## Lab: Multidimensional Lists

Problems for in-class lab for the Python Advanced Course @SoftUni. Submit your solutions in the SoftUni judge system at https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/1834.

### 1. Sum Matrix Elements

Write a program that reads a matrix from the console and prints:

- The **sum** of all **numbers** in the matrix
- The matrix itself

On the first line, you will receive the matrix sizes in the format "{rows}, {columns}". On the next rows, you will get elements for each column separated by a comma and a space ", ".

### **Examples**

Input	Output		
3, 6 7, 1, 3, 3, 2, 1 1, 3, 9, 8, 5, 6 4, 6, 7, 9, 1, 0	76 [[7, 1, 3, 3, 2, 1], [1, 3, 9, 8, 5, 6], [4, 6, 7, 9, 1, 0]]		

#### 2. Even Matrix

Write a program that receives a matrix of numbers and prints a new one only with the numbers that are even. Use nested comprehension for that problem.

On the first line, you will receive the rows of the matrix. On the next rows, you will get elements for each column separated with a comma and a space ", ".

## **Examples**

Input	Output		
2 1, 2, 3 4, 5, 6	[[2], [4, 6]]		
4 10, 33, 24, 5, 1 67, 34, 11, 110, 3 4, 12, 33, 63, 21 557, 45, 23, 55, 67	[[10, 24], [34, 110], [4, 12], []]		

# 3. Flattening Matrix

Write a program that receives a matrix and prints the flattened version of it (a list with all the values). For example, the flattened list of the matrix: [[1, 2], [3, 4]] will be [1, 2, 3, 4].

On the first line, you will receive the number of a matrix's rows. On the next rows, you will get the elements for each column separated with a comma and a space ", ".











## **Examples**

Input	Output		
2 1, 2, 3 4, 5, 6	[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]		
3 10, 2, 21, 4 5, 20, 41, 9 6, 2, 4, 99	[10, 2, 21, 4, 5, 20, 41, 9, 6, 2, 4, 99]		

## 4. Sum Matrix Columns

Write a program that reads a matrix from the console and prints the sum for each column on separate lines.

On the first line, you will get matrix sizes in format "{rows}, {columns}". On the next rows, you will get elements for each column separated with a single space.

## **Examples**

Input	Output	Input	Output
3, 6	12	3, 3	12
7 1 3 3 2 1	10	1 2 3	15
1 3 9 8 5 6	19	4 5 6	18
467910	20	7 8 9	
	8		
	7		

#### **Hints**

- Read matrix sizes.
- On the next row lines, **read** the **columns**.
- **Traverse** the matrix and **sum** all elements in **each** column.
- Print the sum and continue with the other columns.

# 5. Primary Diagonal

Write a program that finds the sum of all numbers in a matrix's primary diagonal (runs from top left to bottom right). On the first line, you will receive an integer N - the size of a square matrix. The next N lines holds the values for each column - N numbers, separated by a single space.

	0	1	2	
0	11	2	4	
1	4	5	6	
2	10	8	-12	
primary diagonal sum = 11 + 5 -12 = 4				









## **Examples**

Input	Output	Input	Output
3	4	3	15
11 2 4		1 2 3	
4 5 6		4 5 6	
10 8 -12		7 8 9	

## 6. Symbol in Matrix

Write a program that reads a number - N, representing the rows and columns of a square matrix. On the next N lines, you will receive rows of the matrix. Each row consists of ASCII characters. After that, you will receive a symbol. Find the first occurrence of that symbol in the matrix and print its position in the format: "({row}, {col})". You should start searching from the top left. If there is no such symbol, print the message "{symbol} does not occur in the matrix".

### **Examples**

Input	Output		
3	(2, 1)		
ABC			
DEF			
X!@			
!			
4	4 does not occur in the matrix		
asdd			
xczc			
qwee			
qefw			
4			

# 7. Square with Maximum Sum

Write a program that reads a matrix from the console and finds the 2x2 top-left submatrix with biggest sum of its values.

On first line you will get matrix sizes in format "{rows}, {columns}". On the next rows, you will get elements for **each column**, separated with a comma and a space ", ".

You should print the **found submatrix** and the **sum of its elements,** as shown in the examples.

# **Examples**

Input	Output
3, 6 7, 1, 3, 3, 2, 1 1, 3, 9, 8, 5, 6 4, 6, 7, 9, 1, 0	9 8 7 9 33

















2, 4	12 13
	16 17
14, 15, 16, 17	58

## Hints

- Be aware of **IndexError**
- If you find more than one max square, print the **top-left one**













