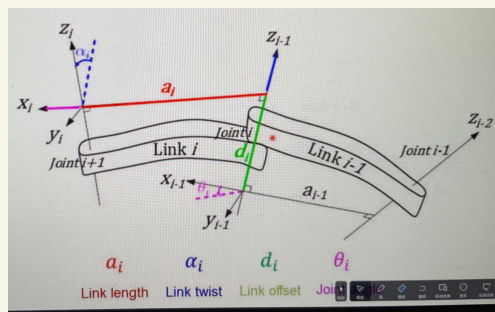
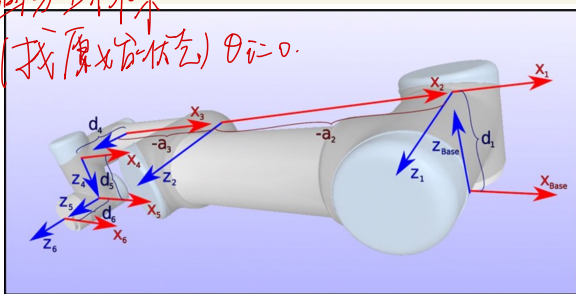


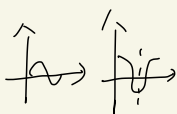
$$H_i^{i-1} = A_i = \underbrace{Rot_{z, \theta_i}}_{\theta_i} \underbrace{Trans_{z, d_i}}_{d_i} \underbrace{Trans_{x, a_i}}_{a_i} \underbrace{Rot_{x, d_i}}_{\bar{a}_i}$$

原分生本系

(找原x轴状态) $\theta_i = 0$.



找 $\theta_i \rightarrow d_i \rightarrow a_i \rightarrow \alpha_i$ 完成



UR10e							
Kinematics		theta [rad]	a [m]	d [m]	alpha [rad]	Dynamics	
Joint 1		0	0	0.1807	$\pi/2$	Link 1	7.369 [0.021, 0.000, 0.027]
Joint 2		0	-0.6127	0	0	Link 2	13.051 [0.38, 0.000, 0.158]
Joint 3		0	-0.57155	0	0	Link 3	3.989 [0.24, 0.000, 0.068]
Joint 4		0	0	0.17415	$\pi/2$	Link 4	2.1 [0.000, 0.007, 0.018]
Joint 5		0	0	0.11985	$-\pi/2$	Link 5	1.98 [0.000, 0.007, 0.018]
Joint 6		0	0	0.11655	0	Link 6	0.615 [0, 0, -0.026]

$$H_{i-1}^{i-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_i & -\sin \theta_i & 0 & 0 \\ \sin \theta_i & \cos \theta_i & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & d_i \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & a_i \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \alpha_i & -\sin \alpha_i & 0 \\ 0 & \sin \alpha_i & \cos \alpha_i & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_i & -\sin \theta_i \cos \alpha_i & \sin \theta_i \sin \alpha_i & a_i \cos \theta_i \\ \sin \theta_i & \cos \theta_i \cos \alpha_i & -\cos \theta_i \sin \alpha_i & a_i \sin \theta_i \\ 0 & \sin \alpha_i & \cos \alpha_i & d_i \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_1 & 0 & \sin \theta_1 & 0 \\ \sin \theta_1 & 0 & -\cos \theta_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0.1807 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

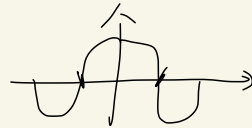
$$H_2^1 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_2 & -\sin \theta_2 & 0 & -0.6127 \cos \theta_2 \\ \sin \theta_2 & \cos \theta_2 & 0 & -0.6127 \sin \theta_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_3^2 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta_3 & -\sin\theta_3 & 0 & -0.57155 \cos\theta_3 \\ \sin\theta_3 & \cos\theta_3 & 0 & -0.57155 \sin\theta_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_4^3 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta_4 & 0 & \sin\theta_4 & 0 \\ \sin\theta_4 & 0 & -\cos\theta_4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0.17415 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$H_5^4 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta_5 & 0 & -\sin\theta_5 & 0 \\ \sin\theta_5 & 0 & \cos\theta_5 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0.11985 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

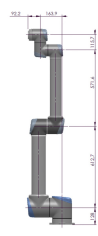
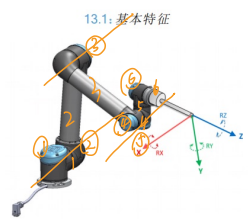
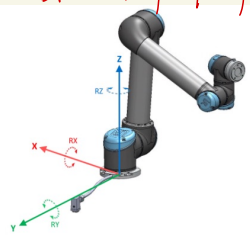


$$H_6^5 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta_6 & -\sin\theta_6 & 0 & 0 \\ \sin\theta_6 & \cos\theta_6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0.11655 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T = T_1^0 T_2^1 T_3^2 T_4^3 T_5^4 T_6^5$$

IK

目的: 解析解 (封闭解)



给定

$$\begin{bmatrix} n_x & o_x & a_x & p_x \\ n_y & o_y & a_y & p_y \\ n_z & o_z & a_z & p_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} n_{3 \times 1} &= n (\dots\dots\dots) \\ o_{3 \times 1} &= o (\dots\dots\dots) \\ a_{3 \times 1} &= a (\dots\dots\dots) \\ p_{3 \times 1} &= p (\dots\dots\dots) \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} N=6 \text{ 关节} \\ 6 \text{ 个未知数 } 12 \text{ 个方程} \\ 6 \text{ 个独立方程 } 6 \text{ 个未知数} \end{array}$$

超越方程
无解析解

Pieper准则:

三个相邻关节轴交于一点或三轴两两平行
存在解析解。

齐次变换矩阵递推算

$$R^i = R^j \quad H^i = \begin{bmatrix} R^T & -R^T d \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T = {}^0T^1 {}^1T^2 {}^2T^3 {}^3T^4 {}^4T^5 {}^5T^6$$

$$\therefore {}^0T^{-1} \cdot T \cdot {}^6T^{-1} = {}^1T^2 {}^2T^3 {}^3T^4 {}^4T^5 = {}^5T^6$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_1 &= \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta_1 & \sin\theta_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -d_1 \\ \cos\theta_1 & -\sin\theta_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} n & o & a & p \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_6 & S_6 & 0 & 0 \\ -S_6 & C_6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -d_6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} C_6(n_x C_1 + n_y S_1) - S_6(o_x C_1 + o_y S_1) & S_6(n_x C_1 + n_y S_1) + C_6(o_x C_1 + o_y S_1) & a_x \cos\theta_1 & p_x C_1 - d_1(a_x C_1 + a_y S_1) + p_y S_1 \\ n_x C_6 - o_z S_6 & o_z C_6 + n_z S_6 & a_z & p_z C_1 - d_1 a_z d_6 \\ S_6(o_y C_1 - o_x S_1) - C_6(n_y C_1 - n_x S_1) & -S_6(n_y C_1 - n_x S_1) - C_6(o_y C_1 - o_x S_1) & a_x S_1 - a_y C_1 & -p_y C_1 + d_1(a_y C_1 - a_z S_1) + p_z S_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$J_5 = \begin{bmatrix} C_{234}C_5 & -S_{234} & -C_{234}C_5 & a_3C_{23} + a_2C_2 + d_5S_{234} \\ S_{234}C_5 & C_{234} & -S_{234}S_5 & a_3S_{23} + a_2S_2 - d_5C_{234} \\ S_5 & 0 & C_5 & d_4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

θ_1 : 第3行第4列相等

$$-P_y C_1 + d_6(a_y C_1 - a_z S_1) + P_x S_1 = d_4$$

$$(d_6 a_y - P_y) C_1 - (a_x d_6 - P_x) S_1 = d_4$$

$$m C_1 - n S_1 = d_4$$

$$\therefore \theta_1 = \text{Atan2}(m, n) - \text{Atan2}(d_4, \pm \sqrt{m^2 + n^2 - d_4^2})$$

($m^2 + n^2 - d_4^2 \geq 0$)

逆运动学 $\theta \in [-\pi, \pi]$
 $\arctan \in [-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$
 使用 $\text{Atan2}(x, y)$
 $-\sin\theta P_x + \cos\theta P_y = d_1$

$$P_x = \rho \cos\varphi \quad P_y = \rho \sin\varphi \quad (\rho = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}, \varphi = \text{Atan2}(P_y, P_x))$$

$$\frac{P_y}{\rho} \sin(\varphi - \theta) = \frac{d_1}{\rho}$$

$$\text{则 } \varphi - \theta = \text{Atan2}\left(\frac{d_1}{\rho}, \pm \sqrt{1 - \frac{d_1^2}{\rho^2}}\right)$$

$$\text{则 } \theta = \text{Atan2}(P_y, P_x) - \text{Atan2}(d_1, \pm \sqrt{P_x^2 + P_y^2 - d_1^2})$$

$$(P_x^2 + P_y^2 - d_1^2 \geq 0)$$

θ_2 : 3, 4, 3, 3列

$$a_x S_1 - a_y C_1 = C_5$$

$$\theta_5 = \pm \arccos(a_x S_1 - a_y C_1) \quad (a_x S_1 - a_y C_1 \leq 1)$$

θ_3 : 3, 4, 3, 3列

$$S_6(a_y C_1 - a_x S_1) - C_6(n_y C_1 - n_x S_1) = S_5$$

$$\begin{cases} n_x S_1 - n_y C_1 = m \\ a_x S_1 - a_y C_1 = n \end{cases}$$

$$b) m c_6 - n s_6 = s_5$$

$$\theta_6 = A \tan 2(m, n) - A \tan 2(s_5, \pm \sqrt{m^2 + n^2 - s_5^2})$$

$$T = \begin{matrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ J & J & J & J & J & J \end{matrix}$$

$${}^1_0J^{-1} \cdot T \cdot {}^5_6J^{-1} \cdot {}^4_5J^{-1} = {}^1_2J \quad {}^2_3J \quad {}^3_4J = {}^1_4J$$

$$d_6 a_y - p_y = m, \quad a_x d_6 - p_x = n$$

$$\theta_1 = A \tan 2(m, n) - A \tan 2(d_4, \pm \sqrt{m^2 + n^2 - d_4^2}) \quad (m^2 + n^2 - d_4^2 \geq 0)$$

$$\theta_5 = \pm \arccos(a_x s_1 - a_y c_1) \quad (a_x s_1 - a_y c_1 \leq 1)$$

$$n_x s_1 - n_y c_1 = m, \quad o_x s_1 - o_y c_1 = n$$

$$\theta_6 = A \tan 2(m, n) - A \tan 2(s_5, 0) \quad (s_5 \neq 0)$$

$$\begin{cases} d_5 (s_6 (n_x c_1 + n_y s_1) + c_6 (o_x c_1 + o_y s_1)) - d_5 (a_x c_1 + a_y s_1) + p_x c_1 + p_y s_1 = m \\ p_z - d_1 - a_z d_6 + d_5 (o_z c_6 + n_z s_6) = n \end{cases}$$

$$\theta_3 = \pm \arccos \left(\frac{m^2 + n^2 - a_2^2 - a_3^2}{2 a_2 a_3} \right) \quad \text{其中 } m^2 + n^2 \leq (a_2 + a_3)^2$$

$$S_2 = \frac{(a_3 c_3 + a_2) n - a_3 s_3 m}{a_2^2 + a_3^2 + 2 a_2 a_3 c_3}, \quad C_2 = \frac{m + (a_3 s_3 s_2)}{a_3 c_3 + a_2}$$

$$\theta_2 = A \tan 2(S_2, C_2).$$

$$\theta_4 = A \tan 2(-S_6(m_x C_1 + n_y S_1) - C_6(D_x C_1 + D_y S_1, D_z C_6 + n_z S_6)) - \theta_2 - \theta_3$$

大异位置

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc} +\theta_{11} & \theta_{31} & +\theta_{51} \quad \theta_{61} \\ +\theta_{11} & \vdots & +\theta_{51} \quad \theta_{61} \\ +\theta_{11} & \delta_{11} & -\theta_{52} \quad \theta_{62} \\ +\theta_{11} & \vdots & -\theta_{52} \quad \theta_{62} \\ -\theta_{12} & \vdots & +\theta_{53} \quad \theta_{63} \\ -\theta_{12} & \vdots & +\theta_{53} \quad \theta_{63} \\ -\theta_{12} & \vdots & -\theta_{54} \quad \theta_{64} \\ \theta_{12} & \theta_{33} & -\theta_{54} \quad \theta_{64} \end{array} \right]$$