

Nim Containertools:

My HackWeek-22 project

Project scope and purpose

- Practice with Nim advanced features like macros and metaprogramming
- Play with container technology
- Develop a POC that can be expanded for future cases
- Use Test Driven Development methodology to design and develop code
- Have fun and try out something different
- **Publish** on official nimble package directory:

https://nimble.directory/pkg/containertools

the Nim programming language

Efficient, expressive, elegant

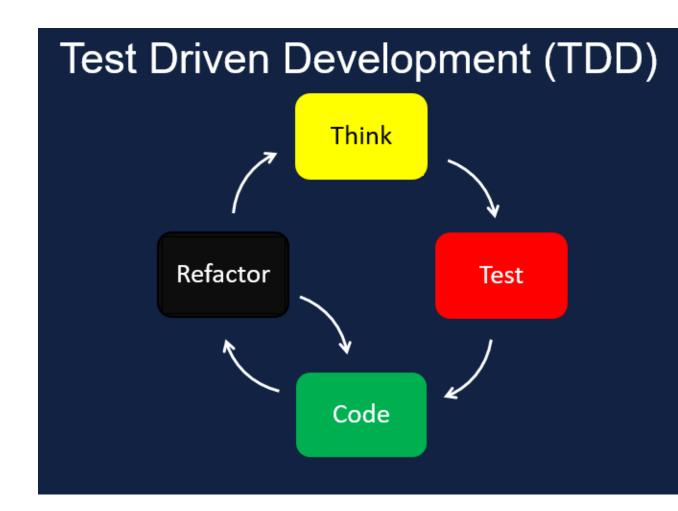
Nim is a statically typed compiled systems programming language.

- Intuitive and clean syntax, inspired from Python, Ada and Modula.
- Support for multiple operating systems
- Compiles to native binary or Javascript
- Easy C, C++ and objC wrapping
- Decentralised package management
- trivia: openSUSE has "first-class support" for the Nim language (phoronix)

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Whole project was developed using Test Driven Design/Development process

- 1. Think of a feature
- 2. Write a failing test
- 3. Write just enough code to pass the test
- 4. Refactor
- 5. Goto step 1



Hello, ContainerTools

Containerfile declarative syntax is static and can be error prone. The library provides a DSL that enables a dynamic behaviour, while the Nim compiler ensure correctness.

```
import containertools
let image = container:
    FROM "opensuse/leap"
    CMD "echo Hello"

image.save "Containerfile"
image.build
```

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Static typechecking safety ...

```
import containertools
let image = container:
    FROM nginx
    COPY index.html /usr/share/nginx/html
    EXPOSE 8080
    CMD ["nginx", "-g", "daemon off;"]
image.save "Containerfile"
image.build
```

oops, we did an error. Can you spot it?

... ensured by the compiler

```
$ nim compile
error.nim(6, 13) Error: invalid token. Expected a numeric value
```

Declarative syntax with benefits of variables and control-flow logic

```
import std/[strformat, times]
import containertools

for distro in ["leap", "tumbleweed"]:
    let image = container:
        FROM "opensuse/" & distro
        if distro=="tumbleweed": # this a is Nim statement
            RUN "zypper -n install mypkg"
        CMD &"echo Hello from {distro} container built on {now()}"
    image.save "Containerfile." & distro
    image.build
```

we can also import an "existing" Containerfile and check it for errors, suggest optimizations and fix security issues

How can it be useful for SUSE?

Writing declarative files (YAML?) is getting more and more common (Dockerfiles, K8S definitions, CI actions, openQA schedules) but as the size grows, they get tedious to maintain and error-prone

- Having the support of a strong typed compiler and tooling helps to increase flexibility, modularity and reduce human errors
- The library can also work as a **linter**: import/parse an existing declarative definition (provided from customer?) and give hints about possible optimizations or security issues

Lessons taken

- having a good testsuite gives you freedom to a fearless refactor
- TDD lets you think from the users perspective
- Metaprogramming can be hard but is very powerful and expressive
- Choice of license is also important
- Examples and documentation are as important as a good working code

Thank you!

Questions?

These slides are available at https://github.com/ilmanzo/suse_presentations/