

Continuous Beam

Additional Sticks At top

1 Nos of 16 mm dia at the left end support of 4 mts span.

2 Nos of 16 mm dia at 6 mts and 5 mts support.

1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 6 mts and 5 mts support.

1 Nos of 16 mm dia at the right end support of 5 mts span.

Additional Sticks At Bottom:

1 Nos of 12 mm dia at 4 mts span.

2 Nos of 16 mm dia at 6 mts span.

1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span.

2 Nos of 16 mm dia at 5 mts span.

1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span.

2 Nos of 16 mm dia at 6 mts span.

1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span.

2 Nos of 16 mm dia at 6 mts span.

1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span.

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1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span.

2 Nos of 16 mm dia at 6 mts span.

1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span.

2 Nos of 16 mm dia at 6 mts span.

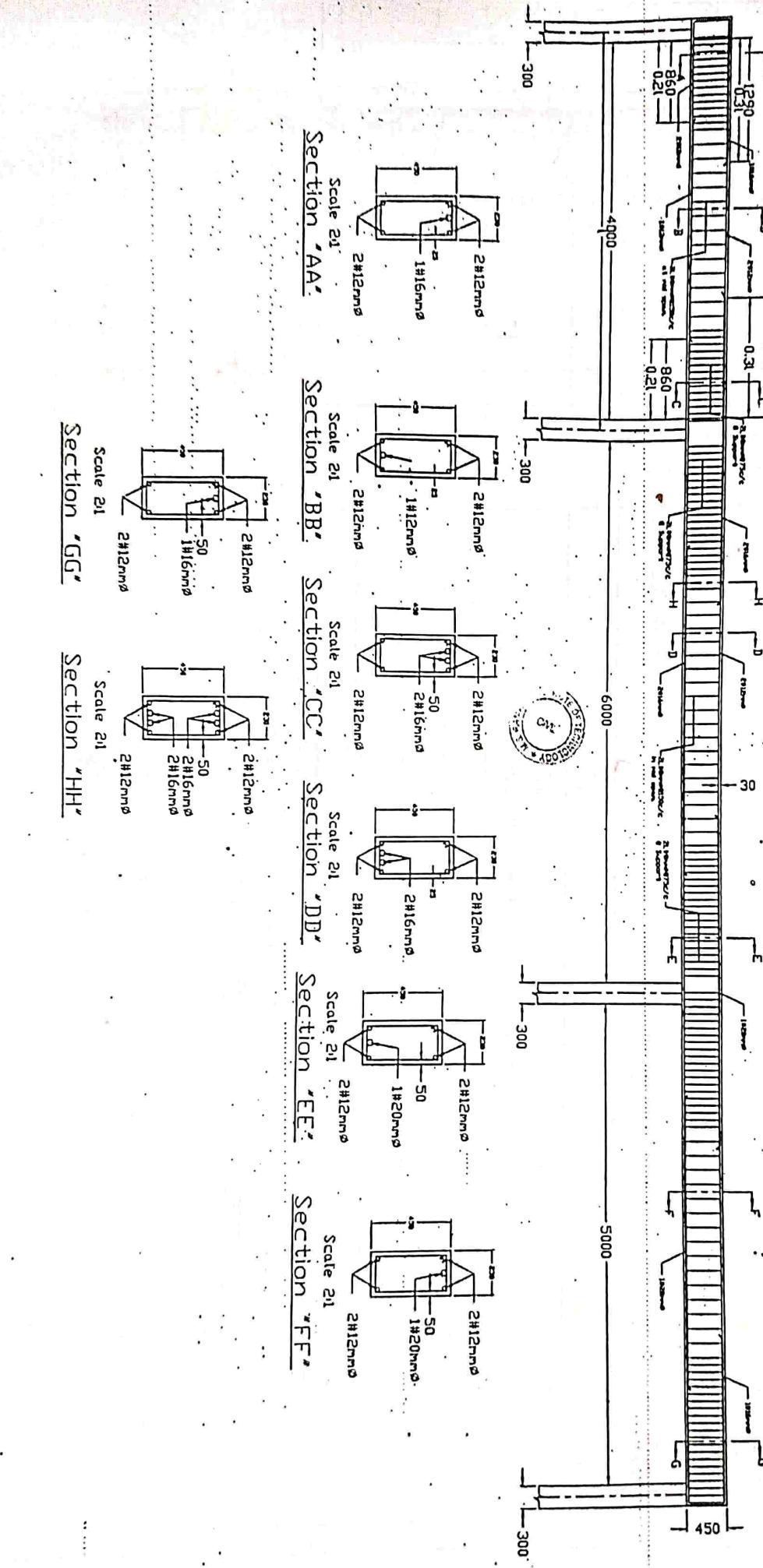
1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span.

2 Nos of 16 mm dia at 6 mts span.

1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span.

2 Nos of 16 mm dia at 6 mts span.

- Draw the L.S and C.S of a continuous beam having the following data:
 Clear span of beams is 4 mts, 6mts and 5 mts respectively and rest on the column size 240 X 100
 Size of the beam is 210X30 mm.
 Reinforcement detail:
 1 Nos of 12 mm Dia Steel at Top (Tension Steel).
 2 Nos of 12 mm Dia Steel at Bottom (Compression Steel).
 2L Stirrups of 8mm Dia at 150 mm c/c at mid span and 2L Stirrups of 8 mm dia at 75 mm c/c at support.



Simply supported beam (Doubly Re-inforcement)

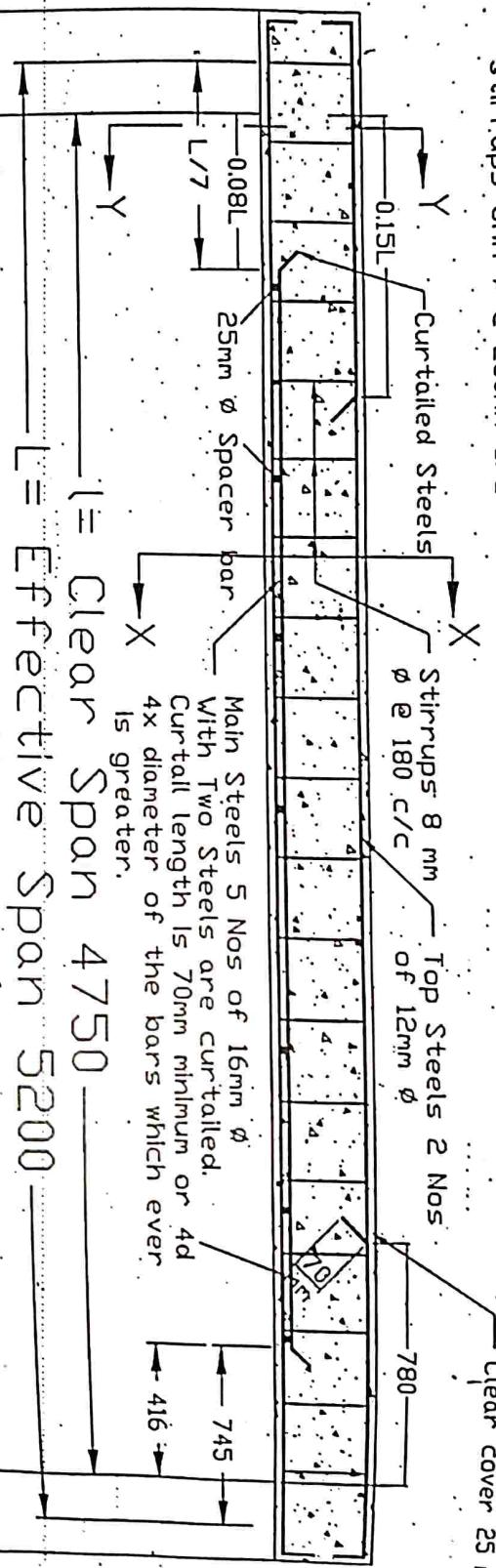
A Simply supported Doubly Re-inforced beam rests on on R.C.C column of size 300×450 mm, overall Length of the beam is 5.650 meter upto the outer face of the column. The depth of beam is 450 mm and the width of the beam is 300mm

Reinforcement details:

Tension Steels total 5 Nos 16 mm ϕ and 2 bars are curtailed of the support upto mid span.

Compression Steels (Top Steel) total 4 Nos 12 mm ϕ and 2 bars runs through Stirrups 8mm ϕ @ 250mm c/c

Clear cover 25 mm



Main Steels 5 Nos of 16mm Ø with Two Steels are curtailed. Curtail length is 70mm minimum or 4d 4x diameter of the bars which ever is greater.

L_e = Effective Span 5200

R.C.C. Column

450 Top Steels 2 Nos 12mm ϕ

Stirrups 8 mm ϕ @ 180 c/c

25mm ϕ Spacer bar

Main reinforcement = 5 Nos of 16mm ϕ are curtailed

450 Main Steels 2 Nos of 12 mm ϕ are curtailed.

300 Main reinforcement = 3 Nos of 16mm ϕ

450

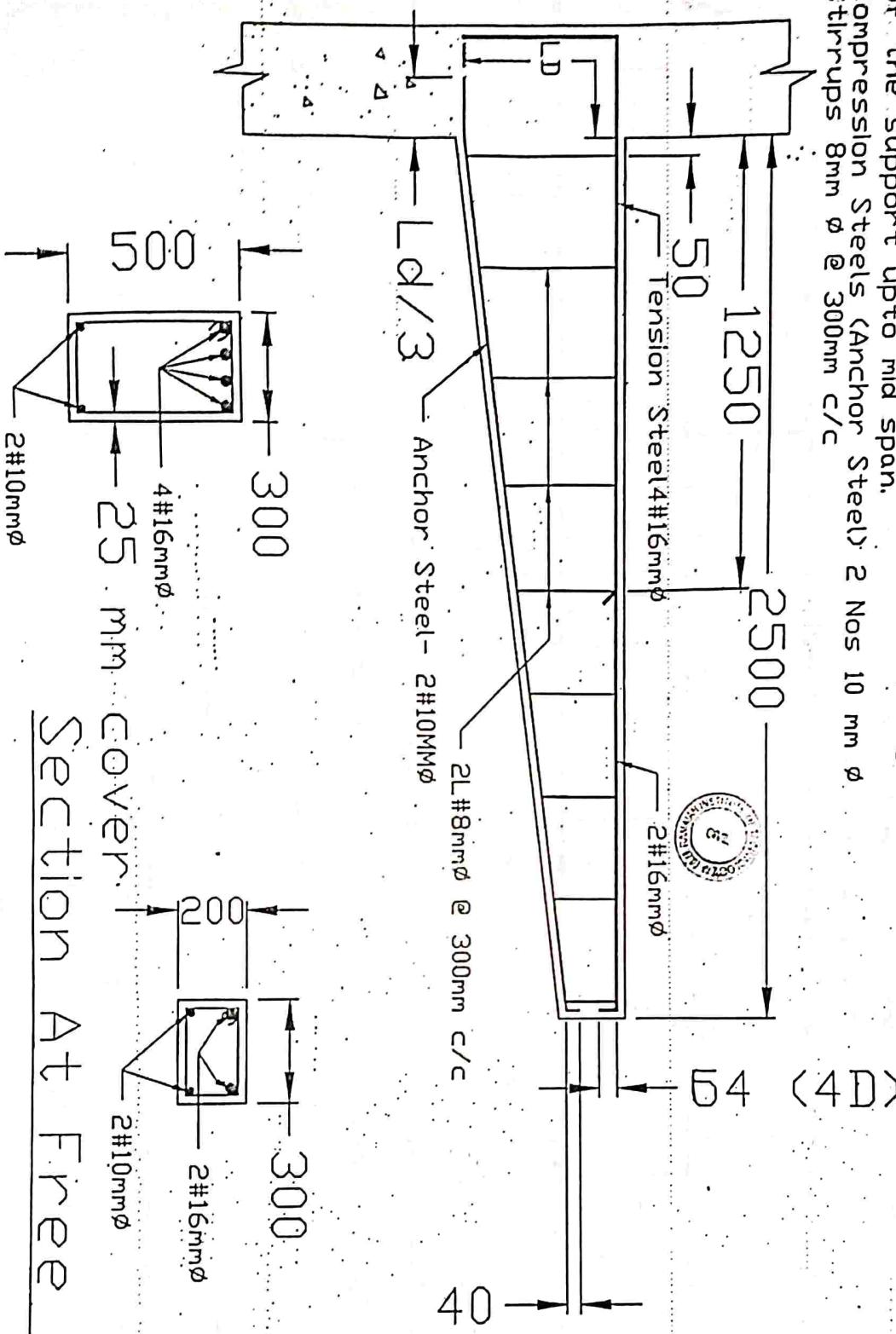
Section "XXX"

Section "YY"

Cantilever beams

A Cantilever beam is fixed to a R,C,C, column of size $300 \times 300\text{mm}$, overall Length of the beam is 2.5 meter from the inner face of the column. Thickness at fixed end / at support is 500 mm and the thickness at free end in 200mm

Reinforcement details:
 Tension Steels 2 Nos 16 mm ϕ for the full length and 2 Nos 16mm ϕ from the face of the support upto mid span.
 Compression Steels (Anchor Steel) 2 Nos 10 mm ϕ .
 Stirrups 8mm ϕ @ 300mm c/c



Section At Free End

Overhanging beam

A rectangular beam 260mm x 600 mm overall rests on two R.C.C. column 260x260mm spaced 4.3 mts c/c and projected by 2 mts beyond the face of the column.

Supported beams:

Tension Steels 2 Nos 28 mm ϕ

Compression Steels 2 Nos 12 mm ϕ

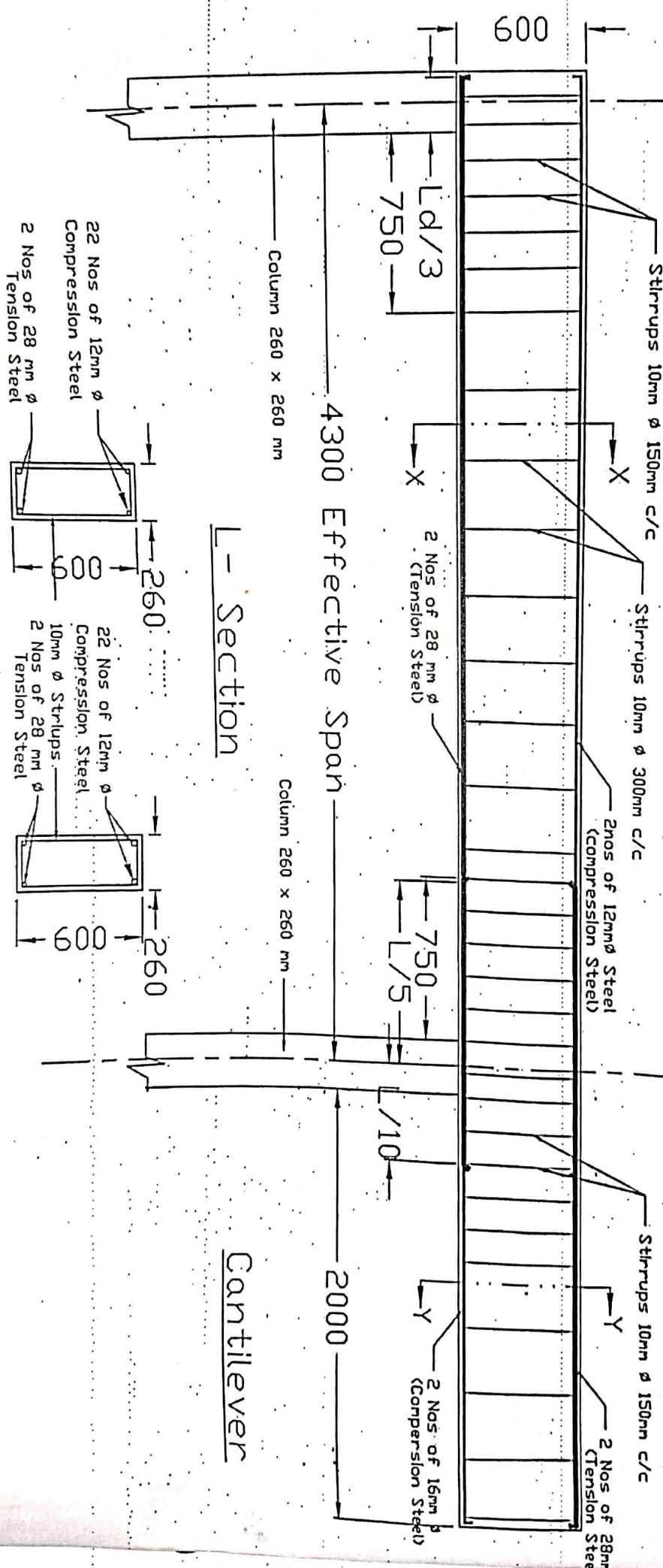
Stirrups 10mm ϕ @ 150mm c/c for 750mm from the face of the support and balance @ 300mm c/c

Cantilever beams:

Tension Steels 2 Nos 28mm ϕ and projecting backwards In support beam by 2 Mts

Compression Steels 2 Nos 16mm ϕ

Draw to scale the reinforcement details through the X-Section Y-Section and L-Section and prepare the Steel bending schedule.



Section "XX".

Section "YY".

Continuous Beam

Draw the U.S and C.S of a continuous beam having the following data:
 Clear span of beam is 4 mts, column and 3 mts respectively and rest on the column size 240 X 300.

Size of the beam is 210X430 mm.

Reinforcement detail:

1 Nos of 12 mm Dia Steel at Top (Tension Steel)

2 Nos of 12 mm Dia Steel at Bottom (Compression Steel)

1 Nos of 8 mm dia at 75 mm c/c at mid span and 2L Stumps

of 8 mm dia at 75 mm c/c at support

Additional Steels At top

1 Nos of 16 mm dia at the left end support of 5 mts span.

2 Nos of 16 mm dia at 4 mts and 6 mts support

Nos of 20 mm dia at 6 mts and 5 mts support

Nos of 16 mm dia at the right end support of 5 mts span.

Additional Steels At Bottom:

1 Nos of 12 mm dia at 4 mts span.

2 Nos of 16 mm dia at 6 mts span

1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span

Nos of 16 mm dia at 4 mts span

2 Nos of 12 mm dia at 4 mts span

1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span

Nos of 16 mm dia at 4 mts span

2 Nos of 12 mm dia at 4 mts span

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1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span

Nos of 16 mm dia at 4 mts span

2 Nos of 12 mm dia at 4 mts span

1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span

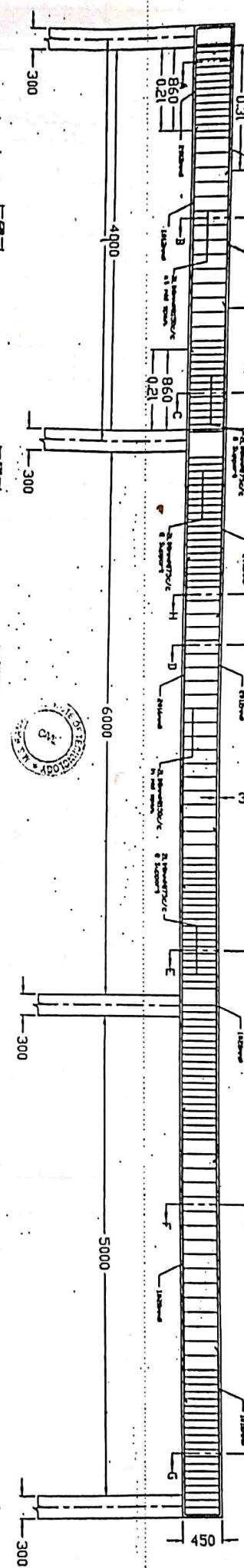
Nos of 16 mm dia at 4 mts span

2 Nos of 12 mm dia at 4 mts span

1 Nos of 20 mm dia at 5 mts span

Nos of 16 mm dia at 4 mts span

2 Nos of 12 mm dia at 4 mts span



One Way Slab

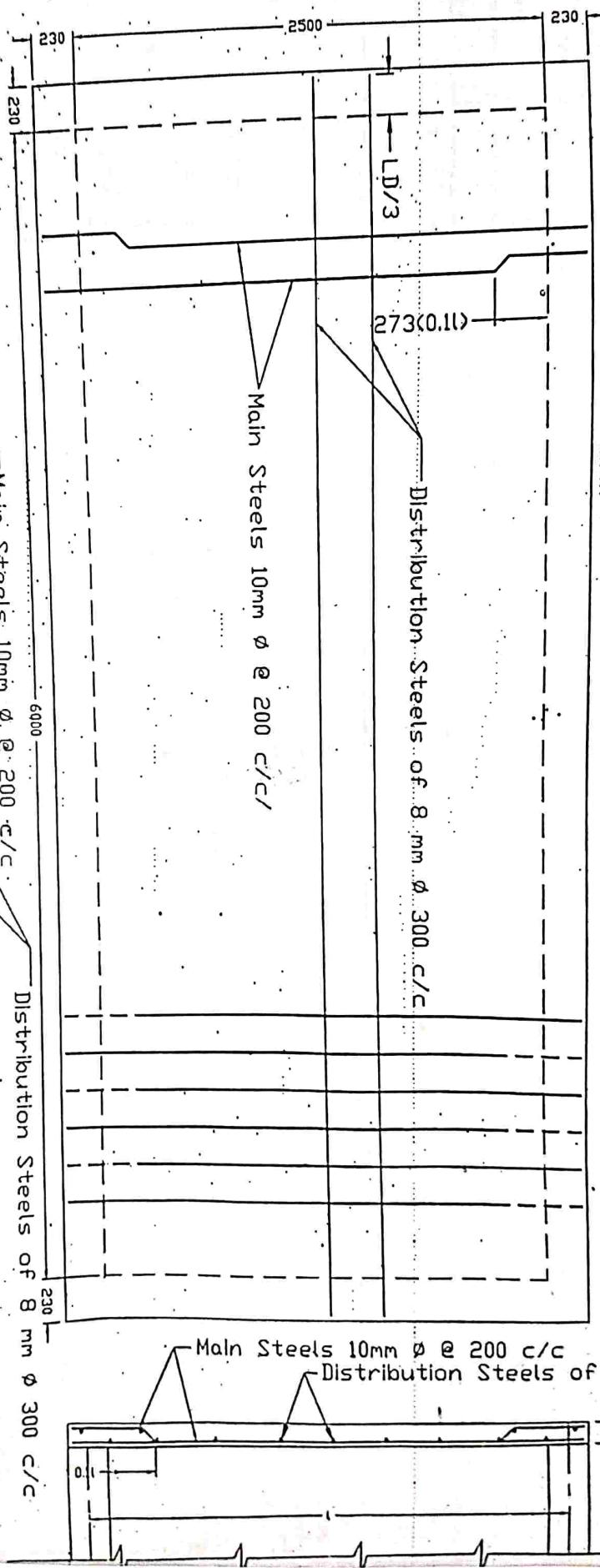
One way slab is provided over a room of internal dimension of 6mts X 2.5mts simply supported on 230mm thick wall all round.

Thickness of slab is 125 mm

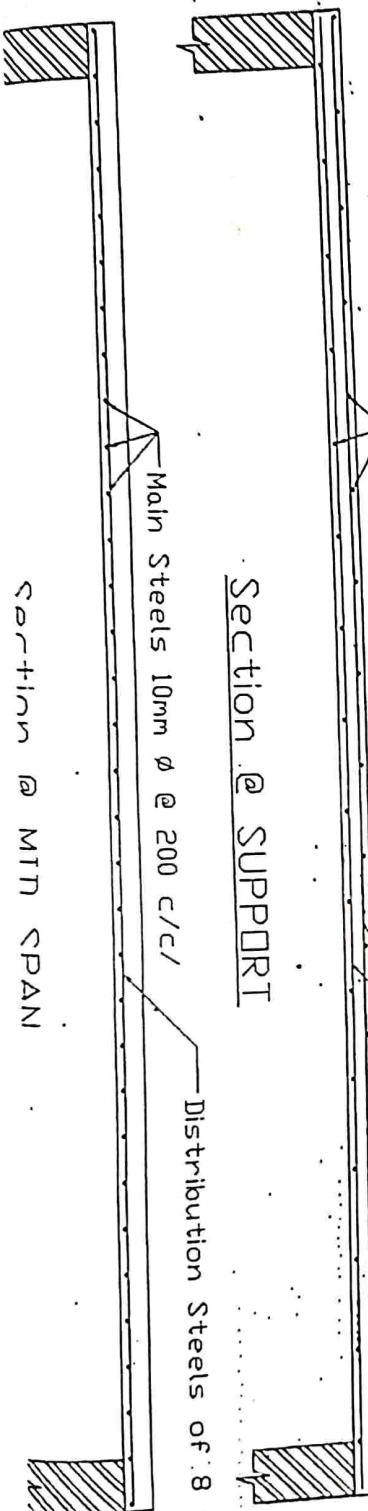
Main reinforcement dia 10mm @ 200 mm c/c

Distribution steel dia 8 mm @ 300 mm c/c

Draw a plan and C/S along short and longer span showing reinforcement details.



Section @ SUPPORT



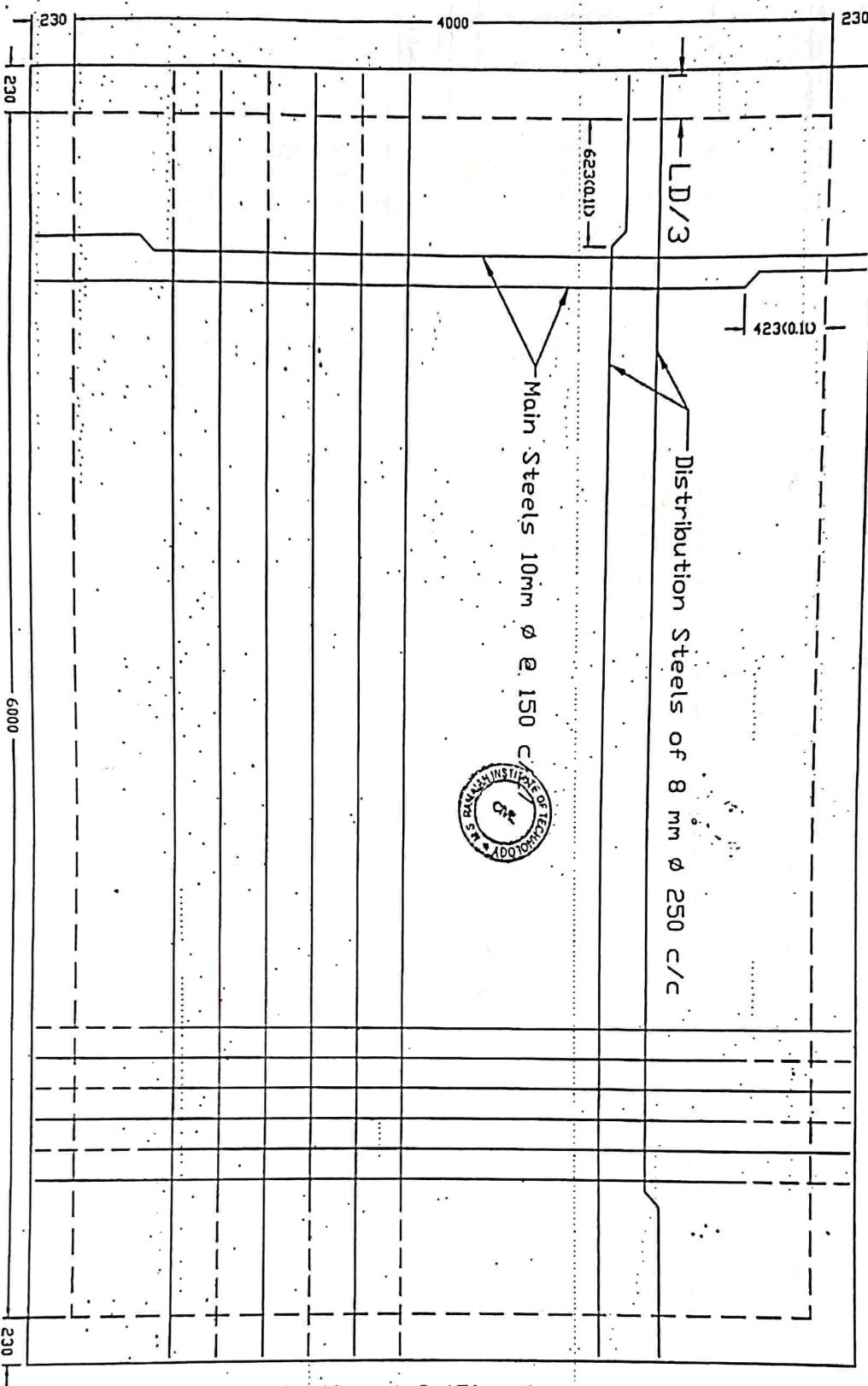
Main Steels 10mm ϕ @ 200 c/c

Distribution Steels of 8 mm ϕ 300 c/c

Section @ MIN SPAN

Two Way Slab

Two way slab is provided over a room of internal dimension of 6mts X 4mts simply supported on 230mm thick wall all round with corners free to lift. Thickness of slab is 125 mm Main reinforcement dia 10mm @ 150 mm c/c along the short span Distribution steel dia. 8 mm @ 250mm ϕ c/c along the longer span Draw a plan and C/S along short span and longerspan and showing reinforcement details.



Main Steels 10mm ϕ @ 150 c/c / Distribution Steels of 8mm ϕ @ 250 c/c

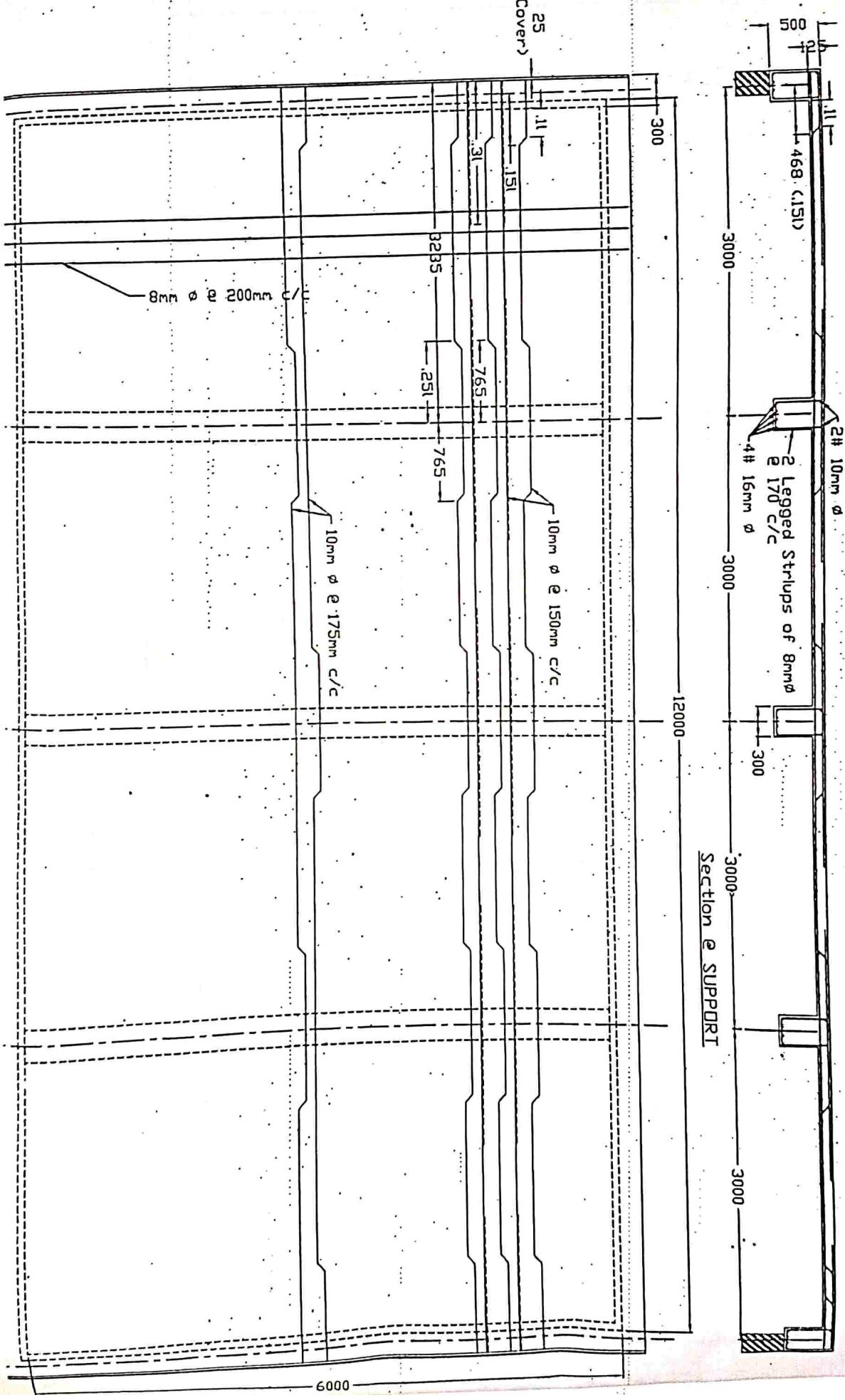
Main Steels 10mm ϕ @ 150 c/c / Distribution Steels of 8mm ϕ @ 250 c/c

Distribution Steels of 8mm ϕ @ 250 c/c

125

Section @ SUPPORT

Continuous Slab
 Room dimension of 12.0 mts by 6.0 mts
 Draw the section plan and section elevation along 12 mts. The size of the beam width is 300n and the depth is 300mm for the beam, provide nominal 4 nos of 16 mm Ø at top and 2 legged stirrups of 8mm Ø @ 150 c/c. The beam are placed at 3 mts c/c. the thickness of the slab is 125 mm. Main reinforcement of continuous slab of 10 mm Ø @ 150mm c/c distribution steel 8mm Ø @ 200mm c/c and provide extra reinforcement at top of the support of 8mm Ø @ 300mm c/c.



RESTARINED 2WAY SLAB

An interior panel of a two way slab has a clear dimension of 4 x 6 Meter. The thickness of the slab is 125 mm, FE 415 steel, M20 cement.

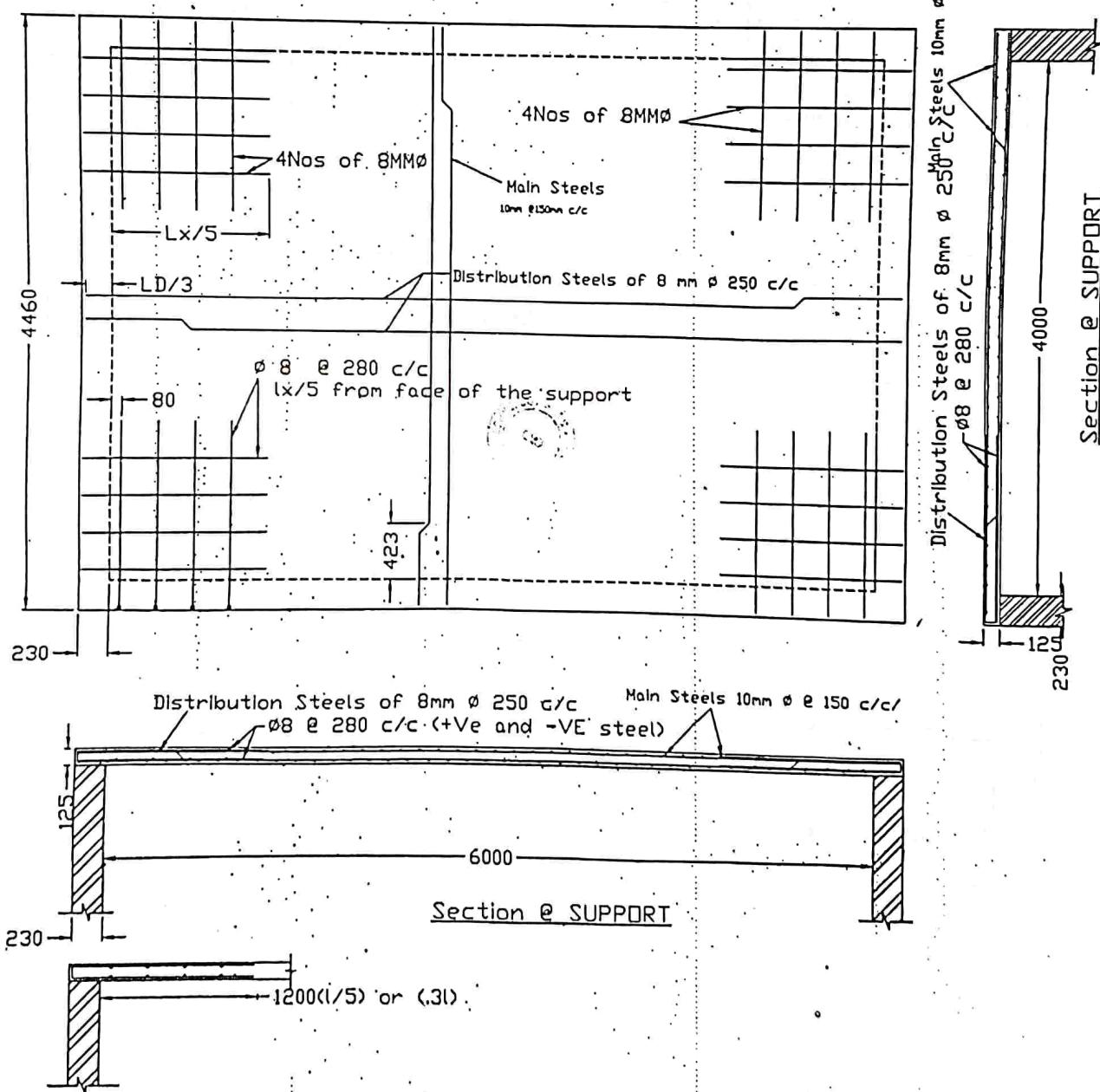
Reinforcement: 1) Short span the steel # 10 @ 150 c/c 2) Long span the steel # 8 @ 250 c/c 3)+Ve and -Ve steel of 4 Nos of 8 mm dia at all corners

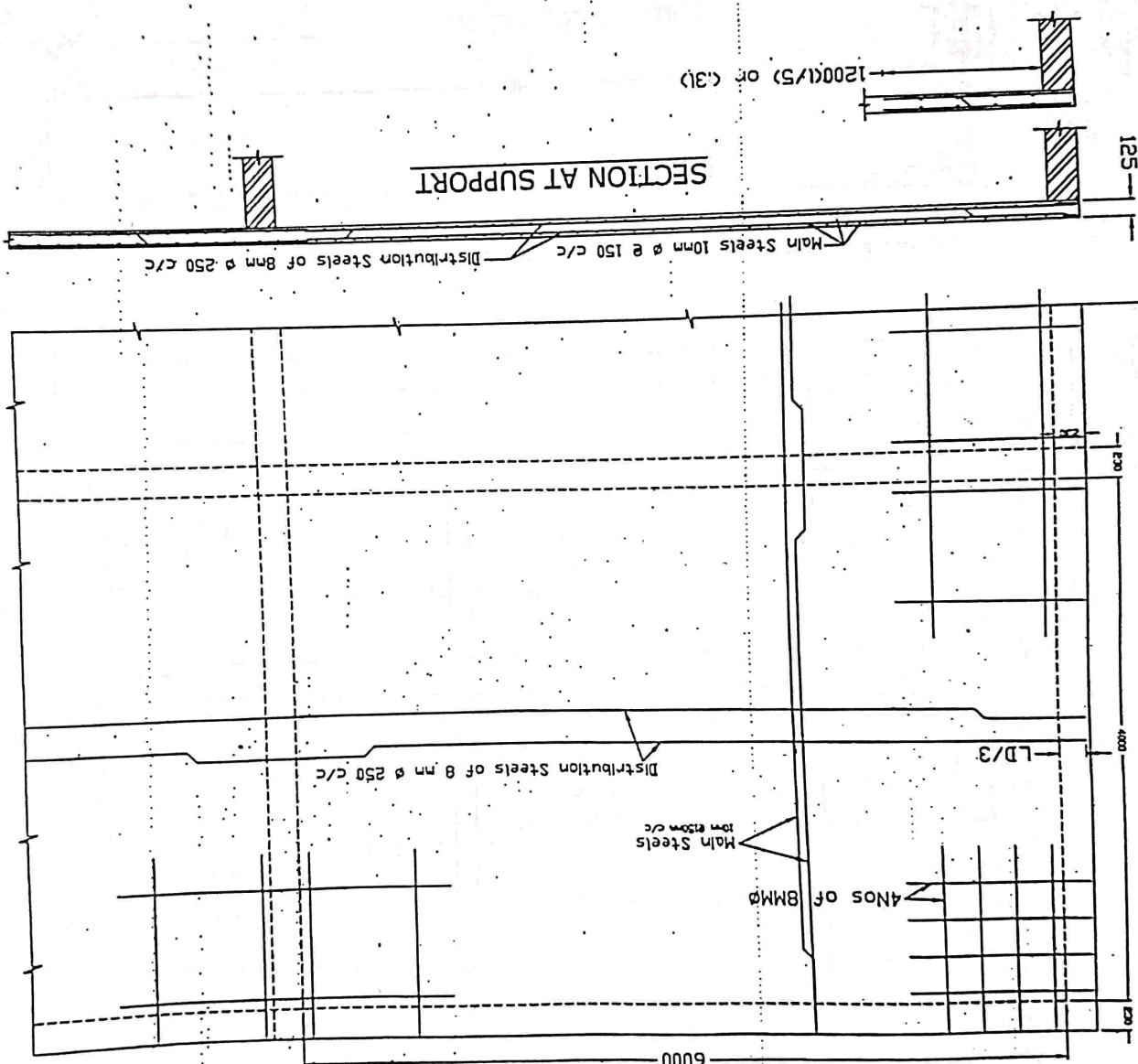
Cement grade is M20, the thickness of load bearing wall is 230 mm, Draw to a Suitable scale

1) Plan of the top steel and bottom steel

2) C/S Parallel to short span

3) C/S Parallel to Long span

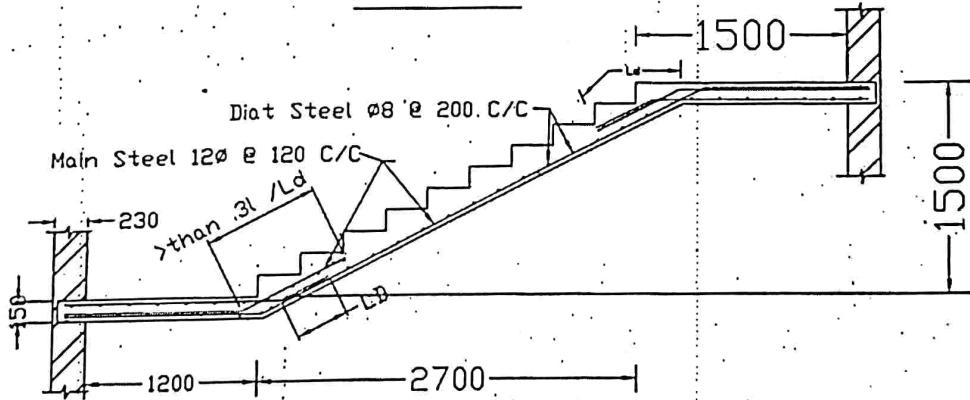
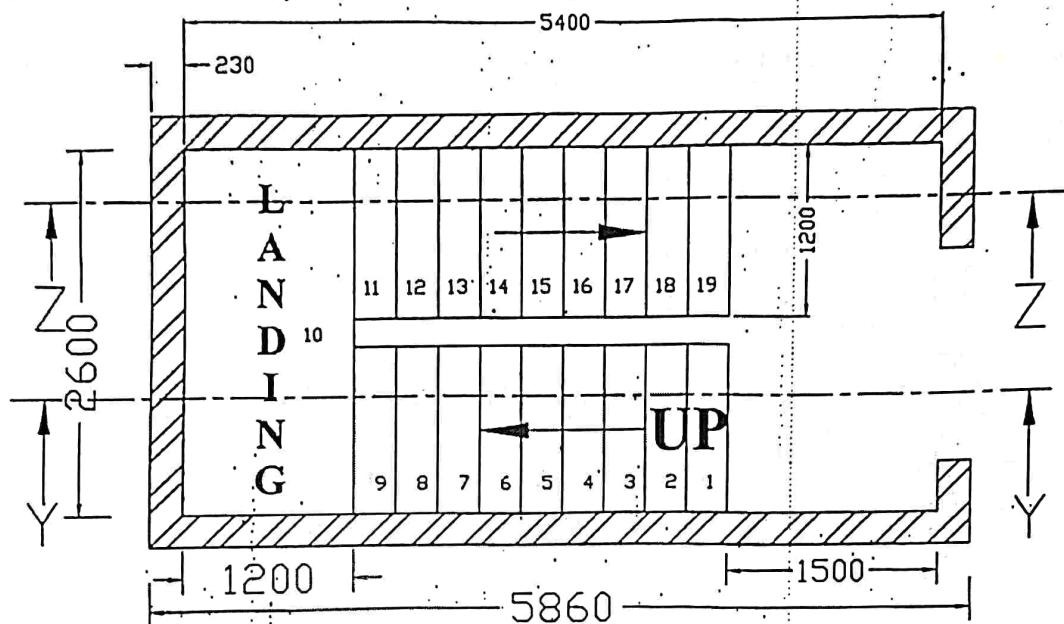




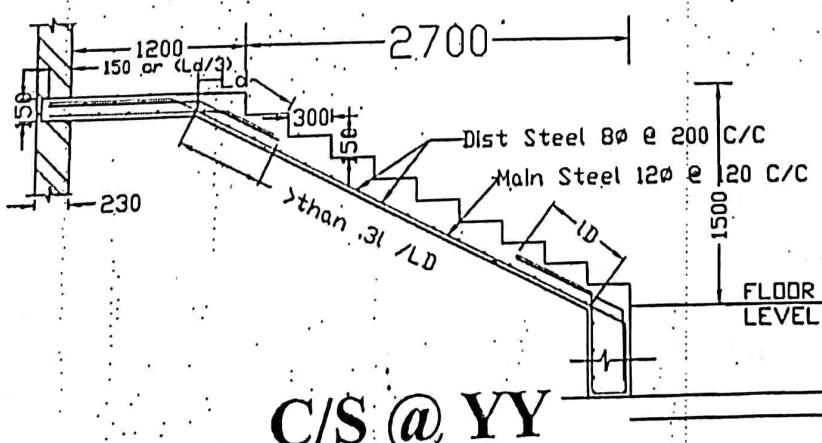
RESTARINED CONTINUOUS CORNER SLAB

DOG LEGGED STAIRCASE

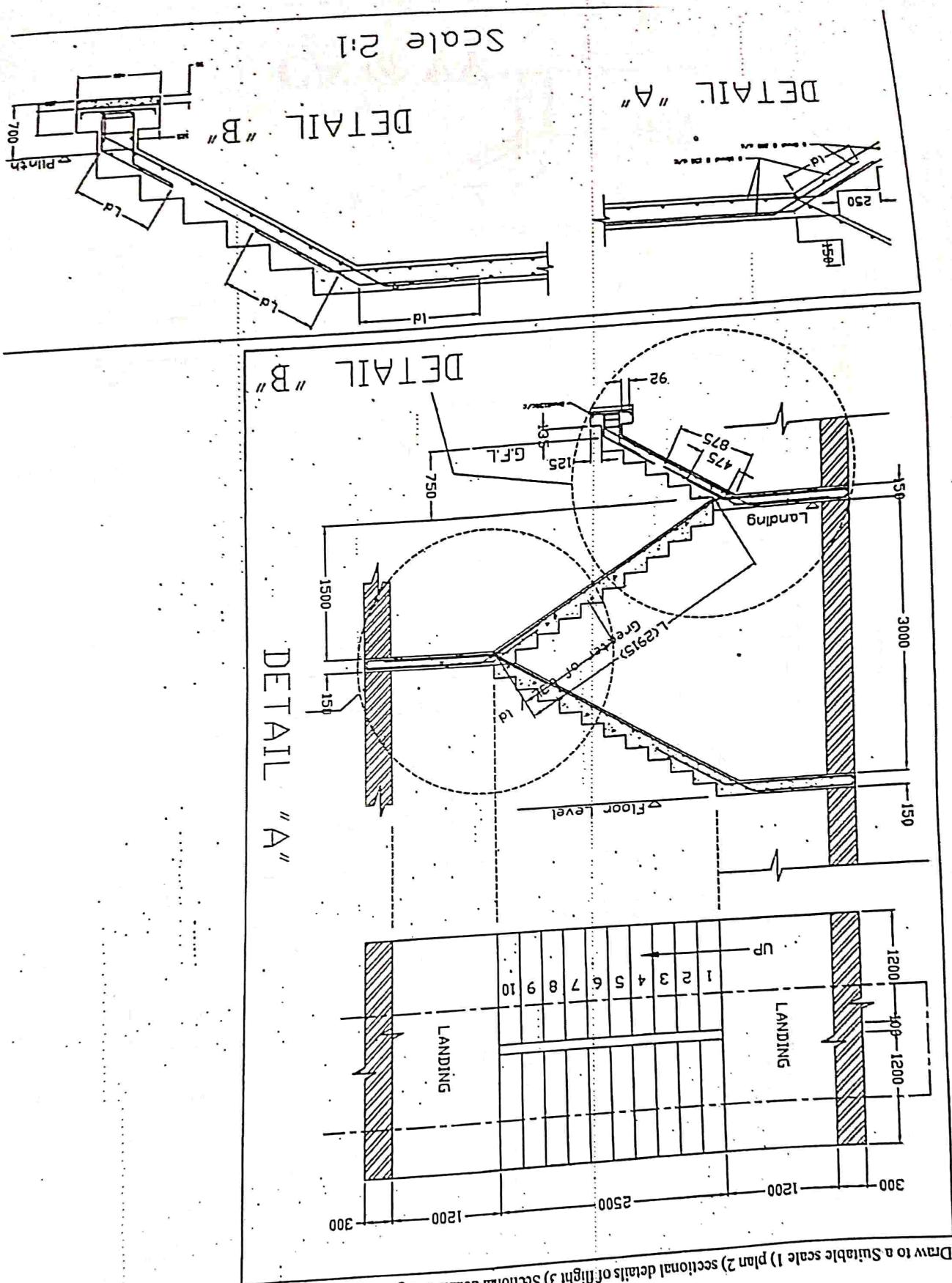
A dog legged stair case is to be detailed with the following: Particulars size of stair case room 2600x5400mm. width of the flight is 1200 mm², Minimum width of landing 1200mm, Minimum No of tread in each flight is 10, tread = 300 mm and minimum rise 150mm, wall thickness of 230 mm all round. Waist slab thickness = 150mm. Main Steel of 120 @ 120 c/c and distribution steel for each flight of 80 @ 200 c/c. First flight start at G. F. L and the foundation is 750mm below the G.F.L and the second flight starts on walls. The clear height of the staircase room is 3 mts Draw to a Suitable scale 1) plan 2) sectional details of G.F.L to First flight 3) Sectional details of flight to flight



C/S @ ZZ

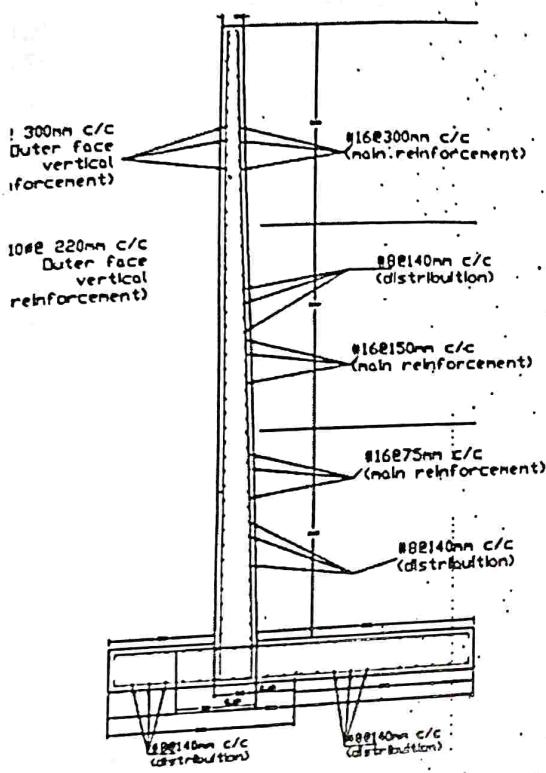


Scale 2:1



A dog-legged stair case is to be detailed with the following: Particulars size of stair case room 2500x4900mm, width of the flight is 1200mm, width of landing 200mm, No of treads in each flight is 10, tread = 250 mm and rise 150mm, wall thickness of 300 mm on both side of landing. Waste slab thickness = 150mm, Main Steel # 12 @ 100/cf and distribution steel for each flight @ 200/cf. First flight start from G.F. and the foundation is 700mm below the G.F. and the second flight starts on walls at a distance of 750mm and the height is 1500 mm from the bottom of the second flight. The top of the stairs is 1500 mm from the G.F. and the third flight is 700mm above the G.F.

CANTILEVER RETAINING WALL



CROSS SECTION OF STEM

The detail of the cantilever type retaining walls as follows: Thickness of stem at top 200mm, at bottom 400mm, Height of the stem above the base slab is 6 meter. Width of the base slab is 3.5 meter and the thickness of the base is 400mm. Toe Projecting is 1 meter.
 Reinforcement: Stem main reinforcement #16 @ 75mm c/c up to 2 meter from base slab, #16 @ 150 mm c/c from 2 meter up to 4 meter and #16 @ 300mm c/c in the top height of 2meter. Distribution #8 @ 140 c/c.
 Along Outer face #10 @ 220 mm c/c in the vertical direction and #8 mm @ 300 c/c in the horizontal direction.
 Steel Slab Main #16 @ 120
 Toe slab Main #16 @ 150
 Distribution steel in both toe and heel slab is #8 @ 160.
 Draw to a scale a) C/S of the wall b) longitudinal section of stem showing the reinforcement. c) sectional plan showing the details of reinforcement in heel slab.

Donut = DD

Lists =

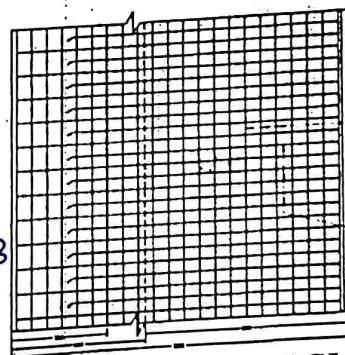
Divide = segments = 11

divide

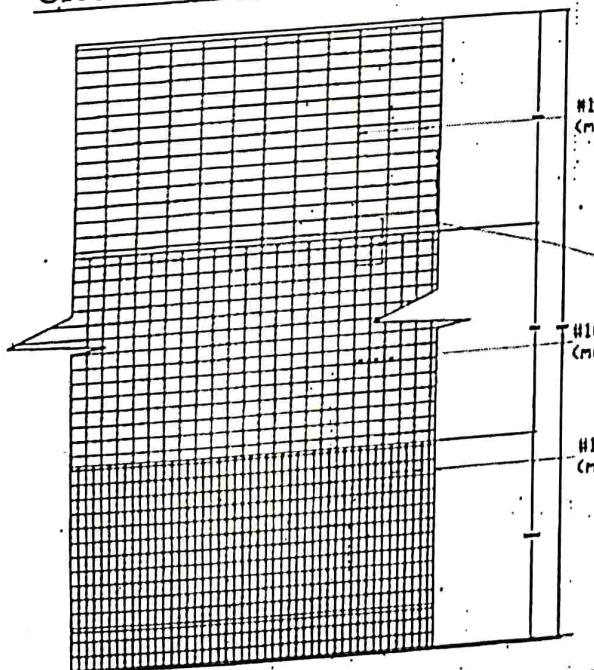
DDP-type

use F8.

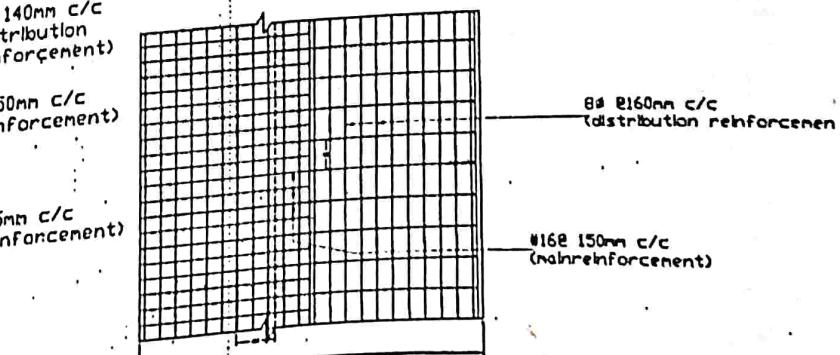
(with off F3)



TOP PLAN OF BASE SLAB (HEEL)



LONGITUDINAL SECTION OF STEM



BOTTOM PLAN OF BASE SLAB (TOE)

RETAINING WALL

Draw the following Views: 1) Cross section of retaining wall showing reinforcement details
2) Longitudinal section showing curtailment

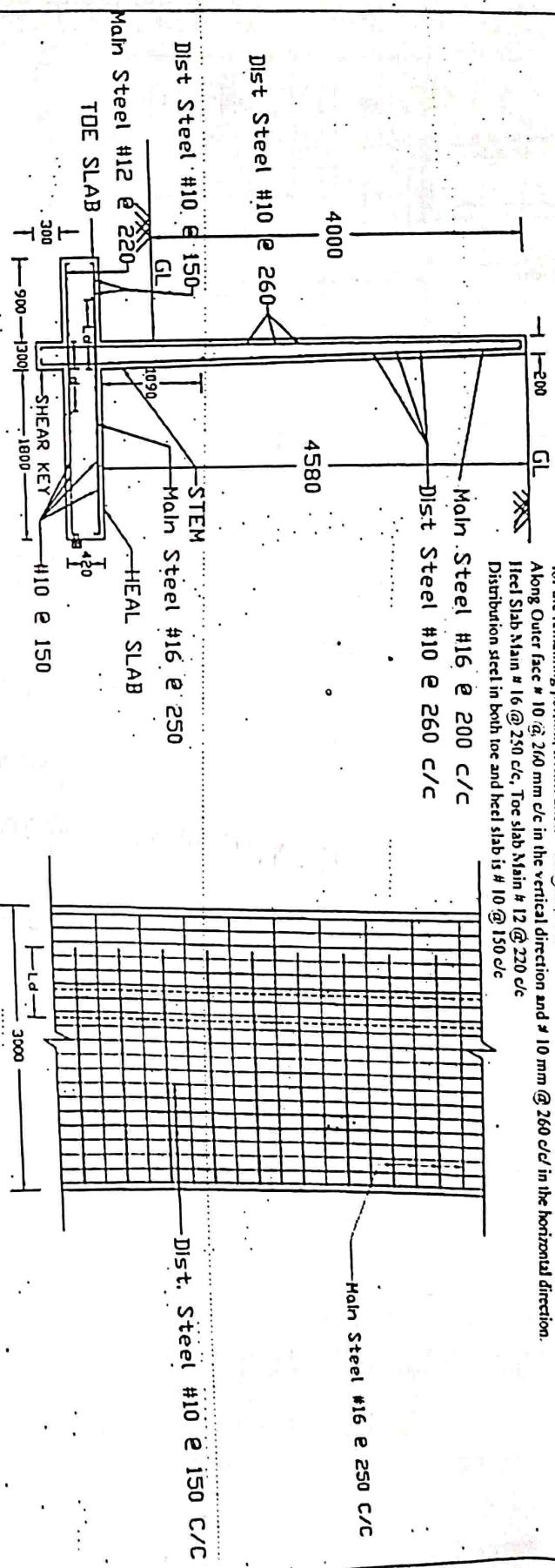
Overall Depth of Foundation Wall is 5.2 Mts. Thickness of base slab 450mm and the height of the stem is 4.75mts and 4 mts above the ground level. Length of Toe slab is 900 mm and length of the heel slab 8mtrs. depth of the shear key is 300 x 300 (overall length of slab is 3mts.)

Reinforcement Stem main reinforcement #16 @ 100mm c/c upto 2 Mts from the top the base slab and #16 @ 200mm c/c for the remaining portion.

Along Outer face #10 @ 260 mm c/c in the vertical direction and #10 mm @ 260 c/c in the horizontal direction.

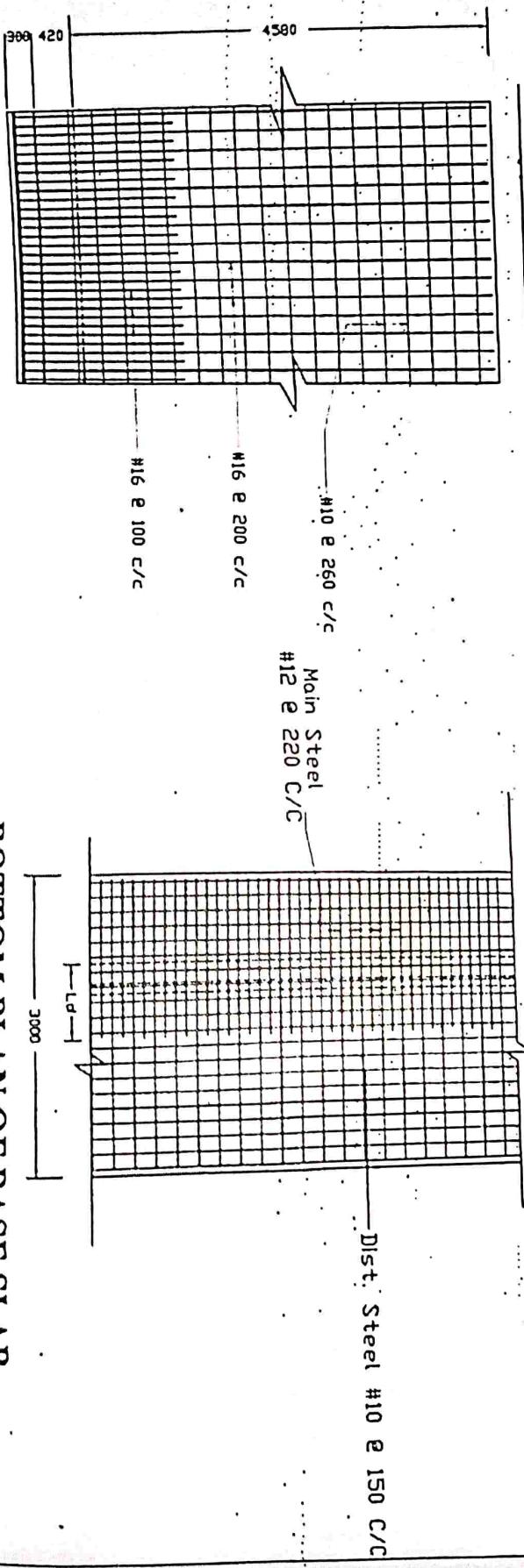
Toe Slab Main #16 @ 250 c/c. Toe slab Main #12 @ 220 c/c.

Distribution steel in both toe and heel slab is #10 @ 150 c/c



CROSS SECTIONAL ELEVATION

TOP PLAN OF BASE SLAB



BOTTOM PLAN OF BASE SLAB

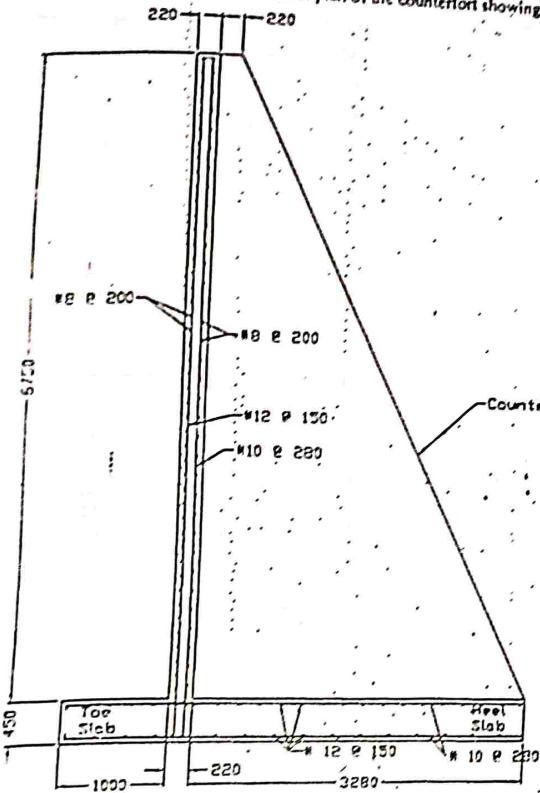
COUNTERFORT WALL

The detail of the Counterfort retaining walls as follows: Thickness of stem at top 220mm, at bottom 220mm, Height of the stem above the base slab is 6.750 meter. Width of the base slab is 3.28 meter and the thickness of the base is 450mm. Toe Projecting is 1 meter.

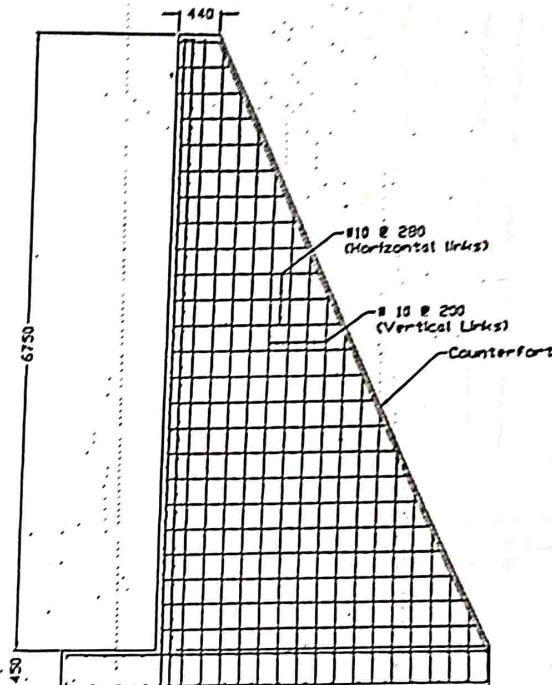
Reinforcement: Stem main reinforcement Along Inner face # 18 Ø @ 280 mm c/c In the vertical direction and # 8 Ø @ 200 c/c in the horizontal direction. Along Outer face # 12 Ø @ 150 mm c/c In the vertical direction and # 8 Ø @ 200 c/c in the horizontal direction.

Heel Slab Main # 12 Ø @ 150 mm ,Toe slab Main # 12 Ø @ 150, Distribution steel In both toe and heel slab is # 10 Ø @ 220mm.

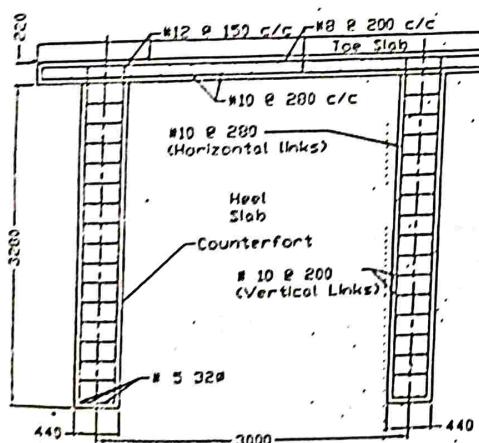
Draw to a scale a) C/S of the Stem way from the counterfort, b) C/S of the Stem way at counterfort showing reinforcement detail, C) Sectional plan of the counterfort showing the details of reinforcement.



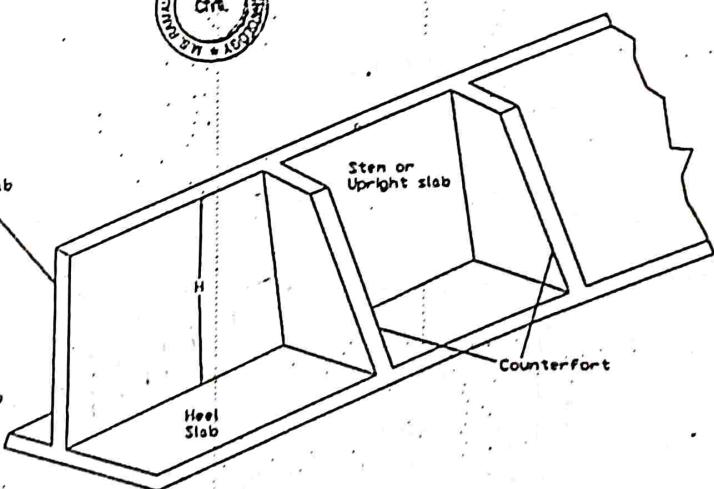
Sectional elevation Midway Between Support



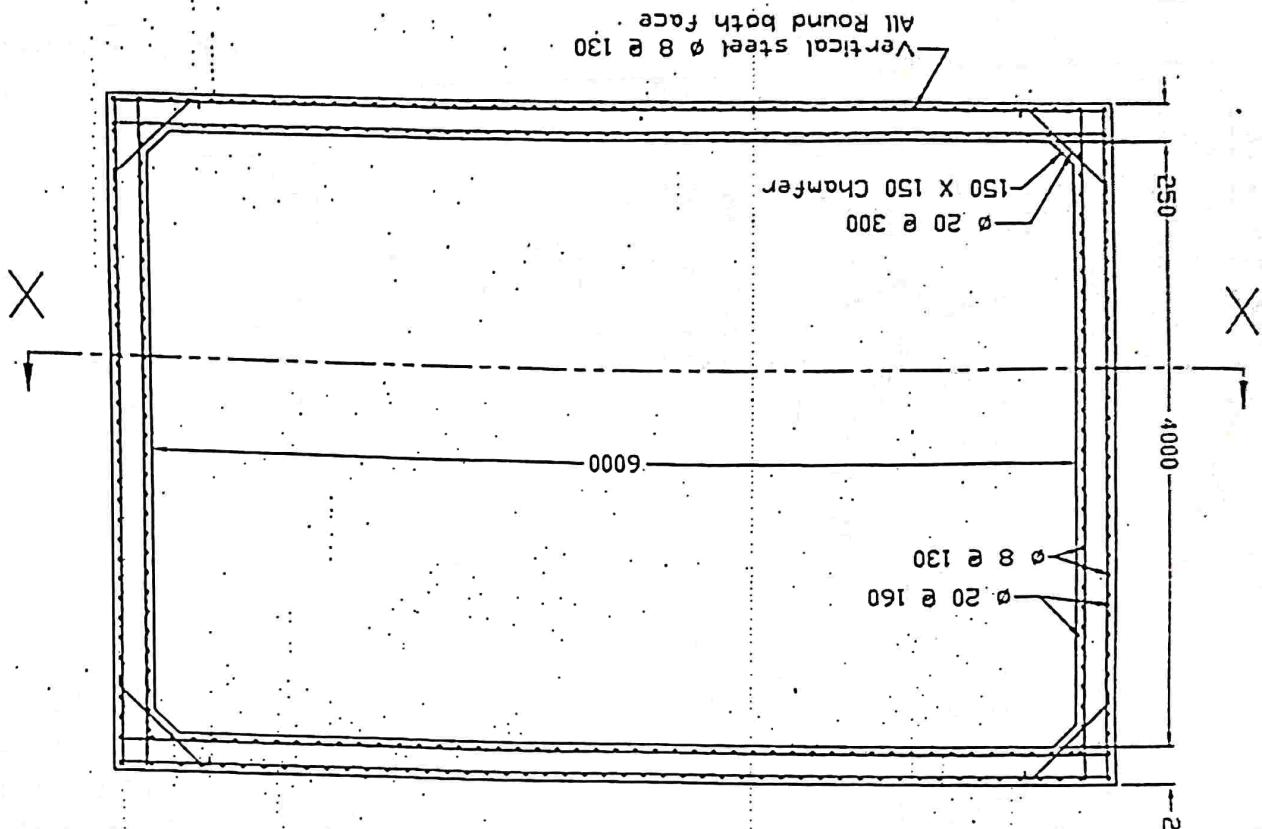
Sectional elevation
of Counterfort



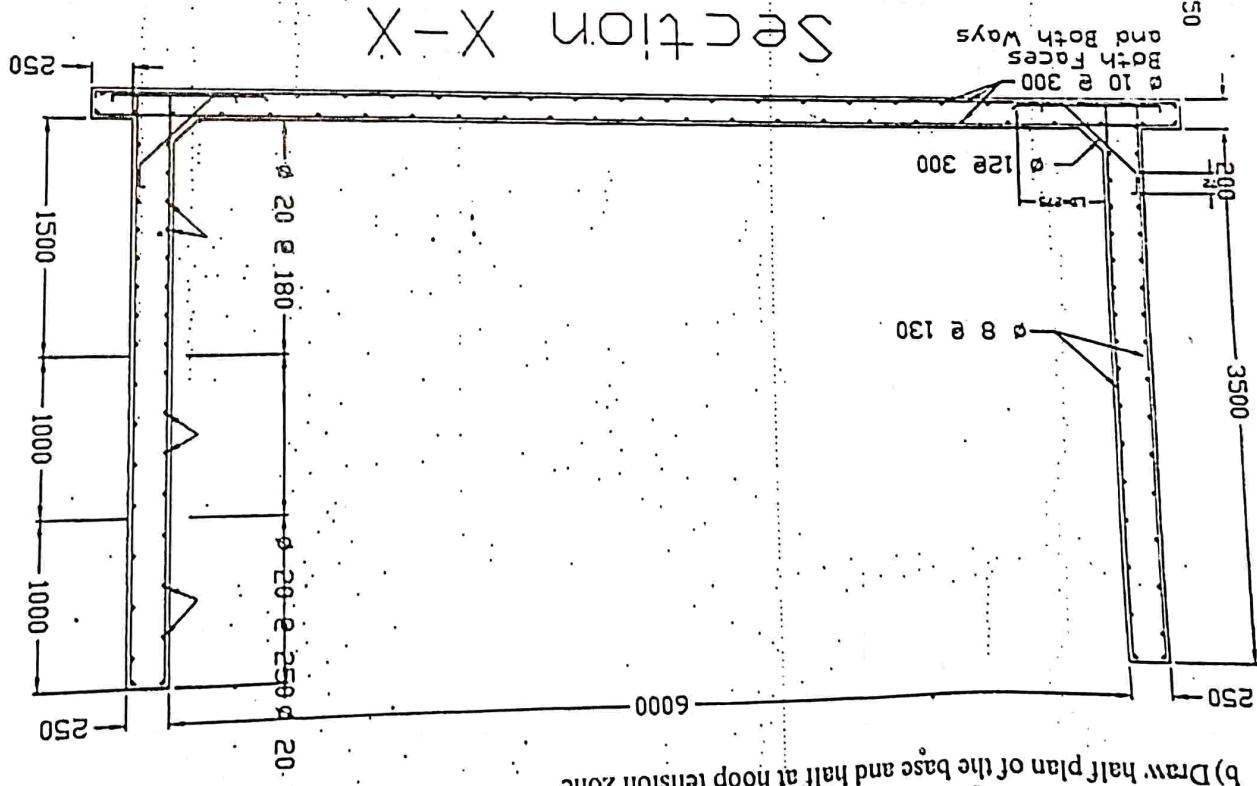
Sectional Plan at base
of Counterfort



PLAN @ 0.5M above the Slab



Section X-X



- A Rectangular water tank on ground with fixed base has following details.

 - The internal size of tank is 6 m by 4 m, 2) Height 3.5 Meter with 2 Meter free board 3) tank is open at top
 - Thickness of wall = 250 mm, 5) thickness of base slab = 200 mm 6) Reinforcement: Main Steel #20 on both faces @ 180 c/c up to 1.5M from base, # 20 @ 250 c/c from 1.5M to up to 2.5 M and From 2.5 M upto top is # 20 @ 300 c/c both way @ bottom and top of slab steel of FE 415 and cement
 - Up to top is # 20 @ 300 c/c slab # 10 @ 300 c/c both way @ bottom and top of slab steel of FE 415 and cement
 - M20 grade.

b) Draw half plan of the base and half a hoop tension zone

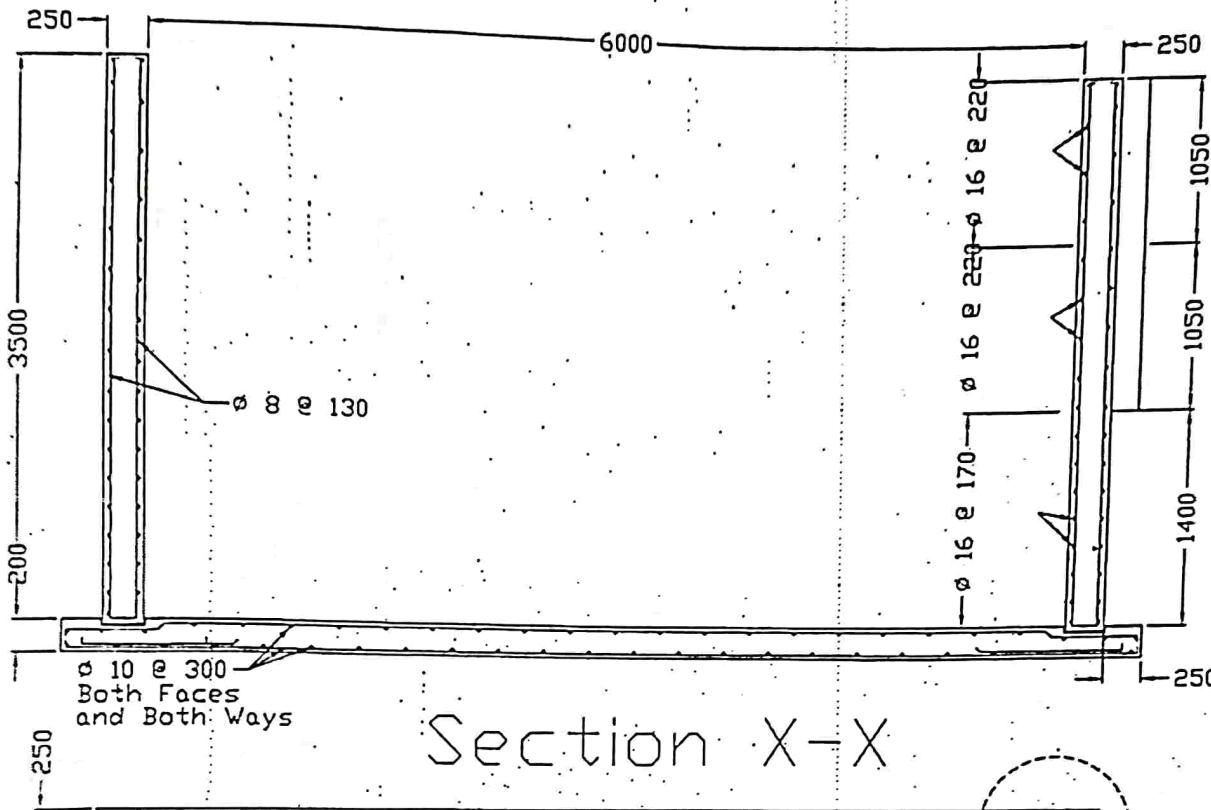
a) Draw section through the center of the tank showing reinforcement

b) Draw half plan of the base and half a hoop tension zone

Reinforcement details for flexible rectangular tank

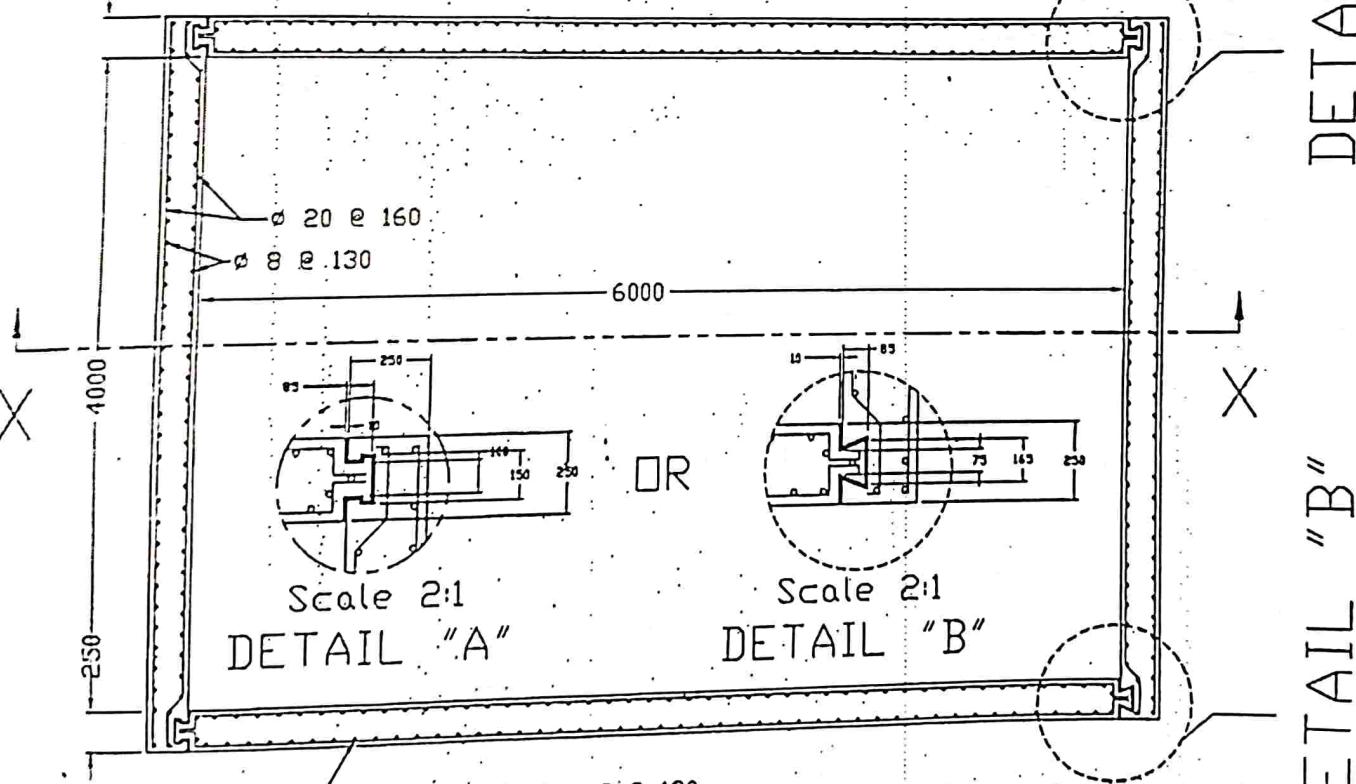
A rectangular water tank on ground with flexible base and side wall has the following details:

- 1) Diameter of tank = 10 m
 - 2) Height 4 Meter with 2 Meter free banned
 - 3) tank is open at top
 - 4) thickness of wall = 250 mm
 - 5) thickness of base slab = 150 mm
 - 6) Reinforcement : Hoop Steel #12 on both faces @ 170 c/c up to 1.4M from base, # 16 @ 220 c/c from 1.4 m to 2.45 M and # 16 @ 270 c/c from 2.45M to top Cantilever steel # 12 @ 120 mm c/c
 - 7) base slab # 8 @ 200 c/c both way @ bottom and top of slab steel of FE 415 and cement M20 grade.
- a) Draw section through the center of the tank Showing reinforcement
 b) Plan of the base
 c) Plan at 0.5meters above the base.



Section X-X

DETAIL "A"

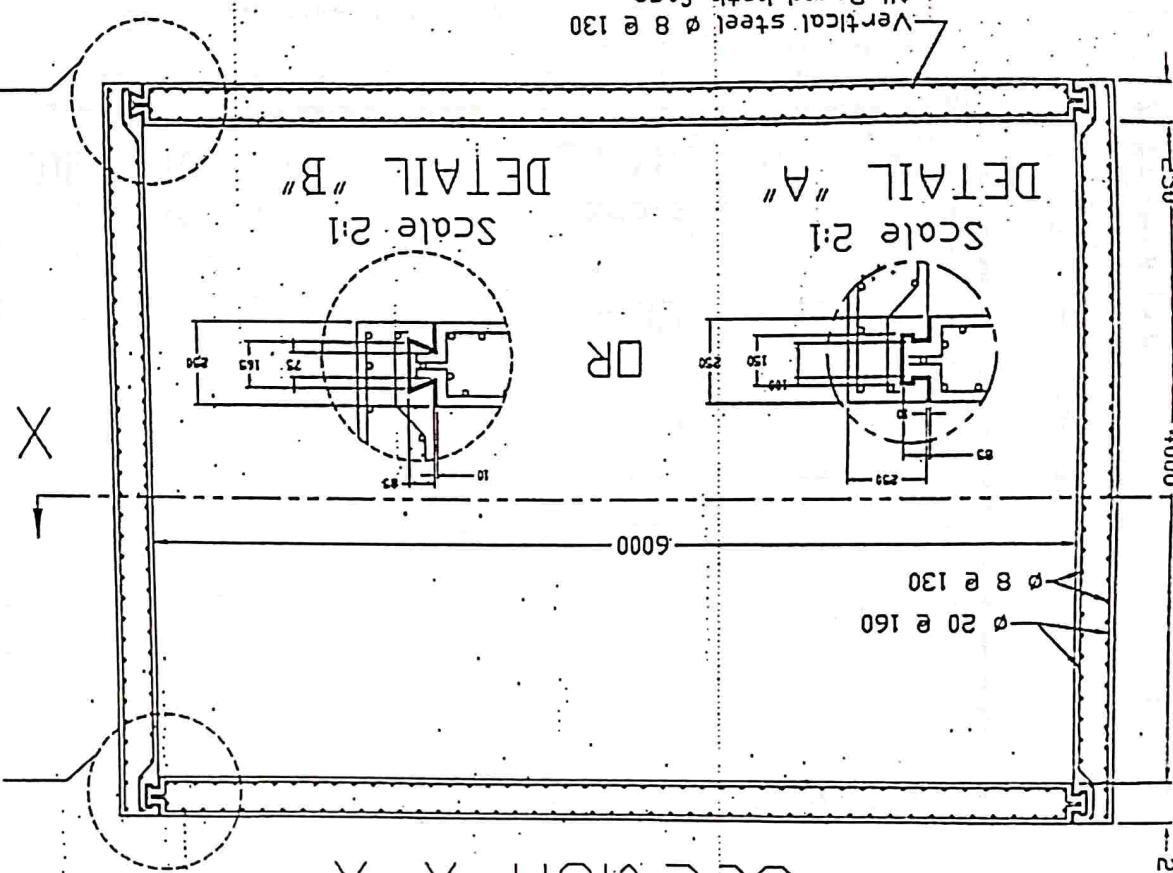


DETAIL "B"

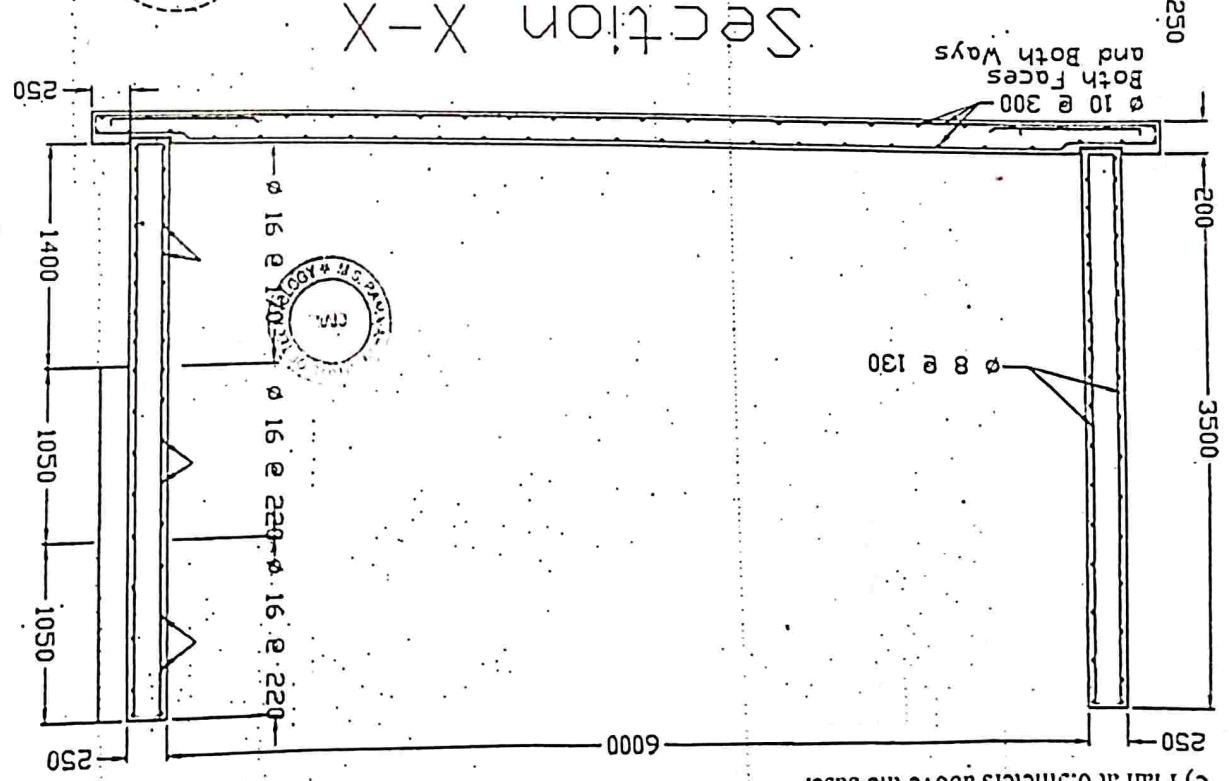
PLAN @ 0.5M above the Slab

PLAN @ 0.5M above the Slab

DETAIL "B"



DETAIL "A"



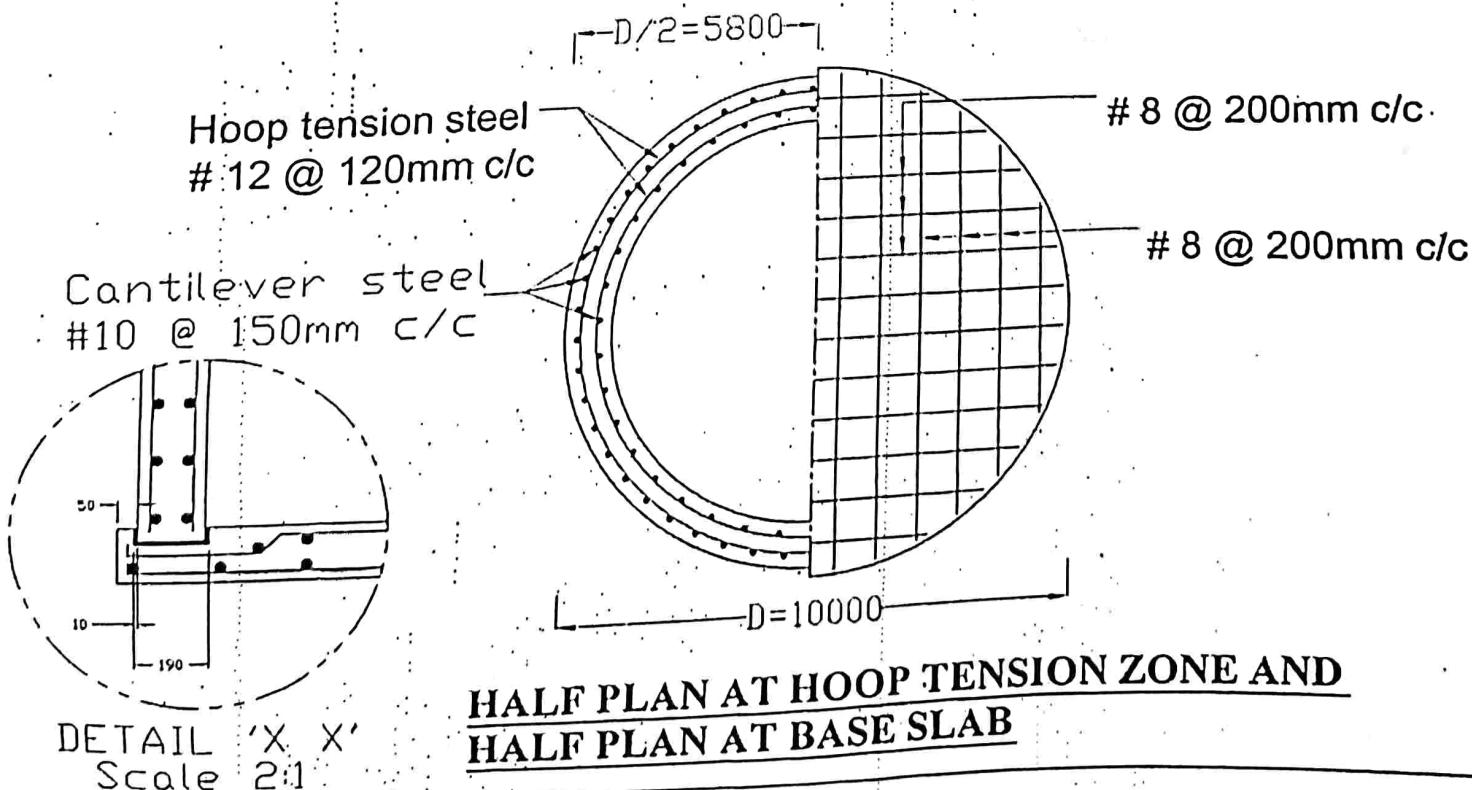
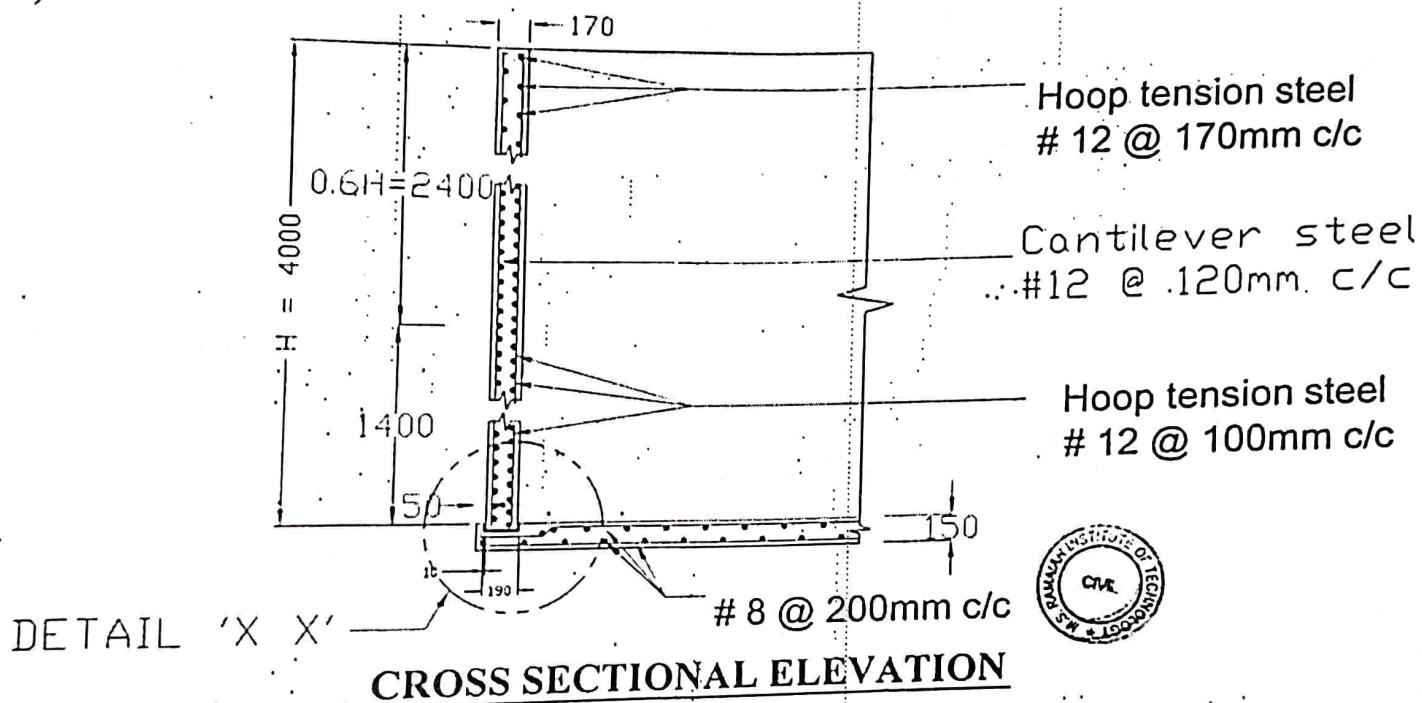
- 1) Diameter of tank = 10 m 2) Height 4 Meter with 2 Meter free奔nected 3) tank is open at top.
- 4) thickness of wall = 250 mm 5) thickness of base slab = 150 mm, 6) Reinforcement: Hoop Steel #12 on both faces Ø 170 c/c up to 1.4M from base, #16 Ø 220 c/c from 1.4 m to 2.45 M and #16 Ø 270 c/c from 2.45M to top Camilever steel #12 Ø 120 mm c/c 8) base slab #8 Ø 200 c/c both way @ bottom
- a) Draw section through the center of the tank showing reinforcement
- b) Plan of the base
- c) Plan at 0.5meters above the base.

CIRCULAR Flexible WATER TANK

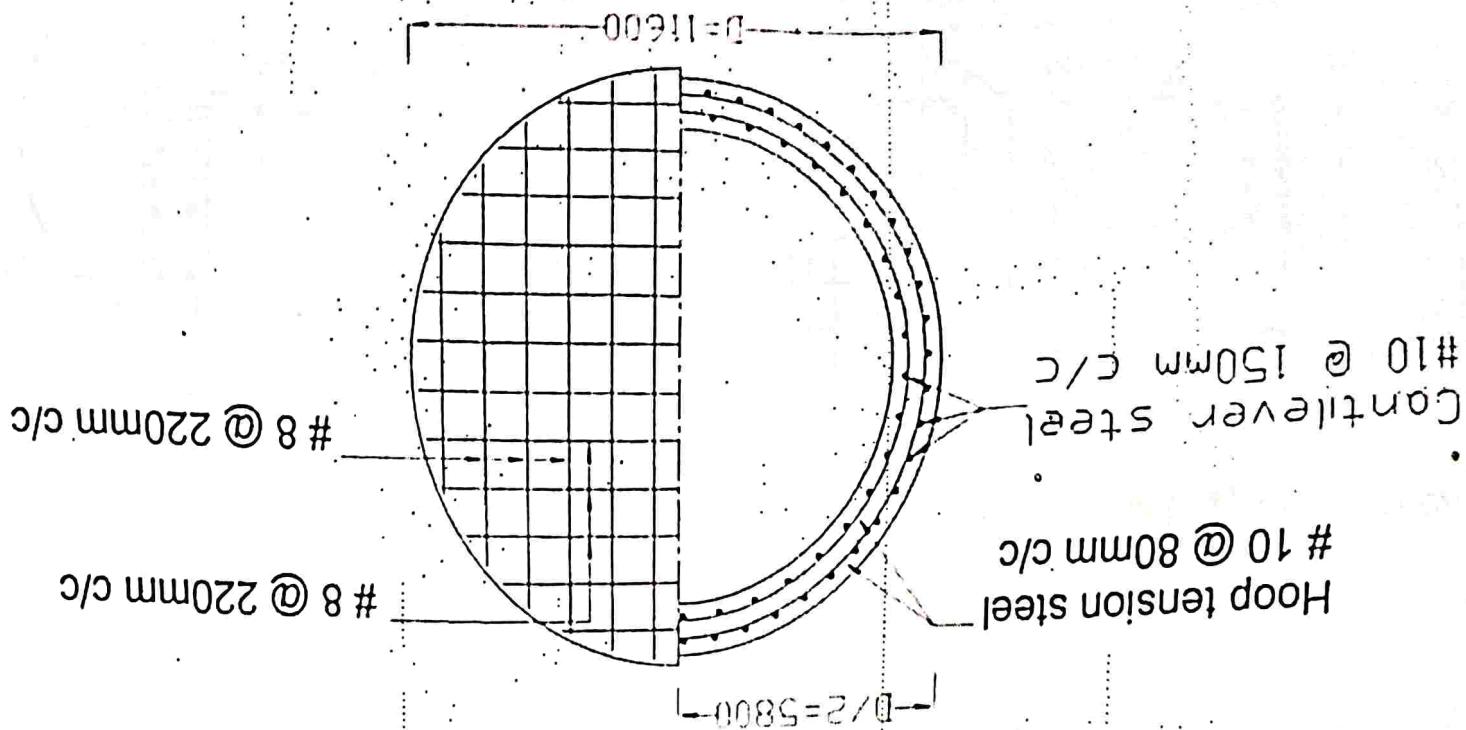
A circular water tank on ground with flexible base has following details.

1) Diameter of tank = 10 m 2) Height 4 Meter with 200mm free board 3) tank is open at top
 4) thickness of wall = 170 mm, 5) thickness of base slab = 150 mm 6) Reinforcement : Hoop Steel #12
 on both faces @ 100 c/c up to 2M from base, and 170 c/c from 2M to top. Vertical steel # 12 @
 120 mm c/c 7) base slab # 8 @ 200 c/c both way @ bottom and top of slab steel of FE 415 and cement
 M20 grade.

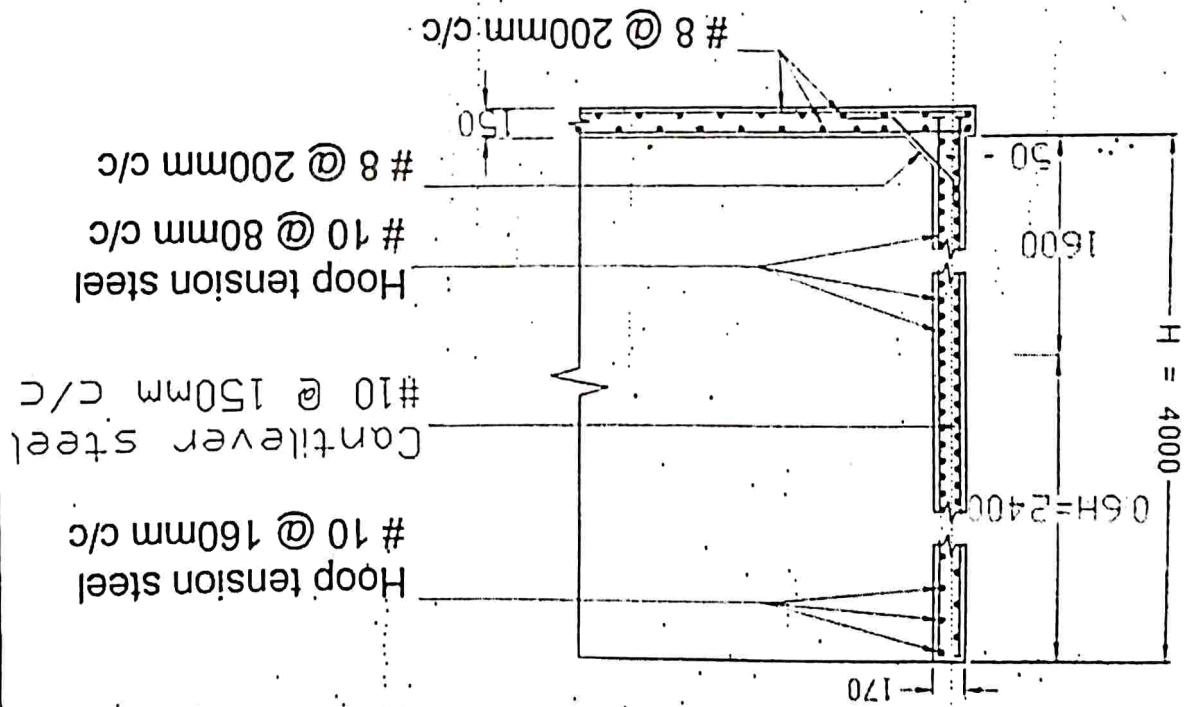
- Draw section through the center of the tank Showing reinforcement
- Draw half plan of the base and half at hoop tension zone
- c)



**HALF PLAN AT HOOP TENSION ZONE AND
HALF PLAN AT BASE SLAB**



CROSS SECTIONAL ELEVATION



a) Draw section through the centre of the tank showing reinforcement

- 1) Circular water tank = 11.6 m² Height 4 Meter with 200mm free board 3) tank is open at top A circular tank on ground with fixed base has following details.
- 2) thickness of wall = 170 mm, 3) thickness of base slab = 150 mm 6) Reinforcement: Hoop Steel #10 on both faces @ 80 c/c up to 1.6M from base, and 160 c/c from 1.6M to top. Cantilever steel #10 @ 150 mm c/c up to 200 c/c both way @ bottom and top of slab slice off E 415 and cement M20 grade.
- 3) base slab #8 @ 200 c/c both way @ bottom and top of slab slice off E 415 and cement M20 grade.
- 4) thickness of tank = 11.6 m² Height 4 Meter with 200mm free board 3) tank is open at top on both faces @ 80 c/c up to 1.6M from base, and 160 c/c from 1.6M to top. Cantilever steel #10 @ 150 mm c/c up to 200 c/c both way @ bottom and top of slab slice off E 415 and cement M20 grade.
- 5) thickness of base slab = 150 mm 6) Reinforcement: Hoop Steel #10 @ 150 mm c/c up to 200 c/c both way @ bottom and top of slab slice off E 415 and cement M20 grade.
- 6) draw half plan of the base and half at hoop tension zone

Isolated Square Column

Draw to a suitable scale showing the reinforcement detail for a square column of section 600mmx600mm, which is suitable for supporting an axial load of 1000kN. Assume SBC 200 Kn/m². Material used are M20 grade concrete and Fc 415 Hysd Steels. The column size at the plinth is 700mmx700mm.

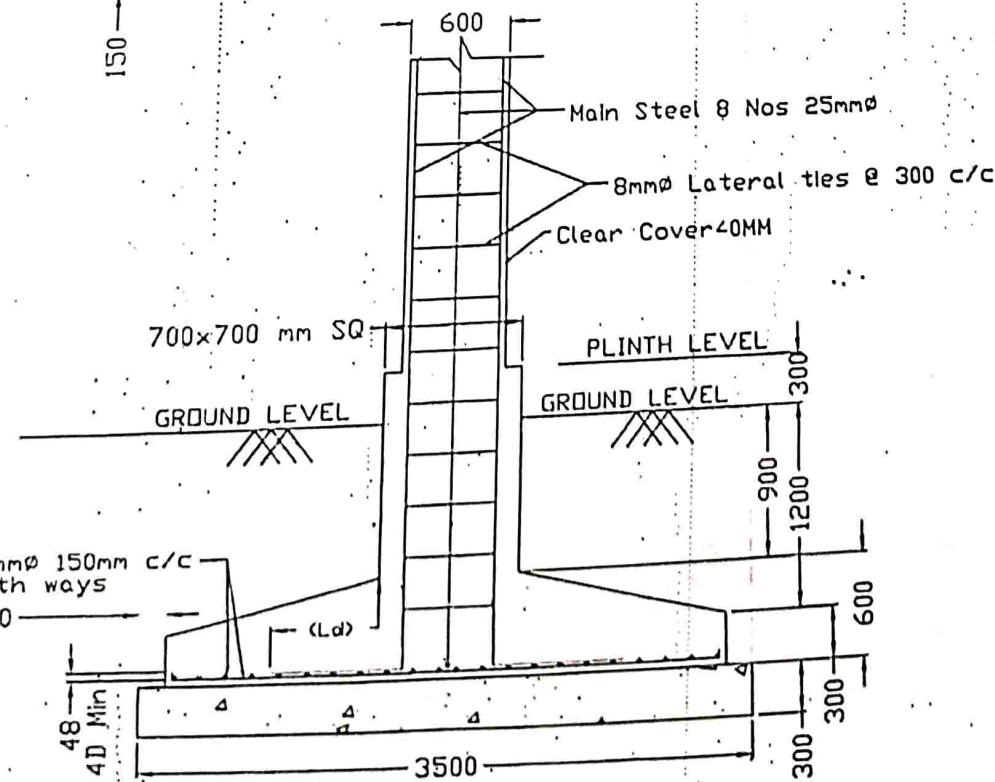
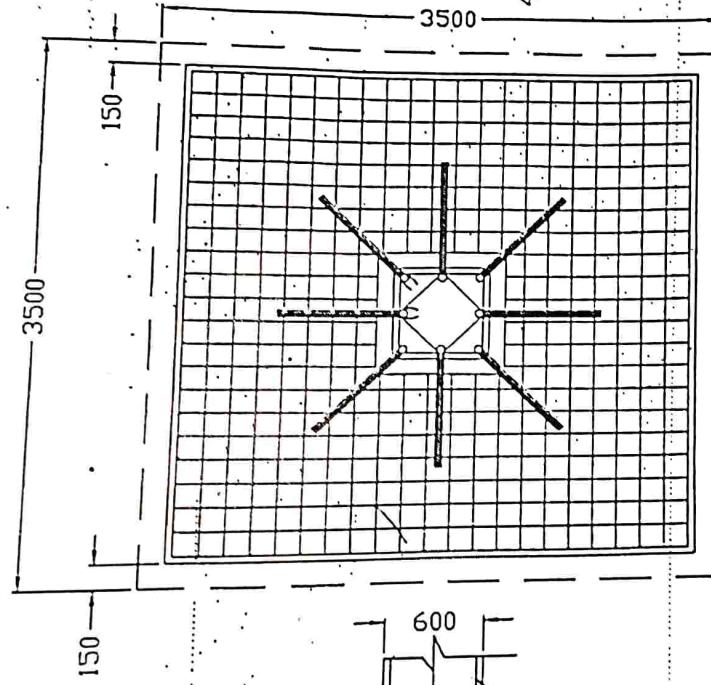
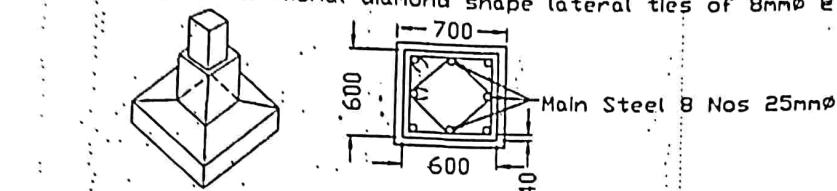
Foundation Details: Depth of foundation is 1800mm the foundation size is 3500mmx3500mm. The height of the base concrete is 300mm at the edge and at the face of column is 600mm.

Reinforcement details:

Bottom mat 12mm Ø @ 150mm c/c Both Ways

Column: 8 # 25mmØ and stirrups of 21 # 8mmØ @ 300mm c/c

Provide additional diamond shape lateral ties of 8mmØ @ 300 c/c



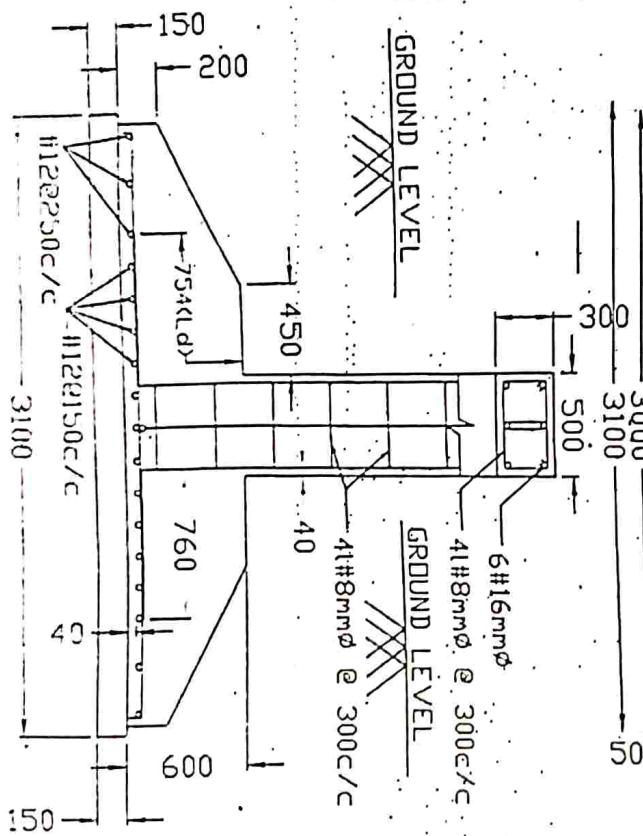
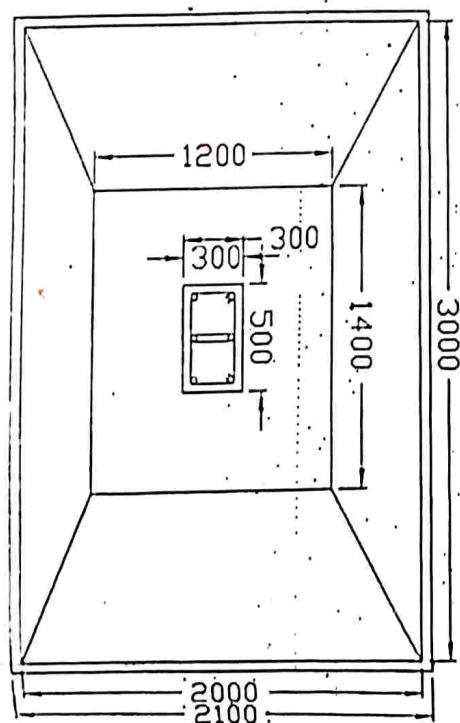
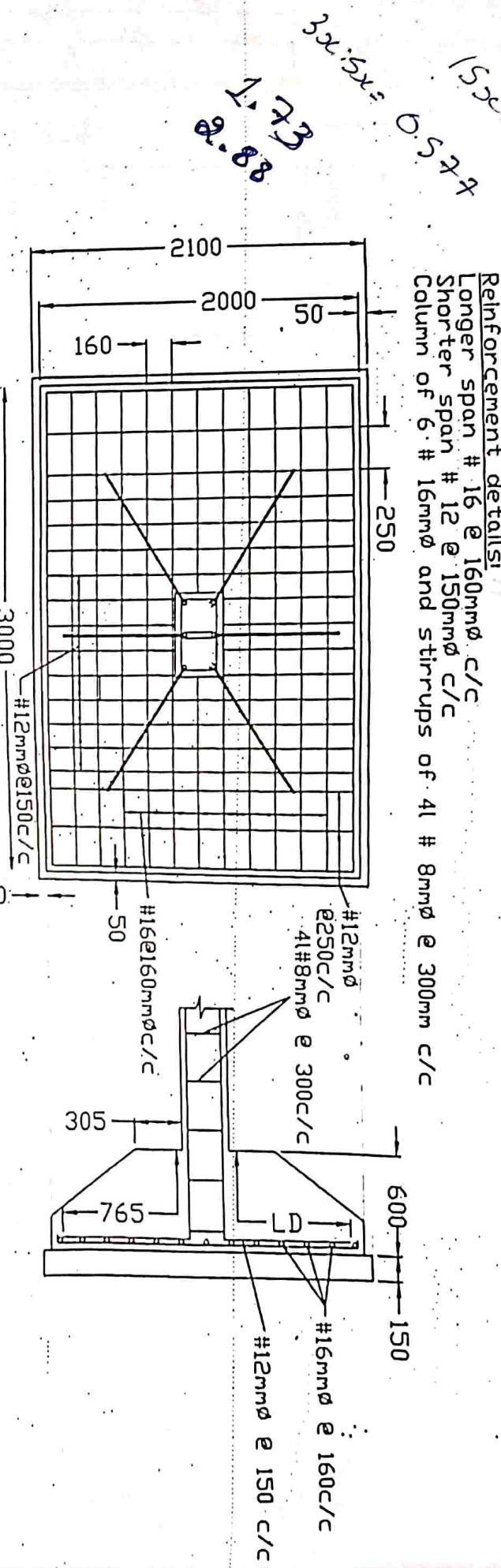
Isolated Rectangular Columns

Draw to a suitable scale showing the reinforcement detail for a Rectangular column of section 300mmx500mm,which is suitable for supporting an axial load of 1000Kn. Assume SBC 200 Kn/m². Material used are M20 grade concrete and FC 415 Hysd Steels.

for a rectangular column of section 5m x 5m for supporting an axial load of 1000 kN. Material used are M20 grade concrete and provide 150mm PCC bed.

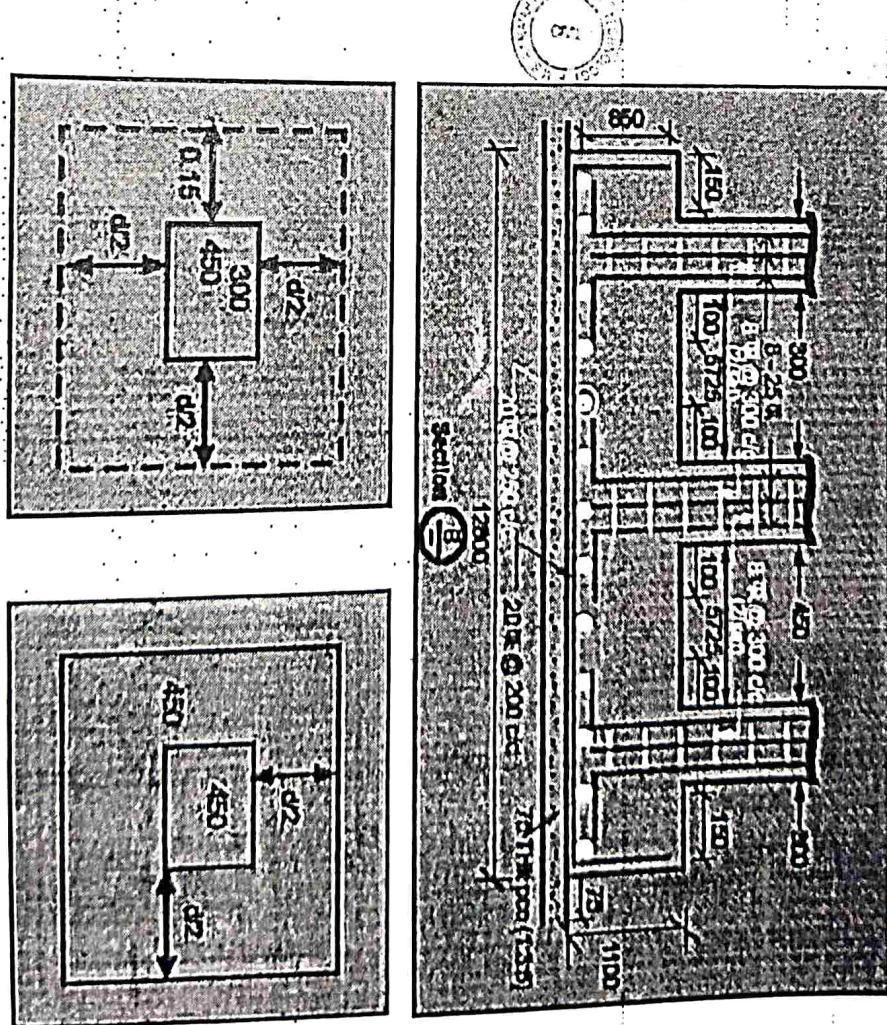
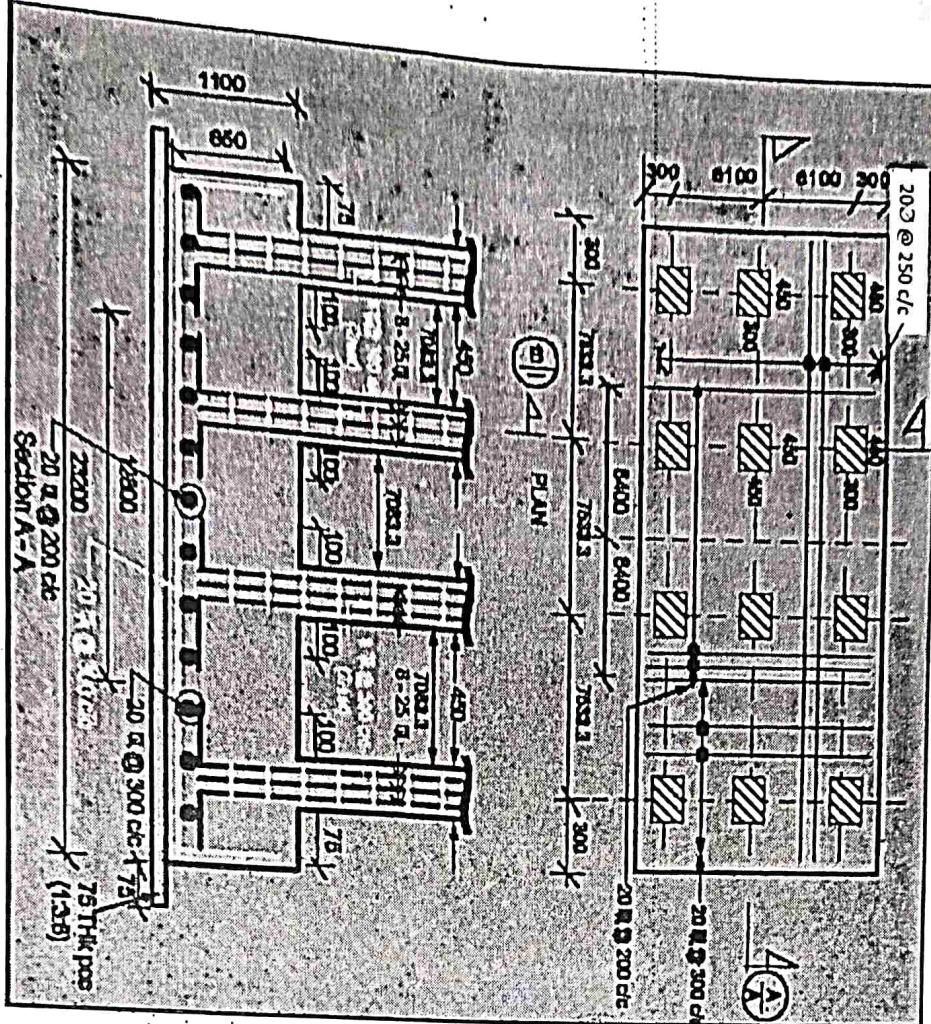
Reinforcement details:

Longer span # 16 @ 160mm ϕ c/c
 Shorter span # 12 @ 150mm ϕ c/c
 Column of 6 # 16mm ϕ and stirrups



The size of the raft footing is 12800 by 23199.9 and the overall depth of 1.1m=D. Provide 20Ø @200 c/c in centre band and 20Ø @300 c/c at other parts along the shorter direction. At the ends, length of bar provided=150mm. Extra length or Development length of 850mm. Take size of the columns are as: 300*450 mm for all external and 450*450 mm for interior column, Provide 20 mm diameter bars @250 c/c along shorter direction in bottom, Provide 20 mm diameter bars @250 c/c in longer direction. Provide 20 mm diameter bars @ 200 c/c in central band and 20 mm diameter bars @300 c/c at other parts along shorter direction at bottom.

Raft Footing

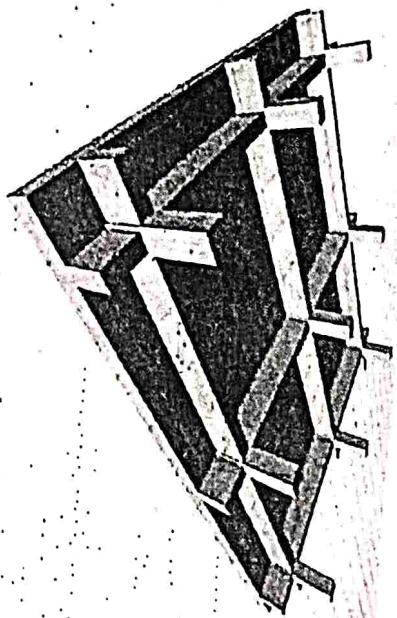


$$180 \text{ kN/m}^2 = 1 \text{ m}$$

(1) Ribbed raft foundation

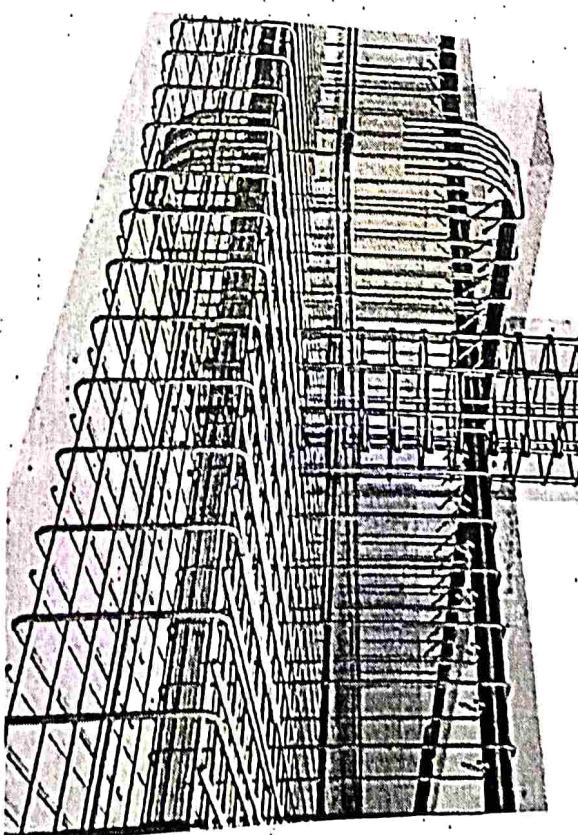
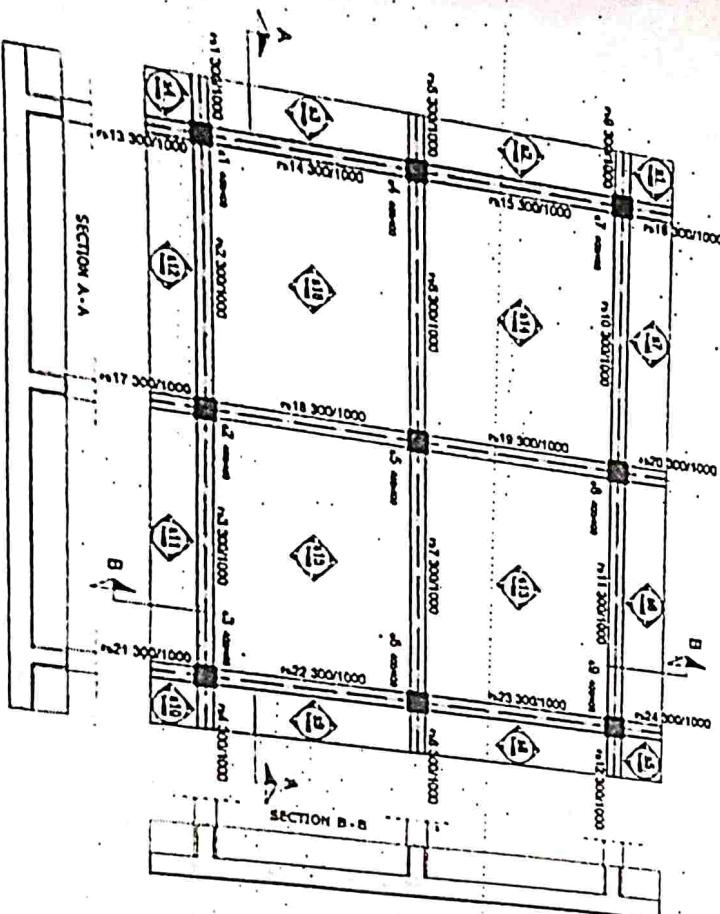
The formwork's assembling and the reinforcement implementation of a raft foundation stiffened by beams are two relatively strenuous procedures. A ribbed foundation can be stiffened either by beams or by walls. In the latter case, the reinforcement of the foundation slab does is independent of the walls' reinforcement.

Reinforcement of ribbed raft foundation



In a ribbed raft foundation apart from the unified-foundation slab there are also beams which behave as stiffeners. The beams add stiffness to the foundation and they also level the soil stresses.

Unified foundation slab (raft foundation) with stiffeners (beams)



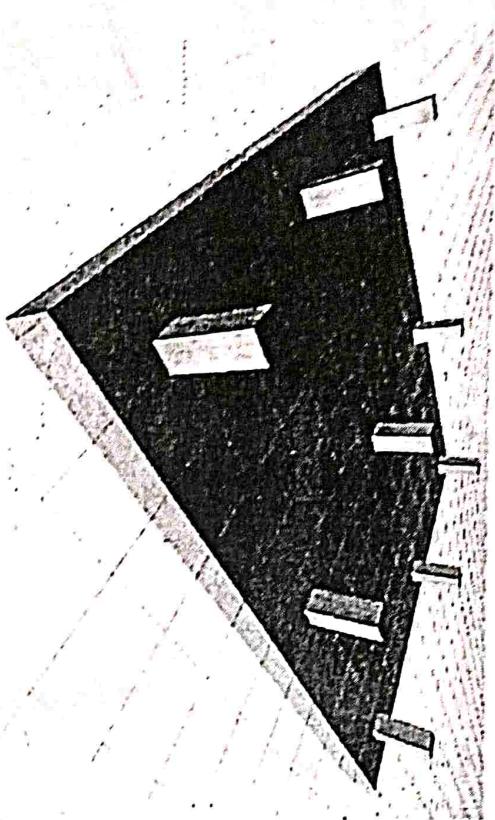
As shown at the figure, the ribbed raft foundation reinforcement can be separated into three categories:

- (a) slabs' reinforcement (in yellow color)
- (b) slabs' free edges reinforcement (in blue color)
- (c) beams' reinforcement (in green color)

The column rebars are in grey color.

(2) Solid raft foundation

Reinforcement of solid raft foundation

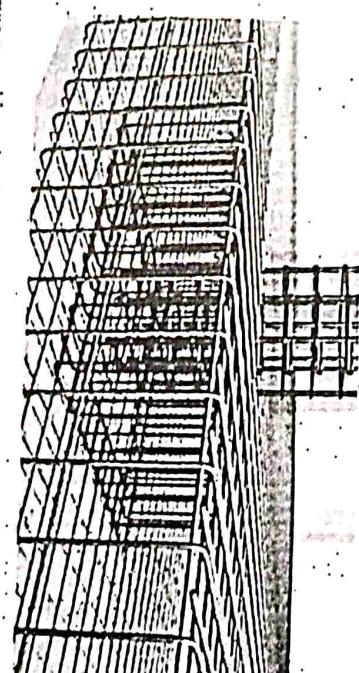


Detail of raft foundation reinforcement

- The reinforcement of a solid raft foundation can be separated into three categories, as shown at the following figure:
- (a) slabs' reinforcement
 - (b) slabs' free edges reinforcement
 - (c) punching shear reinforcement (when necessary) in the area surrounding certain columns (in red color)

The column rebars are in grey color.

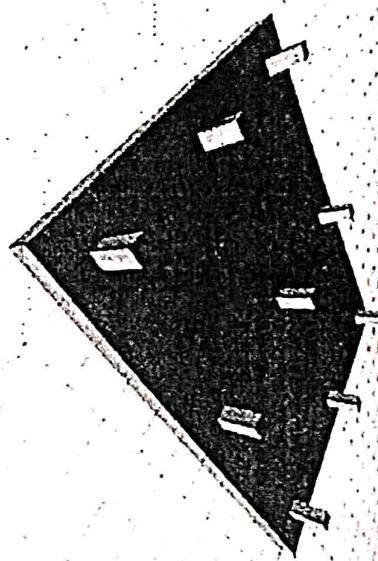
Raft foundation with punching shear reinforcement



The foundation slabs are reinforced with two wire meshes, one placed at the lower fibers and one at the upper fibers. Since the most intense stresses appear along the columns' axis, their surrounding areas are usually reinforced with stronger or double grates. The slabs' free edges are reinforced with common hairpin bars or with a wire mesh shaped like a hairpin.

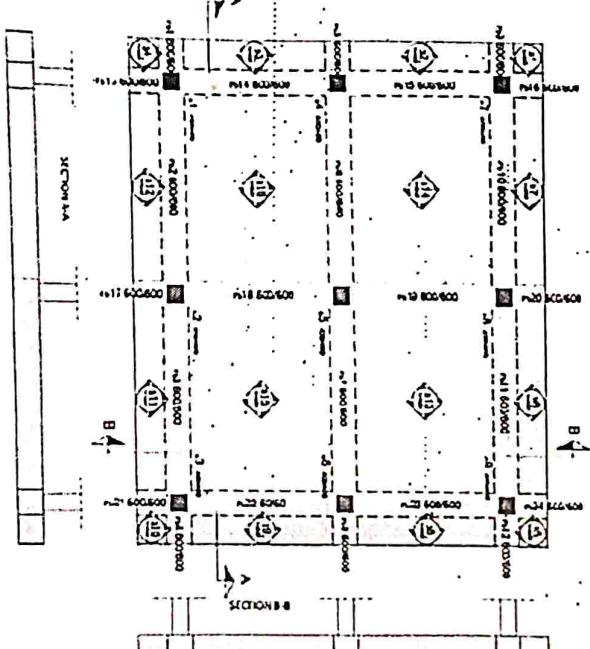
When the columns are subjected to large loads and the foundation slab's thickness is analogically small, it is obligatory to use punching shear reinforcement. That reinforcement can be provided by stirrup cages, as it is in this example, by bundles of properly bent rebars or by special industrial elements.

(3) Raft foundation with hidden beams



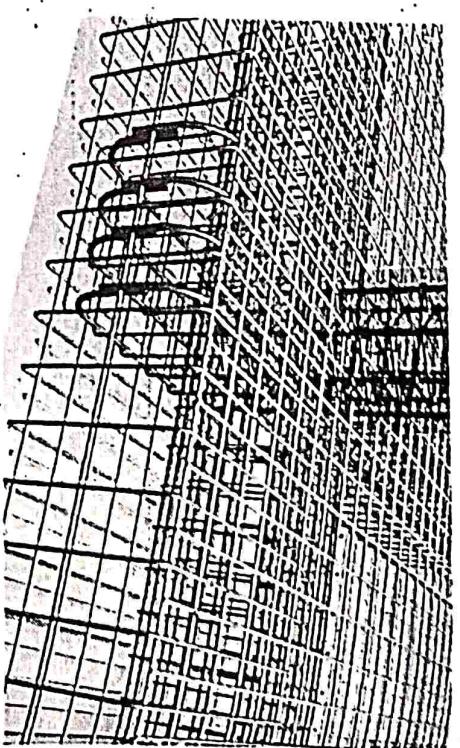
In a raft foundation with hidden beams, the foundation slab is unified and has no additional stiffeners. This means that geometrically, it is as simple as the previous case. Its formwork assembling does not require a lot of effort as opposed to its reinforcement implementation.

Raft foundation with hidden beams



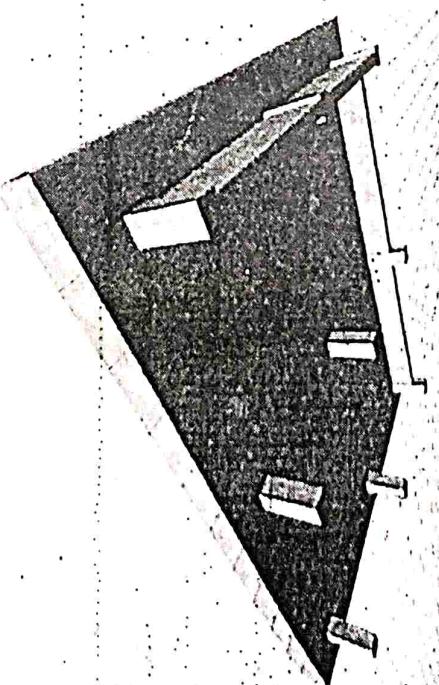
The stirrups placed inside the hidden beams may be two-legged or four-legged (as they are in this example). On other occasions, stirrups with more than four legs can be used.

(4) Mixed raft foundation



In a raft foundation with hidden beams, the foundation slab is unified and has no additional stiffeners. This means that geometrically, it is as simple as the previous case. Its formwork assembling does not require a lot of effort as opposed to its reinforcement implementation.

Reinforcement of raft foundation with hidden beam

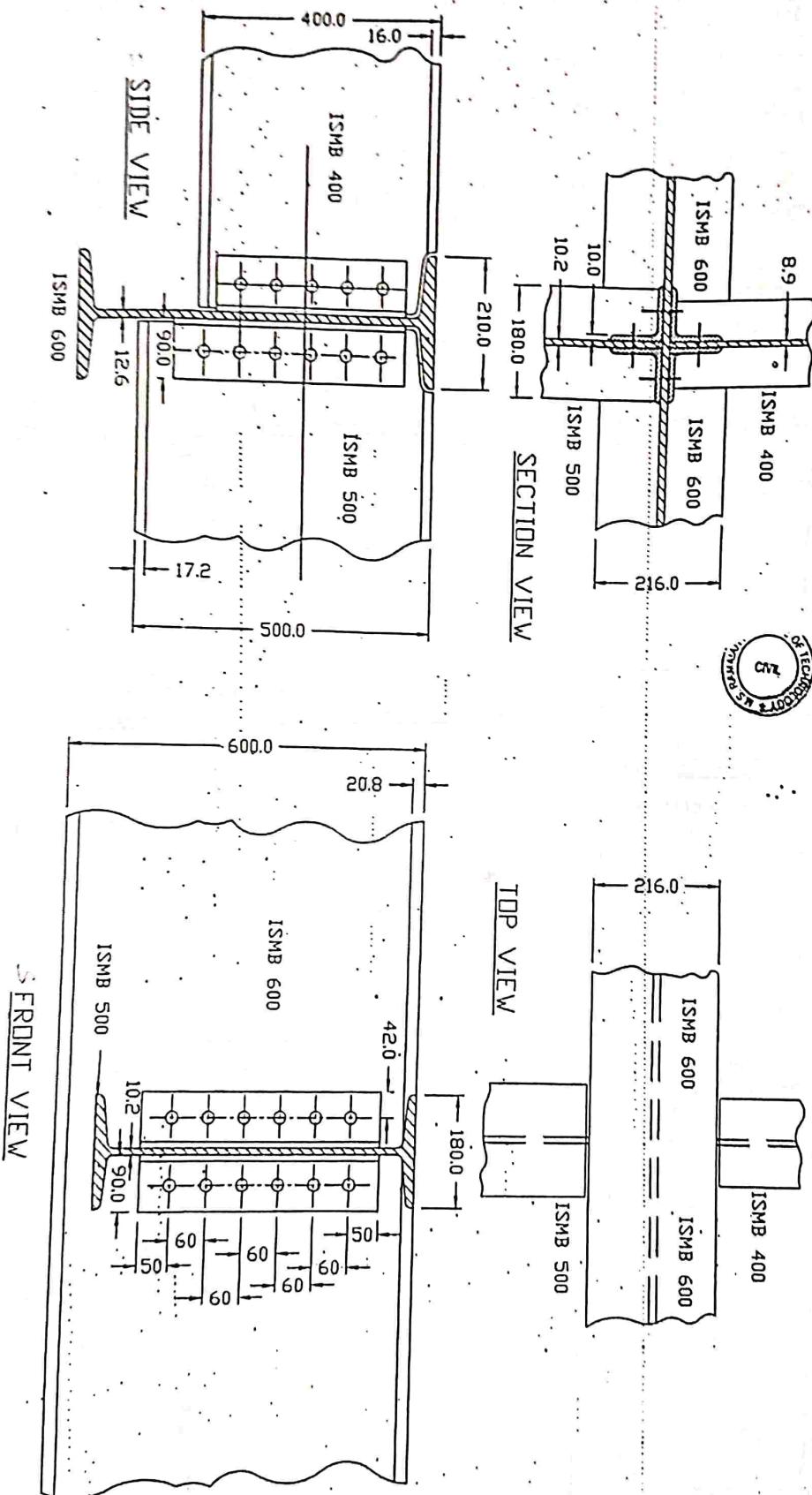


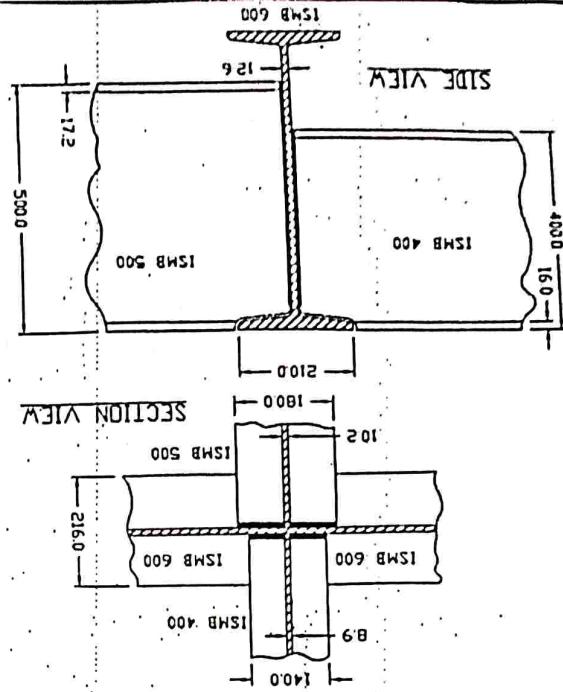
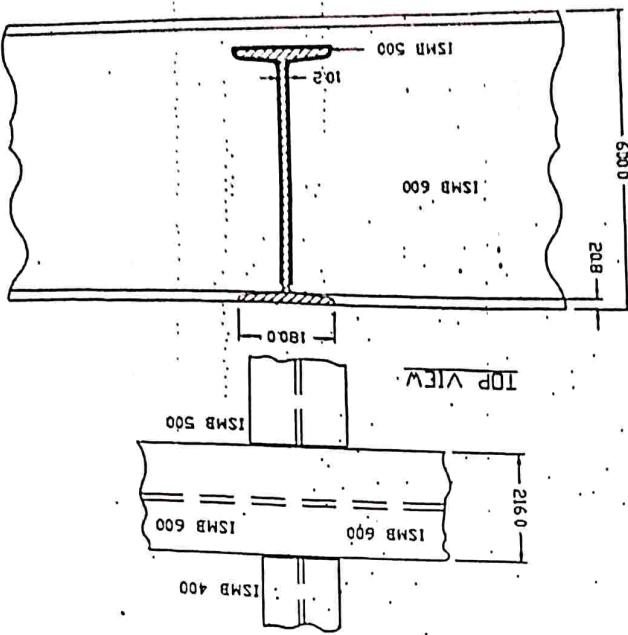
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BEAM TO BEAM BOLT CONNECTION

001E1

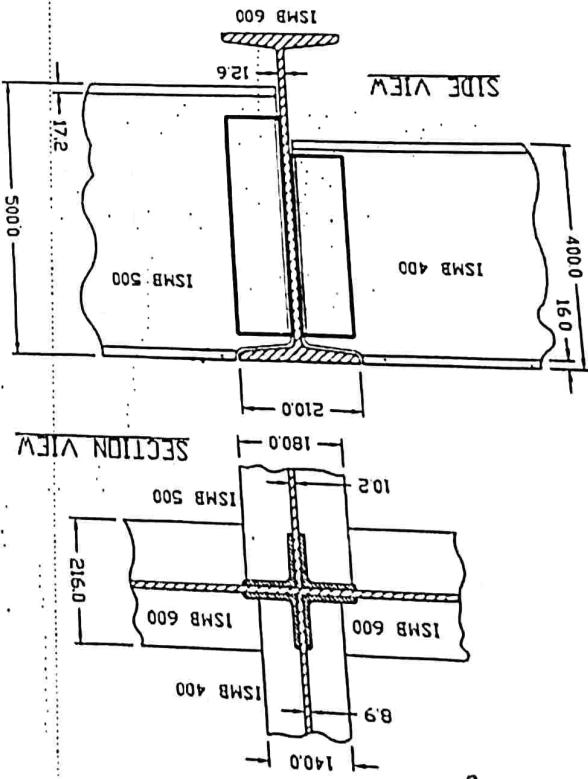
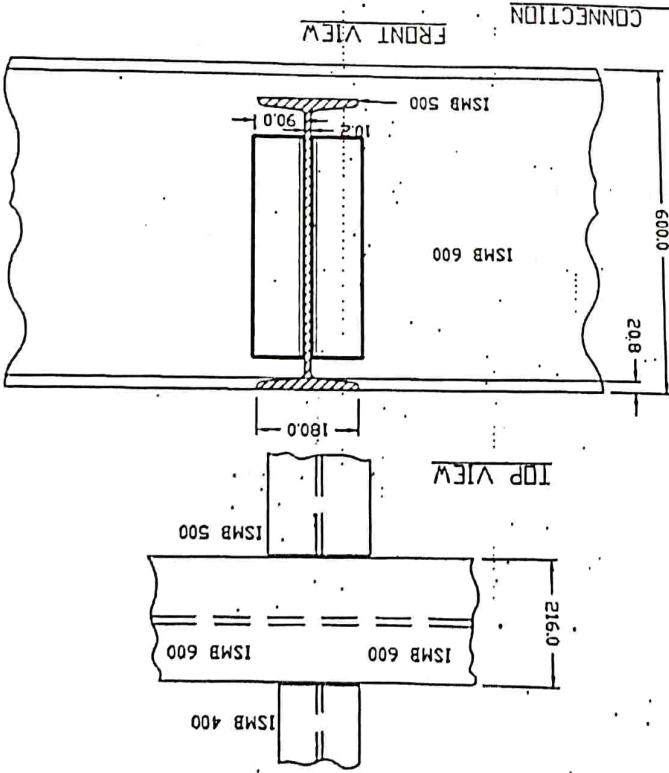
Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) End view (Side view),
 elevation (rear view) and Connection plan cutting at Web showing
 maximum details of a R.S.J beam beam connection steel framed structure.
 Secondary Main beam size 1 No ISMB 600, $b=210$, $t_w=12.6$, $F_{t\zeta}=20.8$
 Main beam size 1 No ISMB 500, $b=180$, $t_w=10.2$, $F_{t\zeta}=17.2$
 Secondary Main beam size 1 No ISMB 400, $b=140$, $t_w=8.9$, $F_{t\zeta}=16.0$ Use M20 Bolts of 4.6 Grade





Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) End view (Side view), elevation (Rear view) and connection plan cutting at Web showing maximum details of a R.S.J. beam connection steel showing framed structure.

Main beam size 1 No ISMB 600, b=180 tw=12.6, f_t= 20.8
Main beam size 1 No ISMB 500, b=210 tw=10.2, f_t= 17.2
Main beam size 1 No ISMB 400, b=140 tw=8.9, f_t= 16.0



Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) End view (Side view), elevation (Rear view) and connection plan cutting at Web showing maximum details of a R.S.J. beam connection steel showing framed structure.

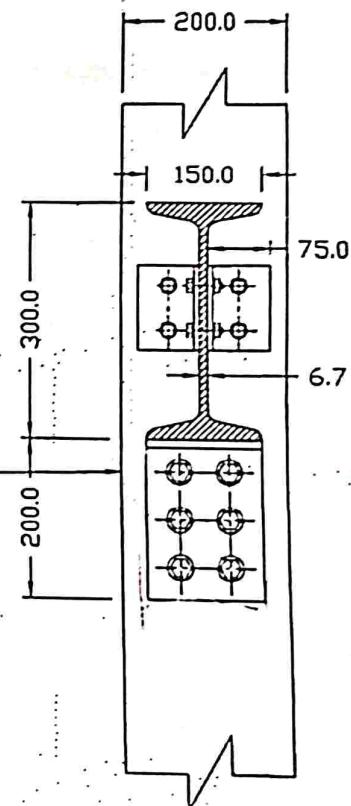
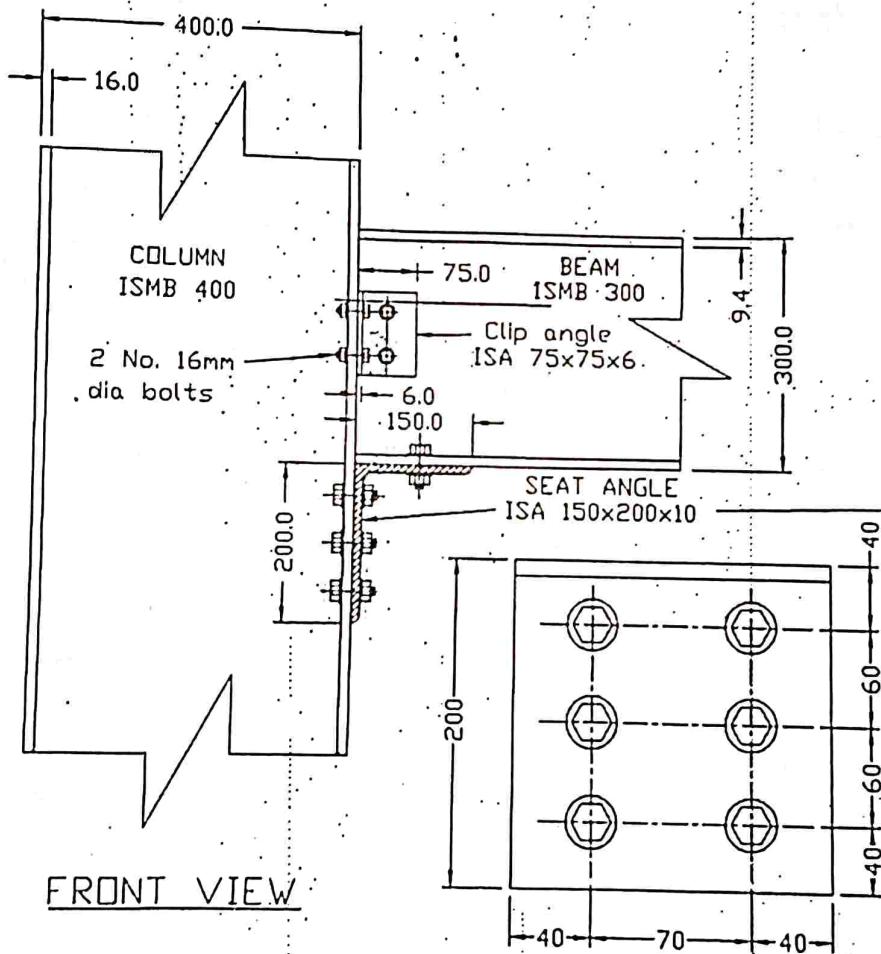
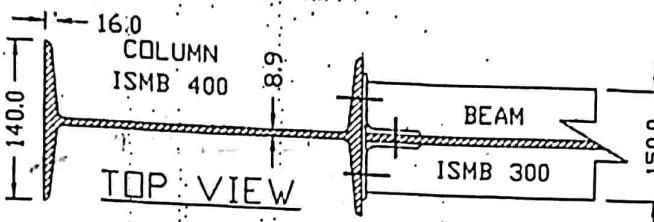
Main beam size 1 No ISMB 600, b=210 tw=12.6, f_t= 20.8
Main beam size 1 No ISMB 500, b=180 tw=10.2, f_t= 17.2
Main beam size 1 No ISMB 400, b=140 tw=8.9, f_t= 16.0

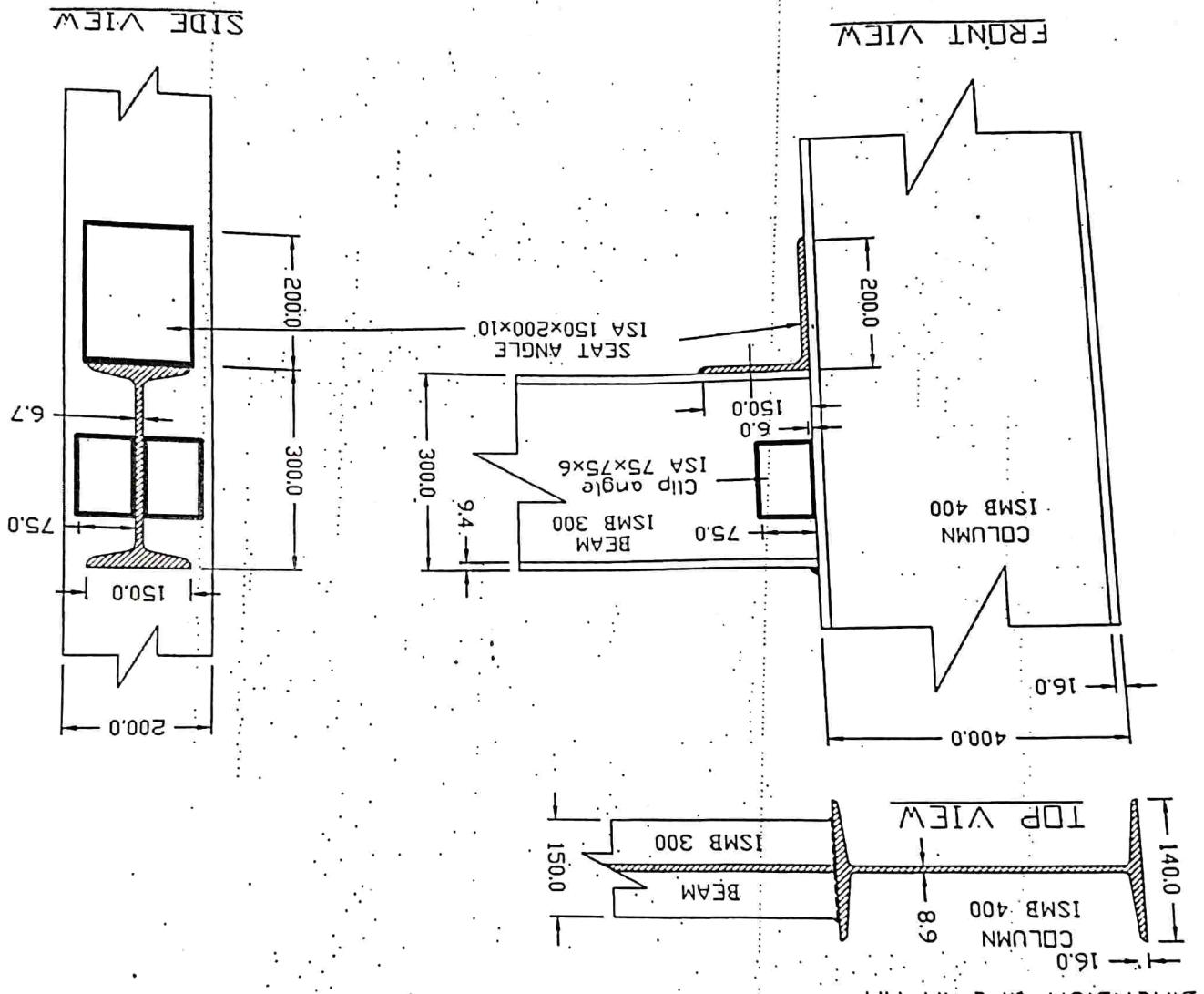
BEAM TO BEAM WELDED CONNECTION

COLUMN-BEAM BOLT CONNECTION USING SEAT ANGLE

Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) End view (Side view), elevation (rear view) and connectional plan cutting at Web showing a column beam connection.

Column size 1 No. ISHB 400, $b_f = 140$, $t_f = 16.0$, $t_w = 8.9$, Seat angle-ISA 150x200x10
 Beam -1 Nos. ISLB 300, $b_f = 170$, $t_w = 9.4$, $t_f = 6.7$ web cleat-ISA 75x75x6,
 All Dimension are in mm





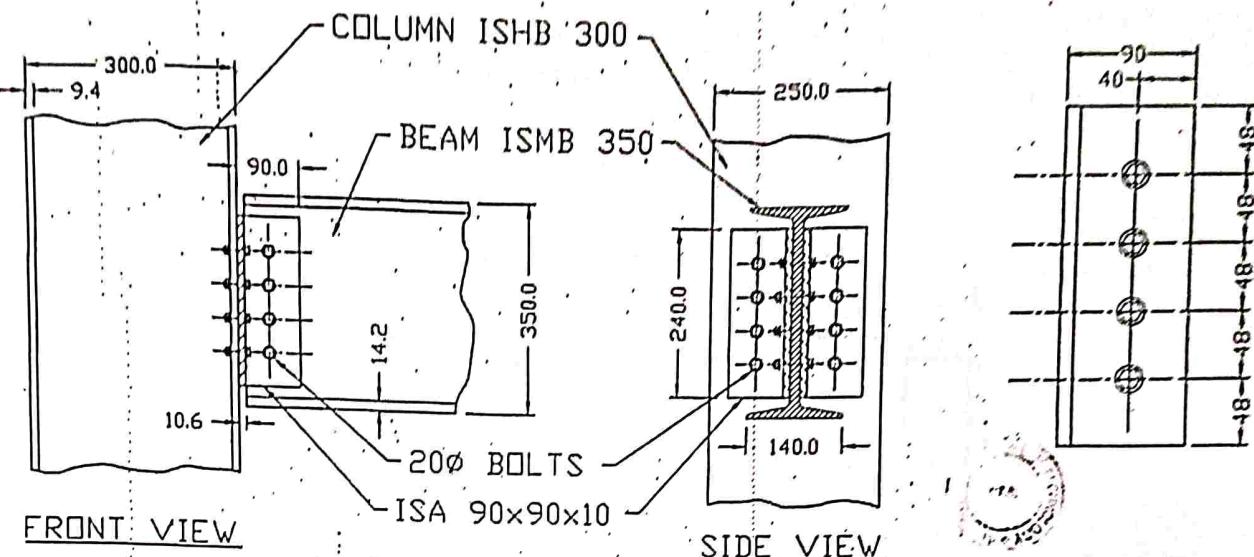
Draw to a suitable scale elevation (front view) and connection plan cutting at Web showing a column beam connection using seat angle.

Elevation (rear view) and connection plan cutting at Web showing a column size 1 No ISHB 400, $b=140$, $t_f=16.0$, $t_w=8.9$, seat angle-ISA 150x200x10, Beam -INOS, ISLB 300, $b=170$, $t_f=140$, $t_w=9.4$, $t_s=6.7$ web cleat-ISA 75x75x6,

COLUMN BEAM WELD CONNECTION USING SEAT ANGLE

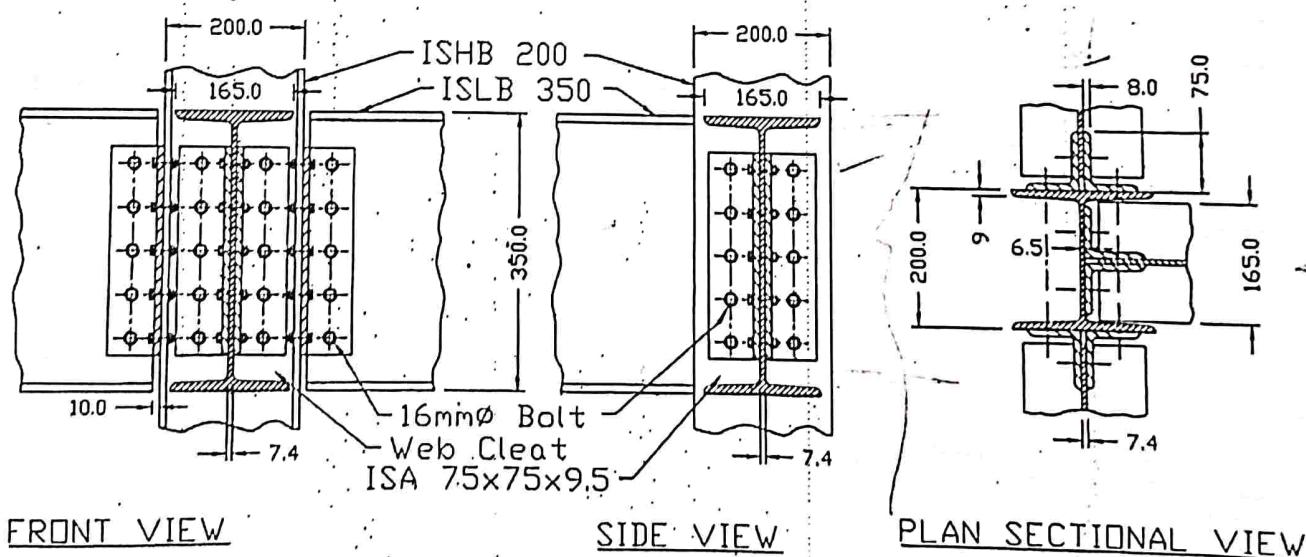
COLUMN BEAM BOLT CONNECTION

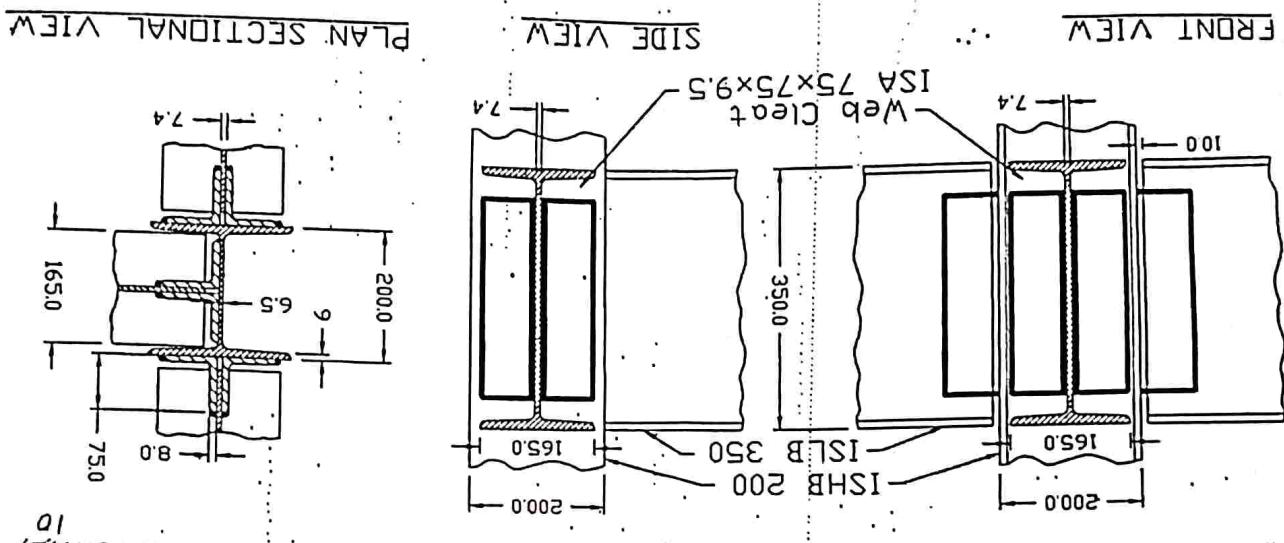
Draw the front and side elevation of a framed connection of a beam ISMB 350, $b=140$, $t_f = 14.2$, $t_w = 8.1$ to the flange of a column ISHB 300, $b=250$, $t_f = 10.6$, $t_w = 9.4$ with a pair of cleat angle ISA 90x90x10 of suitable length to provide 20mm Ø bolts 12Nos.



COLUMN BEAM BOLT CONNECTION (Intermediate)

Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of a R.S.J beam column connection for an intermediate column at the first floor level in a steel framed structure. Column size 1 No. ISHB 200, $b=200$, $t_f = 9.0$, $t_w = 7.8$. Beam -4 Nos. ISLB 350, $b=165$, $t_f = 11.4$, $t_w = 7.4$ web cleat-ISA 75x75x9.5,

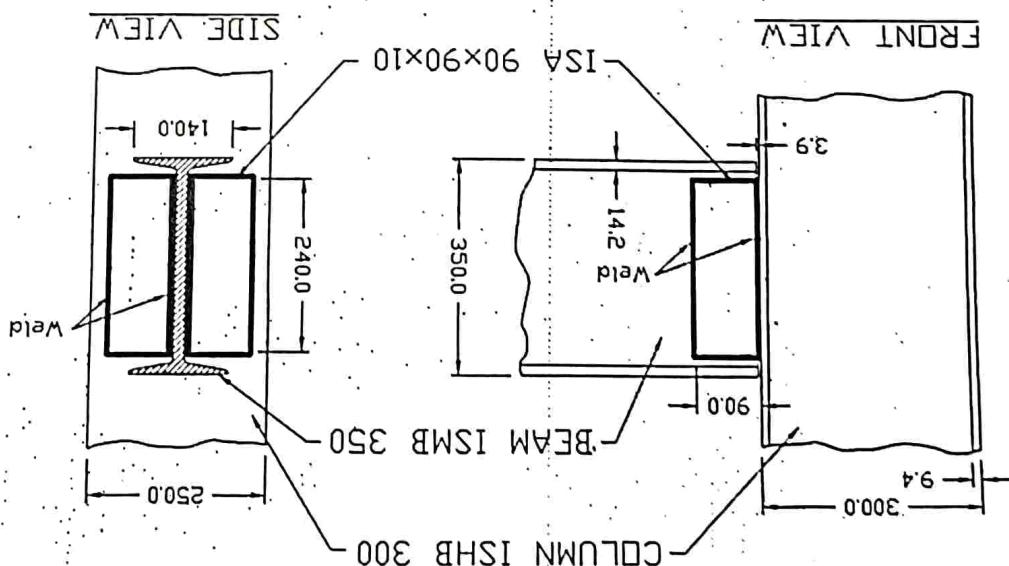




$t_w = 7.8$, Beam - 4 Nos. I-SL 350, $b = 165$, $t_f = 11.4$, $t_w = 7.4$ web cleat - IS-A 75x75x9.5
level in a steel framed structure. Column size 1 No I-SH 200, $b = 200$, $t_f = 9.0$,
a R.S.J beam-column connection for an intermediate column at the first floor

Draw to a suitable scale elevation (Front view) and End view (Side view) of

COLUMN BEAM WELD CONNECTION (Intermediate)



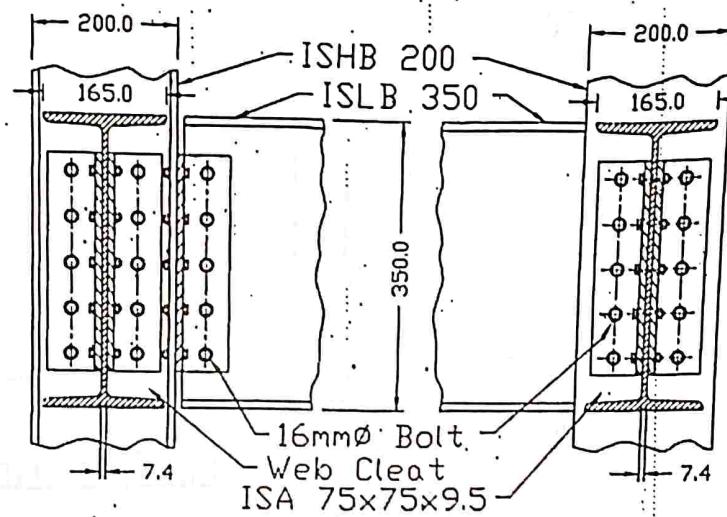
$b = 140$, $t_f = 14.2$, $t_w = 8.1$ to the flange of a column I-SH 300, $b = 250$, $t_f = 10.6$, $t_w = 9.4$
with a pair of cleat angle IS-A 90x90x10 of suitable length, the provide beam as follows

Draw the front and side elevation of a framed connection of a beam I-SM 350,

COLUMN BEAM WELD CONNECTION

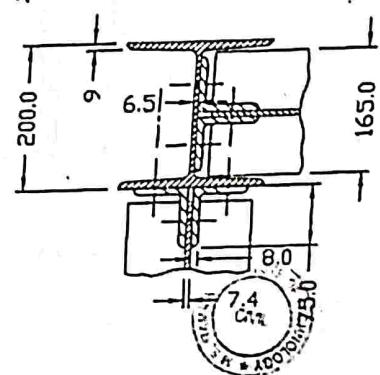
COLUMN BEAM BOLT CONNECTION (Corner)

Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of a R.S.J beam column connection for an corner column at the first floor level in a steel framed structure. Column size 1 No ISHB 200, $b=200$, $t_f = 9.0$, $t_w = 7.8$. Beam -2 Nos. ISLB 350, $b=165$, $t_f = 11.4$, $t_w = 7.4$ web cleat-ISA 75x75x9.5,



FRONT VIEW

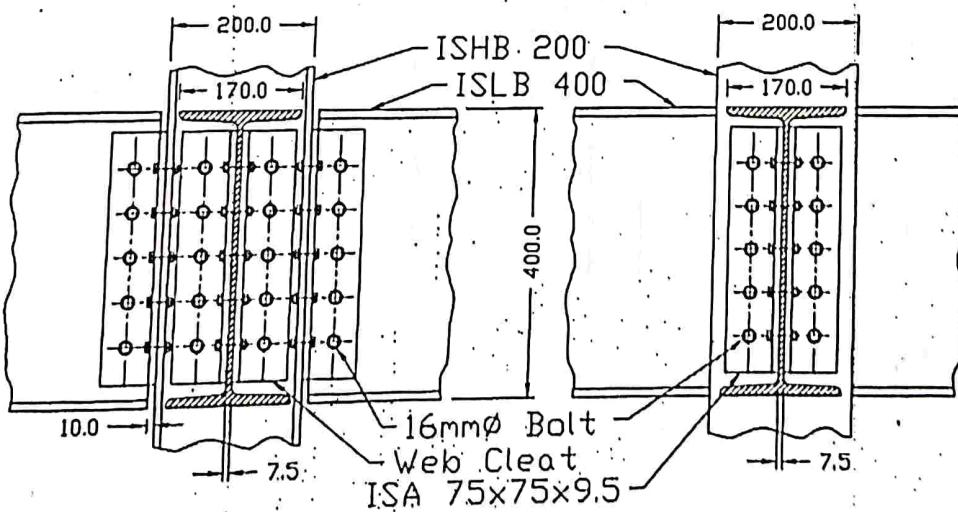
SIDE VIEW



PLAN SECTIONAL VIEW

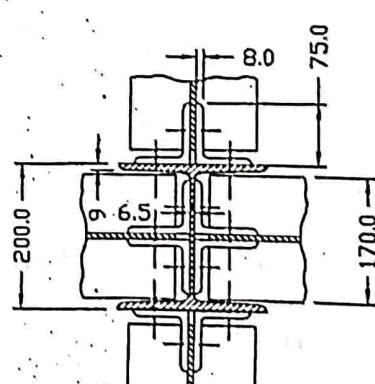
COLUMN BEAM WELD CONNECTION (Interior)

Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of a R.S.J beam column connection for an interior column at the first floor level in a steel framed structure. Column size 1 No ISHB 200, $b=200$, $t_f = 9.5$, $t_w = 7.8$. Beam -4Nos. ISLB 400, $b=165$, $t_f = 12.5$, $t_w = 8.0$ web cleat-ISA 75x75x9.5, of suitable length, Bolts - 16mmØ total 50Nos. All Dimension are in mm

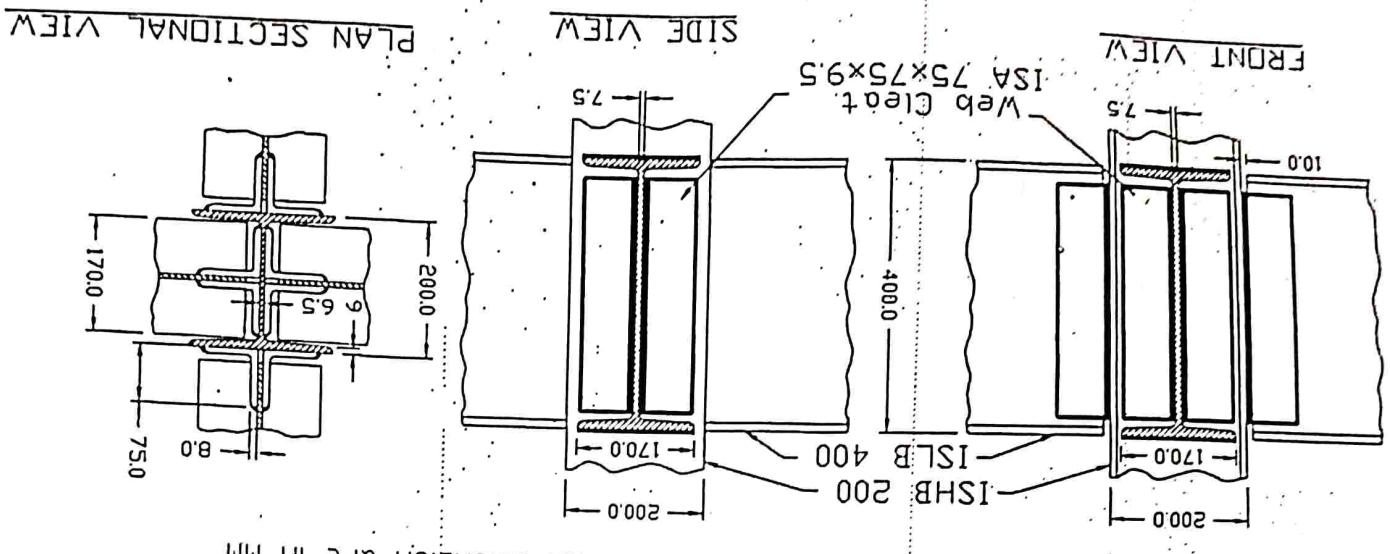


FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW

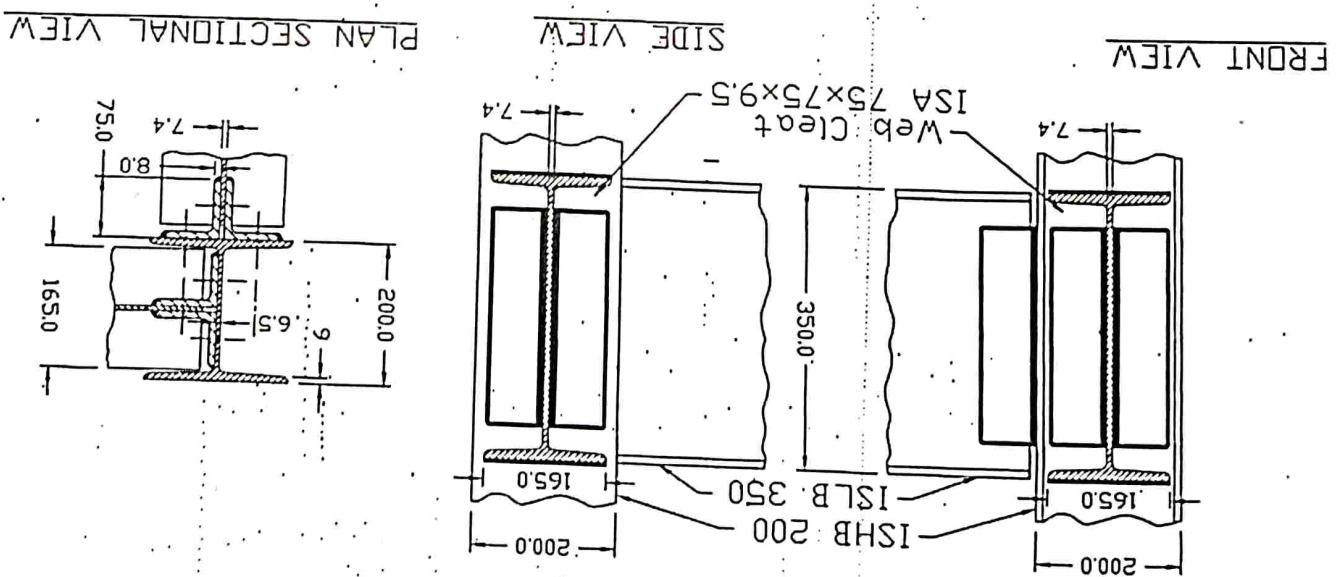


PLAN SECTIONAL VIEW



Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of a R.S.J beam column connection(front view) and End view (Side view) of level in a steel framed structure. Column at the first floor of suitable length, Bolts - 16mm^Ø total 50nos. All Dimension are in mm
 $t_w = 7.8$, Beam - 4Nos. ISLB 400, $b=165$, $t_f = 12.5$, $t_w = 8.0$ web cleat-ISA 75x75x9.5,
 $t_w = 7.8$, Beam - 4Nos. ISLB 400, $b=165$, $t_f = 12.5$, $t_w = 8.0$ web cleat-ISA 75x75x9.5,
level in a steel framed structure. Column size 1 No. ISHB 200, $b=200$, $t_f = 9.5$,
a R.S.J beam column connection for an interior column at the first floor
of suitable length, Bolts - 16mm^Ø total 50nos. All Dimension are in mm

COLUMN BEAM WELD CONNECTION (Interior)

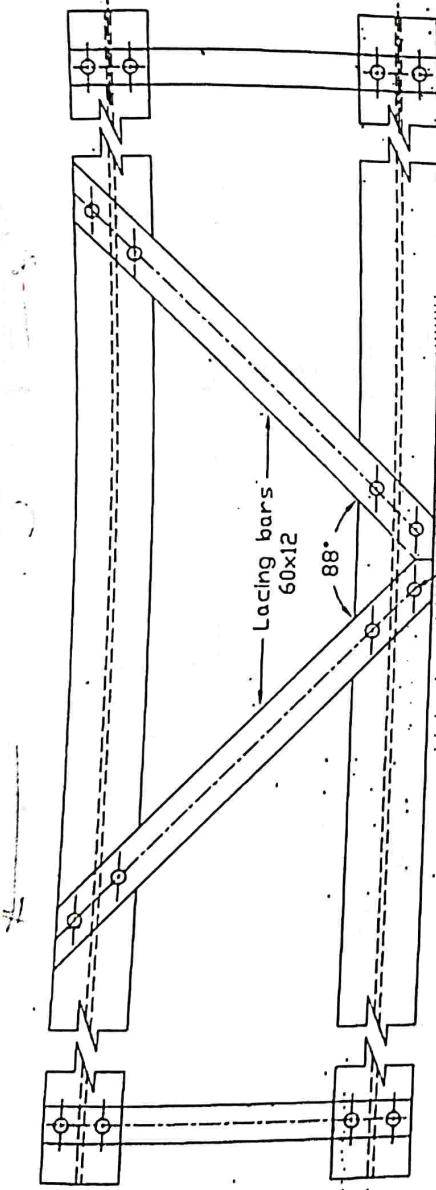
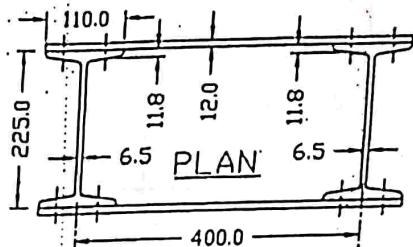
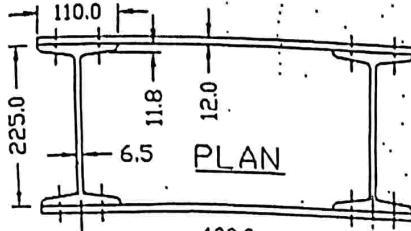


Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of a R.S.J beam column connection for an interior column at the first floor of suitable length, Bolts - 16mm^Ø total 50nos. All Dimension are in mm
 $t_w = 7.8$, Beam - 2Nos. ISLB 350, $b=165$, $t_f = 11.4$, $t_w = 7.4$ web cleat-ISA 75x75x9.5,
level in a steel framed structure. Column size 1 No. ISHB 200, $b=200$, $t_f = 9.0$,
a R.S.J beam column connection for an interior column at the first floor
of suitable length, Bolts - 16mm^Ø total 50nos. All Dimension are in mm

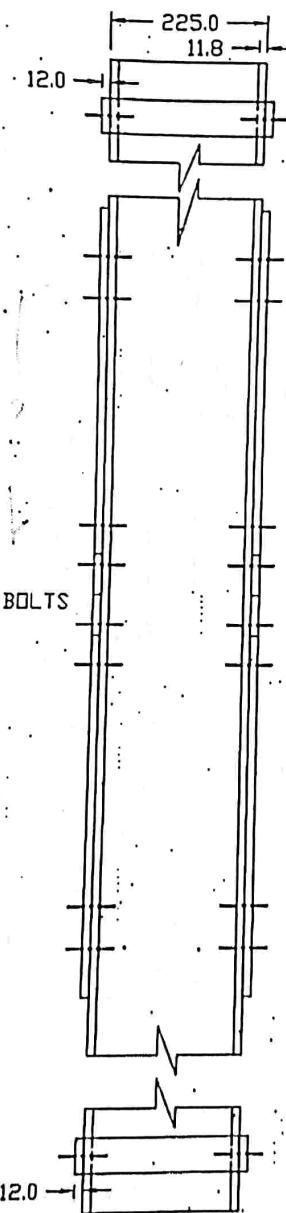
COLUMN BEAM BOLT CONNECTION (Corner)

COLUMN SINGLE LACING SYSTEM

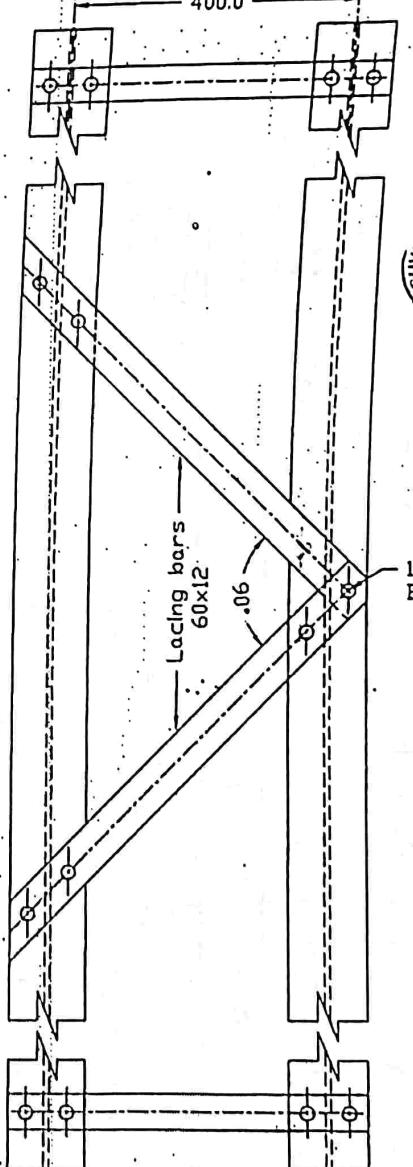
Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of a Single lacing system with a center to center distance of 400.0 from the following data
 Column ISMB = 225 @ 31.2 kg/m , Lacing bar = 60 x 12mm, Bolts 12 Ø.



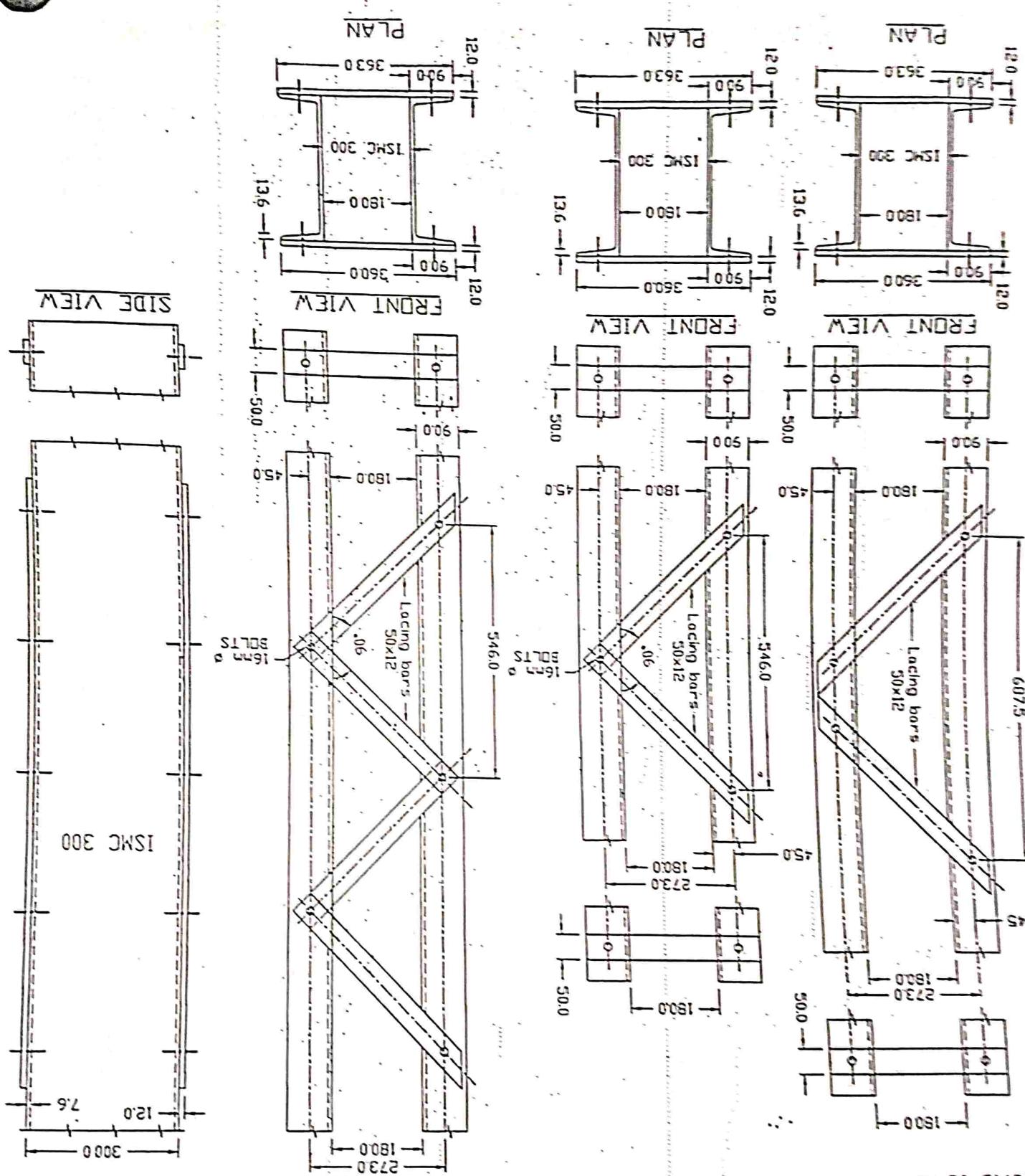
FRONT VIEW



SIDE VIEW



FRONT VIEW

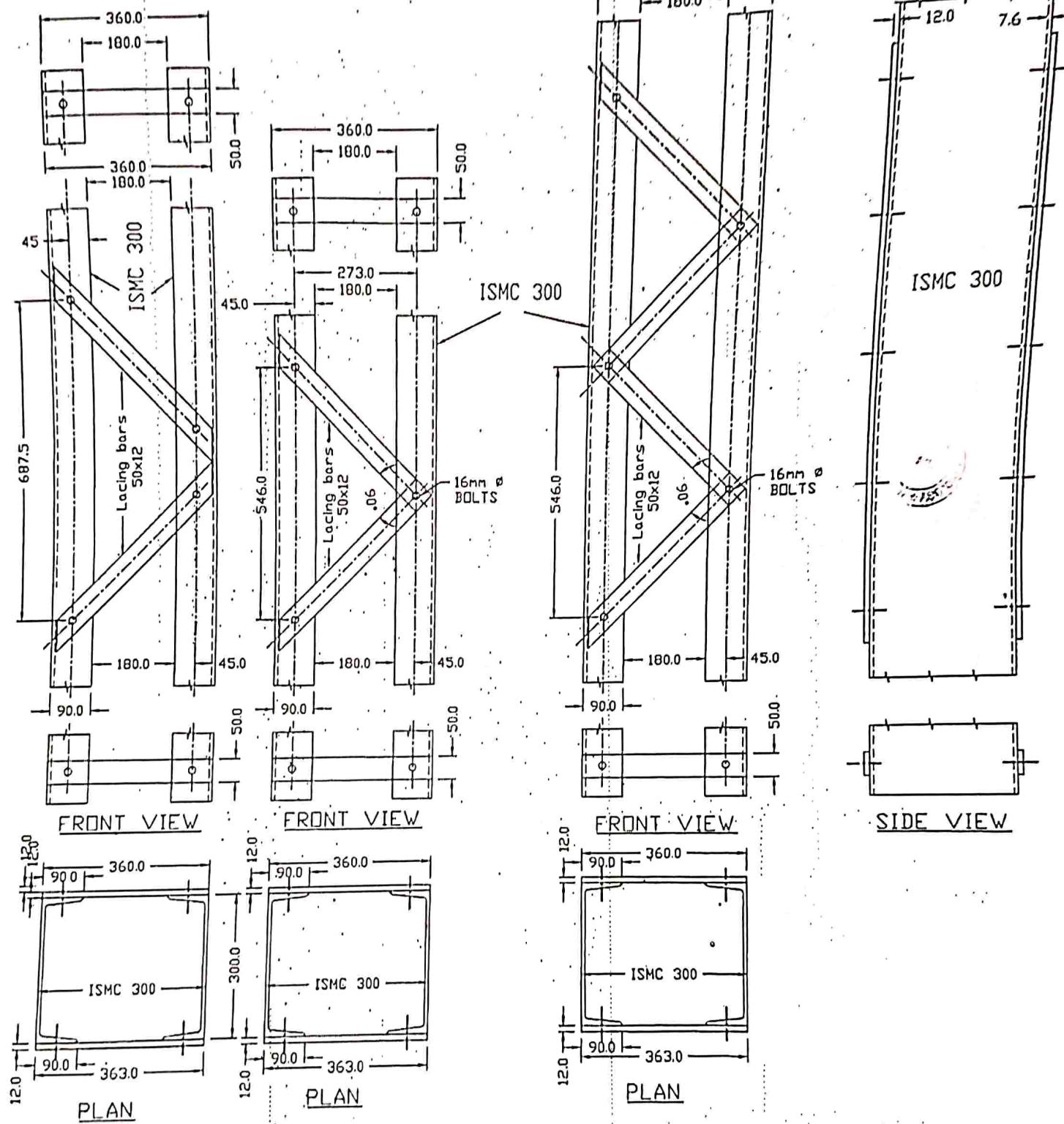


Draw to a suitable scale elevation (front view) and End view (Side view) of a Single lacing system with a back-to-back distance of 1800 from the following data:
Column ISMC = 300 & 58.8 kg/m, Lacing bar = 50 x 12mm, Base plate of 50 x 12mm
Bolts 16 dia.

COLUMN SINGLE LACING SYSTEM (Back to Back)

COLUMN SINGLE LACING SYSTEM (Face to Face)

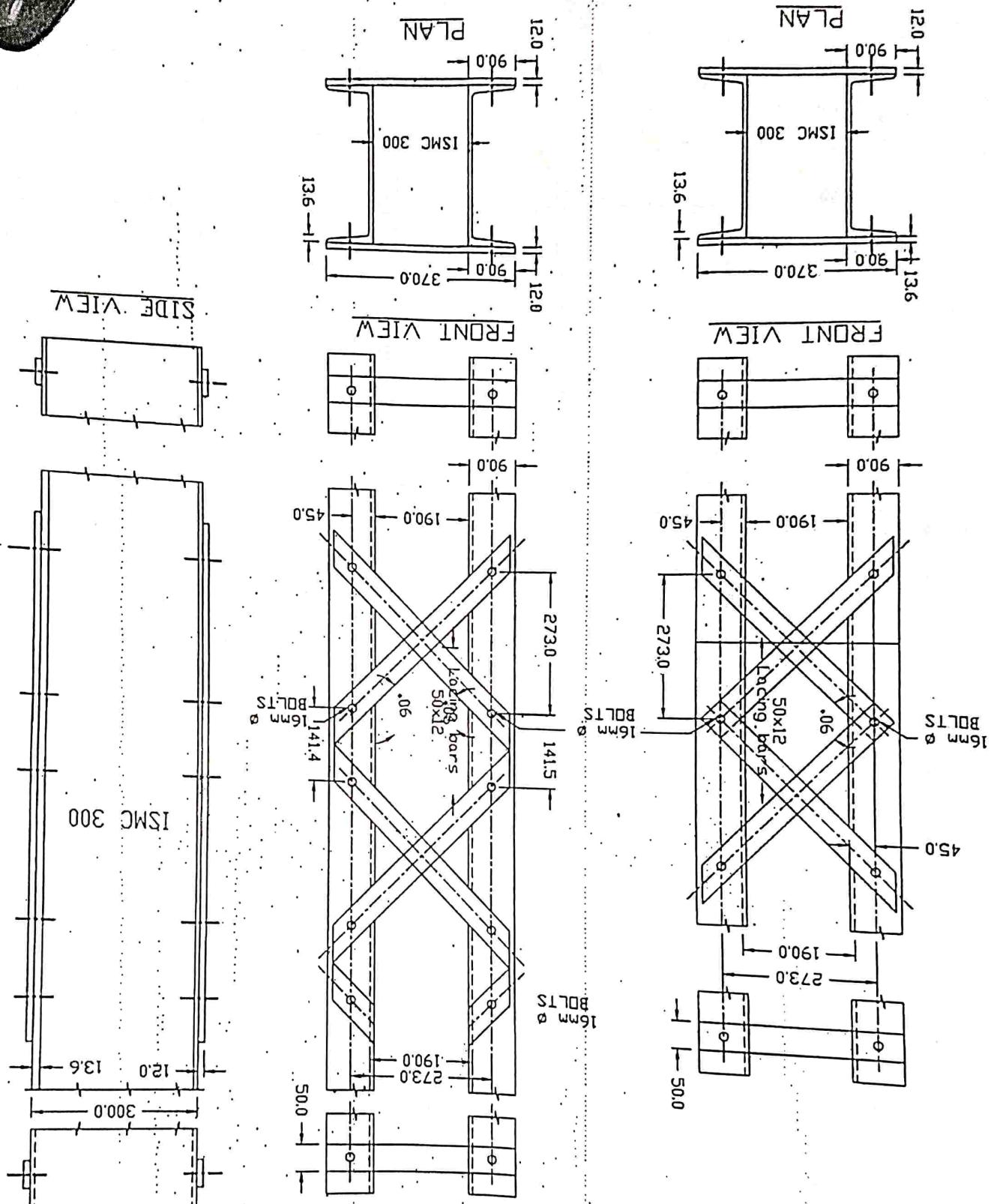
Draw to a suitable scale elevation (front view) and End view (Side view) of a Single lacing system with a face to face distance of 360.0 from the following data:
 Column ISMC = 300 @ 58.8 kg/m, Lacing bar = 50 x 12mm, Batten plate of 50 x 12mm
 Bolts 16 Ø.



COLUMN DOUBLE LACING SYSTEM

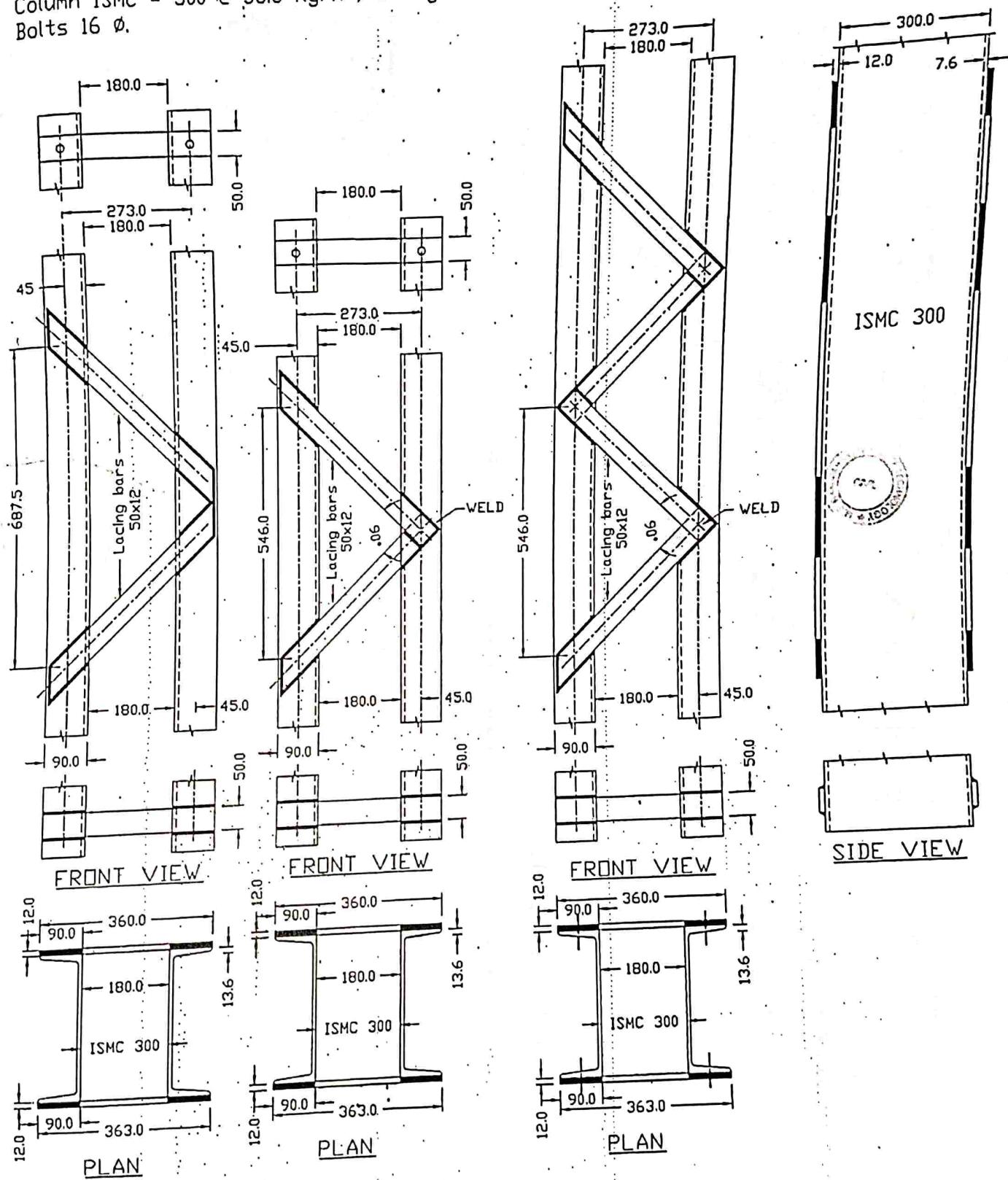
Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of a double lacing system with a back to back distance of 190.0 from the following data:
 Column ISMC = 300 E 35.8 kg/m, Lacing bar = 50 x 12mm, Batten plate of 50 x 12mm
 Bolts 16 Ø.

COLUMN DOUBLE LACING SYSTEM



COLUMN SINGLE LACING SYSTEM WELD (Back to Back).

Draw to a suitable scale elevation (front view) and End view (Side view) of a Single lacing system with a back to back distance of 180.0 from the following data:
 Column ISMC = 300 @ 58.8 kg/m , Lacing bar = 50 x 12mm, Batten plate of 50 x 12mm
 Bolts 16 Ø.

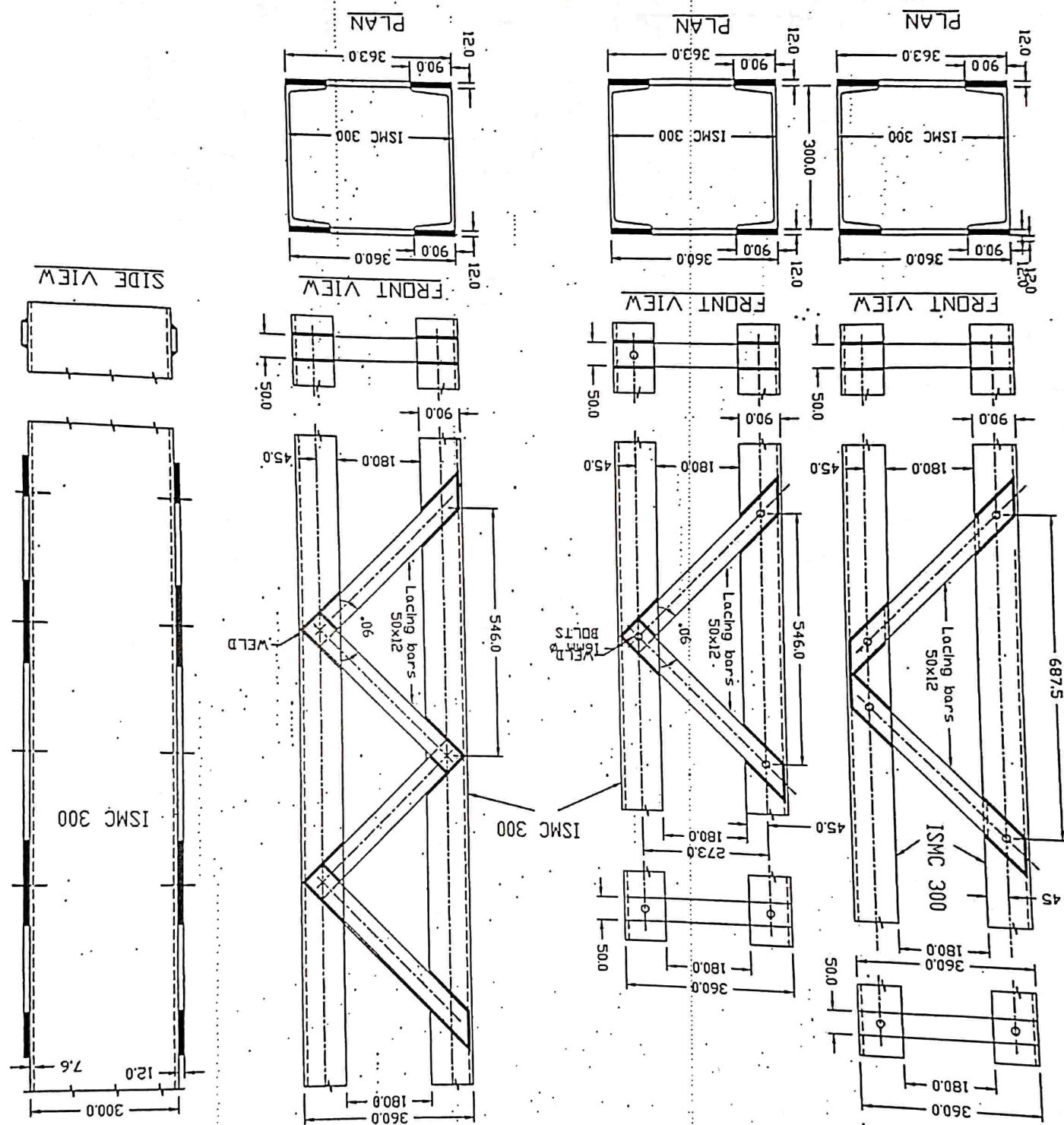


COLUMN SINGLE LACING SYSTEM WELD (Face to Face using C channel(s))

Draw to a suitable scale elevation (front view) and End view (side view) of a single lacing system with a face to face distance of 360.0 from the following data:

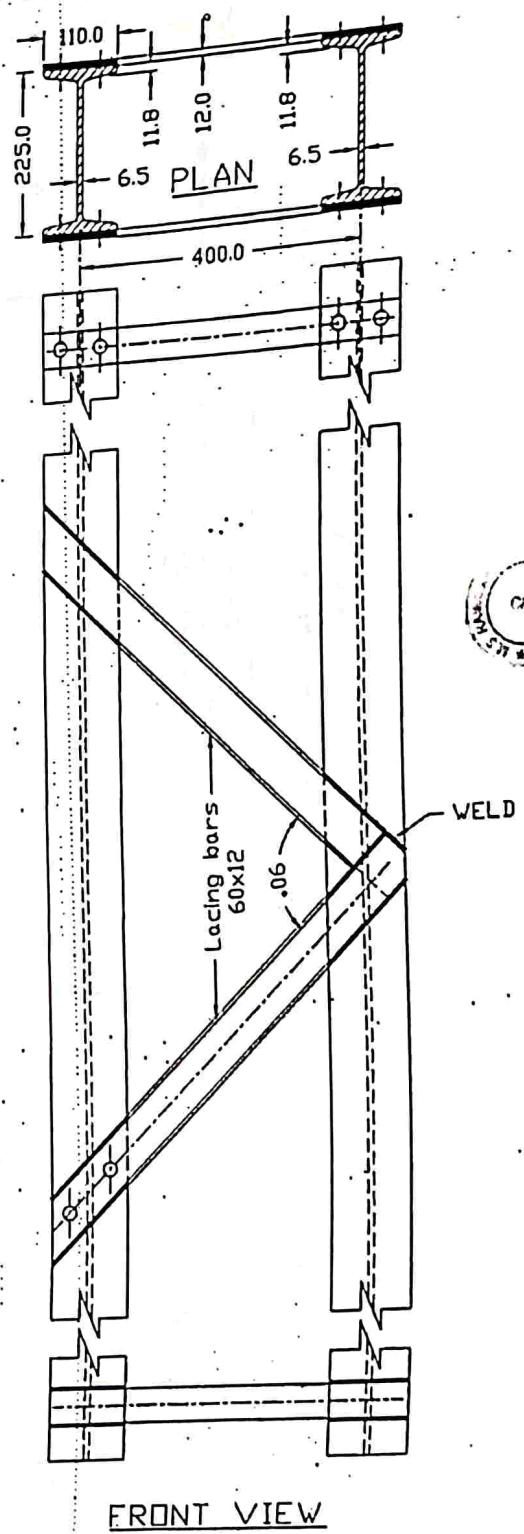
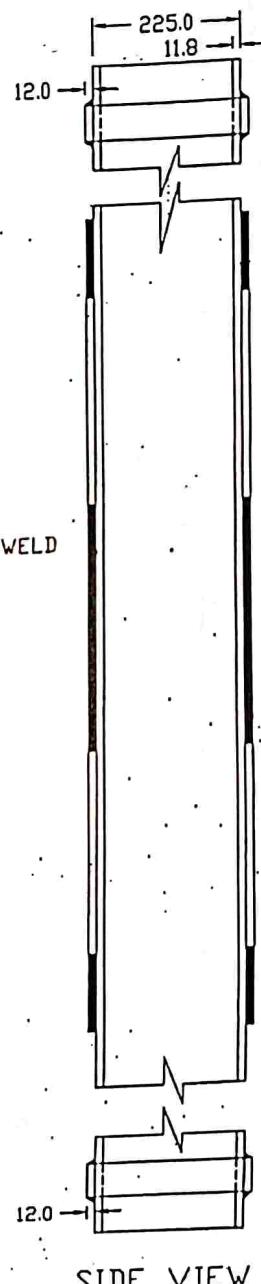
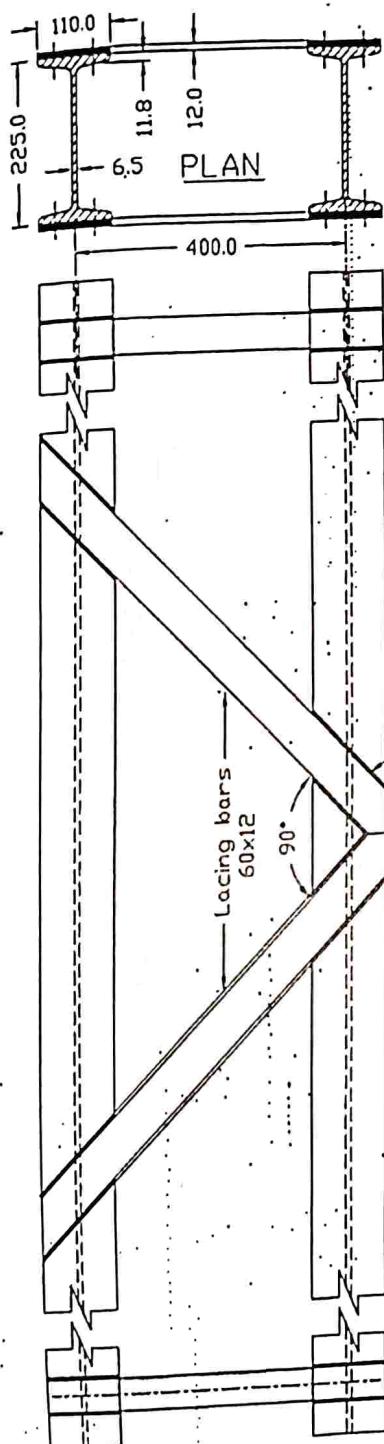
Column ISMC = 300 E 58.8 kg/m, Lacing bar = 50 x 12mm, Batten plate of 50 x 12mm Bolts 16 Ø.

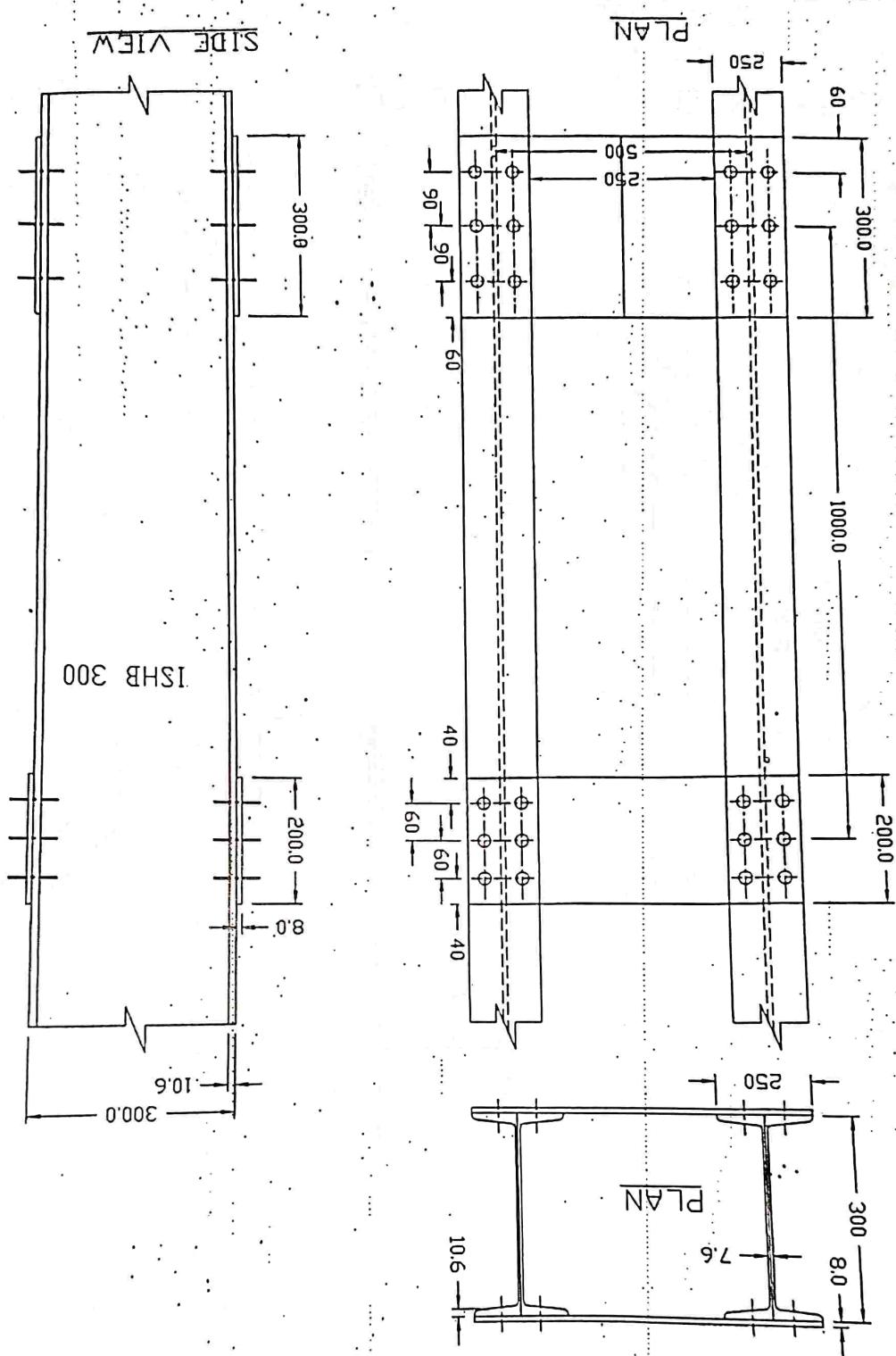
COLUMN SINGLE LACING SYSTEM WITH FACE TO FACE USING CHANNELS



COLUMN SINGLE LACING SYSTEM

Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of a Single lacing system with a center to center distance of 400.0 from the following data:
 Column ISMB = 225 @ 31.2 kg/m , Lacing bar = 60 x 12mm, Bolts 12 Ø.



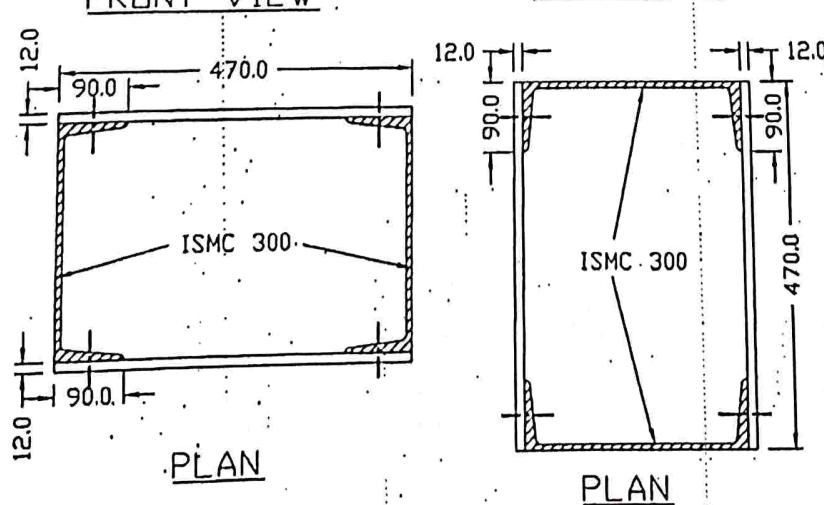
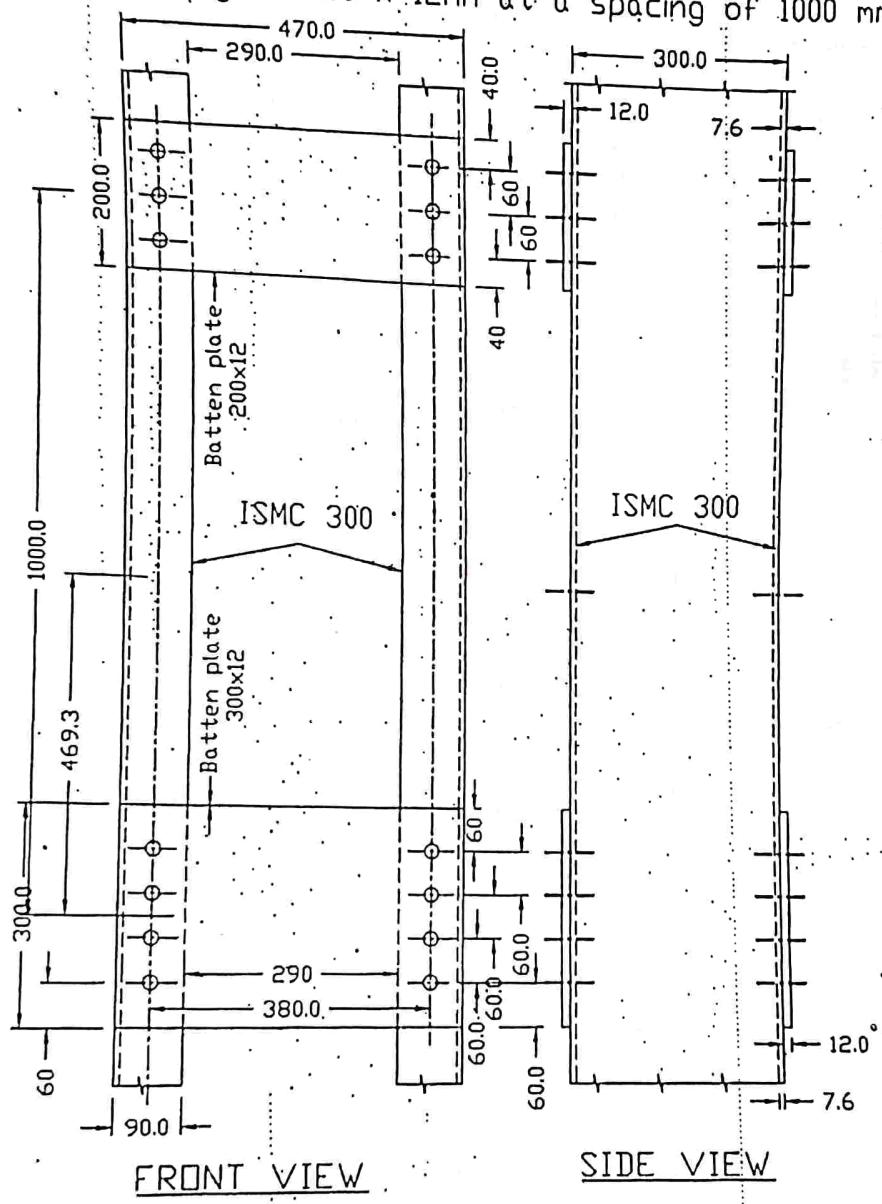


Two ISHB 300 58.8 kg/m center to center
distance of 300mm are connected together by
batten plate 300mm x 8 mm bottom and the remaining
batten are 200mm x 8mm at a spacing of 1000 mm center
to center. The batten are connected to the column using
6 bolts in two lines of 20mm dia.

COLUMN BATTEN

COLUMN BATTEN SYSTEM (Face to Face Using C channels)

Draw to a suitable scale elevation (front view) and End view (Side view) of a batten system with a face to face distance of 470.0 from the following data:
 Column ISMC = 300 @ 58.8 kg/m, batten plate @ bottom = 300 x 12mm,
 Batten plate remaining of 200 x 12mm at a spacing of 1000 mm c/c, Bolts 16 Ø.

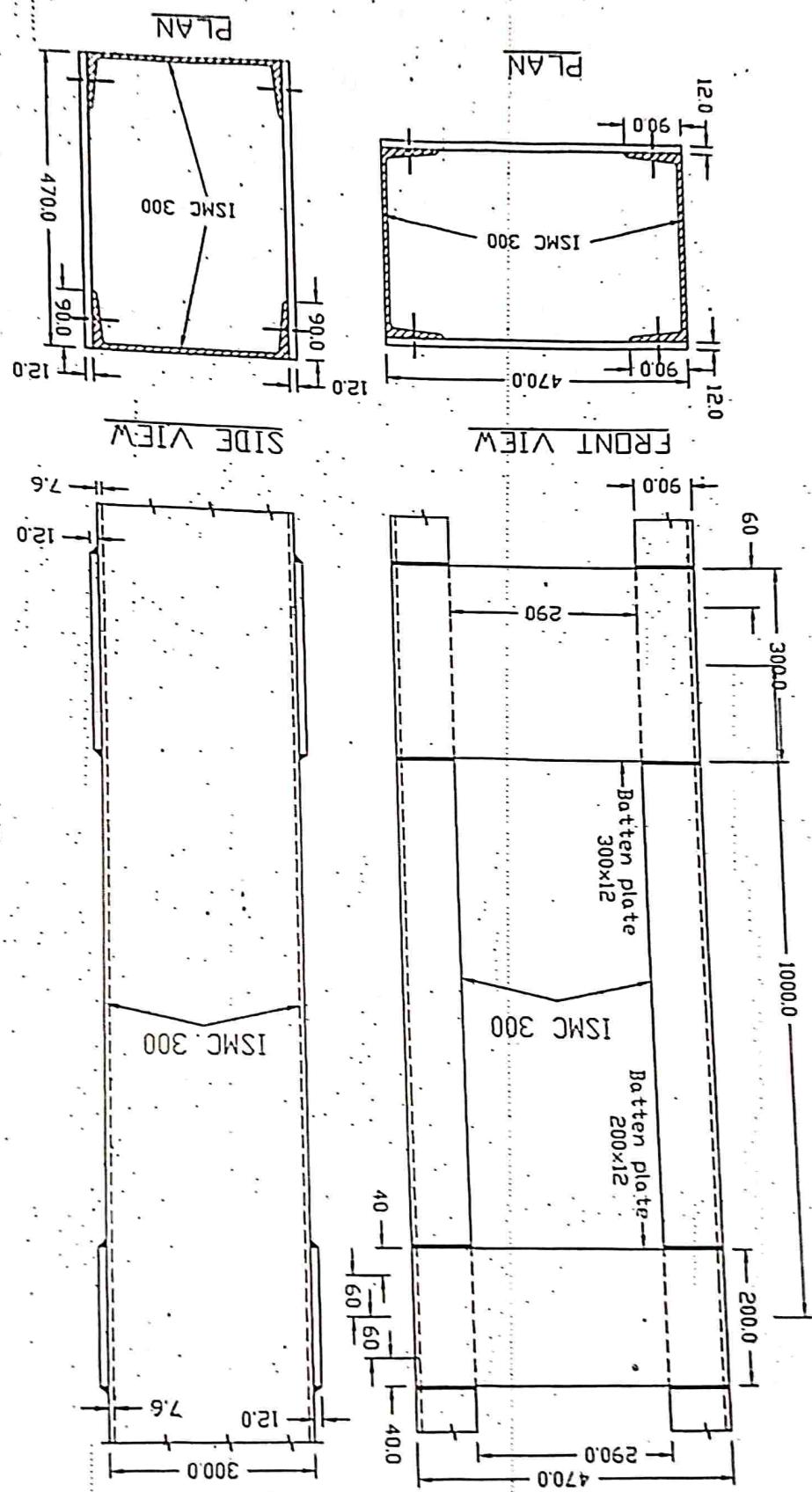


Draw to a suitable scale elevation (front view) and End view (Side view) of a hotte system with a face to face distance of 470.0 from the following data:

Column ISMC = 300 @ 58.8 kg/m, batten plate @ bottom = 300 x 15mm, Column ISMC = 300 @ 58.8 kg/m, batten plate at a spacing of 1000 mm c/c, Bolts 16 Ø.

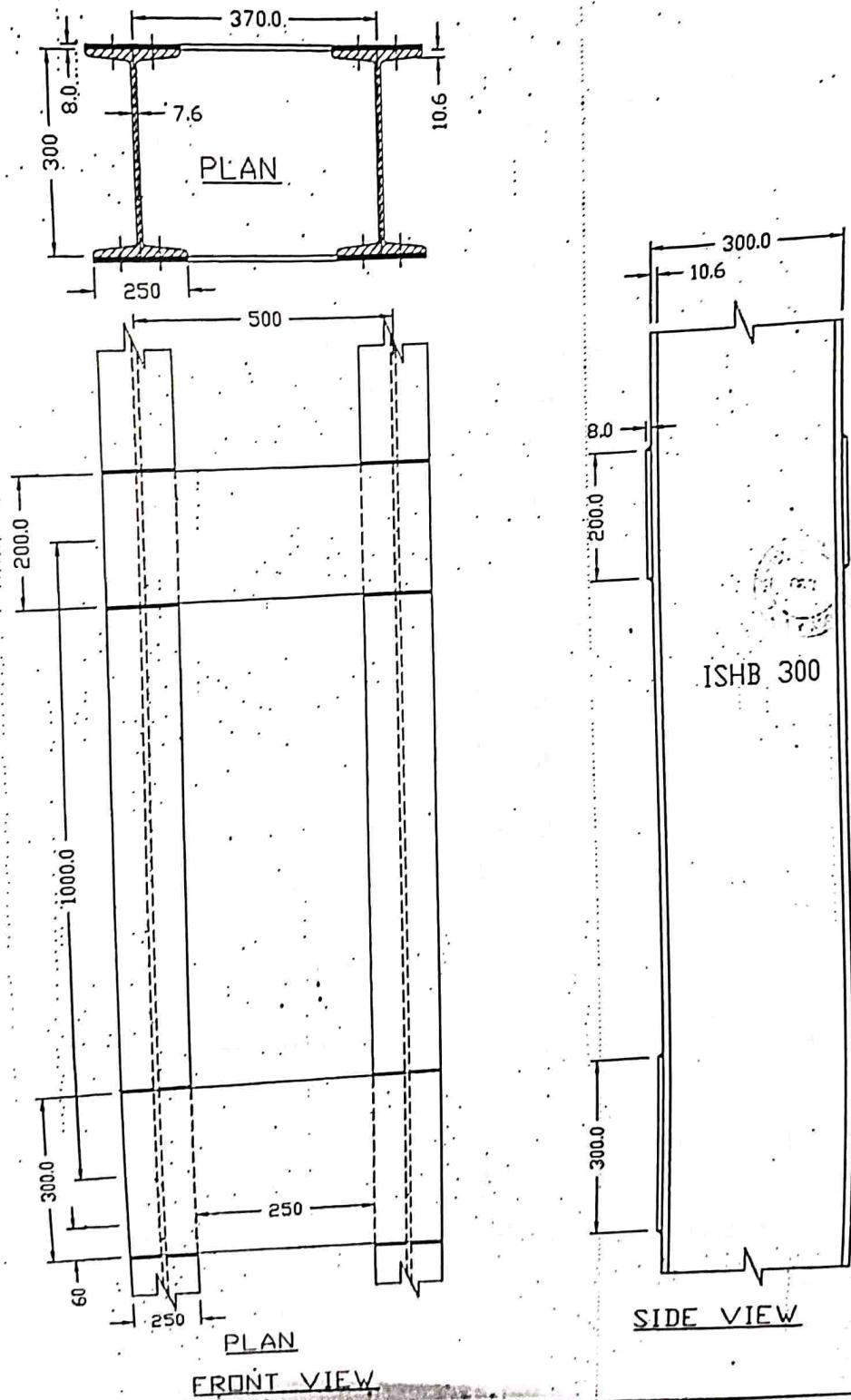
a batteh system which a tache to take this value of 47.6% in the case of a column ISMC = 300 e 58.8 kg/m, batteh plate e bottom = 300 x 15mm.

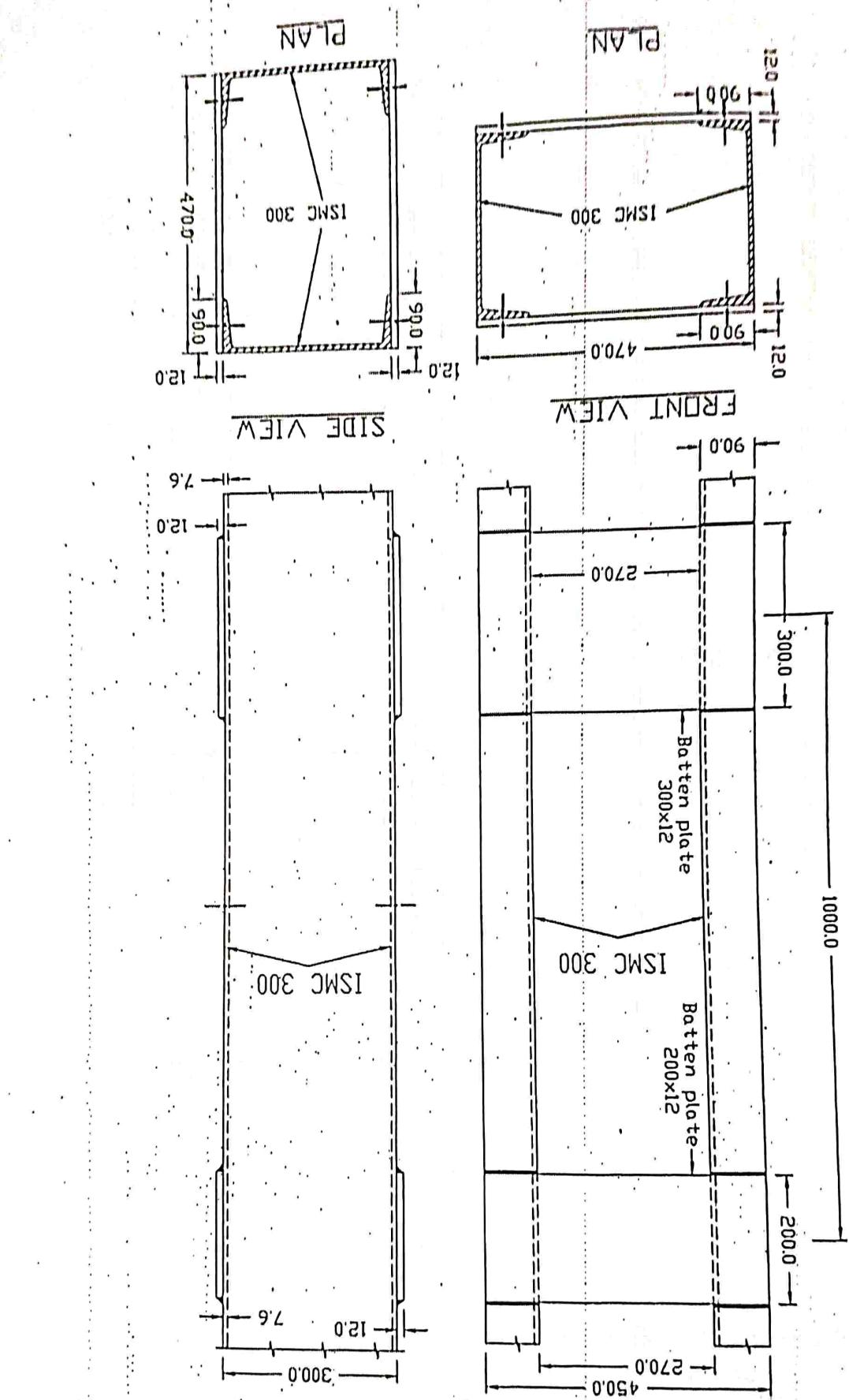
COLUMN BATTEN SYSTEM Face to Face Using C channels



COLUMN BATTEN WELD

Two ISHB 300 58.8 kg/m center to center distance of 300mm are connected together by batten plate 300mm x 8 mm bottom and the reaming batten are 200mmx 8mm at a spacing of 1000 mm center to center. The batten are connected to the column using 6 bolts in two lines of 20mm dia.





COLUMN BATTEEN SYSTEM WELD BACK TO BACK USING C CHANNELS

Draw to a suitable scale elevation (front view) and end view (side view) of a batten system with a back to back distance of 270.0 from the following data:

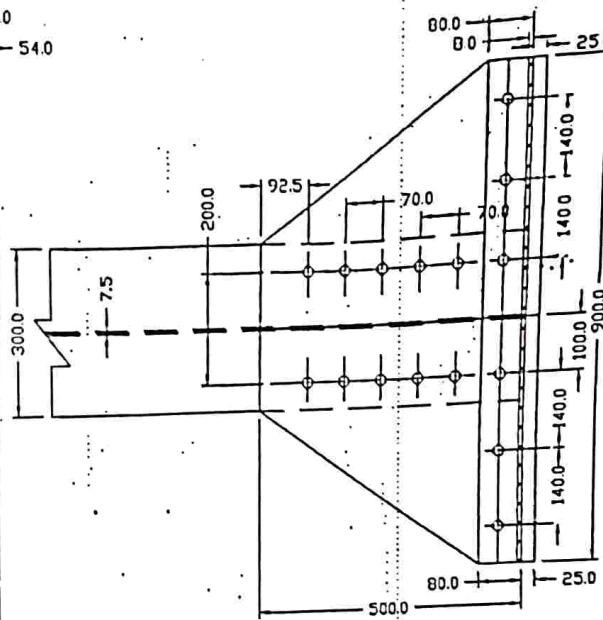
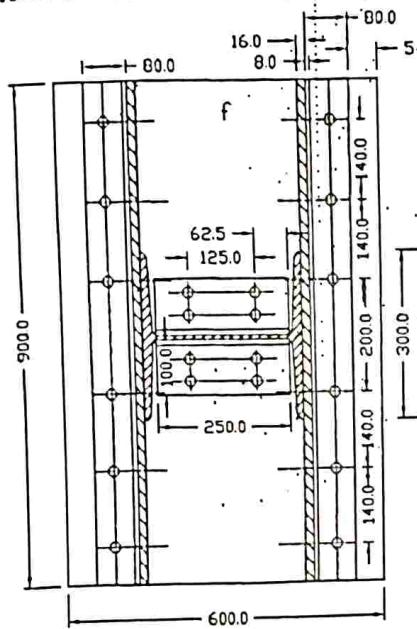
Column ISMC = 300 E 58.8 kg/m, batten plate @ bottom = 300 x 12mm,

Batten Plate remaining of 200 x 12mm at a spacing of 1000 mm c/c, Bolts 16 Ø.

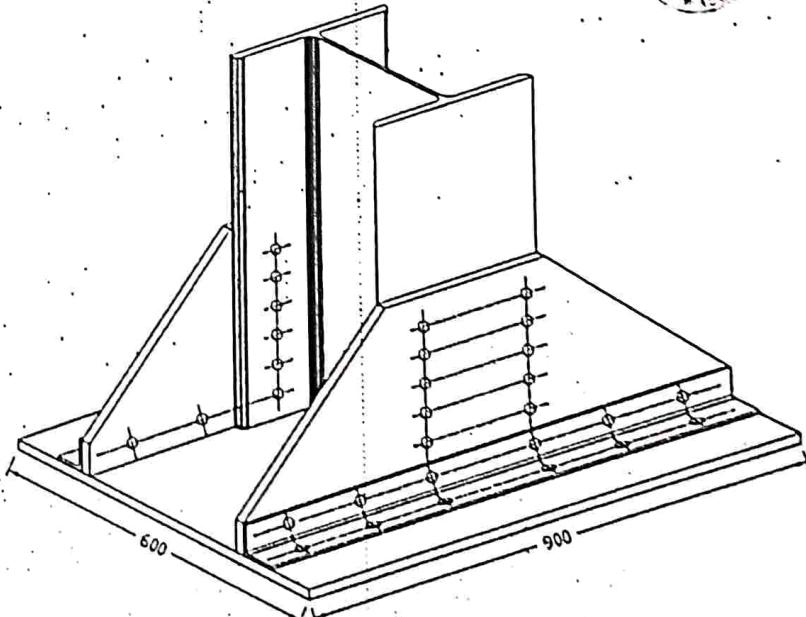
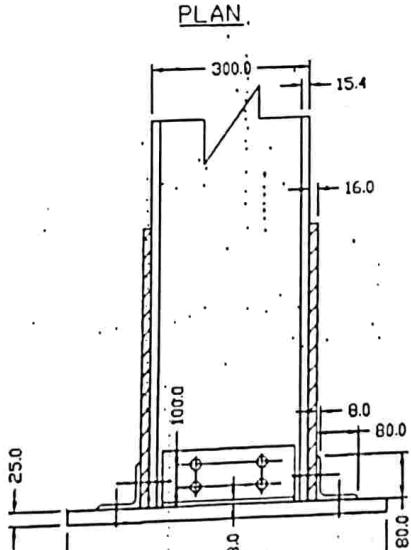
GUSSET PLATE

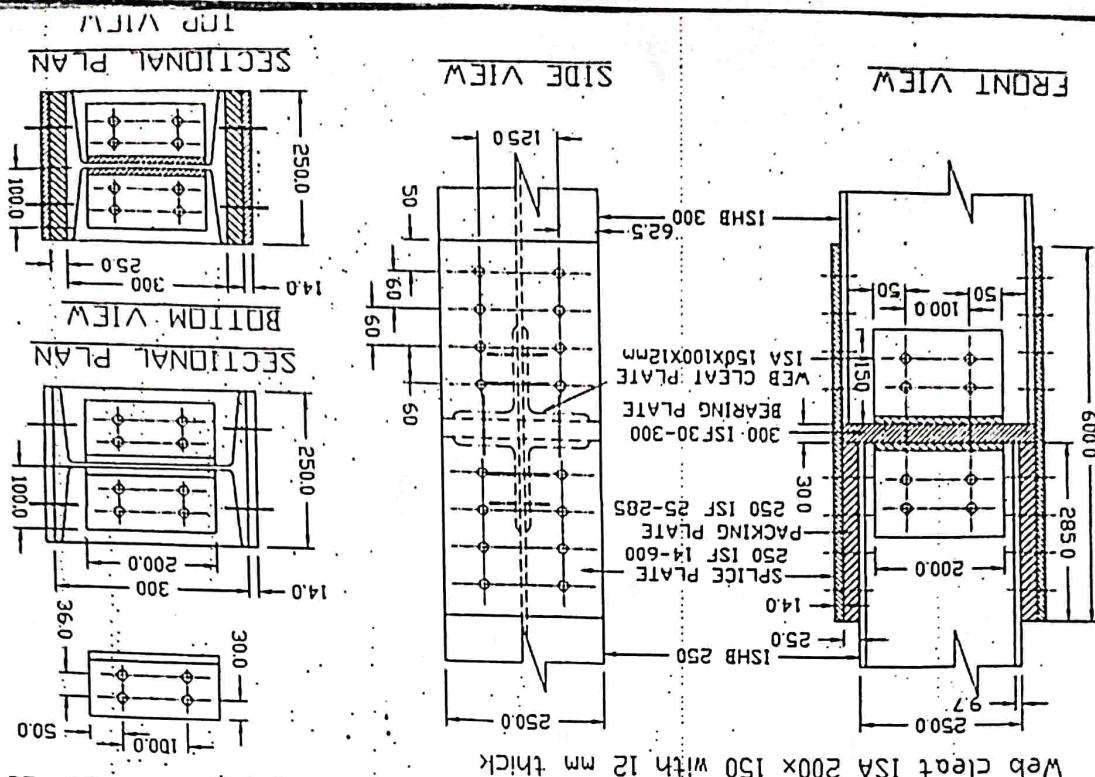
GUSSET PLATE
Draw to a suitable scale front elevation Side elevation of column with slab base from the following data: Column size = ISHB 300 $t_f = 15.4$ $t_w = 7.5$ flange width 250mm
Soil class SF-2, Yield stress $\sigma_y = 235 \text{ N/mm}^2$, Factor of safety 2.5, Gusset plate thickness 16mm dia 2 rows for cleat angle, Gusset plate thickness 16mm dia 2 rows for cleat angle, Gusset plate thickness 16mm dia 2 rows for cleat angle.

Draw to a suitable scale front elevation Side elevation of column
 data: Column size = ISHB 300 $t_f = 15.4$ $t_w = 7.5$ flange width 250mm
 Base plate = 900x600x25, Cleat ISA 80x80x8 having length 250, Use
 of 16mm dia bolts. Gusset plate of 900 x 500mm x 16 mm thick and
 16mm dia 2 rows for cleat angle and remaining
 cleats ISA 100x100x8 2Nos of length 900mm



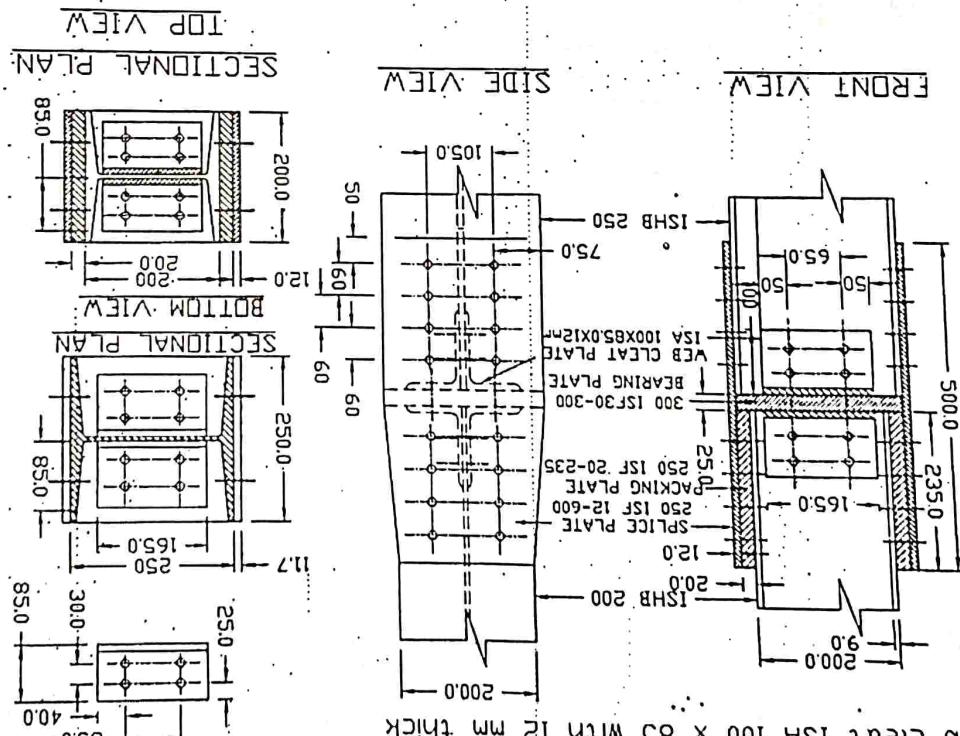
FRONT VIEW





Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of two same depths of column from the following given data:
Column ISHB = 300 E 58.8 kg/m and ISHB 250 E 54.7 kg/m; splice plates, = 250 ISF 14-600, Bearing plate 300 ISF 30-300, Packing plate 250 ISF 25-285.0 Web cleat ISA 200x 150 with 12 mm thick

COLUMN Splice With bearing Plate (having same section)

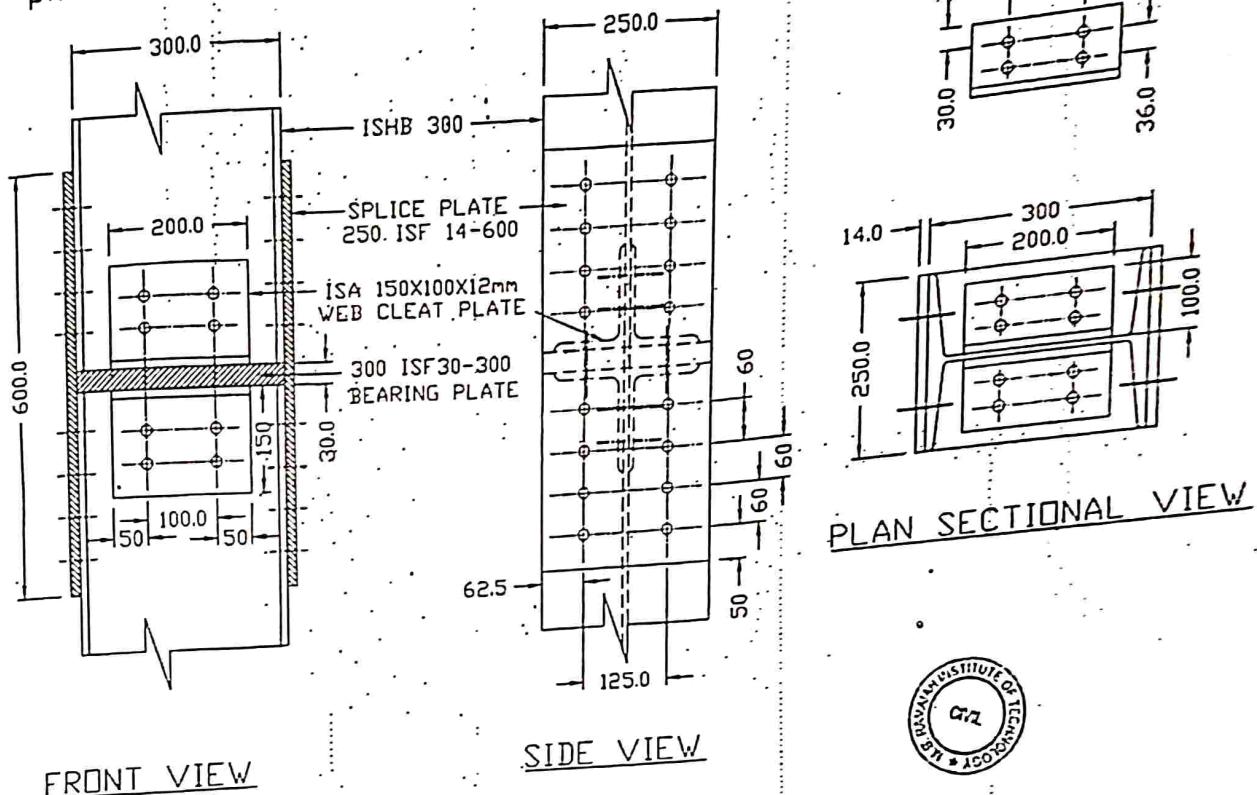


Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of two same depths of column from the following given data:
Column ISHB = 250 E 54.7 kg/m and ISHB 200 E 40.0 kg/m; splice plates, = 250-200 ISF 14-600, Bearing plate 250 ISF 25-250, packing plate 250 ISF 20-235.0 Web cleat ISA 100 x 85 with 12 mm thick

COLUMN Splice With bearing Plate (having same section)

COLUMN Splice With bearing Plate (having same section)

Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of two same depths of column from the following given data:
 Column ISHB = 300 @ 58.8 kg/m , splice plates = 250 ISF 14-600, Bearing plate 300 ISF 30-300, Web cleat ISA 150x100x12mm with 12 mm thick



COLUMN Splice (having same section)

Draw to a suitable scale elevation(front view) and End view (Side view) of a column splicing arrangement from the following data:
 2 Nos. Column ISHB = 300 @ 58.8 kg/m , cover plates = 420x250x6, Bolts 20 Ø.
 Web cleat plate 315x210x8 and use Bolts 20 Ø.

