PREDICTING HEALTHCARE COST

what factors influence healthcare spending in a county in the USA?

BACKGROUND

➤ Healthcare spending will be 20% of the USA economy by 2025¹

- ➤ Where is that spending happening?
- ➤ Who is that spending on?
- ➤ What factors are most likely to influence spending in a county?

¹Sean P. Keehan, John A. Poisal, Gigi A. Cuckler, Andrea M. Sisko, Sheila D. Smith, Andrew J. Madison, Devin A. Stone, Christian J. Wolfe, and Joseph M. Lizonitz National Health Expenditure Projections, 2015–25: Economy, Prices, And Aging Expected To Shape Spending And Enrollment Health Affairs Vol 35 No. 7

DATASET

- ➤ USA Census bureau 2010 decennial census data
- ➤ Centers for Medicaid and Medicare outpatient spending data (2011-2014)
- ➤ US Dept of Housing and and Urban Development HUD USPS ZIP Code crosswalk Q2 2016

THE PLAN?

➤ Originally wanted to use CMS ACS data, thought decennial census would be faster to implement for now

➤ Thought I would be able to predict year 2015 spending using regression, really only four data points on that scale though (2011-2014 CMS data)

➤ Better to look at per county characteristics then maybe extend to year on year.

US CENSUS BUREAU DECENNIAL CENSUS DATA (2010)

- ➤ Data available through API only
- ➤ Example call:

```
http://api.census.gov/data/2010/sf1?key=[user
key]&get=PCT012A015,PCT012A119&for=state:01
```

use preexisting api code to pull desired data:

https://github.com/laurakurup/census-api

- > provide user key (requested from <u>census.gov</u>)
- provide list of variables as CSV (from census data dictionary)
- provides data out as CSV
- ➤ wait for it to iterate...

CENSUS DATA EXAMPLE

state	county	state_fips	county_fips	2-person household H13. Household Size [8]_2010	3-person household H13. Household Size [8]_2010
Alabama	Autauga	1	1	6480	3841
Alabama	Baldwin	1	3	27641	11790
Alabama	Barbour	1	5	3289	1620
Alabama	Bibb	1	7	2634	1380
Alabama	Blount	1	9	7494	3852
Alabama	Bullock	1	11	1083	608
Alabama	Butler	1	13	2705	1520
Alabama	Calhoun	1	15	16293	8131
Alabama	Chambers	1	17	4674	2375
Alabama	Cherokee	1	19	4001	1782

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grep "" Census_Data_API_data_2010_sf1_variables.htm | wc -l
8969

CENSUS DATA EXAMPLE

sehold H13. Household Size [8]_2010 3-person household H13. Household Size [8]	2 person household H13. Household Size [8]_2010	s 2	county_fips	state_fips	county	state
6480	6480	1	1	1	Autauga	Alabama
27641	27641	3	3	1	Baldwin	Alabama
3289	3289	5	5	1	Barbour	Alabama
2634	2634	7	7	1	Bibb	Alabama
7494	7494	9	9	1	Blount	Alabama
1083	1083	1	11	1	Bullock	Alabama
2705	2705	3	13	1	Butler	Alabama
16293	16293	5	15	1	Calhoun	Alabama
4674	4674	7	17	1	Chambers	Alabama
4001	4001	9	19	1	Cherokee	Alabama

grep "" Census_Data_API_data_2010_sf1_variables.htm | wc -l 8969

CMS OUTPATIENT PAYMENT DATA

- ➤ 2014 data available as download from CMS website
 - ➤ 1.7 mb ZIP
 - ➤ 4.5 mb CSV
- no data dictionary

арс	provider_id	provider_name	Provider_Street_Address	Provider_City	Provider_State	Provider_Zip_Code
0012 - Level I Debridement & Destruction	40055	SPARKS REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	1001 TOWSON AVENUE	FORT SMITH	AR	72902
0012 - Level I Debridement & Destruction	50017	MERCY GENERAL HOSPITAL	4001 J ST	SACRAMENTO	CA	95819
0012 - Level I Debridement & Destruction	50320	HIGHLAND HOSPITAL	1411 E 31ST STREET	OAKLAND	CA	94602
0012 - Level I Debridement & Destruction	50357	GOLETA VALLEY COTTAGE HOSPITAL	351 S PATTERSON AVE	SANTA BARBARA	CA	93111
0012 - Level I Debridement & Destruction	30064	BANNER-UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER TUCSON CAMPUS	1501 NORTH CAMPBELL AVENUE	TUCSON	AZ	85724

Hospital_Referral_Region	Outpatient_Services	Average_Estimated_Submitted_Charges	Average_Total_Payments
AR - Fort Smith	279	208.986595	43.36767025
CA - Sacramento	25	239.6	77.5492
CA - Alameda County	58	123.6896552	71.48551724
CA - Santa Barbara	38	292.3863158	52.5
AZ - Tucson	132	267.625	53.11689394

CMS OUT-PATIENT PAYMENT DATA

➤ Different level of categorization

	Provider_Street_Address	Provider_City	Provider_S a	ite	Provider_Zip_Code
	1001 TOWSON AVENUE	FORT SMITH	AR		72902
	4001 J ST	SACRAMENTO	CA		95819
	1411 E 31ST STREET	OAKLAND	CA		94602
	351 S PATTERSON AVE	SANTA BARBARA	CA		93111
MPUS	1501 NORTH CAMPBELL AVENUE	TUCSON	AZ		85724
			·	_	

HUD ZIP CROSSWALK

- ➤ Available as direct download from HUD website
 - ➤ Download CSV 3.2 mb

ZIP	COUNTY	RES_RATIO	BUS_RATIO	OTH_RATIO	TOT_RATIO
501	36103	0	1	0	1
601	72001	1	1	1	1
602	72003	1	1	1	1
603	72071	0.008104634	0.000948767	0.00681431	0.007679705
603	72005	0.991895366	0.999051233	0.99318569	0.992320295
604	72005	1	1	1	1
605	72005	1	1	1	1
606	72093	1	1	1	1
610	72011	1	1	1	1

PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER

- ➤ Goals is to create one data frame including
 - ➤ Features from Census data
 - ➤ label from CMS data
- > appropriately aligned and integrated

IMPORTING DATA – ZIP CROSSWALK

```
#CREATE CROSSWALK DATAFRAME
path = '/Users/Iain/DS-SEA-3/DS-SEA-3-Project-ILM/data/HUD/'
filename = 'zip_county_062016.csv'
zipCountyCrosswalk = pd.read_csv(path + filename, converters={'ZIP':lambda x: str(x), 'COUNTY':lambda x:str(x)})
```

IMPORTING DATA - CMS PAYMENT DATA

```
#CREATE CMS 2014 OUTPAITENT PAYMENT INFO DATA FRAME — ENSURE LEADING ZEROS PRESENT ON ZIP CODES

path = '/Users/Iain/DS-SEA-3/DS-SEA-3-Project-ILM/data/cms/'
filename = 'Medicare_Provider_Charge_Outpatient_APC32_CY2014.csv'
rawPaymentData = pd.read_csv(path + filename, converters={'Provider_Zip_Code':lambda x: str(x)})
rawPaymentData['Provider_Zip_Code'] = rawPaymentData['Provider_Zip_Code'].apply(lambda x: x.zfill(5))

#SIMPLIFY PAYMENT INFO DOWN TO SUMMED PAYMENTS PER ZIPCODE
rawPaymentData['Total'] = rawPaymentData['Outpatient_Services'] * rawPaymentData['Average_Total_Payments']
paymentData = rawPaymentData[['Provider_Zip_Code', 'Total']].groupby(by='Provider_Zip_Code', as_index=False).sum()
```

IMPORTING DATA - CENSUS DATA

```
#CREATE CENSUSDATA DATAFRAME
path = '/Users/Iain/DS-SEA-3/DS-SEA-3-Project-ILM/data/census/'
filename = 'census-data-by-county-2016.07.31-09.48PM.csv'
censusData = pd.read_csv(path + filename, converters={'state_fips':lambda x: str(x), 'county_fips':lambda x: str(x)})
```

```
censusData['state_fips'] = censusData['state_fips'].apply(lambda x: x.zfill(2))
censusData['county_fips'] = censusData['county_fips'].apply(lambda x: x.zfill(3))
censusData['FIPS'] = censusData['state_fips']+censusData['county_fips']
```

MERGING THE DATAFRAMES

#CHANGE COLUMS NAMES TO MERGE BY THOSE COLUMN NAMES
zipCountyCrosswalk.rename(columns={'COUNTY':'FIPS'}, inplace=True)
paymentData.rename(columns={'Provider_Zip_Code':'ZIP'}, inplace=True)

```
#MERGE CENSUS AND ZIP CROSSWALK DATA FRAME
censusZip = pd.merge(censusData, zipCountyCrosswalk, on='FIPS', how='left')
#MEREGE THE CENSUSZIP DATAFRAME AND THE CMS PAYMENT DATA DATAFRAME
censusZipPayment = pd.merge(censusZip, paymentData, on='ZIP', how = 'left')
```

NEXT STEPS

- Create column of proportioned labels
 - modified by zip code/county coverage (multiply CMS total payment by res ratio column from xcrosswalk)
- ➤ eliminate rows where payment information NaN deal with null values by exclusion
- ➤ Run regression with every census column as feature and proportional total payment column as label
- Visualize / Interpret results heatmap?
- ➤ use CMS ACS data instead of decennial census data (62720 variables)