Package 'r3PG'

December 20, 2022

Туре	Package
Title	Simulating Forest Growth using the 3-PG Model
Descr	ription Provides a flexible and easy-to-use interface for the Physiological Processes Predicting Growth (3-PG) model written in Fortran. The r3PG serves as a flexible and easy-to-use interface for the 3-PGpjs (monospecific, evenaged and evergreen forests) described in Landsberg & Waring (1997) <doi:10.1016 s0378-1127(97)00026-1=""> and the 3-PGmix (deciduous, un even-aged or mixed-species forests) described in Forrester & Tang (2016) <doi:10.1016 j.ecolmodel.2015.07.010="">.</doi:10.1016></doi:10.1016>
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C_init

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C_init

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Initializing the steady states of the decomposing pools

Description

This function utilizes the steady states solutions for the Q decomposition model to initialize the decomposing pools assuming that the simulation starts at their steady states, which are determined once the Q model parameters are known and we can assume steady inputs. It assumes, with some approximation, as steady inputs of C the average inputs from a whole management cycle.

Usage

```
C_init(lat, site, species, climate, thinning, parameters, parsQlitter,
    size_dist, settings = list(light_model = 2, transp_model = 2, phys_model =
    2, height_model = 1, correct_bias = 0, calculate_d13c = 0))
```

Arguments

```
site refer to run_3PG
species refer to run_3PG
climate refer to run_3PG
thinning refer to run_3PG
```

d_climate 3

```
parameters refer to run_3PG

parsQlitter refer to run_3PG

size_dist refer to run_3PG

settings refer to run_3PG

latitude self explanatory, it is used to initialize the Q model throught the function refer to u0_calc

soil refer to run_3PG
```

Details

the function assumes the management plan from the function management_plan, which contains the references for standard Swedish clear-cut forestry practices The function considers as simulation length the whole cycle indicated by management_plan plus one year, and utilizes the function extend_time to repeat the provided climatic time series over the needed time.

d_climate Climate input

Description

Table containing the information about monthly values for climatic data.

Usage

d_climate

Format

```
year calendar year
month month
tmp_min monthly mean daily minimum temperature (C)
tmp_max monthly mean daily maximum temperature (C)
tmp_ave monthly mean daily average temperature (C). (optional)
prcp monthly rainfall (mm month-1)
srad monthly mean daily solar radiation (MJ m-2 d-1)
frost_days frost days per month (d month-1)
co2 monthly mean atmospheric co2 (ppm), required if calculate_d13c=1 (optional)
d13catm Monthly mean isotopic composition of air (%o), required if calculate_d13c=1 (optional)
```

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d_parameters

Parameters input

Description

Table containing the information about parameters.

Usage

d_parameters

Format

A data frame with 65 rows and x variables:

parameter name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_parameters

Fagus sylvatica parameter values for species 1

Pinus sylvestris parameter values for species 2

d_parsQlitter

Q litter Parameters input

Description

Table containing the information about parameters.

Table containing the information about the default parameters for the decomposition module (Q)

Usage

```
d_parsQlitter
d_parsQlitter
```

Format

A data frame with 28 rows and x variables:

parameter name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_parameters

Fagus sylvatica parameter values for species 1

Pinus sylvestris parameter values for species 2

A data frame with 28 rows and x variables, each variable being a particular species:

parameter name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_parameters

Fagus sylvatica parameter values for species 1

Pinus sylvestris parameter values for species 2

d_parsQsoc 5

The parameters the Q model works with are:

β

 η_{11}

 e_0

 f_c

 q_0

delay

z

and are considered for 4 different cohorts: foliage, roots, branches and stems. A more detailed description is available in the description of the Q model function. Please note that the table columns are representing tree species, and there must be contained at least the same species you are simulating with the 3PG module!

d_parsQsoc

Parameters input

Description

Table containing the information about Q SOC parameters.

Usage

d_parsQsoc

Format

A data frame with 65 rows and x variables:

 $\label{eq:parameter} \textbf{parameter} \ \ \text{name} \ \ \text{of the parameter}, \ \text{must be consistent in naming with } \ i_\text{parameters} \\ \textbf{value} \ \ \text{parameter values} \\$

6 d_sizeDist

d_site

Site input

Description

Table containing the information about site conditions.

Usage

d_site

Format

A data frame with 1 rows and 8 variables:

latitude site latitude in the WGS84 coordinate system

altitude site altitude, m a.s.l.

soil_class soil class, according to table 2 user manual of 3PGpjs. 1 - Sandy; 2 - Sandy loam; 3 - Clay loam; 4 - Clay; 0 - No effect of available soil water on production

asw_i initial available soil water (mm)

asw_max minimum available soil water (mm)

asw_min maximum available soil water (mm)

from year and month indicating the start of simulation. Provided in form of year-month. E.g. "2000-01"

to year and month indicating the end of simulation. Provided in form of year-month. E.g. "2009-12", will include December 2009 as last simulation month

d_sizeDist

sizeDist input

Description

Table containing the information about size distribution.

Usage

d_sizeDist

Format

A data frame with 47 rows and x variables:

parameter name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_sizeDist

Fagus sylvatica parameter values for species 1

Pinus sylvestris parameter values for species 2

d_species 7

d_species Species input

Description

Table containing the information about species level data. Each row corresponds to one species/cohort.

Usage

d_species

Format

A data frame with number of rows corresponding to each species/cohort and 8 variables:

species species or cohort id/name. It must be consistent with species names in d_thinning, d_parameters and d_sizeDist tables.

planted year and month indicating when the species was planted. Provided in form of year-month. E.g. "2000-01"

fertility soil fertility for a given species. Range from 0 to 1

stems_n number of trees per ha

biom_stem stem biomass for a given species (Mg/ha)

biom_root root biomass for a given species (Mg/ha)

biom_foliage initial foliage biomass (Mg/ha). If this is a leafless period, provide the spring foliage biomass.

d_thinning

Thinning input

Description

Table containing the information about thinnings

Usage

d_thinning

Format

A data frame with 3 rows and 6 variables:

species species or cohort id/name. It must be consistent with species names in d_species, d_parameters and d_sizeDist tables.

age age when thinning is performed

stems_n number of trees remaining after thinning

stem type of thinning (above/below). Default is 1

root type of thinning (above/below). Default is 1

foliage type of thinning (above/below). Default is 1

i_output

extend_time	This function repeats the climate time series for a specified length of time. It is used for initialization.

Usage

```
extend_time(climate, from, length)
```

Arguments

climate the original climatic time series.

from the start date of the desired new time series

length length in years of the desired new time series.

i_output	Information about model outputs	

Description

A dataset containing the list of output variables and their description.

Usage

i_output

Format

A data frame with 150 rows and 7 variables:

group_id serial number of the group

variable_id serial number of the variable

variable_group group name to which variable belongs

variable_name variable name as named in output

description description of the variable

unit unit of the variable

variable_vba corresponding name of the variable as output from Excel version of 3-PGmix

i_parameters 9

 $i_parameters$

Information about parameters

Description

A dataset containing the parameters order and description.

Usage

```
i\_parameters
```

Format

A data frame with 82 rows and 3 variables:

parameter parameter namedescription description of the parameterunit unitdefault default value for E.globulus from original 3-PG

 $i_parsQlitter$

Information about Q litter parameters

Description

A dataset containing the parameters order and description for Q litter.

Usage

```
i_parsQlitter
```

Format

A data frame with 28 rows and 3 variables:

parameter parameter namedescription description of the parameterunit unitdefault default value for E.globulus from original 3-PG

i_sizeDist

i_parsQsoc

Information about Q SOC parameters

Description

A dataset containing the parameters order and description for Q SOC.

Usage

```
i\_parsQsoc
```

Format

A data frame with 6 rows and 3 variables:

parameter parameter name
description description of the parameter
unit unit

i_sizeDist

Information about size distribution parameters

Description

A dataset containing the parameters order and description.

default default value for E.globulus from original 3-PG

Usage

```
i_sizeDist
```

Format

A data frame with 30 rows and 3 variables:

parameter parameter namedescription description of the parameterunit unitdefault default value equal to 0

management_plan 11

management_plan

The function for determining the appropriate management plan.

Description

The management plan functions contains a series of vectors with management data from Sweden. It selects the most appropriate values based on site index and latitude, and determines the values for the management plan.

Usage

```
management_plan(SI, Lat)
```

Arguments

SI The site index.

Lat The latitude of the simulated site.

Value

a data frame with:

prepare_climate

Subsets or replicate a climate data

Description

Prepares the climate table, by either replicating the average climate for the required number of years, or by subsetting from a longer time-series of climate data.

Usage

```
prepare_climate(climate, from = "2000-04", to = "2010-11")
```

Arguments

climate

table containing the information about monthly values for climatic data. If the climate table have exactly 12 rows it will be replicated for the number of years and months specified by from - to. Otherwise, it will be subsetted to the selected time period. If this is required, year and month columns must be included in the climate table. The minimum required columns are listed below, but additionally you can include: tmp_ave, c02, d13catm. Please refer to d_climate for example.

- year: year of observation (only required for subsetting) (numeric).
- month: months of observation (only required for subsetting) (numeric).
- tmp_min: monthly mean daily minimum temperature (C).
- tmp_max: monthly mean daily maximum temperature (C).
- tmp_ave: monthly mean daily average temperature (C) (optional).

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- prcp: monthly rainfall (mm month-1).
- srad: monthly mean daily solar radiation (MJ m-2 d-1).
- frost_days: frost days per month (d month-1).
- co2: monthly mean atmospheric co2 (ppm), required if calculate_d13c=1 (optional).
- d13catm: monthly mean isotopic composition of air (‰), required if calculate_d13c=1 (optional).

from

year and month indicating the start of simulation. Provided in form of year-month. E.g. "2000-01".

to

year and month indicating the end of simulation. Provided in form of year-month. E.g. "2009-12", will include December 2009 as last simulation month.

Details

This function prepares the climate table for run_3PG.

In case a user provides only average climate, this is replicated for the desired simulation period.

In case a larger climate file is provided, the simulation period is selected from this.

Value

a data.frame with number of rows corresponding to number of simulated month and 10 columns

See Also

```
run_3PG, prepare_input, prepare_parameters, prepare_sizeDist, prepare_thinning
```

Examples

```
# subsetting climate data
prepare_climate( climate = d_climate, from = '2003-04', to = '2010-11')
# replicating climate data
climate = matrix(rnorm(60), ncol = 5)
colnames(climate) = c("tmp_min", "tmp_max", "prcp", "srad", "frost_days")
prepare_climate( climate = climate, from = '2000-04', to = '2010-11')
```

prepare_input

Check and prepare input for running 3-PG model

Description

Checks and prepares all input tables to be used in run_3PG. For detailed descriptions see Forrester (2020).

Usage

```
prepare_input(site, species, climate, thinning = NULL, parameters = NULL,
    size_dist = NULL, settings = NULL, parsQlitter = NULL,
    parsQsoc = NULL)
```

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Arguments

site

table containing the information about site conditions.

- latitude: site latitude in the WGS84 coordinate system.
- altitude: site altitude, m a.s.l.
- soil_class: 1 Sandy; 2 Sandy loam; 3 Clay loam; 4 Clay; 0 No effect of asw on production.
- asw i: initial available soil water (mm).
- asw min: minimum available soil water (mm).
- asw_max: maximum available soil water (mm).
- from: year and month indicating the start of simulation. Provided in form of year-month. E.g. "2000-01".
- to: year and month indicating the end of simulation. Provided in form of year-month. E.g. "2009-12", will include December 2009 as last simulation month

species

table containing the information about species level data. Each row corresponds to one species/cohort.

- species: species or cohort id/name. It must be consistent with species names in thinning, parameters and sizeDist tables.
- planted: year and month indicating when species was planted. Provided in form of year-month. E.g. "2000-01".
- fertility: soil fertility for a given species. Range from 0 to 1.
- stems_n: number of trees per ha.
- biom_stem: stem biomass for a given species (Mg/ha).
- biom_root: root biomass for a given species (Mg/ha).
- biom_foliage: initial foliage biomass (Mg/ha). If this is a leafless period, provide the spring foliage biomass.

climate

table containing the information about monthly values for climatic data. If the climate table has exactly 12 rows it will be replicated for the number of years and months specified by from - to. Otherwise, it will be subsetted to the selected time period. More details about preparing climate data are at prepare_climate.

- year: year of observation (only required for subsetting) (optional).
- month: months of observation (only required for subsetting) (optional).
- tmp_min: monthly mean daily minimum temperature (C).
- tmp_max: monthly mean daily maximum temperature (C).
- tmp_ave: monthly mean daily average temperature (C) (optional).
- prcp: monthly rainfall (mm month-1).
- srad: monthly mean daily solar radiation (MJ m-2 d-1).
- frost_days: frost days per month (d month-1).
- vpd_day: frost days per month (mbar) (optional).
- co2: monthly mean atmospheric co2 (ppm), required if calculate_d13c=1 (optional)
- d13catm: monthly mean isotopic composition of air (%), required if calculate_d13c=1 (optional)

thinning

table containing the information about thinnings. If there is no thinning, it must be NULL.

• species: species or cohort id/name. It must be consistent with species names in species, parameters and sizeDist tables.

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- age: age when thinning is performed.
- stems_n: number of trees remaining after thinning
- foliage: type of thinning (above/below). Default is 1.
- root: type of thinning (above/below). Default is 1.
- stem: type of thinning (above/below). Default is 1.

parameters

table containing the information about parameters to be modified. Values that are not provided are replaced by defaults.

- parameter: name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_parameters
- species: each column must correspond to species/cohort id/name, as defined in species table

size_dist

table containing the information about size distribution to be modified. Values that are not provided are replaced by defaults.

- parameter: name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_sizeDist
- species: each column must correspond to species/cohort id/name, as defined in species table

settings

a list with settings for the model. Values that are not provided are replaced by defaults.

- light_model: '1' 3-PGpjs (default); '2' 3-PGmix
- transp_model: '1' 3-PGpjs (default); '2' 3-PGmix
- phys_model: '1' 3-PGpjs (default); '2' 3-PGmix
- height_model: '1' linear (default); '2' non-linear
- correct_bias: '0' no (default); '1' yes
- calculate_d13c: '0' no (default); '1' yes

parsQlitter

table containing the information about Q litter parameters to be modified. Values that are not provided are replaced by defaults.

- parameter: name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_parsQlitter
- species: each column must correspond to species/cohort id/name, as defined in species table

parsQsoc

table containing the information about Q soc parameters to be modified. Values that are not provided are replaced by defaults.

• parameter: name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_parsQsoc

Details

This function checks and prepares the input data for the run_3PG. The output is a list with 7 tables. Each of them corresponds to the one from input.

Value

a list with seven tables. Each table corresponds to one of the input tables.

References

Forrester, D. I., 2020. 3-PG User Manual. Swiss Federal Institute for Forest, Snow and Landscape Research WSL, Birmensdorf, Switzerland. 70 p. Available at the following web site: http://sites.google.com/site/davidforresterssite/home/projects/3PGmix/3pgmixdownload Sands, P. J., 2010. 3PGpjs user manual. Available at the following web site: http://3pg.sites.olt.ubc.ca/files/2014/04/3PGpjs_UserManual.pdf

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See Also

```
run_3PG, prepare_parameters, prepare_sizeDist, prepare_thinning, prepare_climate
```

Examples

```
prepare_input( site = d_site, species = d_species, climate = d_climate, d_thinning)
```

prepare_parameters

Prepare parameters table

Description

Prepares the parameters table, by either replicating the defaults or replicating defaults for each of the species.

Usage

```
prepare_parameters(parameters = NULL, sp_names = c("Fagus sylvatica",
   "Pinus sylvestris"))
```

Arguments

parameters

table containing the information about parameters to be modified. Values that are not provided are replaced by defaults.

- parameter: name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_parameters
- species: each column must correspond to species/cohort id/name, as defined in species table

sp_names

names of the species / cohorts used for the simulations. The 'sp_names' must be identical to those from species table.

Details

This function prepares the parameter table for run_3PG

Value

a data.frame with 47 rows and columns corresponding to each species.

See Also

```
run_3PG, prepare_input, prepare_sizeDist, prepare_thinning, prepare_climate
```

```
# replace some
prepare_parameters( parameters = d_parameters[1:4,],
    sp_names = c('Fagus sylvatica', 'Pinus sylvestris' ))
# Make default
prepare_parameters( parameters = NULL, sp_names = c('Quercus', 'Abies'))
```

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prepare_parsQlitter

Prepare Q parameters Litter table

Description

Prepares the litter parameters table used in Q, by either replicating the defaults or replicating defaults for each of the species.

Usage

```
prepare_parsQlitter(parameters = NULL, sp_names = c("Fagus sylvatica",
   "Pinus sylvestris"))
```

Arguments

parameters

table containing the information about parameters to be modified. Values that are not provided are replaced by defaults.

- parameter: name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_parsQlitter
- species: each column must correspond to species/cohort id/name, as defined in species table

sp_names

names of the species / cohorts used for the simulations. The 'sp_names' must be identical to those from species table.

Details

This function prepares the parameter table for run_3PG

Value

a data.frame with 47 rows and columns corresponding to each species.

See Also

```
run_3PG, prepare_input, prepare_sizeDist, prepare_thinning, prepare_climate
```

```
# replace some
prepare_parameters( parameters = d_parameters[1:4,],
    sp_names = c('Fagus sylvatica', 'Pinus sylvestris' ))
# Make default
prepare_parameters( parameters = NULL, sp_names = c('Quercus', 'Abies'))
```

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prepare_parsQsoc

Prepare Q parameters Litter table

Description

Prepares the soc parameters table used in Q, by either replicating the defaults or replicating defaults.

Usage

```
prepare_parsQsoc(parameters = NULL)
```

Arguments

parameters

table containing the information about parameters to be modified. Values that are not provided are replaced by defaults.

- parameter: name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_parsQsoc
- species: each column must correspond to species/cohort id/name, as defined in species table

sp_names

names of the species / cohorts used for the simulations. The 'sp_names' must be identical to those from species table.

Details

This function prepares the parameter table for run_3PG

Value

a data.frame with 47 rows and columns corresponding to each species.

See Also

```
run_3PG, prepare_input, prepare_sizeDist, prepare_thinning, prepare_climate
```

```
# replace some
prepare_parameters( parameters = d_parameters[1:4,],
    sp_names = c('Fagus sylvatica', 'Pinus sylvestris' ))
# Make default
prepare_parameters( parameters = NULL, sp_names = c('Quercus', 'Abies'))
```

18 prepare_sizeDist

prepare_sizeDist

Prepare parameters table

Description

Prepares the parameters table, by either replicating the defaults or replicating defaults for each of the species.

Usage

```
prepare_sizeDist(size_dist = NULL, sp_names = c("Fagus sylvatica",
   "Pinus sylvestris"))
```

Arguments

size_dist

table containing the information about size distribution to be modified. Values that are not provided are replaced by defaults.

- parameter: name of the parameter, must be consistent in naming with i_sizeDist.
- species: each column must correspond to species/cohort id/name, as defined in species table.

sp_names

names of the species / cohorts used for the simulations. The 'sp_names' must be identical to those from species table.

Details

This function prepares the parameter table for run_3PG.

Value

a data.frame with 47 rows and columns corresponding to each species.

See Also

```
run_3PG, prepare_input, prepare_parameters, prepare_thinning, prepare_climate
```

```
# replace some
prepare_sizeDist( size_dist = d_sizeDist[1:4,],
    sp_names = c('Fagus sylvatica', 'Pinus sylvestris' ))
# Make default
prepare_sizeDist( size_dist = NULL, sp_names = c('Quercus', 'Abies'))
```

prepare_thinning 19

prepare_thinning

Check and prepare management information.

Description

Prepares the management table and checks for consistency.

Usage

```
prepare_thinning(thinning = NULL, sp_names = c("Fagus sylvatica",
   "Pinus sylvestris"))
```

Arguments

thinning

table containing the information about thinnings. If there is no thinning, it must be NULL. The following columns are required:

- species: species or cohort id/name.
- age: age at which thinning is done.
- stems_n: number of trees remaining after thinning
- stem: type of thinning (above/below). Default is 1.
- foliage: type of thinning (above/below). Default is 1.
- root: type of thinning (above/below). Default is 1.

 sp_names

names of the species / cohorts used for the simulations. This is required whether 'thinning=NULL' or if not all species are indicated in the 'thinning' table. The 'sp_names' must be identical to those from species table.

Details

This function prepares the thinning table for run_3PG.

In case there is no thinning it will return empty 3-d array.

In case there will be thinning it will return 3-d array, where one dimension correspond to each species.

Value

a 3-dimentional array, where third dimention correspond to each species.

See Also

```
run_3PG, prepare_input, prepare_parameters, prepare_sizeDist, prepare_climate
```

```
prepare_thinning( thinning = NULL, sp_names = c('Quercus', 'Abies'))
prepare_thinning( thinning = d_thinning, sp_names = c('Fagus sylvatica', 'Pinus sylvestris'))
```

20 Q_ss

Q_dec	Q decomposition function	
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Description

A new implementation of the Q model included in this package. This implementation is derived from Menichetti et al. (2021)

Usage

```
Q_dec(inputs = inputs, fc, beta, e0, eta_11, u0, q0, delay, tmax, nSim)
```

Arguments

inputs	the C inputs for the simulated cohorts
fc	the C ratio of the input material
e0	the efficiency of the microbial biomass
u0	the growth rate of the microbial biomass
q0	the initial quality of the C inputs coming to the cohort
delay	the C inputs for the simulated cohorts
tmax	the maximum diameter of the material particles or residuals
nSim	time steps of the simulation

Details

this function is just a demo version of what was then implemented in the FORTRAN code run by the wrapper run_3PG, and its purpose is to simulate the decomposition of the outputs from the growth module 3PG.

References

Menichetti, L., Mäkinen, H., Stendahl, J., Ågren, G.I., Hyvönen, R., 2021. Modeling persistence of coarse woody debris residuals in boreal forests as an ecological property. Ecosphere 12. https://doi.org/10.1002/ecs2.3792

Q_ss	Steady state solution to the Q decomposition function

Usage

```
Q_ss(fc, inputs, e0, eta11, b, u0, q0, Tmax)
```

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Arguments

fc	the C ratio of the input material
inputs	the C inputs for the simulated cohorts
e0	the efficiency of the microbial biomass
u0	the growth rate of the microbial biomass
q0	the initial quality of the C inputs coming to the cohort
tmax	the maximum diameter of the material particles or residuals

Details

The function is used to initialize the decomposing pools in the C stocks simulation

References

Menichetti, L., Mäkinen, H., Stendahl, J., Ågren, G.I., Hyvönen, R., 2021. Modeling persistence of coarse woody debris residuals in boreal forests as an ecological property. Ecosphere 12. https://doi.org/10.1002/ecs2.3792

r3PG Simulating Forest Growth using the 3-PG Process-Based Vegetation Model	r
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Description

The r3PG package provides a flexible and easy-to-use interface for Fortran implementations of the 3-PGpjs (monospecific, evenaged and evergreen forests) or 3-PGmix (deciduous, uneven-aged or mixed-species forests) forest growth models. The user can flexibly switch between various options and submodules, to use the original 3-PGpjs model version for monospecific, even-aged and evergreen forests and the 3-PGmix model, which can also simulate multi-cohort stands (e.g. mixtures, uneven-aged) that contain deciduous species. The core function to run the model is run_3PG. For more background, please consult the vignette via vignette(package = "r3PG")

Value

None

References

Forrester, D. I., 2020. 3-PG User Manual. Swiss Federal Institute for Forest, Snow and Landscape Research WSL, Birmensdorf, Switzerland. 70 p. Available at the following web site: http://sites.google.com/site/davidforresterssite/home/projects/3PGmix/3pgmixdownload

Forrester, D. I., & Tang, X. (2016). Analysing the spatial and temporal dynamics of species interactions in mixed-species forests and the effects of stand density using the 3-PG model. Ecological Modelling, 319, 233–254. doi: 10.1016/j.ecolmodel.2015.07.010

Landsberg, J. J., & Waring, R. H., 1997. A generalised model of forest productivity using simplified concepts of radiation-use efficiency, carbon balance and partitioning. Forest Ecology and Management, 95(3), 209–228. doi: 10.1016/S03781127(97)000261

Sands, P. J., 2010. 3PGpjs user manual. Available at the following web site: http://3pg.sites.olt.ubc.ca/files/2014/04/3PGpjs_UserManual.pdf

run_3PG

See Also

```
run_3PG
```

Examples

run_3PG

Runs a 3-PG model simulation

Description

Runs the 3-PGpjs (monospecific, evenaged and evergreen forests) or 3-PGmix (deciduous, unevenaged or mixed-species forests) model. For more details on parameters and structure of input visit prepare_input.

Usage

```
run_3PG(site, species, climate, soil = NULL, thinning = NULL,
  parameters = NULL, size_dist = NULL, parsQlitter = NULL,
  parsQsoc = NULL, settings = NULL, check_input = TRUE, df_out = TRUE)
```

Arguments

site	table as described in prepare_input containing the information about site conditions.
species	table as described in prepare_input containing the information about species level data. Each row corresponds to one species/cohort.
climate	table as described in prepare_input containing the information about monthly values for climatic data. See also prepare_climate
soil	table containing the information about the decomposing C pools initialization
thinning	table as described in prepare_input containing the information about thinnings. See also prepare_thinning
parameters	table as described in prepare_input containing the information about parameters to be modified. See also prepare_parameters
size_dist	table as described in prepare_input containing the information about size distributions. See also prepare_sizeDist

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parsQlitter table as described in prepare_input containing the information about parameters to be modified. See also prepare_parsQlitter

parsQsoc table as described in prepare_input containing the information about parameters to be modified. See also prepare_parsQsoc

settings a list as described in prepare_input with settings for the model.

check_input logical if the input shall be checked for consistency. It will call prepare_input function.

df_out logical if the output shall be long data.frame (TRUE) the 4-dimensional array (FALSE).

Details

'r3PG' provides an implementation of the Physiological Processes Predicting Growth 3-PG model, which simulates forest growth and productivity. The 'r3PG' serves as a flexible and easy-to-use interface for the '3-PGpjs' (monospecific, evenaged and evergreen forests) and the '3-PGmix' (deciduous, uneven-aged or mixed-species forests) model written in 'Fortran'. The package, allows for fast and easy interaction with the model, and 'Fortran' re-implementation facilitates computationally intensive sensitivity analysis and calibration. The user can flexibly switch between various options and submodules, to use the original '3-PGpjs' model version for monospecific, even-aged and evergreen forests and the '3-PGmix' model, which can also simulate multi-cohort stands (e.g. mixtures, uneven-aged) that contain deciduous species.

This implementation of 3-PG includes several major variants / modifications of the model in particular the ability to switch between 3-PGpjs (the more classic model version for monospecific stands) vs. 3-PGmix (a version for mixed stands), as well as options for bias corrections and $\delta^1 3C$ calculations (see parameters).

Another addition is the implementation of the decomposition function from the Q model, as defined in Menichetti et al. (2021). Briefly, the Q model is a first-order decomposition kinetic based on a generalization of the compartmental model theory, where the decomposing organic material is represented, instead of as a set of different "pools" eahe with a dinstinct decomposition kinetic from the fasterst to the slowest, with a continuous distribution of a quality term (which is the reciprocal of recalcitrance). The decomposition model is here implemented in a module receiving material from the 3PG simulated tree growth, and in particular to represent the four different cohorts simulated by 3PG: leaves, branches, stems and roots. The decomposition module kinetics are modified (in the term u_o) by climate, which in this version is calculated based on latitude with a simple empirical relathionship.

$$u0 = (0.0855 + 0.0157 \cdot (50.6 - 0.768 \cdot latitude))$$

For a more detailed description of the module look into the documentation of its demo version Q_dec.

Value

either a 4-dimentional array or a data.frame, depending on the parameter df_{out} . More details on the output is i_{output}

Note

The run_3PG also checks the quality of input data. When names, or structures are not consistent with requirements it will return an error. Turn this off to optimize for speed. The parameter table must have the same order than the example in this package.

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References

Forrester, D. I., 2020. 3-PG User Manual. Swiss Federal Institute for Forest, Snow and Landscape Research WSL, Birmensdorf, Switzerland. 70 p. Available at the following web site: http://sites.google.com/site/davidforresterssite/home/projects/3PGmix/3pgmixdownload

Forrester, D. I., & Tang, X. (2016). Analysing the spatial and temporal dynamics of species interactions in mixed-species forests and the effects of stand density using the 3-PG model. Ecological Modelling, 319, 233–254. doi: 10.1016/j.ecolmodel.2015.07.010

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Menichetti, L., Mäkinen, H., Stendahl, J., Ågren, G.I., Hyvönen, R., 2021. Modeling persistence of coarse woody debris residuals in boreal forests as an ecological property. Ecosphere 12. https://doi.org/10.1002/ecs2.3792

See Also

prepare_input, prepare_parameters, prepare_sizeDist, prepare_thinning, prepare_climate

Examples

u0_calc

Scaling of the microbial activity term

Usage

```
u0_calc(latitude)
```

Arguments

lat

latitude, self explanatory

Details

The function is used to rescale the microbial activity (and therefore the kinetic of decomposition) based on latitude

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References

Menichetti, L., Mäkinen, H., Stendahl, J., Ågren, G.I., Hyvönen, R., 2021. Modeling persistence of coarse woody debris residuals in boreal forests as an ecological property. Ecosphere 12. https://doi.org/10.1002/ecs2.3792

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