CI/CD with Gitlab CI

```
#DevOps
#CI/CD
#CloudNative
#DevDay4
```

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Why and What CI/CD?

Classic problems

- Software life cycle
- Bureaucracy
- Depend on Ops team
- Everythings is manual
- Reliability
- Takes time too much



What will gonna solve and How?

- Software life cycle
- Bureaucracy
- Depend on Ops team
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we'll gonna solve all

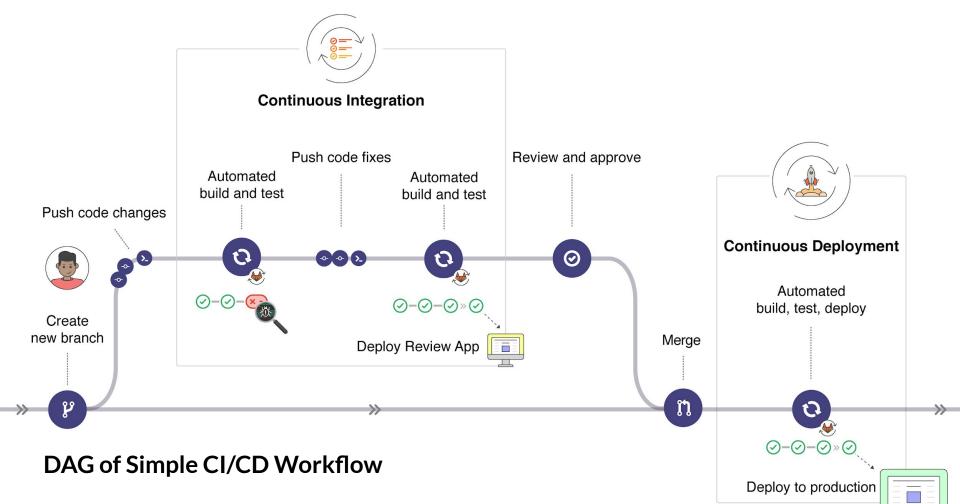
By **automate** all the process of Build, Test, and Deploy.

creating a pipeline to automate the things.

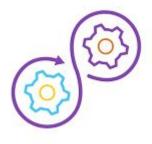
Then, CI/CD comes in ...

CI/CD stands for?





Continuous Integration (CI)



- We have >1 developer and each developers created a branch to develop their feature request.
- They finish develop and want to merge to a shared branch.
- What if in 1-day merge all branches? Then, can be tedious, manual, and time-intensive. There's a chance it will conflict.
- CI helps developers merge their code to a shared branch more frequently.
- Once a developer's changes to an application are merged, those changes are validated by automatically building the application and running different levels of automated testing to ensure the changes haven't broken the app.

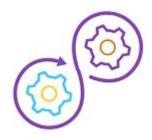
Continuous Delivery (CD)

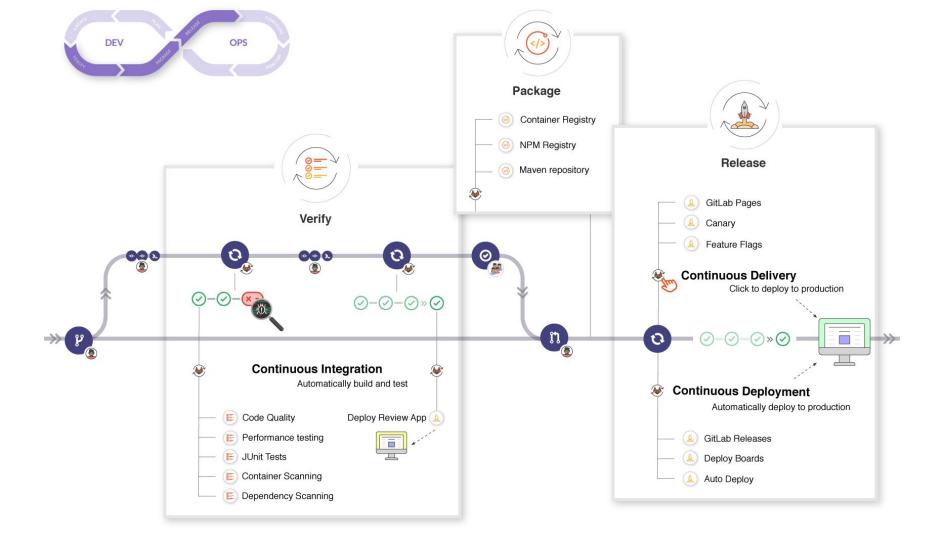


- After CI complete build and test, continuous delivery automates the release of that validated code to a repo.
- The goals is to have a codebase that is always ready for deployment to a production environment.
- At the end of that process, the operations team is able to deploy an app to production quickly and easily.

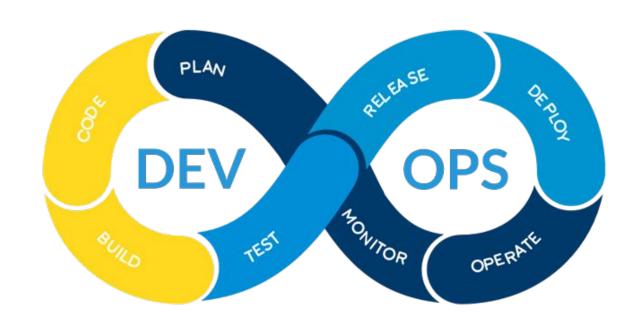
Continuous Deployment (CD)



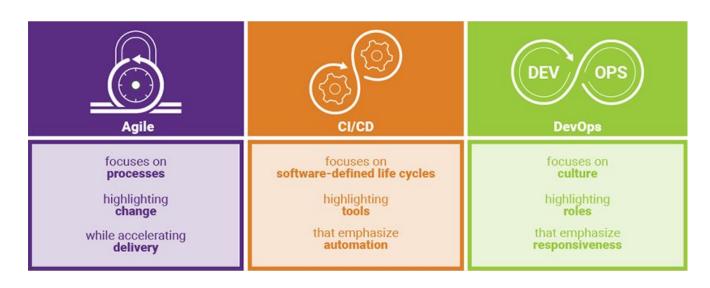




The Culture



Don't get confused



Why you should implement CI/CD?

Benefits for implementing CI/CD

- Achieve Faster Feedback Through CI Tools
- Greater Visibility
- Early Bug detects
- Deploy more often and with more confidence

When is CI/CD <u>not</u> <u>feasible</u>?

When is CI/CD not feasible?

- Your customers don't want continuous updates to their systems.
- Regulations restrict how software can be updated. For example, continuously updating software used in aerospace, telecom, and medical industries is not an option.

Demo time!

DWYOR

This demo will use container (docker) as part of build, test, and deploy an app

Preparation

- 1. Clone this project to your gitlab account: https://gitlab/ilmimris/sample-app-ci-cd
- 2. Create an instance of EC2 or GCE or use your friend's laptop as production machine.
- 3. Download and Install the Gitlab-runner from this page: https://docs.gitlab.com/runner/install/
- 4. Create access token of your gitlab account and store it somewhere from:
 - https://gitlab.com/profile/personal access tokens

Let's Config CI/CD

- 1. Create .gitlab-ci.yml on your project root dir
- 2. Define your desired stage, e.g. build, test, deploy
- 3. Define script that you usually use for build, test & deploy
- Go to projects settings > CI/CD > runners, and register the runner on your EC2/GCE/your laptop using docker and base image docker:dind
- 5. Edit /etc/gitlab-runner/config.toml add this to the volumes variable

/var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.soc

Go to projects settings > CI/CD > variables, and put your variable there.

Bonus!

Integration with Telegram Bot



- 1. Open telegram and add @gitlab_bot to your group
- 2. Chat /start in your group and you'll get message like this:

```
Hi here! To setup notifications for this chat your GitLab project(repo), open Settings -> Web Hooks and add this URL: https://integram.org/gitlab/cgg@missquares
```

- 3. Go to the project settings > integrations
- 4. Copy link from bot to URL field
- Check the trigger that you want to receive notif.
- 6. Test