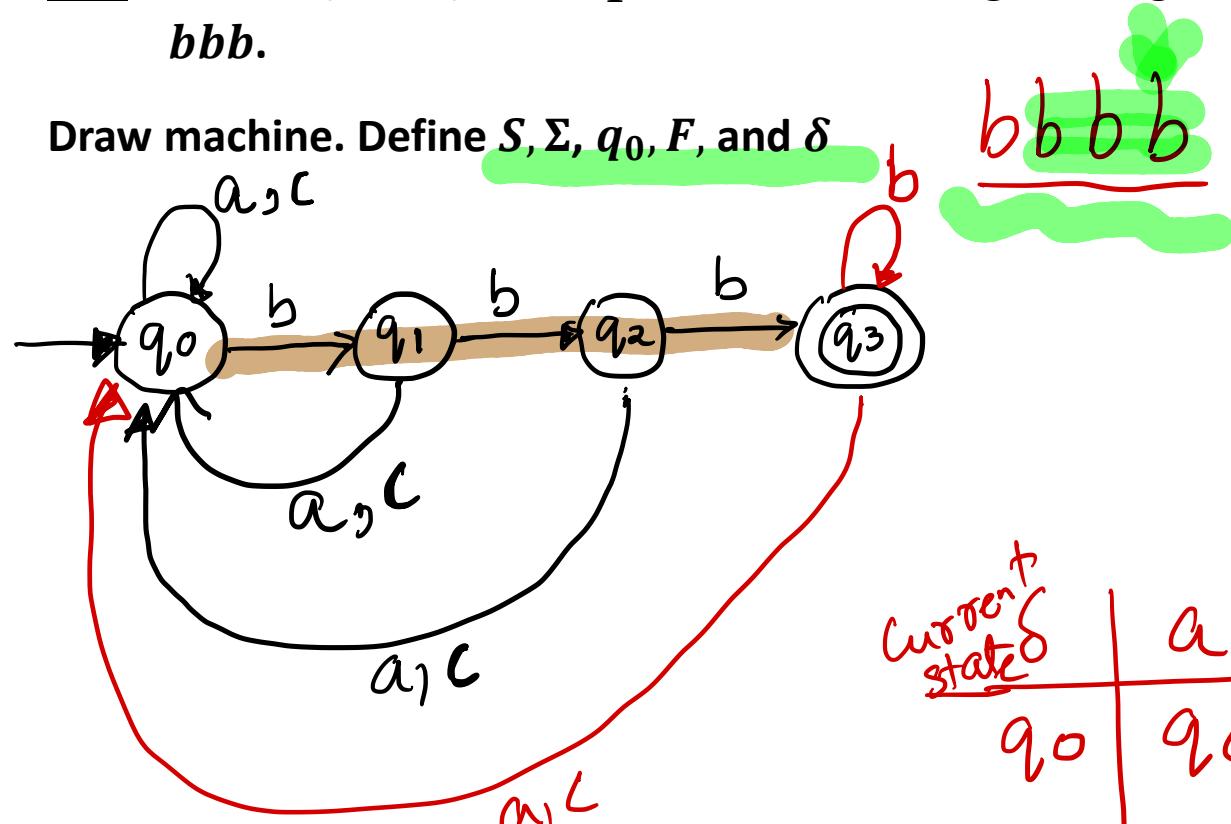
q_0 : q_0 

F : final states $\subseteq S$



Ex 1: Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$. Let L_1 = The set of strings ending in bbb .

Draw machine. Define S, Σ, q_0, F , and δ



$$S = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$$

$$q_0 = q_0$$

$$F = q_3$$

acceptable strings :

bbb, a bbb, aa bbb
bbb, ac bbb, c bbb

not acceptable : a b@ bbb

bbba x

bbbac x

current state	a	b	c
q_0	q_0	q_1	q_0
q_1	q_0	q_2	q_0
q_2	q_0	q_3	q_0
q_3	q_0	q_3	q_0

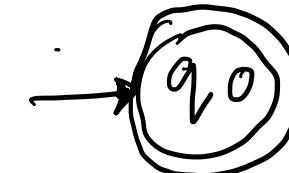
Current state

+
Input
↓

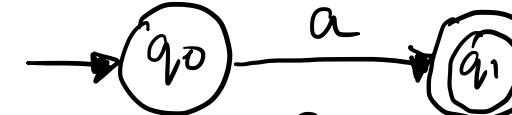
Next state .

Regular Language (Regular Expression) is composed of strings defined by regular expression.

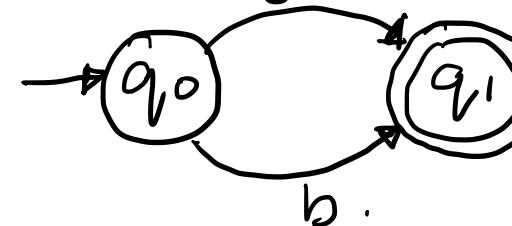
① \emptyset (empty string) is Regular expression.



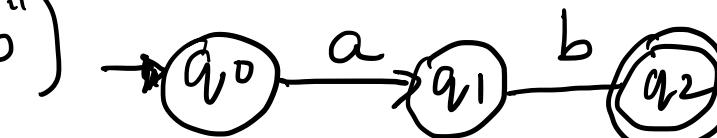
② $\forall a \in \Sigma$, a is regular expression.



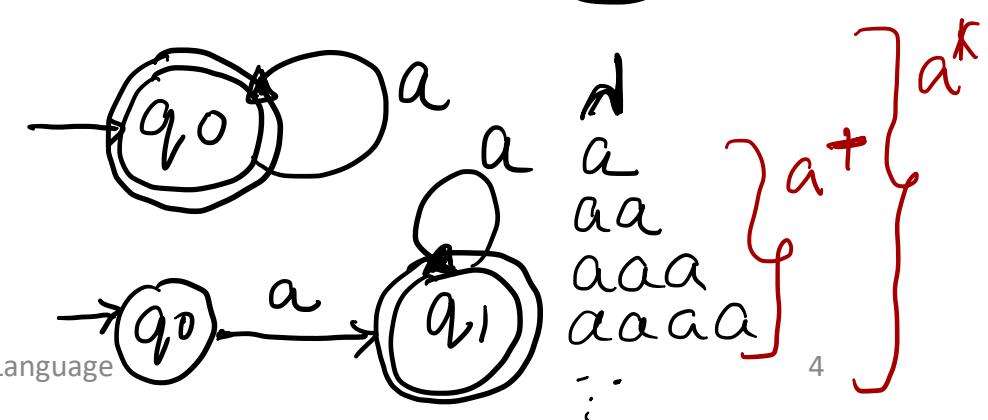
③ $a + b$ is a regular expression
"a or b"
"OR"



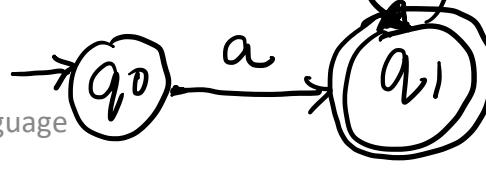
④ $a \cdot b$ is a regular expression ("a AND b")
(AND)



⑤ a^* is a regular expression, * means
zero or more repetition of a



⑥ a^+ is a regular expression, + means
1 or more repetition of a



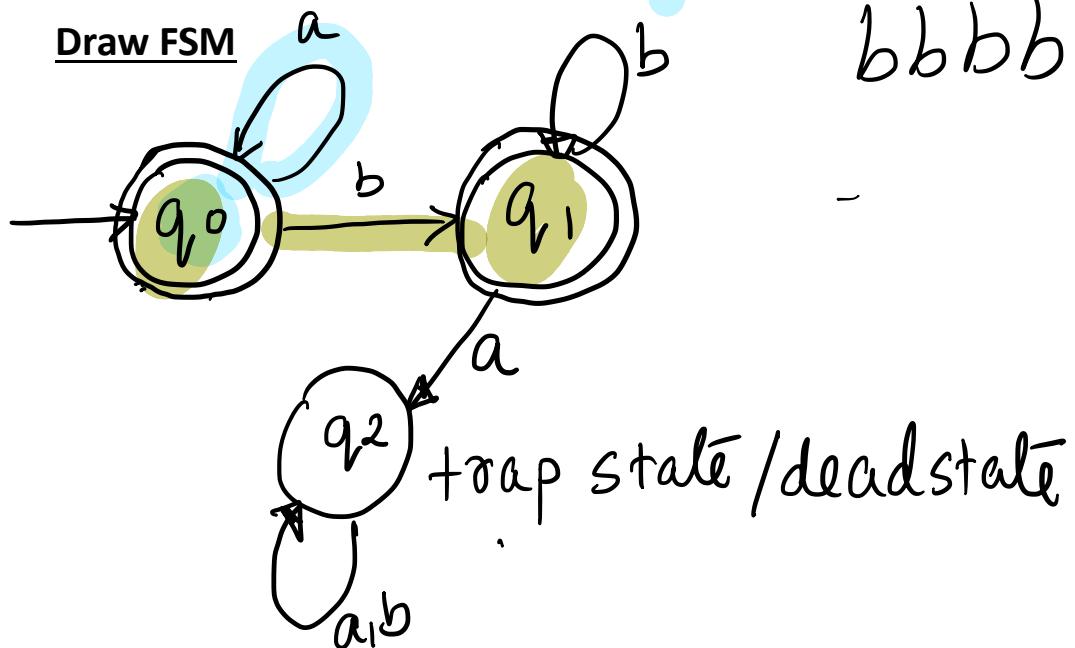
Regular Expression Examples Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Ex 2: Let L_2 be the set of strings having zero or more *as* followed by zero or more *bs*.

Regular Expression: $L_2 = a^* b^*$

Potential Strings: $a, a, b, ab, aab, aa, aaa\dots, \underline{bbb\dots}$

Draw FSM



ba x
↑
baaa... - x
babaa x

$$M_2 = \{S, Z, q_0, F, \delta\}$$

$$S = \{q_0, q_1, q_2\}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \{a, b, c\}$$

$$q_0 = \{q_0\}$$

$$F = \{q_0, q_1\}$$

Current State	a	b
q_0	q_0	q_1
q_1	q_2	q_1
q_2	q_2	q_2

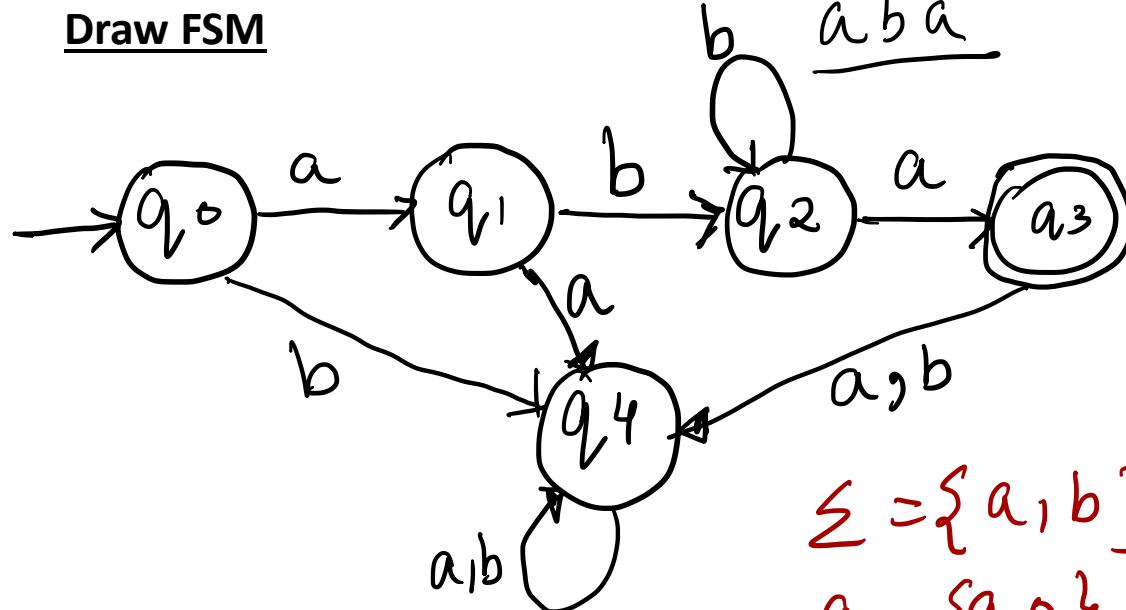
Ex 3: Let $L_3 = ab^+a$

Description: The language L_3 consists of strings beginning with single a followed by one or more b and ending in single a.

Potential Strings:

aba, abba, abbbba, abb...ba

Draw FSM



$$M = \{S, \Sigma, q_0, F, \delta\}$$

$$S = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma &= \{a, b\} \\ q_0 &= \{q_0\} \\ F &= \{q_3\}\end{aligned}$$

aa (Invalid), bbb (Invalid), bab (Invalid)

S	a	b
q0	q1	q4
q1	q4	q2
q2	q3	q2
q3	q4	q4
q4	q4	q4

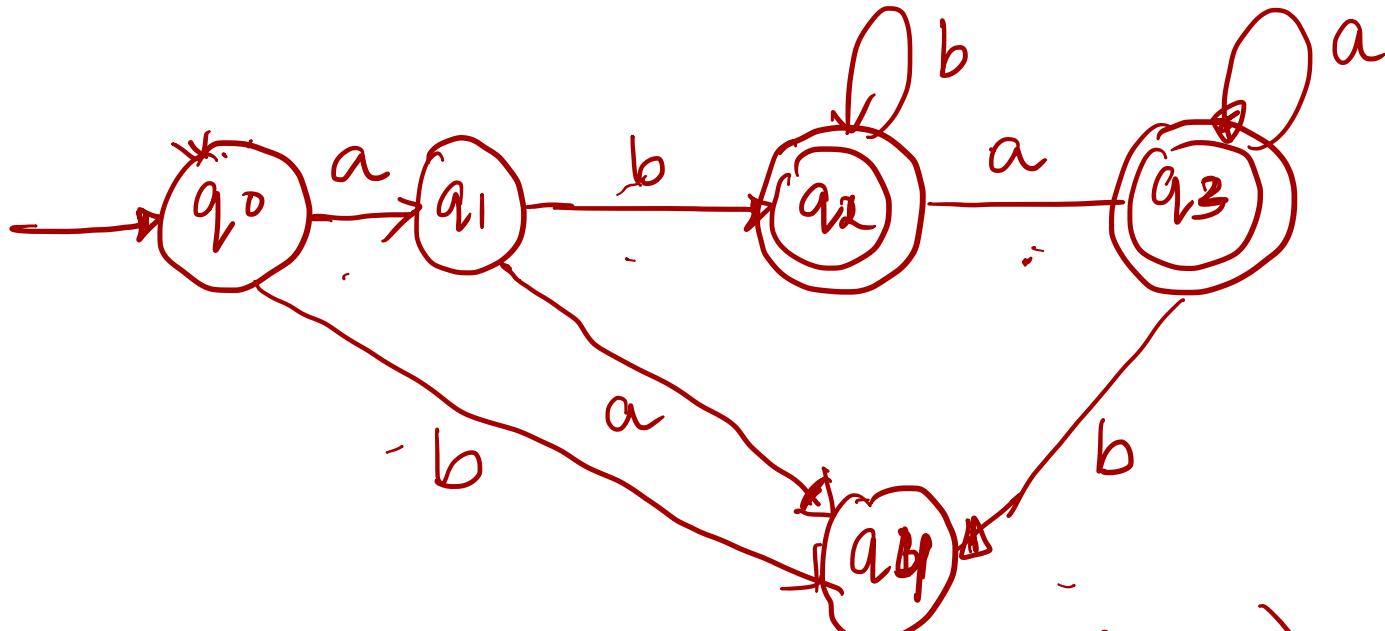
Relationship between FSM and Regular Languages

The job of FSM is to accept strings in the language and reject strings not in the language.

FSM and languages are equivalent.

① a b^* a^*

Possible : ab, aba, abb, abaaa ...



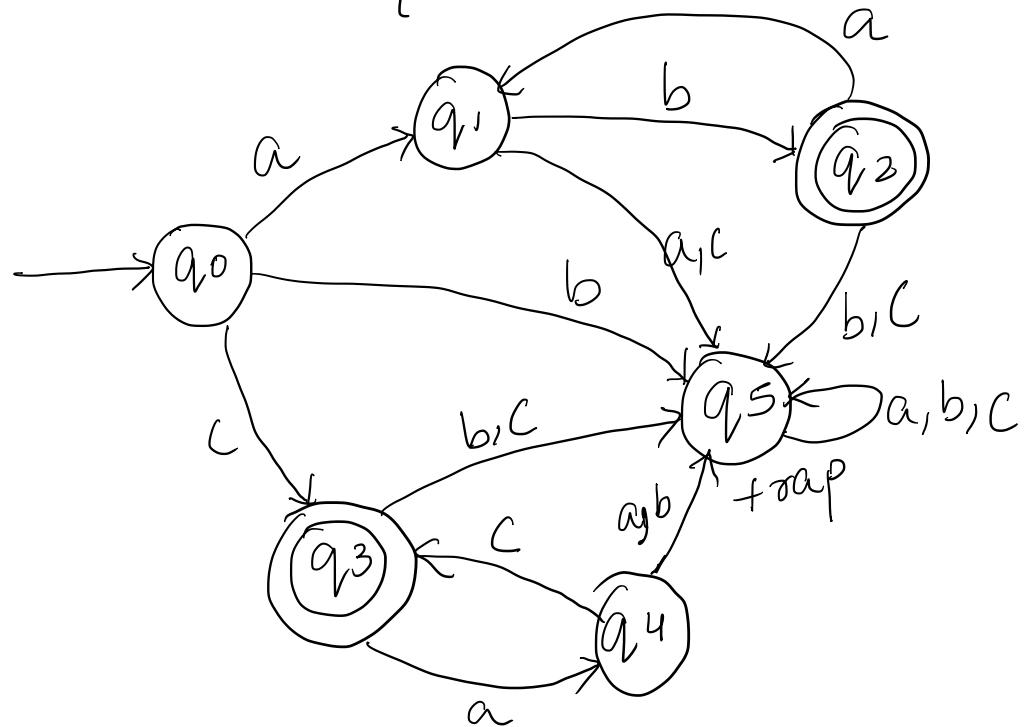
$M : \{S, \Sigma, F, q_0, \delta\}$ (H.W)

baba
aabaa x ...

$$\textcircled{2} \quad (ab)^+ + \underset{\text{OR}}{c} (ac)^* \text{ (record).}$$

Valid string examples: ab, abab, ababab..., c, cac, cacac, ...

$$M = \{S, \Sigma, q_0, F, \delta\}$$



$$S = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4, q_5\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$$

$$q_0 = \{q_0\}$$

$$F = \{q_2, q_3\}$$

S/current state	a	b	c
q0	q1	q5	q3
q1	q5	q2	q5
q2	q1	q5	q5
q3	q4	q5	q5
q4	q5	q5	q3
q5	q5	q5	q5

