

Exercise: Error Handling

1. Numbers Dictionary

You are provided with the following code:

```
numbers_dictionary = {}

line = input()

while line != "Search":
    number_as_string = line
    number = int(input())
    numbers_dictionary[number_as_string] = number

line = input()

while line != "Remove":
    searched = line
    print(numbers_dictionary[searched])

line = input()

while line != "End":
    searched = line
    del numbers_dictionary[searched]

print(numbers_dictionary)
```

- On the first several lines, until you receive the command **"Search"**, you will receive on **separate lines** the **number as a text** and the **number as an integer**
- When you receive **"Search"** on the next several lines until you receive the command **"Remove"**, you will be given the **searched number as a text**, and you need to **print it on the console**
- When you receive **"Remove"** on the next several lines until you receive **"End"**, you will be given the **searched number as a text**, and you need to **remove** it from the dictionary
- In the end, you need to **print** what is left from the **dictionary**

There is some **missing code** in the solution, and some errors **may occur**. Complete the code, so the following errors are handled:

- Passing **non-integer** type to the variable number
- Searching for a **non-existent** number
- Removing a **non-existent** number

Print appropriate **messages** when an error has occurred. The messages should be:

- **"The variable number must be an integer"**

- "Number does not exist in dictionary" - for non-existing keys

Examples

Input	Output
one 1 two 2 Search one Remove two End	1 {'one': 1}
one two Search Remove End	The variable number must be an integer {}
one 1 Search one Remove two End	1 Number does not exist in dictionary {'one': 1}

2. Email Validator

You will be given some **emails** until you receive the command **"End"**. Create the following custom exceptions to validate the emails:

- **NameTooShortError** - raise it when the name in the email is **less than or equal to 4** ("peter" will be the name in the email "peter@gmail.com")
- **MustContainAtSymbolError** - raise it when there is **no "@"** in the email
- **InvalidDomainError** - raise it when the **domain** of the email is **invalid** (valid domains are: **.com, .bg, .net, .org**)

When an error is encountered, **raise** it with an appropriate **message**:

- **NameTooShortError** - "Name must be more than 4 characters"
- **MustContainAtSymbolError** - "Email must contain @"
- **InvalidDomainError** - "Domain must be one of the following: .com, .bg, .org, .net"

Hint: use the following syntax to add a message to the Exception: **MyException("Exception Message")**

If the current email is **valid**, print **"Email is valid"** and read the next one

Examples

Input	Output
abc@abv.bg	Traceback (most recent call last): File ".\email_validator.py", line 20, in <module> raise NameTooShort("Name must be more than 4 characters") __main__.NameTooShort: Name must be more than 4 characters
peter@gmail.com petergmail.com	Email is valid Traceback (most recent call last): File ".\email_validator.py", line 18, in <module> raise MustContainAtSymbolError("Email must contain @") __main__.MustContainAtSymbolError: Email must contain @
peter@gmail.hotmail	Traceback (most recent call last): File ".\email_validator.py", line 22, in <module> raise InvalidDomainError("Domain must be one of the following: .com, .bg, .org, .net") __main__.InvalidDomainError: Domain must be one of the following: .com, .bg, .org, .net