

Developer Manual - Insight Coding (Artifact Comparator)

A comprehensive guide for developers contributing to the Artifact Comparator project.

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1. Project Overview

Description

Artifact Comparator is a full-stack web application designed for software engineering research. It enables researchers to conduct empirical studies by allowing participants to evaluate and compare software artifacts (source code, test cases, UML diagrams, requirements documents) through structured comparison tasks.

Tech Stack

Layer	Technology
Frontend	React 18, Material-UI (MUI) 7, Axios
Backend	Spring Boot 3.2, Java 17, Spring Security, JPA
Database	PostgreSQL 15
Auth	JWT (JSON Web Tokens)
Build	Maven (Backend), npm (Frontend)
Container	Docker, Docker Compose
Migration	Flyway

User Roles

- **Admin** - System administration, user management
 - **Researcher** - Create studies, manage artifacts, analyze results
 - **Participant** - Complete evaluations, take quizzes
 - **Reviewer** - Review participant submissions
-

2. Getting Started

Prerequisites

Ensure you have the following installed:

- **Java 17** (JDK)
- **Node.js 18+** and npm
- **Maven 3.9+**
- **Docker** and **Docker Compose**
- **PostgreSQL 15** (or use Docker)
- **Git**

Quick Start with Docker (Recommended)

Clone the repository

Bash

```
git clone <repository-url>
```

```
cd S2-T9
```

1.

Start all services

Bash

```
docker-compose up --build
```

2. Access the application

- Frontend: <http://localhost:3000>
- Backend API: <http://localhost:8080>
- PostgreSQL: <localhost:5433>

Manual Setup (Development)

Database Setup

Install PostgreSQL or use Docker:

Bash

```
docker run -d --name artifact-db \  
-e POSTGRES_DB=artifact_comparator \  
-e POSTGRES_USER=admin \  
-e POSTGRES_PASSWORD=admin123 \  
-p 5433:5432 \  
postgres:15-alpine
```

1.

Backend Setup

```
Bash
cd backend
mvn clean install
mvn spring-boot:run
```

The backend will start on <http://localhost:8080>

Frontend Setup

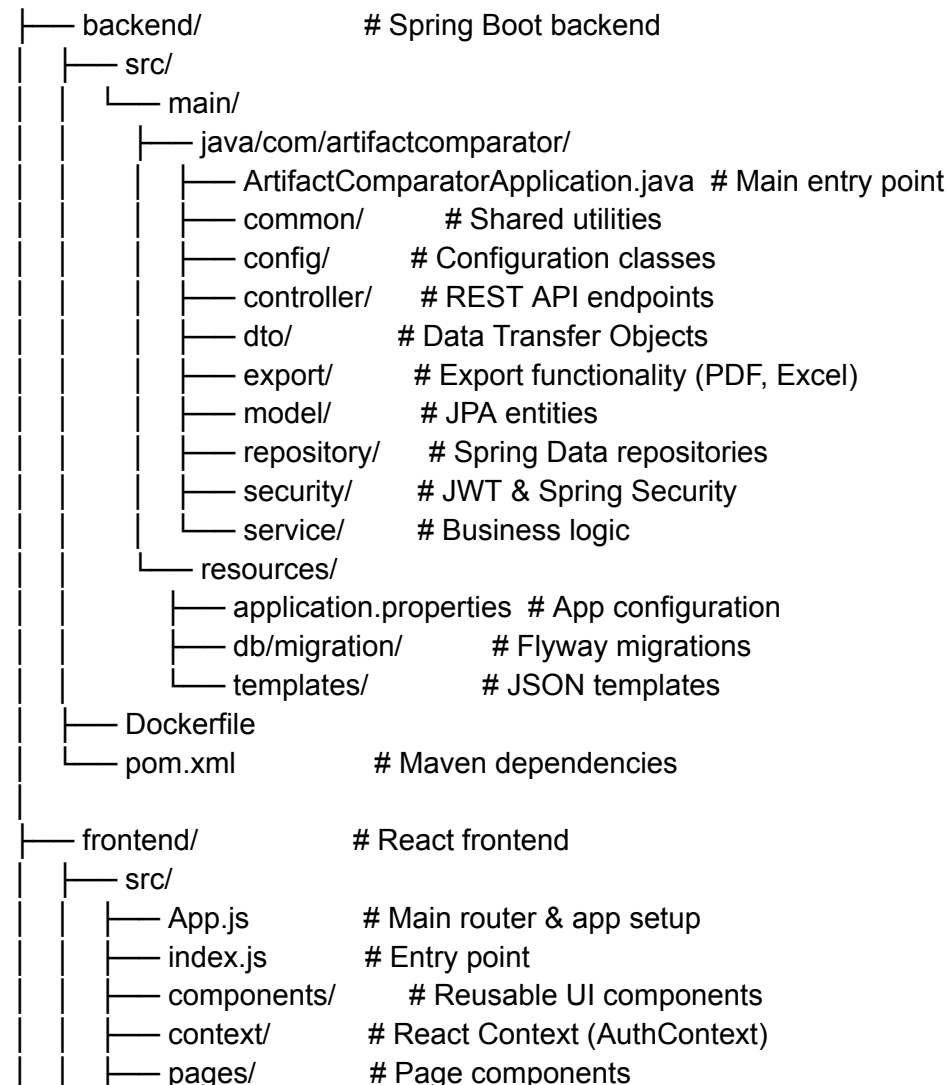
```
Bash
cd frontend
npm install
npm start
```

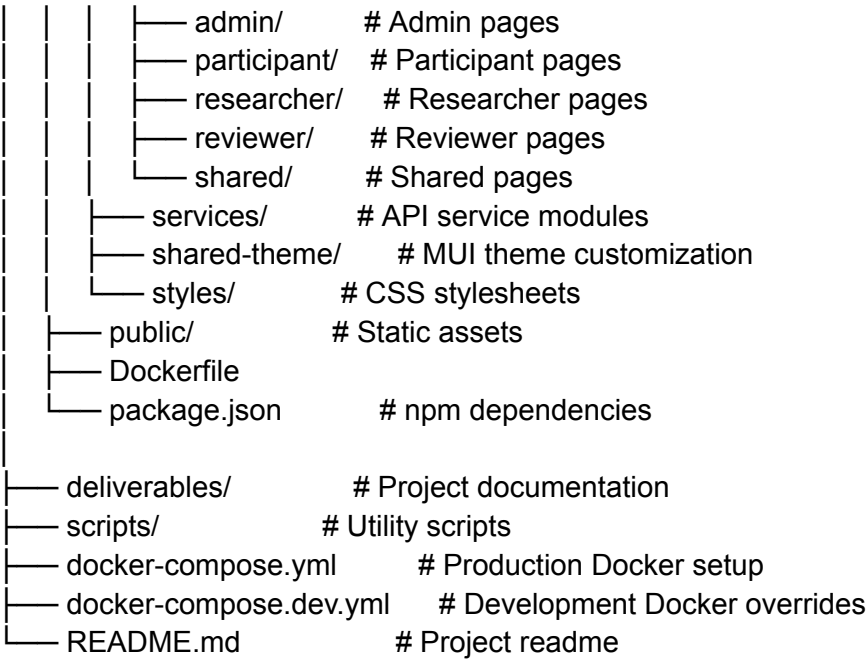
The frontend will start on <http://localhost:3000>

3. Project Structure

Plaintext

S2-T9/

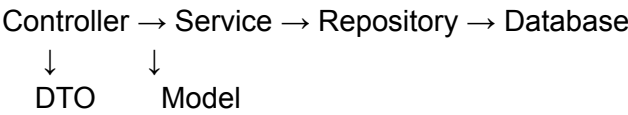




4. Backend Development

Architecture Overview

The backend follows a **layered architecture**:



Key Packages

Controllers (**controller/**)

REST API endpoints. Each controller handles a specific domain.

Controller	Responsibility
AuthController	Authentication (login, register)
UserController	User management
StudyController	Study CRUD operations

ArtifactController	Artifact upload/management
QuestionnaireController	Questionnaire management
NotificationController	User notifications
evaluation/	Evaluation task endpoints

Models (**model/**)

JPA entities representing database tables.

Entity	Description
User	User accounts with roles
Study	Research studies
Artifact	Uploaded artifacts
Questionnaire	Evaluation questionnaires
QuizSubmission	Participant quiz responses
Notification	System notifications

Services (**service/**)

Business logic layer.

Service	Responsibility
UserService	User operations
StudyService	Study lifecycle management
ArtifactService	File storage & artifact management
GeminiApiService	AI integration (Google Gemini)
AIQuestionGenerationService	AI-powered question generation
NotificationService	Notification handling

Creating a New Endpoint

Create/update the Model (if needed):

Java

// model/Example.java

@Entity

@Table(name = "examples")

@Data

public class Example {

 @Id

 @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)

 private Long id;

 private String name;

}

1.

Create the Repository:

Java

// repository/ExampleRepository.java

public interface ExampleRepository extends JpaRepository<Example, Long> {

 List<Example> findByName(String name);

}

2.

Create the Service:

Java

```
// service/ExampleService.java
```

```
@Service
```

```
@RequiredArgsConstructor
```

```
public class ExampleService {
```

```
    private final ExampleRepository exampleRepository;
```

```
    public Example create(Example example) {
```

```
        return exampleRepository.save(example);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

3.

Create the Controller:

Java

```
// controller/ExampleController.java
```

```
@RestController
```

```
@RequestMapping("/api/examples")
```

```
@RequiredArgsConstructor
```

```
public class ExampleController {
```

```
    private final ExampleService exampleService;
```

```
    @PostMapping
```

```
    public ResponseEntity<Example> create(@RequestBody Example example) {
```

```
        return ResponseEntity.ok(exampleService.create(example));
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

4.

Configuration

Key configuration files:

- [application.properties](#) - Main configuration
- [config/SecurityConfig.java](#) - Spring Security setup
- [config/CorsConfig.java](#) - CORS settings

Environment Variables

Variable	Default	Description

SPRING_DATASOURCE_URL	jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5433/artifact_comparator	Database URL
SPRING_DATASOURCE_USERNAME	admin	Database username
SPRING_DATASOURCE_PASSWORD	admin123	Database password
APP_ARTIFACTS_STORAGE_DIR	/app/storage/artifacts	File storage path

5. Frontend Development

Architecture Overview

The frontend uses **React** with **functional components** and **hooks**.

Plaintext
App.js (Router)
└─ Pages
 └─ Components
 └─ Services (API calls)

Key Directories

Directory	Purpose
pages/	Page-level components (routes)
components/	Reusable UI components
services/	API service modules (Axios)

context/	React Context providers
shared-theme/	Material-UI theme configuration
styles/	Global CSS styles

Creating a New Page

Create the page component:

JavaScript

```
// pages/researcher/NewPage.jsx
import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';
import { Box, Typography } from '@mui/material';

const NewPage = () => {
  const [data, setData] = useState([]);

  useEffect(() => {
    // Fetch data on mount
  }, []);

  return (
    <Box sx={{ p: 3 }}>
      <Typography variant="h4">New Page</Typography>
    </Box>
  );
};

export default NewPage;
```

- 1.

Add the route in **App.js**:

JavaScript

```
import NewPage from './pages/researcher/NewPage';

// Inside Routes
<Route path="/researcher/new-page" element={
  <PrivateRoute allowedRoles={['RESEARCHER']}>
    <NewPage />
  </PrivateRoute>
} />
```

- 2.

API Services

API calls are centralized in [services/api.js](#):

```
JavaScript
// services/api.js
export const studyService = {
  createStudy: (data) => api.post('/api/studies', data),
  getStudyById: (id) => api.get(`/api/studies/${id}`),
  // ...
};
```

Usage in components:

```
JavaScript
import { studyService } from '../services/api';

const fetchStudy = async (id) => {
  try {
    const response = await studyService.getStudyById(id);
    setStudy(response.data);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error('Failed to fetch study:', error);
  }
};
```

Authentication Context

The [AuthContext](#) manages user authentication state:

```
JavaScript
import { useAuth } from '../context/AuthContext';

const MyComponent = () => {
  const { user, login, logout, loading } = useAuth();

  if (loading) return <div>Loading...</div>;
  if (!user) return <Navigate to="/login" />;

  return <div>Welcome, {user.name}</div>;
};
```

Styling Guidelines

- Use **Material-UI (MUI)** components
- Use **sx prop** for component-specific styles
- Global styles go in [styles/](#) directory
- Theme customization in [shared-theme/](#)

```
JavaScript
```

```
<Box sx={{
  p: 2,
  display: 'flex',
  gap: 2,
  backgroundColor: 'background.paper'
}}>
```

6. Database Management

Flyway Migrations

Database schema is managed with Flyway. Migration files are in:

backend/src/main/resources/db/migration/

Naming Convention

V{version}__{description}.sql

Examples:

- V1__create_users_table.sql
- V2__create_questionnaire_tables.sql
- V25__create_study_quizzes.sql

Creating a New Migration

Create a new SQL file with the next version number:

SQL

-- V26__add_new_feature.sql

```
CREATE TABLE new_feature (
  id BIGSERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);
```

- 1.
2. Restart the backend - Flyway will auto-apply migrations.

Migration Best Practices

- **Never modify** existing migration files
- Always increment version numbers
- Test migrations locally before committing
- Include rollback strategy in comments if needed

Database Connection

Properties

application.properties

spring.datasource.url=jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5433/artifact_comparator

spring.datasource.username=admin

spring.datasource.password=admin123

7. API Reference

Base URL

<http://localhost:8080/api>

Authentication

All endpoints (except /auth/*) require JWT Bearer token:

Authorization: Bearer <token>

Core Endpoints

Authentication

Method	Endpoint	Description
POST	/auth/register	Register new user
POST	/auth/login	Login, returns JWT

Users

Method	Endpoint	Description
GET	/users/me	Get current user
GET	/users	Get all users (Admin)
PUT	/users/{id}	Update user
DELETE	/users/{id}	Delete user

Studies

Method	Endpoint	Description
GET	/studies	Get all studies
GET	/studies/{id}	Get study by ID
POST	/studies	Create study
PUT	/studies/{id}	Update study
DELETE	/studies/{id}	Delete study
GET	/studies/my-studies	Get researcher's studies

Artifacts

Method	Endpoint	Description
POST	/artifacts/upload	Upload artifact
GET	/artifacts/{id}	Get artifact
GET	/artifacts/study/{studyId}	Get study artifacts
DELETE	/artifacts/{id}	Delete artifact

Evaluation Tasks

Method	Endpoint	Description
--------	----------	-------------

GET	/evaluation-tasks/study/{studyId}	Get tasks for study
POST	/evaluation-tasks	Create evaluation task
PUT	/evaluation-tasks/{id}	Update task

8. Testing

Backend Testing

Run tests with Maven:

```
Bash
cd backend
mvn test
```

Test Structure

```
backend/src/test/java/com/artifactcomparator/
├── controller/  # Controller tests
├── service/     # Service tests
└── repository/ # Repository tests
```

Writing Tests

```
Java
@SpringBootTest
@AutoConfigureMockMvc
class UserControllerTest {

    @Autowired
    private MockMvc mockMvc;

    @Test
    void shouldReturnCurrentUser() throws Exception {
        mockMvc.perform(get("/api/users/me")
            .header("Authorization", "Bearer " + validToken))
            .andExpect(status().isOk())
            .andExpect(jsonPath("$.email").exists());
    }
}
```

Frontend Testing

Run tests with npm:


```
Bash
cd frontend
npm test
```

9. Docker & Deployment

Docker Compose (Production)

```
Bash
# Build and start all services
docker-compose up --build
```

```
# Run in background
docker-compose up -d
```

```
# Stop services
docker-compose down
```

```
# View logs
docker-compose logs -f
```

Docker Compose (Development)

For hot-reloading during development:

```
Bash
docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml -f docker-compose.dev.yml up
```

Services

Service	Port	Description
postgres	5433	PostgreSQL database
backend	8080	Spring Boot API
frontend	3000	React development server

Building Images Individually

Backend:

```
Bash
cd backend
docker build -t artifact-comparator-backend .
```

Frontend:

```
Bash
cd frontend
docker build -t artifact-comparator-frontend .
```

Volumes

Volume	Purpose
postgres_data	Database persistence
artifact_storage	Uploaded artifacts storage

10. Coding Conventions

Java (Backend)

Naming Conventions

- **Classes:** **PascalCase** (e.g., `UserService`)
- **Methods/Variables:** **camelCase** (e.g., `getUserById`)
- **Constants:** **UPPER_SNAKE_CASE** (e.g., `MAX_FILE_SIZE`)
- **Packages:** **lowercase** (e.g., `com.artifactcomparator.service`)

Code Style

```
Java
@Service
@RequiredArgsConstructor // Use Lombok for constructor injection
@Slf4j                 // Use Lombok for logging
public class ExampleService {

    private final ExampleRepository exampleRepository;

    public Example findById(Long id) {
        return exampleRepository.findById(id)
            .orElseThrow(() -> new EntityNotFoundException("Example not found"));
    }
}
```

Best Practices

- Use **Lombok** annotations (`@Data`, `@RequiredArgsConstructor`, etc.)
- Use **Optional** for nullable returns
- Add **validation** annotations to DTOs (`@NotNull`, `@Size`, etc.)
- Log important operations using `@Slf4j`

JavaScript/React (Frontend)

Naming Conventions

- **Components:** `PascalCase` (e.g., `UserProfile.jsx`)
- **Functions/Variables:** `camelCase` (e.g., `handleSubmit`)
- **Constants:** `UPPER_SNAKE_CASE` (e.g., `API_URL`)
- **Files:** `PascalCase` for components, `camelCase` for utilities

Code Style

JavaScript

// Use functional components with hooks

```
const UserProfile = ({ userId }) => {
  const [user, setUser] = useState(null);
  const [loading, setLoading] = useState(true);

  useEffect(() => {
    fetchUser();
  }, [userId]);

  const fetchUser = async () => {
    try {
      const response = await userService.getUserById(userId);
      setUser(response.data);
    } catch (error) {
      console.error('Failed to fetch user:', error);
    } finally {
      setLoading(false);
    }
  };

  if (loading) return <CircularProgress />;

  return (
    <Box>
      <Typography variant="h5">{user?.name}</Typography>
    </Box>
  );
};
```

export default UserProfile;

Best Practices

- Use **functional components** with hooks

- Destructure props in component parameters
- Handle loading and error states
- Use **async/await** for API calls
- Keep components small and focused

SQL (Migrations)

SQL

-- Use uppercase for SQL keywords

-- Use snake_case for table/column names

```
CREATE TABLE user_profiles (
  id BIGSERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  user_id BIGINT NOT NULL REFERENCES users(id),
  bio TEXT,
  avatar_url VARCHAR(500),
  created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
  updated_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);
```

-- Add indexes for foreign keys and frequently queried columns

```
CREATE INDEX idx_user_profiles_user_id ON user_profiles(user_id);
```

11. Git Workflow

Commit Messages

Use conventional commits:

feat: add artifact comparison feature

fix: resolve PDF rendering issue in Chrome

docs: update developer manual

refactor: simplify authentication flow

test: add unit tests for StudyService

Pull Request Process

1. Create feature branch from **main**
2. Make changes and commit
3. Push branch and create PR
4. Request code review
5. Address feedback
6. Merge after approval

Code Review Checklist

- [] Code follows project conventions
- [] Tests are included/updated
- [] No hardcoded credentials
- [] Error handling is appropriate

- [] Documentation is updated if needed

12. Troubleshooting

Common Issues

Database Connection Failed

Error: `Connection refused to localhost:5433`

Solution:

Ensure PostgreSQL is running:

Bash

```
docker ps | grep postgres
```

- 1.
2. Check if the port is correct in `application.properties`
3. Verify database credentials

Frontend Can't Connect to Backend

Error: `Network Error` or `CORS error`

Solution:

1. Ensure backend is running on port 8080

Check CORS configuration in `application.properties`:

Properties

```
cors.allowed.origins=http://localhost:3000
```

- 2.
3. Verify `proxy` in `frontend/package.json`

Flyway Migration Failed

Error: `Migration checksum mismatch`

Solution:

1. Never modify existing migrations

If in development, reset database:

Bash

```
docker-compose down -v
```

```
docker-compose up
```

- 2.

Use repair script:

Bash

```
./scripts/fix-migration-history.sh
```

- 3.

JWT Token Issues

Error: 401 Unauthorized

Solution:

1. Check token expiration (default: 24 hours)
2. Verify `jwt.secret` matches in configuration
3. Clear localStorage and login again

Large File Upload Fails

Error: Request Entity Too Large

Solution:

Check file size limit in `application.properties`:

Properties

`spring.servlet.multipart.max-file-size=100MB`

`spring.servlet.multipart.max-request-size=100MB`

- 1.
2. If using nginx, increase `client_max_body_size`

Useful Commands

Bash

View backend logs

`docker-compose logs -f backend`

Access database

`docker exec -it artifact-comparator-db psql -U admin -d artifact_comparator`

Clear all Docker data

`docker-compose down -v --rmi all`

Rebuild specific service

`docker-compose up --build backend`

Check running containers

`docker ps`

Frontend dependency issues

`cd frontend && rm -rf node_modules && npm install`

Debug Mode

Backend: Set in `application.properties`:

Properties

`logging.level.com.artifactcomparator=DEBUG`

`logging.level.org.springframework.security=DEBUG`

Frontend: Use browser DevTools (F12):

- Console tab for errors
- Network tab for API calls
- React DevTools extension

Quick Reference

Task	Command
Start all services	<code>docker-compose up</code>
Start with hot-reload	<code>docker-compose -f docker-compose.yml -f docker-compose.dev.yml up</code>
Run backend only	<code>cd backend && mvn spring-boot:run</code>
Run frontend only	<code>cd frontend && npm start</code>
Run backend tests	<code>cd backend && mvn test</code>
Run frontend tests	<code>cd frontend && npm test</code>
Build backend	<code>cd backend && mvn clean package</code>
Build frontend	<code>cd frontend && npm run build</code>
View logs	<code>docker-compose logs -f <service></code>
Stop services	<code>docker-compose down</code>

Reset database	docker-compose down -v
----------------	------------------------

Contact & Resources

- **Project Repository:** <https://github.com/CS319-25-FA/S2-T9>
- **Issue Tracker:** Use GitHub Issues for bug reports
- **Documentation:** See [deliverables/](#) folder for additional docs

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